THEDIAPASO DEVOTED TO THE ORGAN

Thirteenth Year-Number One.

CHICAGO, DECEMBER 1, 1921

One Dollar a Year-Ten Cents a Coby.

KIMBALL FOUR-MANUAL IN THREE DIVISIONS

UNUSUAL PLAN CARRIED OUT

Instrument in St. Stephen's Church Blessed by Archbishop Hayes and Dr. John Philip Foley Gives Opening Concert.

The four-manual Kimball organ in-stalled in St. Stephen's Church, East Twenty-ninth street, New York, was formally blessed on Sunday, Oct. 30, by the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, D. D., archbishop of New York, as-sisted by the pastor, the Rev. Francis P. J. Cummings, P. R. Following the ceremony a concert was given by John Philip Foley, Mus. D., organist of the church, St. Stephen's choir of sixty voices participating.

church, St. Stephen's choir of sixty voices participating. The organ is unusual in that it con-sists of three main divisions, played from a four-manual console in the chancel. The main organ is a com-plete three-manual instrument in the gallery, screened by the original case, enlarged. The echo organ speaks into the west transept, high up, and the chancel organ, a fine Roosevelt, is played from the fourth manual and pedal of the main console. pedal of the main console.

The specifications follow:
Main organ—
Acoustic Bass (resultant), 32 ft.
Open Diapason, 16 ft.
Gedeckt, 16 ft.
Gedeckt, 16 ft. Bourdon, 16 ft. Cello, 8 ft. Flute, 8 ft.
Cello, 8 ft.
Chancel organ-
Bourdon, 16 ft.
Three adjustable toe pistons affecting
pedal stops and couplers.
CHOIR.
Viola Diapason, 8 ft.
Dulciana, 8 ft. Concert Flute, 8 ft. Forest Flute, 4 ft.
Concert Flute, 8 It.
Piccolo, 2 ft.
Clarinet, 8 ft.
Tremolo
Five adjustable pistons affecting the stops and couplers of the choir and pedal organ. Cancel piston affecting the stops and couplers of the choir organ.
stops and couplers of the choir and pedal
organ. Cancel piston affecting the stops
and couplers of the choir organ.
GREAT.
Bourdon, 16 ft. Diapason Phonon, 8 ft.
Diapason Phonon, 8 ft.
Viola Diapason, 8 ft.
Melodia, 8 ft.
Gemshorn, 8 ft. Octave, 4 ft. Wald Flöte, 4 ft. Twelfth, 2% ft.
Wald Flote, 4 II.
Twelfth. 2% ft.
Twelfth, 2% ft. Trumpet, 8 ft. Chimes (in Echo).
Chimes (in Echo).
Five adjustable pistons affecting the stops and couplers of the great and pedal organ. Cancel piston affecting the stops and couplers of the great organ.
stops and couplers of the great and
pedal organ. Cancel piston allecting the
stops and couplers of the great organ.
Godookt 18 th
Gedeckt, 16 ft. Open Diapason, 8 ft.
Bohr Flöte & ft
Open Diapason, 8 ft. Rohr Flöte, 8 ft. Violoncello, 8 ft.
Viole d' Orchestre, 8 ft.
Viole Celeste, 8 ft.
Aeoline, 8 ft. Flute d'Amour, 4 ft. Flautino, 2 ft. Horn, 8 ft.
Flute d' Amour, 4 ft.
Flautino, 2 ft.
Vox Humana, 8 ft.
Orchestral Oboe, 8 ft.
Tremolo.
Five adjustable pistons affecting the
stops and couplers of the swell and pedal
organ. Cancel piston affecting the stops
organ. Cancel piston affecting the stops and couplers of the swell organ.
SOLO (CHANCEL ORGAN).
Open Diapason, 8 ft.
Stopped Diapason, 8 ft.
Dulciana, 8 ft.
Dulciana. 8 ft. Octave, 4 ft.
Four adjustable pistons affecting chan-
cel stops and couplers. Cancel piston af-
fecting chancel stop and couplers.
ECHO (Played from Swell Manual and
affected by its couplers).
Echo Flute, 8 ft. Viola Aetheria, 8 ft. Vox Angelica, 8 ft.
viola Aetheria, 8 It.
Vor Angelica & ft.

Vox Angelica, 8 ft. Vox Humana, with vibrato, 8 ft. Tremolo.

All the stops in this organ are independent sets of pipes except the unit flute and viola diapason in the great chamber and the unit gedeckt in the

chamber and the unit generation swell chamber. Mr. Foley's organ selections at the opening concert were: "Grand Choeur," Dubois; "Chant du Soir," Johnston; Andante Cantabile, Dethier; "Menuet Symphonique," Salome; "Le Cygne," Saint-Saens; Berceuse, Brahms; "Ave Maria," Schubert; "Marche Gothique," Salome; "Ave Maria," Arkadelt; "Hosanna," Wachs.



TRUETTE OPENS NEW ORGAN Church Filled to Hear Four-Manual Casavant at Which He Presides.

Casavant at Which He Presides. Few organists in Boston and its suburbs have during more than a gen-eration attracted so many people to organ recitals as has Everett E. Tru-ette. It must have been most gratify-ing to him on Wednesday evening, Nov. 16, to have observed that the Eliot Congregational Church, Newton, was filled with an audience which num-bered hardly less than 1,200 persons. None went away disappointed in the remarkably fine four-manual Casa-vant organ now dedicated, the excel-lent program performed, or in Mr. Truette's authoritative manner of per-formance. His playing stands the acid test. It is unnecessary, therefore, to consider him personally in making ob-servations about the organ which is now his joy to play and about the im-pressions of the music played. The soft reed tones of the instrument are a delight. Especial mention could be made respecting the English horn, the oboe and vox humana. The celesta and the chimes are of the best and are in all respects charming. The diapa-sons are sonorous. Mr. Truette's program was as fol-Few organists in Boston and its

in all respects charming. The diapa-sons are sonorous. Mr. Truette's program was as fol-lows: Andante in D, Hollins; Pas-torale in F, Bach; Melody in A, Rous-seau; Fifth Symphony, Widor; Eve-ning Song, Bairstow; Meditation, from Suite in G minor, Truette; "Lamenta-tion," Guilmant; Nocturne, Ferrata; Finale, from First Symphony, Vierne. The specification of the organ has been published in The Diapason.

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS AT POST.

Fine Testimonial in Honor of C. A. Weiss in Chicago Church. Charles A. Weiss has been organist of the large and well-known St. Paul's Church on the north side of Chicago for thirty-five years, and thus has es-tablished a record of service equalled, it is believed, by only one other or-ganist in Chicago. No wonder that for a testimonial concert marking the anniversary there should be a congre-gation of approximately 1,500 people in that church on the evening of Nov. 23. in 23

23. After a program by soloists, includ-ing Carl J. S. Weiss, Mr. Weiss' son, who is organist of Bethany Lutheran Church, and who played Franck's "Piece Heroique" to open the pro-gram; Miss Anna Weiss, the organ-ist's daughter, a talented soprano; A. Quensel, flautist, and C. Meyer, clar-inetist, Mr. Weiss' cantata, "The Four Seasons," received its first public ren-

dition by a solo quartet and the chorus of St. Paul's Church, under Mr. Weiss' direction, assisted by organ and orchestra. The words of the can-tata are by the Rev. R. A. John, the noted pastor of St. Paul's. In addition to the musical features of the concert, there were addresses by Pastor John



CHARLES A. WEISS.

and by the assistant pastor, the Rev and by the assistant pastor, the Rev. Jacob Pister, voicing the esteem in which Mr. Weiss is held and the ap-preciation of his long years of service. Mr. Weiss is a former pupil of Clar-ence Eddy and Wilhelm Middelschulte in Chicago and studied abroad with Guilmant and Widor.

Fire in Möller Dry Kilns.

Fire in Moller Dry Kins. Fire on the night of Nov. 10 in the dry kilns of the M. P. Möller organ factory at Hagerstown, Md., destroyed much valuable lumber before it was placed under control. Only the inte-rior and contents of the large kilns was damaged and the factory suffered no damage. As a result of the smoke many firemen were overcome, but no one was seriously injured. The large quantity of lumber stored in the kilns was removed piece by piece by the quantity of number stored in the kins was removed piece by piece by the firemen, it being the only way in which they could successfully quench the blaze. The loss was estimated at sev-eral thousand dollars. Insurance cov-ers the loss.

DUPRE'S FIRST RECITAL WINS ORGANISTS' PRAISE

OP NS WANAMAKER ORGAN

Performance Has Overwhelming Ef. fect on Select New York Audience-Improvisation Sensation of the Evening.

BY EDWARD SHIPPEN BARNES.

New York, Nov. 21.—Marcel Dupré, organist at Notre Dame Cathedral, Paris, made his first American appear-ance in a private recital at the Wan-amaker Auditorium in New-York, on Nov. 18. This concert also inaug-Nov. 18. This concert also in aug-urated the concert organ which has been under construction in the audito-rium for many months. As is so fre-quently the case with new organs, in spite of the greatest possible care and preparation, the organ was not in entirely satisfactory condition, the pedal combination buttons in particular being out of commission, an annoying lack in so large an in-strument. In spite of this and other difficulties, M. Dupré's handling of the organ was magnificent and his success instant and impressive. He showed to superb advantage that marsuccess instant and impressive. He showed to superb advantage that mar-velous technique of which his friends have long known, and his taste and judgment were unexceptionable. His program was played entirely from memory.

memory. M. Dupré's program was divided into two parts, and may be best de-scribed by taking up in order the works he presented. The first num-ber was Bach's great Fantasie and Fugue in G minor. M. Dupre per-formed this number in a remarkably restrained manner, beginning only mezzo-forte and allowing no great body of tone until the very end of the fugue. It was evident (to the ex-perienced organist only) that in this number the condition of the organ was often an annoyance to the per-former—the reversible pedal couplers failing to operate as well as the pedal combinations. In spite of this M. Dupré's technical brilliance was ex-traordinary, and his command of the instrument remarkable.

traordinary, and his command of the instrument remarkable. It is perhaps the duty of a reviewer to note what did not quite fulfil his expectations — and our expectations were in this instance founded upon hearing M. Dupré in Paris some years ago do the most beautiful organ play-ing we have ever heard—and there was in this splendid concert so little to criticise that we may speak of it at once and then pass to the pure praise which all the rest deserved. In style, phrasing and rhythm the Fantasia was all that could be desired—combined with the dignity in Bach playing which is to our mind so characteristic of the great French performers. We would have welcomed more power in certain spots and more climax; the softer passages were most flexible and delightful. The fugue we had firmly expected to hear played in a slower and more dignified manner—in this, too, a more gradual increase of power might have been desirable, but it is highly probable that the jump at the end from mezzo-forte to fortissimo was the fault of the condition of the organ. In this and in some other numbers we found the use of the mix-tures somewhat oppressive. Although we are a devotee of good mixtures, and in a cathedral or large hall the combinations used by M. Dupré would have been superb, in the small and rather dead auditorium they were at times too piercing, even to almost oblicerating the fundamental tone. We and rather dead auditorium they were at times too piercing, even to almost obliterating the fundamental tone. We are sure that when M. Dupré has had a reasonable opportunity for practice in this auditorium even these small drawbacks will be removed. This sums up all that could in any way be considered disappointing. The scintillating brilliancy of this and all his playing was indescribable, and

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called forth a great response from his audience.

The second number was César Franck's Chorale in B minor. M. Dupré's use of the organ in this beau-tiful work was all that is lovely. He evoked from the instrument its best combinations of string tone, flute tone and general shimmering effects, and his conception of Franck's masterhis conception of prances master-piece left nothing to be desired. Tech-nically, again, his work was perfect, and in effects of mystic repose or dig-nified vivacity he was alike master of the instrument and of the composi-

The third number was Bach's First Trio-Sonata, in E flat. It was a pure delight to hear this most delicate and delicious of compositions in Dupré's hands. The allegro and the finale he took at a rapid pace, and with a bright and clean enunciation and a beautiful balance of stops which delighted his audience. As to the andante, it is hard to conceive of a more ideal and poetic rendering, flexible and sympa-thetic, than it received at his hands. The mixtures bothered us a little again, at times, but made all the more effective the delightful softening which he put into effect on the repeat of each of the two sections of the finale. His conservative use of effects, avoiding frequent change, was musical and The third number was Bach's First

The two sections of the matr. This conservative use of effects, avoiding frequent change, was musical and highly commendable. The last number of part 1 of the program, being the scherzo from Widor's Fourth Symphony, was a wonderful revelation of the shimmering technique to which we have all too often referred. Again the mixtures were present, making a very piquant effect. The audience was carried away by this beautiful display of playing and the applause was long and insistent. After this number a charming chaplet decorated with the French colors was presented to M. Dupré as a token of the friendship and admiration of the organists of New York City.

Wonderful as had been the first por-tion of the program, the real sensation of the evening was yet to come. Those who expected wonders from M. Du-pré's improvisations were in no way disappointed, and we doubt if so re-markable an exhibition of what this great art can attain to had ever been given in this country; for the last part of the program was a complete organ given in this country; for the last part of the program was a complete organ symphony, improvised from themes handed in by several prominent or-ganists of New York. M. Dupré had never seen any of these themes until he sat down at a table immediately before playing and selected those which he wished to use to form the four movements of the symphony. As selected by him, the symphony was made up as follows:

 a. Allegro energico (G minor).
 First theme from T. Tertius Noble, organist of St. Thomas' Church. Second theme (B flat) from Edward Shippen Barnes, Rutgers Presbyterian Church. Church

b. Adagio (E flat major) upon a theme from Clarence Dickinson of the Brick Presbyterian Church and Union Theological Seminary.

c. Scherzo (G minor) on two themes—one by Frederick Schlieder of the Collegiate Church of St. Nich-olas and the other by Charles M. Cour-boin, guest soloist in the Wanamaker stores

d. Finale (G major) upon a theme

d. Finale (G major) upon a theme from Lynnwood Farnam of the Church of the Holy Communion. Mr. Farnam based his theme upon the old tune "O Quanta Qualia." It is difficult to describe the pro-ficiency displayed by M. Dupré in this part of the program. Technically speaking he showed himself master of the art of exposition, development, fugue and counterpoint, form, and the climactic close. But that is a cold de-scription of the wealth of beauty of all sorts with which he flooded his hearers. It is hard to say which move-ment was the best-all were superb. The allegro was a stalwart work, ment was the best—all were superb. The allegro was a stalwart work, commencing with a Handelian char-acter inherent in the theme, which, after splendid handling, melted into the more lyric second theme in a manner truly wonderful. Later both themes appeared together with start-ling skill. M. Dupré's pedaling and his manual brilliance in this (as throughout the recital) gave the im-

pression of absolute perfection, so easy and faultless as to allow concen-tration upon the pure music without thought of the means of production. The adagio was a splendid develop-ment of the excellent theme, and, as was remarked, was as fine as a classi-cal adagio (not to say more interest-ing than many!) and contained a more powerful diapason section, as is so usual in modern French composition. The scherzo was a bright and cheer-ful movement woven from the con-trasting themes—one sparkling, the other lyric—and all worked out with a wealth of detail which would have been commendable in a written sym-phony. The rapid changes of manual in contrasting effects were extraordi-nary. The finale was perhaps the finest nary

nary. The finale was perhaps the finest effort of all. It had a virile toccata-like rhythm, and at no time was M. Dupré's incomparable brilliancy more evident. It was a movement of mod-ern French fireworks—but let that re-mark be not misunderstood, for they were legitimate fireworks, not intro-duced for display, but building up to a climax which was to our mind the duced for display, but building up to a climax which was to our mind the most remarkable development of the whole improvisation. M. Dupré's clos-ing chords and cadences were striking and beautiful to a degree and per-fectly concluded a most remarkable performance. It is to be doubted if those present had ever heard such an improvisation, except from this same master of the art. The applause and appreciation after this number left no doubt of the pro-found effect produced upon a very

this number left no doubt of the pro-found effect produced upon a very musical audience by the artist's skill, and M. Dupré finally performed, as a short encore, a delicate little etude for piano by Chopin—played upon soft and piquant stops—which gave a charming contrast to the massive mu-sic just played.

charming contrast to the massive mu-sic just played. The total effect of the recital was overwhelming, both as a display of technique and as an exhibition of mu-sicianship of the highest type. M. Dupré will play a number of recitals upon this organ and as his familiarity with the instrument increases even more remarkable performances un-doubtedly will result. Certainly only the highest praise can be accorded his American debut. An audience of many prominent organists of New York, with their friends, filled the hall and extended into the corridors out-side, and expressions of delight were heard on all sides at the conclusion of the concert. The organ, which is a large one (120 speaking stops) made, on the whole, an excellent impression. Certain fea-tures still require smoothing out, and there is always the disadvantage of a rather small and non-resonant hall. However, all departments of the in-strument were beautifully voiced—the foundation tone was excellent and im-pressive and strings, flutes and reeds were all very effective. The mutation ranks also blended well in full organ, though, as above mentioned, they were disconcerting in soft work. The or-gan is slightly muffled, but this diffi-culty is, we understand, to be over-

disconcerting in soft work. The or-gan is slightly muffled, but this diffi-culty is, we understand, to be over-come by opening more exits for the tone into the auditorium. As it stands Wanamaker organ factory is to be congratulated upon its fine work.

As there has been some criticism of the statement that M. Dupré has been heralded as "organist of Notre Dame" it seems wise that the exact facts as explained by M. Dupré should be given. M. Dupré was correctly an-nounced upon the program as "organ-ist at Notre Dame." This title has been officially conferred upon him by the authorities of that cathedral, in dis-tinction from that of M. Vierne, who is the "organiste titulaire," as he has been for many years. M. Vierne's un-fortunate ill health has caused M. Du-pré to do most of the playing for the fortunate ill health has caused M. Du-pré to do most of the playing for the last five years, and he will continue to play there when M. Vierne may not be able to do so. We are happy to re-cord that M. Vierne's health has im-proved and he is now occupying his post. On account of M. Dupré's serv-ices at Notre Dame the authorities there have given him the title above noted. M. Dupré arrived in America Nov. 11, and has been the recipient of sev-

11, and has been the recipient of sev-eral charming functions in his honor,

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

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and more are planned for the future. He has won manv friends by his charming manner and simple and un-affected bearing. He is a man whom it is a delight to know apart from his wonderful talents, and to us who have known him for some years it is a great pleasure to see him among us in Amer-ica. M. Dupré has been captivated both by New York and by the warmth of his reception in this country and we trust that this is only the first of many visits to our shores. M. Dupré expects to remain here until about Dec. 25. He will play at Wana-maker's at 2:30 p. m. on the following dates: Dec. 5, Dec. 9, Dec. 12 and Dec. 16. dates: 1 Dec. 16.

THE DIAPASON.

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WANTED-HELP.

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WORK OF WILLIAM H. BARNES New Evanston Residence to Contain

Three - Manual, Incorporating the Instrument Built by Owner When in School.

the Instrument Built by Owner When in School. William H. Barnes, the talented Chi-cago organist, combines with his church playing, and with his busi-ness activities as secretary-treasurer of A. R. Barnes & Co., a large printing concern, a record as an ama-teur organ builder. Some years ago, when a mere youth, he constructed an organ for his home. Now he is hav-ing this instrument enlarged and re-built for the new home he and his mother are building at 1620 Judson avenue, Evanston, and this organ is to be one of the finest and one of the most interesting residence organs in the country. L. D. Morris is com-pleting and amplifying the work of Mr. Barnes and the Austin Organ Company has furnished one of its standard consoles for the instrument. This organ is interesting from sev-eral points of view. In the first place Mr. Barnes is incorporating in it many of the pipes, the bellows and some other material that were in the organ is to be placed rather ingeniously un-der the floor of the living-room, in two separate chambers, with shutters oping directly beneath the floor grindes. The entire organ is enclosed in one or the other of these two cham-bers and is under perfect control. The great and orchestral are in swell box No. 2. Special provision has been made so that the organ will have am-ple chance to sound and there will be box No. 2. Special provision has been made so that the organ will have am-ple chance to sound and there will be no miffed effect even though it is not so advantageously placed as one ingth wisb.

no muffled effect even though it is not so advantageously placed as one might wish. The console will be placed at the opposite end of the living-room from the organ proper and beside the piano, so that the performer will hear his own effects to good advantage. It is further interesting as a decided departure from the typical church or-gan scheme adapted to a house. He has included only two diapasons—a 16-foot and an 8-foot, with a derived mutation stop—and has striven for or-chestral effects more particularly. The chimes, playable from the pedal, are rather a new idea, but valuable when two contrasting accompaniments or melodies are desired with the chimes. He is placing the heavy reed stop on the swell at both 16 and 8-foot pitches, but has adopted unification to a limited extent only, as he has twenty-two complete stops, with only thirty-three names.

thirty-three names.
Following is the specification: Compass CC-C4, Manuals. CCC-G, Pedals. Additional five notes on Swell. GREAT ORGAN.
1. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes (ft).
2. Gamba, 8 ft., 61 pipes (mf).
3. Doppel Floete, 8 ft., 61 pipes (mf).
4. Dulciana, 8 ft., 61 pipes (pp).
5. Octave (from No. 1), 4 ft., 12 pipes

- (f)
- 6. Clarinet, 8 ft., 61 pipes (mf). 7. Chimes, 20 notes.
 - ORCHESTRAL ORGAN.

- ORCHESTRAL ORGAN. 8. Bourdon, 16 ft., 61 pipes (p). 9. Viola d' Gamba (from No. 2), 8 ft., 61 notes (mf). 10. Claribel Flute, 8 ft., 61 pipes (mp). 11. Quintaton, 8 ft., 48 pipes (mp). 12. Duclaar.a (from No. 4), 8 ft., 61 notes (pp). 13. Flute d' Orchestre (from No. 10), 4 ft., 12 pipes (mp). 14. Clarinet (from No. 6), 8 ft., 61 notes (mf). Tremolo-harp. SWELL ORGAN.

SWELL ORGAN. 15. Cor d' Orchestre, 8 ft., 66 pipes (f). 16. Stopped Flute, 8 ft., 66 pipes (mp). 17. Viole d' Orchestre, 8 ft., 66 pipes

- Viole d' Orchestre, 8 ft., 66 pipes (mp).
 Viole Celeste, 8 ft., 54 pipes (mp).
 Muted Viole, 8 ft., 66 pipes (pp).
 Fugara, 4 ft., 66 pipes (mp).
 Nasard, 2% ft., 66 pipes (p).
 Tierce, 1 2/5 ft., 66 pipes (p).
 Tierce, 1 2/5 ft., 66 pipes (p).
 Contra Tuba, 16 ft., 66 pipes (ff).
 Cohee, 8 ft., 66 pipes (mp).
- Oboe, 8 ft., 66 pipes (mp). Vox Humana, 8 ft., 66 pipes (p).

32. Trombone (from No. 24), 16 ft., 32 notes (ff). 33. Chimes (from Great). DEDICATION BY E. A. KRAFT **Cleveland Man Gives Notable Recitals** on New Instruments.

on New Instruments. Edwin Arthur Kraft of Trinity Cathedral in Cleveland has been in great demand this fall for organ open-ings. The latest was the dedication of the Skinner organ in St. John's Church at Youngstown, Ohio, Nov. 9, on which occasion Mr. Kraft was as-sisted by Frank Emerson Fuller, or-ganist and choirmaster of the church. Mr. Kraft played a program full of variety on the four-manual instrument and his audience more than filled the church. The large organ is consid-ered a splendid acquisition not only for St. John's parish, but for the en-tire community.

for St. John's parish, but for the en-tire community. On Oct. 20 Mr. Kraft played on the new organ in the Second Presbyterian Church of Bloomington, Ill., present-ing this program: "Marche Triomph-ale," Hollins; "Song of India," Rim-sky-Korsakoff; "Magic Harp," Meale; "The Brook," Dethier; Serenade, Rachmaninoff; Minuet, Bizet; "Lie-bestod," Wagner; Overture to "Tann-häuser," Wagner; Evening Bells and Cradle Song," Macfarlane; "Roulade," Bingham; Chorale Improvisation, "O God, Thou Righteous God," Karg-Elert; Toccata, Bartlett. The three-manual Skinner organ in the First Reformed Church of Lima, Ohio, was opened with a recital by

Ohio, was opened with a recital by Mr. Kraft on the evening of Sept. 18.

Eddy Plays Two New Organs.

Mr. Kraft on the evening of Sept. 18.
Eddy Plays Two New Organs.
Clarence Eddy made a trip to the Southwest in November and gave recit-als Nov. 8 at the First M. E. Church South of Fort Smith, Ark., and Nov. 10 at the First Baptist Church of Wichita Falls, Tex. At both recitals people were turned away for lack of room. At Fort Smith Mr. Eddy played on a new Skinner organ and at Wichita Falls on a new Austin instrument. The organist of the former church is Clar-ence Burg and at the latter church Mrs. F. R. Collard is the organist. Both are pupils of Mr. Eddy. The program at Fort Smith was as follows: "Hosan, nah," Dubois; "Soeur Monique," Cou-perin; Gavotte, Martini; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Keep Me From Sinking Down" (dedicated to Clarence Eddy), Carl R. Diton; Chorale Fantasie on "Heinlein" (new), James E. Wallace; "O'erflowing Meads" (new), Marion Austin Dunn; Rustic March (new), J. Frank Frysinger; "Af-terglow" (dedicated to Clarence Ed-dy), Frederic Groton; Paraphrase on Gottschalk's "Last Hope" (dedicated to Mr. Eddy). Theodore Saul; "Ave Maria" (arranged by Clarence Eddy), Schubert; "I Hear You Calling Me" (arranged by Clarence Lucas), Charles Marshall; Concert Variations (dedi-cated to Mr. Eddy), Bonnet.
C. H. Demorest in Brooklyn.

C. H. Demorest in Brooklyn.

C. H. Demorest in Brooklyn. Charles H. Demorest, who for a number of years was prominent as organist and teacher at Los Angeles, is making rapid strides in winning public favor in the East. He is or-ganist of the Brooklyn Strand Thea-ter, in association with John Ham-mond, president of the Society of The-ater Organists. This house has a three-manual Austin organ and seats 3,000 persons. He has played twice on the large four-manual organ in the Brooklyn Academy of Music and was re-engaged for the second week of No-vember. His program there on Nov. II and 12 was as follows: Over-ture to "William Tell," Rossini; Min-uet, Paderewski; Military Polonaise, Chopin; "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin; American Fantasia, Herbert; "Stars and Stripes Forever," Sousa; "Air de Ballet," Chaminade; Military March, Schubert. Mr. Demorest is also sub-stituting for an indefinite period at the Marcy Avenue Baptist Church in Brooklyn for Mr. Stout, who has been seriously ill. This is one of the largest churches of the borough.

remoto. PEDAL ORGAN. Copen Diapason, 16 ft., 32 pipes (f). Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 pipes (mp). Second Bourdon (from No. 8), 16 32 notes (pp). Flute (from No. 29), 8 ft., 12 pipes).

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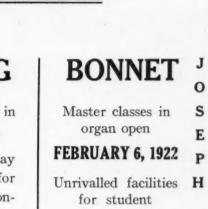
"NOEL"

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PROGRAMS RECITAL

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Paimer Christian, Asheville, N. C.-Mr. Christian visited Chicago Nov. 10 and was heard in recital on the new Austin organ at St. James' Episcopal Church. The occasion brought Mr. Christian's Chicago friends out in large numbers to dience was a most gratifying one despite the fact that the weather was as unpropriotous as it well could have been. Mr. Christian gave a program which contained a large proportion of interesting novelties. His playing was as clean and as brilliant as ever. It vitood out especially in Karg-Elert's Introduction to the Chorale "Jesus, My Joy," and in the Bach number. The entire program was as follows: Overture in C. Mandelssohn; "Otonrid" ("Evening Peace"), Hagg: Capriccie, Faulkes; Toccata. Adagio, Fugue in C. Bacch: Minuet, Boccherini; "Ganical, Wolstenhoime, Norwegian Wat. Anabody, Sindig.
Wiene Middelschulte, Chicago—In a social do be played before the St. Cecilia Society of Grand Rapids, Mich. on Dee. Annot Middelschulte, St. Cecilia, Society of Grand Rapids, Mich. on Dee. Annot Middelschulte, Middelschulte, Maggi Capriccie, Taurada, Will include a number of the National Federation of Musical Clubs, is to be played by real clubs, is to be played by represent the other numbers mentioned. Norwegian and the contest of American organ compositions of the National Federation of Musical Clubs, is to be played by represent the despread attention at the same place two years ago before the convention of the American Guild of Organists. The tast month and was heard in represent motion and Scherzo from Second with Scherz from Second Scherz, Canotte, The Sandow, Clubs, "Start, Chromitan, Sandow," Clubs, Scherz, Scherz, Bardward, Scherz, Moro, The Sandow, Scherz, Scherz, Scherz, Scherz, Scherz, Scherz, Scherz, Gavotte, The atta number, which won first honors in the contest of American organ compositions of the American Guild of Organists. "Horo, Scherz, Madow, "Clubs, Scherz, Schez, Schez, Scherz, Scherz, Sc

"Grand Choeur," Franck. T. Tertius Noble, New York City-Mr. Noble resumed on Nov. 6 the "hour of organ music" at St. Thomas' Church, the series continuing to the end of April. The irst program was: Sonata 5. Merkel; Finale, Pathetic Symphony, Tschaikow-sky; Giant Fugue, Bach; Solemn Pre-jude, Noble; Lento, Reinecke; Cantilene, Salome; "In Memoriam," Noble. "In Memoriam" was written last summer while Mr. Noble was at Rockport, Mass., and is in honor of a brilliant young pupil, C. F. Musgrove, who was drowned in Canada in August. The piece is third in a series of four tone pictures by Mr. Noble. Dr. H. J. Stewart

Noble. Dr. H. J. Stewart, San Diego, Cal.—In recent recitals on the outdoor organ at Balboa Park Dr. Stewart has played these programs: Oct. 24—Toccata in A flat, Hesse: An-dante in E. Guilmant; "From the South-land," Gaul; Overture to "II Barbiere de sevigila," Rossini; Nocturne in F, Spin-ney; "Souvenir," Gillette; Minuet, S. Tudor Strang; March in E flat, Schu-mann.

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Tudor Strang; March in E flat, Schumann.
Oct. 12-Concerto in D minor, Handel;
"Harmonies du Soir." Karg-Elert; Allegretto, Lemmens: Toccata in D minor, Mailly: "Aphrodite." Kinder; "Dawn's Enchantment." Dunn; Bourree in D, Sabin; Processional March, Leprovost.
Oct. 11-Sonata No. 4 in B flat, Mendelssohn: "Adagio Triste," Yon: March delssohn: "Adagio Triste," Yon: March delssohn: "Adagio Triste," Yon: March delssohn: "Adagio Triste," Yon: March Jong of Triumph," Turner; Lento Espressivo, Ketelby: Extemporization, introducing cathedral chimes: "Elfentanz," Johnson: "Marche Solennelle," Lemare.
Harold Tower, Grand Rapids, Mich.-Mr. Tower has given a splendid series of vesper recitals on the Sunday afternoons of November at Si. Mark's Procathedral.
Nov. 6-Chorale Preludes ("Come, Holy

His programs nave included the follow-ing: Nov. 6-Chorale Preludes ("Come, Holy Ghost," and "Come, Saviour of the Heathen"), Bach; "Echo." Yon; "L'Or-gano Primitivo," Yon; Largo, Handel; Suite in E minor, Borowski; "Dreams," Wagner: Isolde's "Death Song" ("Tris-tan ard Isolde"), Wagner; Sonata in G minor, Piutti. Nov. 13 - Armistice Day program: "Marche Heroiqwe," Candiyn; "In Mem-oriam." Nevin; Second Meditation, Guil-

mant; Fugue in E flat ("St. Anne's"), Bach; "The Swan," Saint-Saens; "Hour of Sorrow," Bossi; "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique," Guilmant; Com-munion in G, Batiste; "Elesy," Noble; Allegro Appassionato (Fitth Sonata), Guilmant.
Nov. 20—Symphony, Op. 20 (Allegro and Andante), Maquaire; "Within a Chi-nesse Garden," Stoughton; "Elves," Bon-net; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Concert Caprice, Turner; "Deep River," Old Negro; "To a Wild Rose," "A Deserted Farm" and "A. D. 1620," MacDowell; "The Little Shepherd," De-bussy; Canon in B minor, Schumann; Festival Toccata, Fletcher. Nov. 2:—Assisted by St. Mark's choir: Allegro (Sonatina in A minor), Karg-Elert; "Clair de Lune," Karg-Elert; Melody, Matthews; Caprice, Matthews; Forest Spell ("Siegfried"), Wagner; Can-tata, "The Holy City," Gaul; Toccata (Fitth Symphony), Widor.
Edward C, Austin, F. R. C. O., Houghton

(Fifth Symphony), Widor. Edward C. Austin, F. R. C. O., Hough-ton, Mich.—Mr. Austin gave the following program at a recital in Trinity Church Nov. 2: Sonata No. 6 (first movement), Rheinberger; Prelude on the Hymn-tune "Eventide," Parry; Tone Poem, "Finlan-dia," Sibelius; Fantasie in E fiat, Saint-Saens; Andante from Fourth Sonata, Bach; "Minuet Antique," Watling; "Priests' March," Mendelssohn; "Bene-diction Nuptiale," Hollins; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor. Harry B. Jepson, New Haven. Conn

Bach, "Minuet Antique," Watling;
"Priests" March," Mendelssohn; "Bene-diction Nuptiale," Hollins; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor.
Harry B. Jepson, New Haven, Conn.—In recent recitals of the series on the large Newberry organ in Woolsey Hall Professor Jepson has presented the following programs:
Nov. 1.—Sonata in the Style of Handel, Wolstenholme; Roulade, Op. 9, No. 3, Bingham; Pastorale, Roger-Ducasse; Salida, Urteaga; "Christmas Evening," from "Sicilian Suite," Mauro-Cottone; Allegro ma non troppo from the Seventh Symphony and Allegro molto from the Third Symphony, Widor.
Oct. 17—Second Organ Symphony, Op. 20, Vierne; Cantabile, Jongen; "Papillons noirs," Jepson; "Elude de Concert," Bonnet; Toccata, Op. 40, No. 3, Ravanello; Two Chorale Preludes ("A Rose Breaks Into Bloom" and "My Inmost Heart Doth Yearn"), Brahms; Finale, Beobide.
Frederick C. Mayer, West Point, N. Y. In his fifty-second public recital at the West Point Military Academy chapel, Sunday, Nov. 9, Mr. Mayer was assisted by Sergeants Robert Miller, violin; Alexander Lutkiewitz, fute; Joseph Miller, oboe and English horn; Carl Grimm, bassoon, and Louis D'Aintolo, clarinet. This ensemble played an "Ave Maria" by Ganne. The organ selections were: Pre-lude and Fugue in C major, Bach; "Granet Witchouse, Indianapolis, Ind.—Mr. Whitchouse gives a recital every Sunday atternoon at 4 o'clock at Christ Church. His November programs have included the following: Nov. 6, Chroste Programs have include the following: Nov. 6, Suday, Ondersender, Tensens, Ronet, "Song of Sorrow," Nevin; Andante from Symphony Nov, 6, Widor; "Hoseannah," Dubois. Nov. 13—Chorale Improvisations, "Rejoice Greatly, O My Soul," and "From the Depths of My Heart," Karg-Elert; Prelude in G major, Mendelssohn; Pastoral Sonata, Rheinberger; Reverle, Regers; "Paradise," Schumann.
Nov. 20—Yon a Breton Theme," Roparts; Sonata in D minor, Guilmanti, "Sour Monique," Couperin; "Vision," Rheinberger; "The Coming of the Magi," C. H.

Rheinberger; "The Coming of the Magi,"
C. H. Morse.
Charles Galloway, St. Louis, Mo.—In his Washington University recital, which had to be given at St. Feter's Episcopal Church because of the damage of the organ in Graham Memorial Chapel by a recent fire, Mr. Galloway on Nov. 20 presented this program: Sonata, "The Ninety-fourth Psalm," Reubke; Andante Expressive (Sonata in G minor), Elgar; Chorale in A minor, Franck; Scherzino, Ferrata; "Speranza," Yon; Finale (First Sonata), Guilmant.
Gordon Balch Nevin, Johnstown, Pa.—Mr. Nevin's first recital of his third series in the First Presbyterian Church was played on the evening of Nov. 10 and the offerings were: Overture to "Rosamunde," Schubert: "Pavanne," Couperin; Intermezzo. Kramer; Toccata in D minor, Nevin; Persian Suite, Stoughton; Bacchanale from "The Seasons," Glazounow; Phantom Waltz, Arensky; "Chinoiserie," Swinnen; Farandole from "L'Arlesienne" Suite, Bizet.
Rolio Maitland, F. A. G. O., Philadei-

"Chinoiserie," Swinnen: Farandole from "L'Arlesienne" Suite, Bizet. Rollo Maitland, F. A. G. O., Philadel-phia, Pa.-Mr. Maltland played the fol-lowing at the North Baptist Church. Cam-den, N. J., Oct. 23: "Hosannah." Du-bois; "Ave Maria," Schubert; Andante from the "Surprise" Symphony, Haydn; Spinning Song, Mendelssohn; Concert Overture, Maitland; Improvisation on fa. millar hymn-tunes; "At the Cradle Side," Goodwin; Prelude, "Le Deluge," Saint-Saens; Allegretto Grazioso, Hollins; March. "Pomp and Circumstance," Elgar. At Trinity Lutheran Church, Norris-town, Pa., Oct. 27. Mr. Maitland played the following: "Hosannah." Dubois; First Sonata, Borowski; Allegretto Grazioso. Hollins; Toccata in F. Bach; Allegro Ap-passionato, Dether: "Kammenoi-Os-trow," Rubinstein; Spinning Song, Men-delssohn; Concert Overture in A. Mait-land; Improvisation on three themes by Harry A. Sykes, organist of the church. Under the auspices of the Lancaster Association of Organists, Mr. Maitland played the following Nov. 22 in the First

Presbyterian Church, Lancaster, Pa.: Concert Overture in B minor. Rogers; Unfinished Symphony (entire), Schubert; Allegretto Grazioso, Hollins; Allegro Ap-passionato, Dethier; "At the Cradle Side," Goodwin; Scherzo in F, Maitland; Im-provisation on three contrasted themes; Harold V. Milligan, New York — Mr. Milligan, organist of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church of New York, was in-vited to give the fourth of the municipal recitals on the large organ at the Audi-torium in Springfield, Mass., Wednesday evening, Nov. 16, and played an intgrest-ing all-American program, which con-sisted of the following: Prelude from G minor Symphony, Edward Shippen Barnes; Improvisation from Suite in D and Toccata. Arthur Foote; "To An American Soldier," Van Denman Thomp-son; "Praeludium Festivum," Rene L. Becker; "Suwance River," Stephen Fos-ter; "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," Carl Diton; "Told by the Camp-fire," Hugo Goodwin; "A Russian Rhapody," "Ber-ceuse Bretonne" and Allegro Jubilante, Harold Vincent Milligan.

Harold Vincent Milligan.
 Walter Keller, Mus. D., Chicago-Mr.
 Keller, organist of the Austin Methodist Church and musical director of the Sherwood School, gave a recital at the Methodist Church of Polo, Ill., in No-vember, and presented this program: Concert Overture, Faulkes; Fugue in C minor, Bach; Triumphal March, Hollins; piano, with organ accompaniment; "Le Matin" and "Le Soir," Chaminade; Funeral March and Seraphic Hymn, Guilmant; "Morning" and "Evening," Walter Keller; Variations on "Holy, Holy, Holy," Jackson; Scherzo, d'Acosta; "Will of the Wisp," Nevin; Toccata, A.
 L. Barnes, Miss Ina C. Reed was the assisting planist.
 Charles M. Courboin-For his Armistice

"Will o' the Wisp." Nevin; Toccata, A. L. Barnes. Miss Ina C. Reed was the assisting planist.
Charles M. Courboin—For his Armistice Day recital in the evening series at the Philadelphia Wanamaker store on Nov. 11 Mr. Courboin played this program on the world's largest organ: "Piece Heroique," Franck; Cantilene, Mailly; Siciliano, Fry; "Lamentation," Guilmant; Toccata in F, Faulkes; Duetto from Second Sonata, Pagella; Finale in B flat, Franck; Improvisation on national alrs of the allies, closing with taps.
William W. Bross, M. A., Englewood, N. J.—Mr. Bross, organist and choir director at the Presbyterian Church of Englewood, arranged a fine program of early French and Italian sacred music for the vesper musical service Nov. 13. Freeceling the choir numbers he played an organ recital, using these compositions; Passacaglia, Frescobaldi, Siciliano, Scarlatti; Prelude, Clerambault; "Soeur Monique," Couperin.
William E. Zeuch, Boston, Mass.—Folowing is the program of the recital at the South Congregational Church played by Mr. Zeuch, Sunday, Nov. 20: Grand Chorus in D, Guilmant; Elevation, Edith Lang; "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; Fantasie in E flat, Saint-Saens; "The Bells of St. Anne de Beaupre," Russell; "Chant de Bonheur," Lemare; "Fanfare d'Orgue," Shelley.

"The Bells of St. Anne de Beaupre." Russell: "Chant de Bonheur," Lemare; "Fanfare d'Orgue," Shelley. Playing Oct. 24 at Central Congre-tional Church of Fall River, Mass., for the benefit of the Smith College fund, Mr. Zeuch gave this program. "Hora Gaudi-osa," Bossi; "O God, Thou Hollest," Karg-Elert; "Soeur Monique," Couperin; Allegro Vivace (Fifth Symphony), Widor; "The Angelus," Massenet; Scherzo Pas-torale, Federlein; Nocturne, Ferrata; Finale, "Ave Maris Stella," Dupre; Rev-erie, Dickinson; Scherzo (Second Sym-phony), Vierne; Meditation, Sturges; "Minuetto antico e Musetta," Yon; "Marche Marocaine," de Meyer. J. Frank Frysinger, York, Pa.-Mr. Frysinger has been in the central west for a recital tour at which he was heard at the First M. E. Church of Burlington, Iowa, the Eirst M. E. Church of Mash-ington, Iowa, the Lutheran Church of Swede Home, Neb., and Grace M. E. Church of Lincoln, Neb. His program at the last-named place on Oct. 25 was as follows: Concert Overture, No. 2, Wol-stenholme; Cantilena, Arthur Foote; Too-cata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Spring Song, MacIarlane; Largo from "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; Chromatic Fantasle, A minor, Thiele; "Love-Death" from "Tristan and Isolde," Wagner; Ca-price, Kinder; "The Seraph's Strain" (new), "Laudate Domini' and "Retro-spection" (new), J. Frank Frysinger.

spection" (new), J. Frank Frysinger. Marshall S. Bidwell, Cedar Rapids Iowa-Mr. Bidwell gave the following pro-gram in Sinclair Memorial Chapel at Coo College on the afternoon of Sunday, Oct 16: Fantasia in G minor, Bach; Andante Cantabile from Fourth Symphony. Widor Prelude to "Lohengrin," Wagner: "Morgenstimmung," Grieg; Toccata, Gig-out; Reverie on a Well-known Hymm, "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique," Guilmant.

Guilmant. Warren Gehrken, A. A. G. O., Brook-lyn, N. Y.--Mr. Gehrken gave his fif-teenth recital at St. Luke's Episcopal Church Nov. 2 and presented the follow-ing program: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Piece Heroique," Franck; "Will of the Wisp" (requested). Nevin; "At Twilight." C. A. Stebbins; Berceuse, Jarnefelt; "Sunset in a Japanese Gar-den," Fay Foster; "Souvenir Poetique," Fibich: "An Arcadian Sketch," Stough-ton; Prelude to "Lohengrin," Wagner; Allegro from Second Symphony, Vierne. Scheiden B. Foot Miss B. F. A. G. O.

Sheldon B. Foote, Mus. B., F. A. G. O., Princeton, N. J.-In his first vesper re-cital of the season at Trinity Church, given Nov. 13, Mr. Fcote played: Third Sonata, C minor, Guilmant; "Resigna-tion" and "Song of Sunshine," Digglef

Catheoral Prelude and Fugue, E minor, Bach; Indian Summer Sketch, Brewer; "Ancient Phoenician Procession," Stoughton.

Stoughton.
Edwin Lyles Taylor, F. A. G. O., Birm.
Ingham, Ala.—Mr. Taylor gave a recital at the First Baptist Church the evening of Oct. 11 for the organ fund and a large attendance was in evidence in spite of the admission fee of \$1. The following was the program: Overture to "Tannhäuser," Wagner, "To a Wild Rose" and "To a Water Lily," MacDowell; Meditation from "Thais," Massenet; Toccata in F, Bach; Serenade, Schubert; "The Storm" (by request).
Geerne Henry Day, F. A. G. O., Wil-

m r, bach, serenaue, Schubert; "The Storm" (by request). George Henry Day, F. A. G. O., Wil-mington, Det.-Mr. Day gave a recital Sunday afternoon, Cct. 30, in St. John's Episcopal Church at which his program was as follows: Great Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, Bach; "Peer Gynt" Suite (complete), Grieg; "The Swan," Saint-Saens; Gavotte from "Mignon," Thomas: "Christmas in Sicily," Yon; Grand March from "Tannhäuser," Wag-ner; "Sunset" from Fastoral Suite, De-marest; Overture to "William Tell," Ros-sini. In the large Möller organ over which Mr. Day presides there has been installed a set of Mr. Möller's "song-birds" and these were used for the first ime at this recital.

time at this recital. Rowland W. Dunham, F. A. G. O., Columbus, Ohio.-In a faculty recital at Ohio Wesleyan University, at Delaware, where he is teaching the organ, Mr. Dun-ham on Nov. 1 played the following pro-gram: Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Adagio, Widor; Scherzo, Bossi; "Harmonies du Soir," Karg-Elert; Ga-votte, Wesley: "Piece Heroique," Franck; Andante, Franck; "Sunshine and Shad-ow," Clement R. Gale; Cantabile, Jon-gen; "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; 'Song of the Press," Jacob; Finale, Boellmann. 'Song of Boellmann.

by, "Clement R. Gate, Calter, Gannet, Song of the Press," Jacob; Finale, Boellmann.
 Frank Merrill Cram, Potsdam, N. Y.In his recital Oct. 30 at the State Normal School anditorium Mr. Cram played: Suite in F, Coreli; Angel Scene from "Hänsel and Gretel," Humperdinck; Minuet in A, Boecherini; Largo from "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; Finale from Second Symphony, Widor.
 At his recital Nov. 13 Mr. Cram played: Pilsrim Suite, Dunn; "Fiat Lux," Dubois; "God Is Our Refuge," Ward-Stephens; "Piece Heroique," Franck; Festival Toccata, Fletcher.
 Ernest L. Mehaffey, Iron Mountain, Mich.-Mr. Mehaffey, organist and choirmaster of Holy Trinity Church, gave a recital Sunday evening, Oct. 23, at which he played: "Chilene Nupriale," Dubois; "Alleluia," from "Sonata Pascale," Lemenens; "Cantilee Nupriale," Dubois; Rhapsodie on Breton Folk Songs, Saint-Saens; "The Lost Chord," Sullivan; Largo from the "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; Minuet, Boccherini; "Marche Russe," Schurinke.
 Mr. Mehaffey also gave a recital at St. Anne's Church, Calumet, Mich., Oct. 24, which was a great success, the audience containing upwards of 1,000 people.
 In his recital Nov. 20 Mr. Mehaffey Played; Sixth Sonata, Mendelssohn; Bercuse, Guilmant; Allegretto, Wolstenholme; Sanctus from St. Cecella Mass, Gounod; "Deep River," Negro Spiritual; Soring Song, Macfarlane; Minuet, Boccherini; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor.
 E. Stanley Seder, Chicago-In a recital at the First Congregational Church of Oak Park Oct. 26, Mr. Suder, assisted by James Haupt, tenor in his choir, gave a program, the organ numbers of which were: Concert Overture in Bimor, Rogers; Introduction and Allegro (Sonata 1), Guilmant; Danish Song, Herman Sandby: "March of the Gnomes" ("In Fairyland"), Stoughton; Serenade, Rachmaninoff; Rhapsody, Rossetter Gote.

Warren D. Allen, Stanford University, Cal.—Recent recitals at the Stanford University Memorial Church by the uni-versity organist have been marked by

versity organist have been marked by these programs: Oct. 9—Trumpet Tune and Air, Henry Purcell; Passacaglia in C minor, Bach; "Litany," Schubert; Scherzo-Caprice, Candlyn; "Stately Procession," DeLa-marter

Purcell; Passacagna in C minor, Bach;
"Litany," Schubert; Scherzo-Caprice, Candlyn; "Stately Procession," DeLamarter.
Oct. 13-Fantasia, Beobide; "Music of the Spheres," Rubinstein; Andante Cantabile, Tschaikowsky; "Souvenir Poetique," Fibicit: Finale from the Second Symphony, Widor.
Oct. 16-Tenth Organ Concerto, Handel: "Ave Maria," Bach-Gounod; "Ariel," Bonnet; Finale from "Grande Piece Symphonique," Fibicit: Spheres," Ariel, "Bonnet; Finale from "Grande Piece Symphonique," Fibicit: Spheres, "Ariel," Bonnet; Finale from "Grande Piece Symphonique," Franck.
Oct. 20-Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "By the Waters of Babylon," Stoughton; "O'er Flowery Meads" (Berceuse), Dunn; Intermezzo, Callaerts; March for a Children's Festival, DeLamarter.
Oct. 23-Sonata No. 3, in A major (Con moto maestoso and Andante tranquillo). Mendelssohn; "Dreams," Wagner; Toccata in B minor, Barte.
Oct. 20-Tocgram of Italian music: Canzona, Andrea Gabrieli; Echo for Trumpet, Claudio Merulo; Toccata for the Elevation and Capriccio Pastorale, Frescobaldi; Interlude from "La Vita Nuova," Wolf-Ferrari: "Alleluia," Bossi.
Nov. 3-Overture, "Euryanthe," Weber; Nocturne from "Midsummer Night's Dream, Mendelssohn; Scherzo from Fifth Sonata, Guilmant; Faraphrase on a Theme by Gottschalk, Saul; Toccata in G major, Dubis.

Nocturne in E flat, Chopin; Minuet in D major, Mozart; March from the Third Symphony, Widor. Nov. 10-Special program appropriate to Armistice Day: "Solemn Procession," Hope Leroy Baumgartner; "Prayer for Peace," Paul Held; "A Song of Peace," Orlando A. Mansfield; "Pax Vobiscum," Karg-Elert; Funeral March and Seraphic Chant, Guilmant.

James T. Quarles, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.—The following programs have been given this year by Mr. have Quarle Oct.

nave been given this year by Mr. Quaries:
 Oct. 6-Sage Chapel: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Adante from C Minor Quartet, Spohr; Sonata in C minor, Mendelssohn; Shepherd's Dance from Incidental Music to 'Henry VIII.' German; March, 'The Farewell,' from 'Lenore' Symphony, Raff.
 Oct. 13-Bailey Hall: Concert Overture in E flat, Faulkes; Gavotte, Old French; 'Lamentation,'' Guilman; ''Chanson Indoue,'' Rimsky-Korsakoff; ''Liebestod,'' from 'Tristan and Isolde,'' Wagner.
 Oct. 13-Bailey Hall: Concert Overture in E flat, Faulkes; Gavotte, Old French; ''Lamentation,'' Guilman; ''Chanson Indoue,'' Rimsky-Korsakoff; ''Liebestod,'' from 'Tristan and Isolde,'' Wagner.
 Oct. 27-Sage Chapel: Introduction and Passacaglia, Reger; Andante, Stamitz; 'Allegro Maestoso, from Sonata 1, Parker; ''Meditation à Sainte Clothilde,'' James; ''A Frayer for Peace,'' Held.
 Nov. 3-Bailey Hall: Sonata 5, Guilman; Largo, from the 'New World'' Symphony, Dvorak; ''Pranck; Scherzo, in G minor, Bossi; ''La Fille aux Cheveux du Lin,'' Debussy; ''Moment Musical,'' Bonnet: Concert Variations on ''The Star-Spangled Banner,'' Buck.
 Nov. 1-Bailey Hall: Toccata in F. Bach; ''Plegaria,'' Torres; Sonata in D minor, Mailly, Minuetto, from ''L'Arlesienne'' Suite, No. 1, Bizet: Prelude to ''The Blessed, Damoselle,'' Debussy; ''Marche Slav, ''Tschalkowsky.
 Paul Allen Beymer, Wheeling, W. Va.-Mr. Beymer has resumed his recitals at St. Matthew's Church and his program on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 30, was: Pastorale, Matthews: Canzonetta, d'Ambrosio; ''Paean,'' Matthew's Church, Rayed this program on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 30, was: Pastorale, Matthews: Charle, Baltimore, Md.-In a recital given at the Seventh Baptist Church, Nov. 7, under the auspices of the Baltimore chapter, A. G. O., Mr. Ender, Marcher, Mida,'' Verdi.'''.''Eagend of the Desert'' (Dedicated to Mr., Ender', Stoughton; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Roger, Art Garder, ''''Rester', ''''''''''''''

Sharp Jinnor, Rachmannon, Boundanni, Reverie, Fletcher; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor. Ludwig Conde, Jr., Los Angeles, Cal.— Mr. Conde, a pupil of Dr. Ray Hastings, gave the following program, assisted by his father, who played the violin, in the Broadway Christian Church Nov. 1: "Suite Gothique," Boellmann; Chorale Prelude, "Herzlich thut mich verlangen," Bach; Prelude and Fugue in G minor. Bach: "Lc Delt.ge" (Trio for violin, pi-ano and organ, with Ray Hastings a: the organ), Saint-Saens; "Immortality," Heastings; Midsummer Reverie (New; dedicated to Dr. Hastings), Conde; "A Rose Garden of Samarkand." Stoughton; Introduction and Allegro from the "Con-certo Gregoriano," Yon. Charles Heinroth, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Mr. Heinroth's program at Carnegie Music Hall on the afternoon of Oct. 30 was as follows: Overture to "Rienzi," Wagner; Meditation from "Thais," Massenet; "An Elizabethan Idyll," Noble; Three Mover, "Lamentation," Guilmant; Prelude in C sharp minor, Rachmaninoff; Spring Song, Macfarlane; Finale from Second Sym-phony, Widor.

Sharp minitor, Rachmaninoff: Spring Song.
Macfarlane; Finale from Second Symphony, Widor.
Samuel A. Baldwin, New York City— Professor Baldwin's November recitals at the College of the City of New York in the College of the City of New York City— at the College of the City of New York City— at the College of the City of New York City— Nov. 2—Suite in D. Foote; "Soeur Monique," Couperin; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; "An Eastern Idyl," Stoughton; Arabesque, John Gordon See-y; Scherzo in G minor, Bossi; Andante Cantabile, in B flat, Tschalkowsky; "Forest Spell" ("Siegfried"), Wagner. Nov. 6—Sonata in F minor, Mendels-sohn; Dream Pantomime ("Hänsel and Gretcl"), Humperdinck; Prelude and Fu-gue in D major, Bach; Andantino Pas-torale, Ferrari; Canzonetta, Frances Mc-Collin; Magic Fire Scene ("The Val-kyrs"), Wagner: "Chanson Plaintive," Lynarski: Prelude Pastorale, Liadoff; Finale from First Symphony, Vierne. Nov. 9—Sonata No. 1, in D minor, Guli-mant; Adagio (Sonata, Op. 27, No. 2), Beethoven; Prelude and Fugue in A minor, Bach; "My Inmost Heart Doth Yearn" and "A Rose Breaks Into Bloom." Brahms; Theme, Arabesques and Fu-geng ("The Master Singerst"), Wagner: "Grand Choeur" in A, Kinder. Nov. 13—Allegro Moderato from "Un-finished Symphony." Schubert; Air from Suite in D, Bach; Fugue in G major & Ia Gigue, Bach; "Keep Me From Sinking Down," Diton; "Chanson," Friml; Pre-

lude in C sharp minor, Rachmaninoff; Nocturne, Foote; Symphony No. 5, Wi-dor.

Nocturne, Foote; Symphony No. 5, Wi-dor, Nov. 16—Fantasia in F minor, No. 2 (1791), Mozart; "Ave Maria" (No. 2), Bossi; Toccata and Fugue in C major, Bach; Intermezzo, De Lamarter; Elegiac Prelude, George J. Bennett; Magnificat in D minor, Lemaigre; Serenade, Schubert; Love Song and "Ride of the Valkyries" ("The Valkyries"), Wagner. Nov. 20—Concert Overture in E flat, Faulkes; Chorale-Prelude, "Jesu, My Guide," Bach; Fugue in C major, Buxte-hude; "Scena Pastorale," Bossi; Sketches of the City, Gordon Balch Ne-vin; "By the Sea," Schubert; Symphonic Poem, 'Les Freludes," Lisst. Nov. 23—Prelude and Fugue in E minor, (lesser), Bach; Prelude to "Lohengrin," Wagner; Sonata, "A Pageant," Jepson; Idylle, Quef; Evening Song and Sketch in F minor, Schumann; Intermezzo, Brahms; "Marche Religieuse," Guilmant. Lucien E. Becker, F; A. G. O., Port.

Brahms; "Marche Religieuse," Guilmant. Lucien E. Becker, F. A. G. O., Port-land, Ore.—For his lecture-recital at Reed College, Nov. 8, the second of the series for this season, Mr. Becker chose this program: "Grand Choeur." Guil-mant; "The Farewell," from "Leonore" Symphony, Faff; Second Sonata, Henry Morton Dunham; "Ave Maria," Arkadelt; "In the Garden," Hugo Goodwin; Scherzo in G minor, Bossi; Fantasia on "Car-men," Bizet-Lemare.

in G minor, Bossi; Fantasia on "Car-men," Bizet-Lemare. John J. McCiellan, Sait Lake City, Utah-The following are among Mr. Mc-Clellan's recent programs at the Mormon Tabernacle: Oct. 4-Toccata in C major, d'Evry; "Rondo d'Amour," Westerhout; "In Faradisum," Dubois; An Old Melody, ar-ranged by organist; Favorite Mormon Hymn, "Come, Come, Ye Saints"; Pre-lude to "Tristan and Isolde," Wagner. Oct. 8-Overture to "Oberon," Weber; "Passepied," Delibes; "Palm Sunday," Mailly; Favorite Mormon Hymn, "Come, Come, Ye Saints;" Selection from "Lo-hengrin" (arranged by McClellan), Wag-net.

ner, ner, arranged by McClenan), wag-ner, ner, and a second seco

and Isolde," Wagner. Frederick Johnson, Bradford, Mass.— In a recital Nov. 8 at the First Church of Christ Mr. Johnson played these se-lections: "Hosannah," Dubois: "Ori-entale," Cui; Minuet, Bizet; Fantasie, Op. 168 (Andante Amabile, Agitato), Rheinberger; Norwegian Dance, Grieg; "Benediction," Faulkes; Pizzicato, De-libes; "Träumerei," Schumann; Finale, Lemmens. emmens.

Vocal, Dvoran, Humbresque, Lyoran, "Vision," Rheinberger.
Walter I. Pratt, Iowa City, Iowa.-A fine program of organ and vocal music was given at the home of Mr. Pratt on the evenings of Nov. 16 and 17, and will be repeated Dec. 9, with Mr. Pratt at the organ and Rachel Katharine La Sheck, contraito, assisting. Miss La Sheck sang works of Tschaikowsky, Meyerbeer, Handel and Saint-Saens and Mr. Pratt's numbers on the organ were: Sonata Op. 27 (Präludium; Finale). Rheinberger; Pastoral Symphony ("Messiah"), Handel; Prelude and Fugue No. 3, Saint-Saens; Rhapsodie, Op. 45, No. 2, Dvorak.
James Philip Johnston, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Rhapsodie, Op. 45, No. 2, Dvorak. James Philip Johnston, Pittsburgh, Pa. —At the East Liberty Presbyterian Church recent recitals before the evening service have been as follows: Oct. 30—Toccata and Fugue in D mi-nor, Bach; First Meditation, Guilmant; Intermezzo, Callaerts; "Ave Maria," Schubert. Nov. 6—"Marche Religieuse," Guil-mant; "Question and Answer." Wolsten-holme; Nocturne, Ferrata. Nov. 13—Sixth Sonata, Mendelssohn; Pastorale, Foerster; Canzonetta, McCol-lin.

In. Waiter Sassmannshausen, Chicago.—Mr. Sassmannshausen gave a recital at Christ Evangelical Lutheran Church Nov. 6 and the same program was presented at St. James' Evangelical Lutheran Church Nov. 13. The churches were crowded to their capacity, an aggregate of nearly 2,000 people being present at both recitals. Mr. Sassmannshausen was assisted by the mixed and male choruses of the churches, and two soloists—Mrs. D. Schiemann, soprano, and Mrs. Sassmannshausen, contralto. The organ numbers were: Prelude in B minor. Bach: Canon, Schumann; Funeral March and Hymn of the Seraphs. Guilmant; "Psalm 94," Reubke: Cantabile, Loret; Bell Rondo, Morandi; Introduction and Finale on the Chorale. "Jerusalem," Sassmannshausen.

"Jerusalem." Sassmannshausen. Guy C. Fikins, Detroit, Mich.—The first of a series of monthly recitals by Mr. Filkins at the Central Methodist Church was played on Monday evening, Nov. 14, with the assistance of the Hudson Male Quartet. The program of organ selec-

tions was as follows: "Jubilant March," Faulkes; "By the Waters of Babylon," Stoughton; "Chanson d'Espoir," Meale; Festival Toccata, Fletcher; "The Magic Harp" (Melody for pedal), Meale; "Song Without Words," Nevin; "The Angelus," Shuey; "Filgrims' Chorus' ("Tann-häuser"), Wagner.

Carl Wiesemann, Dallas, Tex.-At vensong recitals in St. Matthew's hedral recently Mr. Wiesemann

thedral recently Mr. Wiesemann has played: Oct. 30--Pastorale in F major, Bach; "The Curfew," Horsmann; Serenade, Schubert; "Marche Religieuse," Guil-mant. Nov. 6--Fugue in G minor, Bach; Ber-ceuse, Iljinsky; Intermezzo (From Suite for Organ), Rogers; Triumphal March, Lemmens. Nov. 13--In memory of Armistice Day: "Elegy," Gibson; "To an American Sol-dier," Van Denman Thompson; Funeral March and Song of the Seraphs, Guil-mant.

March and Song of the Seraphs, Guilmant.
F. A. Moure, Toronto, Ont.-Recitals in the tenth series on the organ of sev-enty-six stops in convocation hall at the University of Toronto by Mr. Moure, the University of Toronto by Mr. Moure, the University organist, have included the following in November: Nov. 1-Fantaisie and Fugue in B flat, Boely: Sonata in C minor, Mendelssohn; "Sposalizo," Liszt; "Rhapsodie sur des airs Catalans," Gigout; Madrigal, Le-mare; "Salida," Urteaga. Nov. 15-Introduction and Allegro from Tenth Concerto, Handel; "Song of the Chrysanthemums," Bonnet; Sonatina in A minor, Karg-Elert; Pastorale, de la Tombele; "The Music Box," Liadoff; "Marche Nuptiale," Widor.
Mr. Moure gave a recital Nov. 21 under the auspices of Loretto Academy at the Church of Our Lady in Guelph, Ont.
John Hermann Loud, F. A. G. O., Boe-

Mr. Moure gave a recital Nov. 21 under the auspices of Loretto Academy at the Church of Our Lady in Guelph. Ont.
 John Hermann Loud, F. A. G. O. Bos-ton, Mass.—In the first of a series of three recitals at the Park Street Church, played on Nov. 14, Mr. Loud gave this program: Fourth Sonata. in D minor, Guilmant: Berceuse and "Ariel," Bonnet; Melody in C. Wolstenholme: Toccata (Fifth Symphony). Widor: "Speranza." Yon: Improvisation: Allegro Finale in A ("Jubilee"), Hopkins.
 Poweil Weaver, Kansas City, Mo.—Mr. Weaver gave a recital in the First Bap-tist Church of Lawrence, Kan., on Nov. 15. The organ is a three-manual of twen-ty-four stops which the Reuter Company installed some time ago, and has been commented on very highly. Mr. Weaver played: Prima Sonata, Pagella; Prelude and Fugue in A minor, Bach; Minuet in G. Beethoven; Andante from Symphony Pathetioue, Tschaikowsky: Italian Rhap-sedy, Yon; "Pilgrims' Chorus" ("Tann-häuser"), Wagner; "La Scolattolo." Fowell Weaver; Toccata from Suite Gothique, Boelmann.
 Frank Wrigley, Detroit, Mich. — Mr. Wrigley is giving his third series of re-citals at the First Presbyterian Church. His November programs were as follows: Nov. 22-Fantasie Overture, Fricker; Andante from Violin Concerto, Mendels-sohn; "Ase's Tod." Edward Grieg: Noc-turnette, d'Evry; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Largo ("New World" Symphony), Dvorak; Andante (First So-mata), Borowski; Toccata in D, Ralph Kinder... Nov. 29-Sonata No. 2, Mendelssohn; Minuetto ("L'Arlesienne" Suite), Bizet; Overture, "Stradella," Flotow; Humor-eske, Tschaikowsky: Pastorale, Lemare; Romance, Fricker; Serenade, Rachmanin-off, "Carillon" (A study on four notes), Wheeldon.

Wheeldon. Ernest Prang Stamm, Tulsa. Okla.— In his Sunday afternoon recitals at the First Christian Church recently Mr. Stamm has played: Oct. 23—Allegro and Adagio from Sixth Symphony, Widor; Spring Song, Mendeis-sohn; "Rigoletto" Quartet, Verdi; Scher-zo, Gigout; Epithalamium, Matthews; "O'er Flowery Meads," Dunn; Finale, Franck.

sohn; "Rigoletto" Quartet, veru, Scher-co, Gigout; Epithalamium, Matthews; "O'er Flowery Meads," Dunn; Finale, Franck. Oct. 30-Third Sonata, Guilmant; Se-lections from "Il Trovatore," Verdi; Barcarolle, Diggle; "Pilgrims" Chorus," Wagner; Funeral March on the Death of a Hero, Beethoven; Fountain Reverie, Fletcher; Festival Toccata, Fletcher.

Fletcher; Festival Toccata, Fletcher. G. Howard Freed, Lansdale, Pa.—In a recital at the Methodist Episcopal Church Oct. 4 Mr. Freed offered this program: "Marche Religieuse." Guilmant; An-dante Cantabile (from Fourth Sym-phony), Widor; "The Lost Chord," Sul-livan; "Sunday Morning on Gilon," Sen-del; Duo for Piano and Organ. "In the Morning," Grieg; "Rapsodia Italiana," Yon; Gavotte, Martini; Fantasia on Church Chimes, Harriss; Midsummer Ca-price, Johnston; "Christmas in Sicily," Yon; "Liebesfreud," Kreisler; "Buona Notte," Nevin.

Notte," Nevin. Frederick C. Mayer, Woodville, Ohio-Professor Mayer of the Woodville Nor-mal Academy played the dedicatory re-cital on a Pilcher organ in Emmanuel Evangelical Lutheran Church at Na-poleon, Ohio, Nov. 6, before an audience of 800 persons His offerings included: Chorale Prelude, "O Haupt voll Blut und Wunden." Bach: Chorale Prelude, "Lobt Gott, Ihr Christen." Buxtehude; "Noel Eccossis," Guilmant; Prelude and Fugue on "Ein" Feste Burg." Stein; Meditation, Sturges; "Marche Nocturne." MacMas-ter: Toccata in D minor, Nevin; "Deep River." Burieigh-Biggs; "Will o' the Wisp." Nevin; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Grand Chorus, Dubois.

minor, Bach; Grand Chorus, Dubois. Henry Ward Pearson, Jacksonville, III. -Mr. Pearson, director of the college of music of the Illinois Woman's College, gave the first recital of his 1921-1922 series on the evening of Oct. 24 in music hall. For the opening of his third year of re-citals Mr. Pearson had a house that was completely filled, with extra chairs placed in the aisles and many people standing -a commentary on the drawing power of Mr. Pearson and of the organ recital in that part of the country. The program

included: "Grand Choeur" in F. Salome; "Scenes from a Mexican Desert," Near-ing; Nocturne, Ferrata; Aria and Allegro from Concerto in D. Handel; "Eyvening Bells and Cradle Song," Maciarlane; Sketches of the City, Nevin; "Marche Pittoresque," Kroeger. John T. Erickson, New York.-Dr. Erickson gave a recital Oct. 30 in the Gustavus Adolphus Church, rendering the following compositions: Festal March, Kroeger; "Souvenir Foetique," Zdenko Fibich (transcribed by James H. Rogers); Serenade in A flat, Gabraith; "Nightin-gale and the Rose," Saint-Saens; "Ele-gie," Sheppard; "The Angelus," Rock-well. gie," well.

gle, Sneppard, "The Angelus," Rock-well. Dr. Ray Hastings, Los Angeles, Cal.— The following compositions were played in recent popular programs at the Audi-torium: "Finlandia," Sibelius; "Veil Dance." Goldmark; Barcarolle from "Tri-bute to Zamora," Gounod; Ballet music from "Faust," Gounod; Hebrew Melody, Rimsky-Korsakoff; Ballet music from "Prince Igor," Borodin; "Ave Maria," Arkadelt; Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bach; Offertory in A flat, Read; "At Evening," Doud; "Midsummer Reverie" (new), Conde; "Caprice Heroic" (new), Hastings. (new), C Hastings.

Hastings. Charles R. Cronham, Hanover, N. H.— In a recital at Rollins Chapel, Dartmouth College, Nov. 15, Mr. Cronham played: Concert Overture in B minor, Rogers; Intermezzo, Macbeth; "Within a Chi-nese Garden," Stoughton; "The Tragedy of a Tin Soldier," Nevin; Prelude to "Tristan and Isolde," Wagner; Canon in B minor, Schumant, "Lament," Cron-ham; "Variations de Concert," Bonnet. Willing B Twadfell Durbarg N. C.

ham; "Variations de Concert," Bonnet. William P. Twaddell, Durham, N. C.— In "an hour of music" at the First Pres-byterian Church Nov. 3 Mr. Twaddell was assisted by Mrs. Palmer Constable, vio-linist. The organ numbers included; Toccata and Fugue in D minor. Bach; Minuet in G, Beethoven; "Träumerel," Schumann; Scherzoso, Woodman; Alle-gro Vivace, from Fifth Symphony, Wi-dor; "Evening Bells and Cradle Song," Macfarlane; "Suite Gothique," Boell-mann. mann

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Beethoven; March, Guten of Balance (request), Gounod. J. F. Reuter, Chicago-Mr. Reuter gave a recital Oct. 16 on the newly rebuilt or-gan in St. Mathew's Lutheran Church. His selections were: Prelude and Fugue in A minor, Bach; Trio from Sonata 1, Bach; Pastorale from "Friedens Sonata," Rheinberger; "Christus Resurrexit," Ra-vanello; Andante con moto (Sonata 5), Mendelssohn; Berceuse in G, Kinder; "Consolation," Liszt; Evensong, John-ston; Largo, Allegro and Maestoso, from Sonata 1, Guilmant.

Sonata 1, Guilmant. William T. Timmings. A. A. G. O., Philadelphia, Pa.—Mr. Timmings gave a recital Nov. 3 at St. Michael's Lutheran Church, with the assistance of Beulah Miller Van Reed. contraito, and Lucius Cole, violinist. The organ numbers in-cluded: Sonata No. 1, in D minor, Guil-mant; Caprice and Melodie, H. Alexander Matthews; Minuet in G. Beethoven; Serenade, Rachmaninoff; Grand March, "Aida," Verdi.

Katak, Verdi.
 Emily Roberts, Chicago-Frank Van Dusen presented Miss Roberts, artist, pupil and organist of the Wicker Park Lutheran Church, in recital at Kimball Hall, Nov. 12. Miss Roberts' numbers included: Pastorale in E major, Cesar Franck; First Symphony (Allegro), Ma-quaire; Prelude in C minor, Gliere; "A Pear," Moussorsky; "The Primitive Organ," Yon; Toccata in F, Crawford.
 Miss Sarah Hudson White, Wilmington.

Organ," Yon; Toccata in F. Crawford. Miss Sarah Hudson White, Wilmington, Del.—Miss White, who for the last six years has been organist of St. Faul's Methodist Church, and who is a pupil of Ralph Kinder of Philadelphia, gave a re-cital at the church Oct. 20, her numbers being as follows: "Grande Offertoire," Op. 35, Wely; Intermezzo, Rogers: "Ber-ceuse" (dedicated to Sarah Hudson White), Will M. S. Brown; "Jubilate Deo," Silver; Lullaby, Guilmant; Proces-sional March, Kinder.

Cense. (dedicated to Sarah Hubba)
White, Will M. S. Brown: "Jubilate Dec," Silver; Lullaby, Guilmant; Processional March, Kinder.
Harold F. Schwab, Boston, Mass.-Mr. Schwab, of the class of 1922 at the New England Conservatory, gave a recital in Jordan Hall Nov. 9, playing this program: Second Sonata, Op. 71, Bossi; "Easter Morning" (Symphonic Poem), Henry M. Dunham; Cantilene Pastorale in A minor, Faulkes; Toccata in F major, Bach; First Symphony, Op. 14 (Allegro Vivace, Andante, Finale), Vierne.
Carroll W. Hartline, Reading, Pa.-Mr. Hartline, a pupil of Henry F. Selbert and organist and choirmaster of St. Stephen's Reformed Church, gave a recital with the assistance of a quartet on Nov. 7 and played all his numbers from memory. The organ offerings were: "Suite Gothique." Boelimann: "Rimembranza," Yon; Prelude and Fugue in B fiat. Bach; "At Evening," Kinder; Humoresque, Yon; Toccata, Yon.
Mise Ella B. Lease, Reading, Pa.-Miss Lease, a pupil of Henry F. Selbert, gave a recital with the assistance of her choir at Alsace Lutheran Church Nov. 1, and the organ selections include: Procession-al March, Everett E. Truette: "Evenos," Johnston; Prelude and Fugue in E minor, Bach; Offertoire in E flat. Thomas; "Song of Sorrew," Nevin: "Echo," Yon: "Marche Nuptiale," Loret.
Albert Scholin, Waterloo, Iowa-As a prelude to a musical service arranged by him at the First Methodist Church novin; "Consolation," Bonnet; "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; "Tragedy of a Tin Soldier," Nevin.

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DECEMBER 1, 1921

National Association of Organists Section

WILLARD IRVING NEVINS, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF ORGAN-

ISTS. I resident—Henry S. Fry, St. Clement's Church, Twentieth and Cherry streets, Philadelphia. Chairman of Executive Committee— Reginald L. McAll, 2268 Sedgwick avenue, New York. Treasurer—A. Campbell Weston, 27 South Oxford street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Secretary and Associate Editor—W. I. Nevins, 668 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Sammond reports that the new Mr. Sammond reports that the new membership campaign is meeting with unusual success. Not only are the blanks, which ask for the names of organists who might be interested, being returned in large numbers, but there are a num-ber of applications coming along with these. Fifteen or twenty came in the first few days and the different state presidents give us reports which prom-ise that we will go well over the thou-sand mark for our 1922 membership. If you haven't done your part as yet, please you haven't done your part as yet, please get at it at once and help to make this our best year. You can at least give us the names of organists who are not now affiliated with some organization and who might be glad to know of the op-portunity. If you will send the names, the membership committee will do the rest. Of course we would like to have you send new members, but please do not fail to return the blank filled with names names

N. A. O. Dinner to Dupre.

N. A. O. Dinner to Dupre. On Tuesday evening, Dec. 13, the headquarters council of the N. A. O. will give a dinner in honor of Marcel Dupre. There will be speakers of note and following the dinner a short informal recital by M. Dupre on the Wanamaker organ.

Joint Committee of Reference Makes Report.

Joint Committee of Reference Makes Report. Our readers will remember that our own committee of reference has been considering various practical ques-tions connected with organ and key-desk construction. It presented a re-port at the October executive com-mittee meeting which was accepted unanimously. The report has since that time been under the scrutiny of the corresponding committee of the Organ Builders' Association, and we are glad to say that it is approved by that committee, according to advices received from M. P. Möller, chairman of that committee. He reports that the members are completely in accord with the conclusions reached and we hope to publish extracts from their letters next month. The chairman of the joint committee of reference, which consists of both committees, takes great pleasure in publishing these find-ings, which are appended. We have received some most inter-esting comments on the three sub-jects discussed and any further letters about them will be welcome. There are also other matters of general in-terest, perhaps suggested by the re-

about them will be welcome. There are also other matters of general in-terest, perhaps suggested by the re-port, which come within the scope of the committee's work. Will you not send us your opinions and sugges-tions? Address the committee at 2268 Sedgwick avenue, New York. Following is the report of the com-mittees:

mittees:

Following is the report of the com-mittees: 1. The naming of "Unit" Installations designed to meet special demands. A new and often extreme application of the unit idea is being made in places of entertainment. The committee notes with pleasure the tenderdy to designate such instruments as "unit orchestras." The purchasing theater owner is generally un-familiar with technical aspects of organ building and desires only certain ele-ments of organ tone. He also perceives that the instrument will furnish desir-able orchestral tone colors which are suf-ficiently realistic for his purpose. The name "unit orchestra" therefore indi-cates his desires and expectation, and is in no way misleading. From the point of view of organists and organ builders, this name is also satisfactory, for it in-dicates just what the instrument really is. Moreover, if municipal or church or-gan committees desire to purchase an instrument fulfilling the true functions of an organ, they will not listen to any suggestion to accept a unit orchestra in tits stead. The name will indicate the distinction. The committee realizes the self-denial suggestion to according to a suggestion to a suggestion to a suggestion. The committee realizes the self-denial The committee realizes the self-denial

involved on the part of those who still advocate this type of instrument as a fit substitute for the concert and church organ. It feels, however, that in the light of experience such renunciation on their part will commend itself to concert and theater organists throughout the world.

and theater organists throughout the world.
2. The naming of organ stops which appear on more than one manual by "duplexing," or in more than one pitch.
Here the guiding principle is that the conscle should indicate on the faces of the stops with equal clearness what the organ contains and what it does not contain. There are three ways in which a speaking stop can be considered.
First: It can be regarded as belonging primarily to one tonal division, as indicated by the name of the manual. In other words, it has a 'mome." If it is augmented it has a fundamental pitch from which other pitches are derived.
Second: It can be regarded as belonging to a floating group of stops which are equally available on two or more manuals, instead of being controlled by a separate manual. Such are most echo organs and some modern string divisions.

a separate manual. Such are most echo organs and some modern string divisions.
Third: It can be regarded as a separate "unit" appearing on any manual and in different octaves at command.
This committee here concerns itself only with the first type of stop. It recommends that if a certain stop is placed on one manual chest with the other stops of that group, and in addition appears in the same octave on another manual, its name shall not be changed, and the stop knob or tablet shall indicate the primary position, or "home." of the stop. An example of disregard of this principle is when the melodia on the great is duplexed as concert flute on choir, of course without revealing the identity. Even had the common origin been marked the names are misleading.
If there is augmentation and the pitch is different, the source shall be indicated. The name should in any case be the true tile of the same family. e.g., concert flute augmented to traverse flute. Stops, however, that are to be augmented may well be chosen to avoid all unnecessary change of names.
In other words, every console should reveal the tonal resources of the organ plainly and instantly.

reveal the tonal resources of the organ plainly and instantly. 3. The relative position of the manuals on four-manual organs. The committee recommends that the accepted arrangement of the manuals downwards—solo, swell, great and choir —be retained. The tendency to place the great keyboard below the choir is unfor-tunate. The practice originated when coupling was only possible downwards, and before the development of the con-cert organ of today. The manual of technical climax should be in the most convenient location, and the most recent efforts at standardizing the heights of the manuals have regarded the position of the great as the starting point. It retains the same elevation above the pedals on a two-manual as on a four-manual console, and on a three-manual console it lies half way between the great and swell of the four-manual con-sole.

Console it lies name way between the great and swell of the four-manual console. The committee would add that by means of extra coupler facilities the relative position of the great and choir could be reversed on any console when the registration of the music made this desirable. The committee's recommendation will help any who feel inclined to allow such a radical change without themselves being entirely familiar with its consequences to come to a vise decision. The committee requests that original ideas and plans for organ construction and console equipment which are being developed either by organists or progressive organ builders be submitted to it. The committee will gladly digest them and place them before the eminent players of the country. REGINALD L. MCALL, Chairman of the Joint Committee of Reference.

Following are the names of the men Following are the names of the men who have acted on the reference com-mittee from the Organ Builders' Asso-ciation: Herbert Brown, Robert P. Elliot, William E. Haskell, David Marr and M. P. Möller, chairman. The N. A. O. members are Charles M. Courboin, Clifford Demarest, T. Ter-tius Noble, Firmin Swinnen and R. L. McAll chairman McAll, chairman.

Lancaster Chapter News.

Lancaster Chapter News. The first of a series of guest re-citals under the auspices of the Lan-caster chapter, National Association of Organists, was given by Rollo F. Maitland, F. A. G. O., in the First Presbyterian Church, Lancaster, Pa., Tuesday evening, Nov. 22. The pro-gram appears on the recital page of this issue. An after-the-recital lun-cheon was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Maitland, with thirty members and their guests present. The monthly meeting of the asso-ciation will be held Sunday, Dec. 4, at St. John's parish house, after which

recital will be played by Sydney a recital will be played by Sydney Cooper, organist of the church. Among the accessions to member-ship at the November meeting were: Walter Westphal, Elizabeth Adams, Lucretia Benner, Elizabeth Custer, Cecelia Drachbar, Bessie Gingrich, Mary Hammond, Florence Lebzelter and Mrs. Robert Stewart.

Chicago Convention Committee.

Chicago Convention Committee. The following persons have been ap-pointed to serve on the convention committee and they will have full charge of the complete plans of the convention which will be held in Chi-cago next summer: Members from Chicago: Dr. Francis Hemington, William H. Barnes, R. P. Elliot, S. E. Gruenstein and John W. Norton. Members from Headquarters: Henry S. Fry, Herbert S. Sammond, F. W. Ries-berg, Mrs. Kate E. Fox and Willard I. Newins.

Nevins, Members at Large: Dr. Edward Young Mason, Illinois; Charles A. Shel-don, Georgia; William P. Twaddell, North Carolina; John W. Teed, Iowa; Carl Wiesemann, Texas.

The Rev. John Keller Dead.

The Rev. John Keller Dead. The Rev. John Keller, for thirty-three years secretary of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Newark, died Oct. 22 at his home, Glen Ridge, N. J. He was 60 years old In 1886 Mr. Keller became rector of Trinity Church at Arlington, N. J. He was always interested in the N. A. O. and was vice-president of the Union-Essex chapter of New Jersey. Those who were at the Philadelphia convention last summer will remember him for his interest and active part in the many meetings.

First Public Meeting Held.

First Public Meeting Held. The first public meeting of the headquarters council was held Mon-day evening, Nov. 28, at the parish house of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, with the Catholic Guild of Organists. The assemblage listened to a concert by the Paulist Fathers' Choir under the direction of Father Finn, C.S.P. Modern Russian music was made a feature of the evening. Marcel Dupre was the guest of honor. A detailed report will appear in the next issue of The Diapason.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETS. The executive committee meeting was held at headquarters Nov. 14 and the fol-lowing were present: Chairman R. L. McAll, Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Keator, Miss Whittemore, Messrs. Weston, Farnam, Sammond, Riesberg, Macrum and Nevins. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved and the treasurer's report, which followed, showed a fine balance after a season in which so many new activities had been carried on. Mr. Weston reported eight new members. The New Jersey report, as usual, filled with interest, was read and showed that they had begun a very busy winter. Mr. Mc-All gave a report from the reference and also told of the many interesting vork. The resignation of John Doane from the chairmanship of the public meetings committee was read and ac-cepted with regret. Mr. Farnam was chosen to fill his place. After further dis-cussion of the Chicago convention the meeting adjourned. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETS.

LETTERS FROM STATE PRESIDENTS My dear Mr. Nevins: I have sent two applications to Mr. Weston and am going to McKiney. Tex, on the 23th to ar-range a council there. I expect to start them with about fitteen members. This will be the first council in Texas. I would like very much to hear from all members of the N. A. O. who live in the state of Texas, so that I can keep in touch with them, and if possible organize councils in various parts of the state. Address me care of St. Mathew's Ca-thedral, Dallas. The Times-Herald, a newspaper with a large circulation, has kindly consented to publish the three pamphlets which are sent out by headquarters. These will appear on their music page on successive Fridays. The message to the clergy will appear first. It seems to me that such advertising in the papers all over the work of bringing the organists and clergy . CARL WIESEMANN, State President for Texas. My Dear Mr. Nevins: In reply to your LETTERS FROM STATE PRESIDENTS

My Dear Mr. Nevlns: In reply to your letter, I take pleasure in giving you a report of our activities. Our program committee is at work on a comprehen-sive program for the year. Tentative

plans call for three or more recitals by visiting organists, and a series of re-citals and services by our own members is being evolved. We are campaigning actively for new members, with success. We are trying to render a service to our own members by keeping a directory of jubstitute organists and by having in-formal discussions on matters pertain-ing to our profession. We are also urg-of vacancies of which they may hear and our profession. We are also urg-of vacancies of which they may hear and the state, and hope to be able to re-orer progress in the near future. I wish I could find it possible to at-tend the meetings of the executive com-mittee, but Louisville is a long way from New York. Shall look for an account of he last meeting in the next issue of the blagson. Bincerely and fraternally your. State President for Kentucky. LETTER OF GREETINGS.

State President for Kentucky. LETTER OF GREETINGS. The follow members of the executive for the executive for me to attend the meeting on the 14th, not only to assist in the transaction of business, but to meet those whose names I have on my list of good friends. The date of the fact that they were held in the East. Now that we are the opportunity of greeting my eastern order musically, and the many enduring friendships that have been made at the force musically, and the many enduring friendships that have been mede at the think that other organists would give a like the very good wish, believe me, sin-zer. EDWARD YOUNG MASON.

EDWARD YOUNG MASON.

cerely yours. EDWARD YOUNG MASON. NEW JERSEY REPORT. The state president has had the pleas-ure of meeting with two of the local chapters during the last month. On Mon-day evening, Nov. 7, the Central New Jersey chapter held a meeting at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Trenton. There was a large attendance, many members having come from a distance. The winter's work was outlined and committees were appointed. A charming program of music was followed by a brief and striking address by the pastor of the church. He spoke of the value of good music in the service, and said that each week, after announcing his sermon topics for the following Sunday, he turns over the weekly calendar to his organist, who arranges hymns, anthems and solos in harmony with his line of thought. A business meeting of the Monmouth chapter was held early in November. J. Stanley Farrar, the president, appointed committees and announced meetings for the winter. There will be a number of organ recitals, and an exchange program is to be arranged with the Central chap-ter. Mrs. Fox reports one new member. Respectfully submitted. HARRIET S. KEATOR, State President.

BARMET S. Kate President. **CENTRAL NEW JERSEY CHAPTER.** The opening meeting for the fall season of the Central New Jersey chapter was held on Nov. 7 in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Trenton. The meeting was largely social, though a delightful in-formal musical program was given by Messrs. Wilson, Eingley and Morrell, Mrs. Allen and Miss Isabelle Hill. The Rev. Gill Robb Wilson, pastor of the church, made an address emphasizing the necessity of having the minister and organist work together, and being of one mind to give a unity of purpose to the service of the church. Tentative plans for the season's work were discussed and meetings were arranged to be held at the Lawrenceville School, Lawrence-by Theodore Keller, organist of the school. We were especially honored and pratified by the presence of our state president. Mrs. Bruce S. Keator. PAUL AMBROSE, Secretary. UNION-ESSEX CHAPTER

PAUL AMBROSE, Secretary. PAUL AMBROSE, Secretary. UNION-ESSEX CHAPTER. A meeting of the Union-Essex chapter was held in St. James' Parish Hall, Eliz-abeth, Oct. 24. The members were re-ceived by the organist of the church, Miss Clara Stevens, and the pastor made a short address, treating the subject of religious music in an interesting and scholarly way. A short business meeting was held, the president, Hermon B. Keese, being in the chair. A resolution in reference to the death of the vice-president, the Rev. John Keller, was adopted and his address of last year was recalled—"Church Music in Its Relation to the Minister"—as well as his genial presence and interest in the association. Amendments to the constitution were offered (to be voted upon at the next business meeting) providing for \$1 an-nual dues and a change of the time of meetings to the second Monday of each month. The next meeting was set for Nov. 28 at St. Stephen's Church, Newark, when Alston Lorain Brandes, organist of the church, will give a recital.

ENGLISH FIRM BUILDS NOVEL THEATER ORGAN IN FOOTSTEPS OF AMERICA.

William Hill & Son and Norman & Beard Construct Instrument They Deem One of Their Most Successful Ventures.

How England is following in the foot-steps of the United States in adapting the organ to theater purposes is illus-trated by the construction of an instru-ment for the Regent Picture House of Brighton by the noted London firm of William Hill & Son and Norman & Beard, Limited. The organ is a three-manual, with stopkeys above the manu-als, and has eighty-six stopkeys and a total of more than 2,400 pipes. The dis-tance between the console and the great organ is 147 feet. The builder says that he regards this organ as one of his "most successful ventures in modern organ building."

ance between the extra the builder says that he regards this organ as one of his "most successful ventures in modern organ building." The instrument is divided, and placed on each side of the auditorium at an elevation of thirty-five feet above floor level. No part of the sound-producing portion is visible. A portion of the pedal and all manual departments are enclosed in swell-boxes. Each manual department is sub-divided into two sec-tions, each section being acted upon by its own couplers, and the four divisions of the swell and orchestral organs thus formed are enclosed in separate swell-boxes, whereby compound expression is attainable on either manual without re-course to inter-manual coupling. To avoid an undesirable complication of control, all five swell-boxes can be operated conveniently by three balanced pedals: Normally the boxes containing the first section reverse their position relative to that of the balanced pedal, so that on depressing the pedal, section 2 box opens and section 1 box closes, and vice-versa. When the controlling stop-key is restored to its former position, the shutters of section 1 box will adapt where the controlling stop-key is restored to its former position, the shutters of section 1 box will adapt themselves at once to the position nor-mally indicated by the swell pedal. The same arrangement is applied to the or-

ame arrangement is applied to the or-chestral organ. A fourth balanced pedal operates the stop-swell independently of the boxes. By means of a stop-switch the stop-keys can be disconnected temporarily from the sound boards without affect-ing the position of the slides. Mean-while a fresh combination of speaking stops and couplers can be arranged which will come into operation when the stop-key is returned to the "off" posi-tion. A red light indicates when the stop-switch is in operation, so that this accessory need not prove a tax on the memory of the performer. Following is the specification: PEDAL ORGAN.

PEDAL ORGAN.

PEDAL ORGAN. (Wind pressure, 5, 7 and 15 inches.) 1. Resultant Bass (from Numbers 2 and 5), 32 ft., 32 notes. 2. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 32 pipes. 3. Violone, 16 ft., 32 pipes. 4. Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 pipes. 5. Dolce, 16 ft., 32 pipes. 6. Octave (20 from No. 2), 8 ft., 12 pipes.

- pipes. 7. Flute, 8 ft., 32 pipes. 8. Trombone (20 from No. 31), 16 ft., 32 16 ft., 32
- 12 pipes. 9. Saxophone (from No. 20), 16 ft., 32
- GREAT ORGAN (Wind pressure, 6 inches).

Section 1 in Box A. Quint Flute (12 from No. 4), 16 ft.,

Quint Flute (12 From Arc. 7.)
 Dipes.
 Section 2 in Box A.
 Viola, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 Hohi Flöte, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 Hue Conjuge, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
 Super Octave, 2 ft., 61 pipes.
 Chimes (A to E), 8 ft., 20 notes.
 Sweill ORGAN (Wind pressure, 7 inches).

- Section 1 in Box B.
 Section 1 in Box B.
 Horn Diapason. 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 20. Saxophone, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
 21. Harmonic Trumpet, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 22. Zauberflöte, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 23. Aeoline, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
 24. Unda Maris (T. C.), 8 ft., 61 pipes.
 25. Octave Gamba, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
 26. Piccolo, 2 ft., 73 pipes.
 ORCHESTRAL ORGAN
 Section 1 in Box D.
- Section 1 in Box D. Violoncello, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Harmonic Claribel, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Concert Flute, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Orchestral Oboe, 8 ft., 73 pipes. **Tuba Harmonique**, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

Section 2 in Box E. 32. Viole d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes. 33. String Celeste, 2 rks., 8 ft., 134

32. Viole d'Orchestre. S. ft., 14 pipes.
33. String Celeste, 2 rks., 8 ft., 134 pipes.
34. Grand Chorus, 6 rks., 438 pipes.
35. Clarinet, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
36. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
37. Orchestral Trumpet, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
38. Glockenspiel, 2 ft.
Accessory Tablets-Bass Drum, on and off; side drum, tap and roll; side drum, on and off; side drum, tap and roll.
36. We to orchestral, five to great, five to swell, 'five to orchestral, five to great, five to swell, 'five to orchestral, five to great to pedal (foot), one reversible for great to pedal (foot), one reducing whole organ to pp. and three for octave and sub-octave, one to each manual. The stop-keys are arranged in two rows on a curve of four-foot radius above the keyboards. The wind is supplied by two fans driven by a five and one-half horse-power Bull motor.

To Hear St. Paul Organ by Radio.

The Northwest is to hear St. Paul's municipal organ recitals by wireless telephone, according to information in the St. Paul newspapers. Permission to construct a radio station on the roof of the Auditorium was asked in a letter from Commissioner Ferguson to the radio increastor in Chicago The a letter from Commissioner Ferguson to the radio inspector in Chicago. The station will have a radius of 500 miles. The cost of the radio plant' is esti-mated at \$1,200 to \$1,500. It is being financed by the Boy Scouts. In the letter to the Chicago office it was es-timated that there are 500 amateur and other radio stations in the Northwest.

Mary Garden as Salesman.

Mary Garden as Salesman. Mary Garden tried her hand as salesman, an entirely new role for her, on Monday morning, Nov. 28, at the Auditorium Theater, Chicago, when she opened the mid-season subscrip-tion sale for the second half of the Chicago grand opera season. This feature, never tried before by the Chi-cago Opera Association, is Miss Gar-den's own idea, and was prompted by the tremendous attendance of the first two weeks of the season, which is the largest that institution has had for a corresponding period. The mid-sea-son subscriptions will be effective becorresponding period. The mid-sea-son subscriptions will be effective be-ginning Dec. 19, covering the final five weeks of the series.

Kimball-Frazee Factory Busy.

Kimball-Frazee Factory Busy. The Kimball-Frazee Organ Com-pany of Boston is exceedingly busy these days, having recently completed a new organ for the Paige Street Bap-tist Church at Lowell, Mass., and one for Plymouth Congregational Church, Belmont, Mass, and being at work on organs for the Methodist Episcopal Church of South Braintree, Mass., for the Methodist Episcopal Church of Revere, and for St. Andrew's Episco-pal Church of Wellesley.

HOW TO SING BUCK'S TE DEUM.

HOW TO SING BUCK'S TE DEUM. Chicago, Nov. 6, 1921.—Editor of The Diapason: Will you submit the following proposition to your music critic and to your readers, to see iff some opinions will be forthcoming? The question is one of importance to directors whose aim is ar-tistic rendition of music. rather than "Daying to the gallery." The music in question is Buck's Festival Te Deum, No. 7. Score in question on first page. My contention is, that to sing it as indicated in the music, "All the Earth (mf) Doth Worship Thee" (D), with great organ accompaniment to "All the Earth" and choir organ to "Doth Worship Thee." cheapens the music very much. Espec-ially so when used as part of a religious service. To cap the climax, there is an accent mark over the word "earth," after which the choir is supposed to whisper (?) the rest of the phrase. It seems to me that an ideal accompaniment to this would be tympani (ff) and plenty of brass. There has been much written in the past relative to the merits (and other-wise) of Mr. Buck's church compositions. Fersonally I feel that much that has been said against his music (be it distinctly understood that I refer to church music) is true. To gree back to the "Te Deum." Do dicated or do they soften down the ac-cented note? Of course, it is largely a matter of interpretation, although the music should fit the text as much as pos-sible—and the text is "All the Earth Doth Worship Thee" and not "All the Earth thoan, bang) Doth Worship Thee" (whis-pront of music rather than composer?

Worship Thee' fills the stand-pered). Can't this be discussed from a stand-point of music rather than composer? Thanking you for your kind considera-tion, I am, cordially, A. J. S.

James N. Reynolds, of Atlanta. South-eastern representative of the W. W. Kimball Company, has sold to the First Baptist Church of Andalusia, Ala., a modern electric organ of good size with several special features, detached console, electric blowing plant, etc.

When you visit Cornell University, at Ithaca, New York, you will hear another beautiful

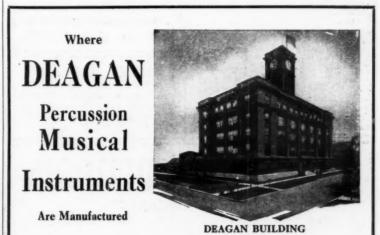
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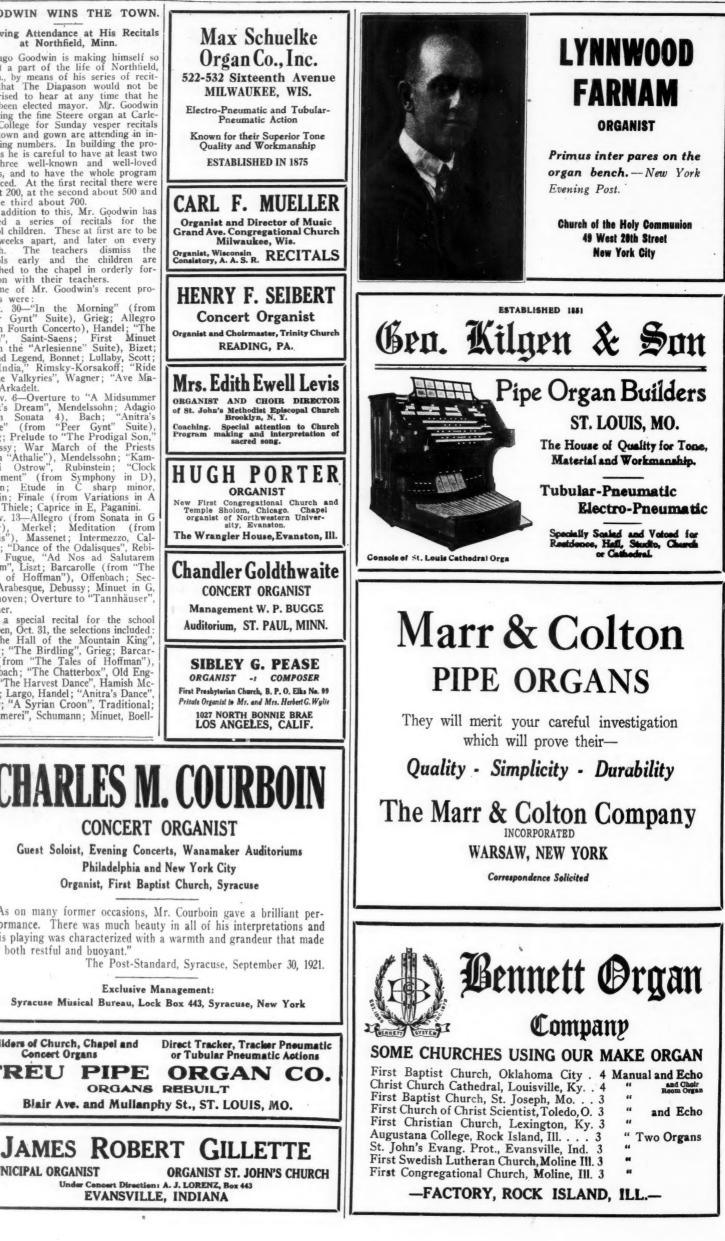
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DECEMBER 1, 1921



Growing Attendance at His Recitals at Northfield, Minn.

GOODWIN WINS THE TOWN.

Growing Attendance at His Recitais at Northfield, Minn. Hugo Goodwin is making himself so much a part of the life of Northfield, Minn., by means of his series of recit-als that The Diapason would not be surprised to hear at any time that he has been elected mayor. Mr. Goodwin is using the fine Steere organ at Carle-ton College for Sunday vesper recitals and town and gown are attending in in-creasing numbers. In building the pro-grams he is careful to have at least two or three well-known and well-loved pieces, and to have the whole program balanced. At the first recital there were about 200, at the second about 500 and at the third about 700. In addition to this, Mr. Goodwin has started a series of recitals for the school children. These at first are to be six weeks apart, and later on every month. The teachers dismiss the schools early and the children are marched to the chapel in orderly for-mation with their teachers. Some of Mr. Goodwin's recent pro-grams were: Oct. 30—"In the Morning" (from

mation with their teachers. Some of Mr. Goodwin's recent pro-grams were: Oct. 30--"In the Morning" (from "Peer Gynt" Suite), Grieg; Allegro (from Fourth Concerto), Handel; "The Swan", Saint-Saens; First Minuet (from the "Arlesienne" Suite), Bizet; Second Legend, Bonnet; Lullaby, Scott; "In India," Rimsky-Korsakoff; "Ride of the Valkyries", Wagner; "Ave Ma-ria", Arkadelt. Nov. 6-Overture to "A Midsummer Night's Dream", Mendelssohn; Adagio (from Sonata 4), Bach; "Anitra's Dance" (from "Feer Gynt" Suite), Grieg; Prelude to "The Prodigal Son," Debussy; War March of the Priests (from "Athalie"), Mendelssohn; "Kam-menoi Ostrow", Rubinstein; "Clock Movement" (from Symphony in D), Haydn; Etude in C sharp minor, Chopin; Finale (from Variations in A fat), Thiele; Caprice in E, Paganini. Nov. 13-Allegro (from Sonata in G minor), Merkel; Meditation (from "Thais"), Massenet; Intermezzo, Cal-laerts; "Dance of the Odalisques", Rebi-koff; Fugue, "Ad Nos ad Salutarem Undam", Liszt; Barcarolle (from "The Tales of Hoffman"), Offenbach; Sec-ond Arabesque, Debussy; Minuet in G, Heethoven; Overture to "Tannhäuser", Wagner. At a special recital for the school

Heethoven; Overture to "Tannhäuser", Wagner. At a special recital for the school children, Oct. 31, the selections included: "In the Hall of the Mountain King", Grieg; "The Birdling", Grieg; Barcar-olle (from "The Tales of Hoffman"), Offenbach; "The Chatterbox", Old Eng-lish; "The Harvest Dance", Hamish Mc-Cunn; Largo, Handel; "Anitra's Dance", Grieg; "A Syrian Croon", Traditional; "Träumerei", Schumann; Minuet, Boell-mann. mann

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MUNICIPAL ORGANIST



ORGANS REBUILT

Concert Direction: A. J. LORENZ, B EVANSVILLE, INDIANA

IMMIGRANTS TO HEAR ORGAN

Two-Manual Midmer Instrument for Ellis Island, New York. Robert E. Tod, immigration commissioner, has arranged for a Midmer organ to be installed in Ellis Hall on Ellis Island, New York. For some years an organization of public-spirited people in New York has arranged weekly recitals by celebrated artists for the thousands of immigrants awaiting admission at the port of New York. These recitals are held in the great vaulted hall in the main building, which is capable of seating 5,000 persons. The recitals are usually diversified by folk songs and hymns of the nationality most numerously represented in the gathering. The new Midmer organ is a two-manual of conventional type, but includes a set of chimes.

ventional type, but includes a set of chimes. The Midmer company recently com-pleted its first year under the presi-dency of C. Seibert Losh. The busi-ness has been largely increased and the payroll doubled. New machinery and equipment have been installed, and a number of important instruments have been delivered in the metropoli-tan district, where the Midmer com-pany for over sixty years has conduct-ed business without intermission and with great success. Mr. Losh reports a great increase in inquiries and cor-respondence and anticipates further extension of the business.

Hold First Congress in London.

And the server of the business. Hold First Congress in London. The first annual congress of the Na-tional Union of Organists' Associa-tions of England was held in London Sept. 19 to 22, S. W. Pilling presiding. It is interesting to record the rapid progress made by the organization. Ten years ago it numbered three or four local associations in the north of England; now it has thirty-one such associations and a membership roll of more than 3,000. The opening meet-ing of the congress was held at the Royal College of Music Sept. 20, when an interesting paper was read by Sir Charles Nicholson on "Church Archi-tecture and Organs." In the afternoon the members were received at the mansion house by Sir Edward and Lady Cooper, acting on behalf of the lord mayor. At 5 o'clock Southwark Cathedral was visited and special music was performed under the direc-tion of E. T. Cook. On Wednesday a visit was paid to the National Insti-tute for the Blind. The Braille nota-tion was explained and practical dem-onstrations were given. An alternative was provided in a visit to Westminster Cathedral for an opportunity of hear-ing plainsong under proper condi-tions. In the afternoon members were shown round the printing works of Novello & Co. by Augustus Littleton. Special music was sung at Westminster Abbey at the afternoon service. On Thursday morning there was a visit to Abbey at the afternoon service. On Thursday morning there was a visit to St. Paul's. Wednesday evening a banquet was held.

Treu Organ Opened in Illinois.

An organ built by the Treu Organ Company of St. Louis, Mo., for Eman-u.1 Lutheran Church at Mount Olive, Ill., was opened with a dedicatory ser-vice in the morning and a recital the evening of Oct. 23 by Walter Sass-mannshausen, organist of Christ Luth-eran Church, Chicago. The church was crowded to its capacity for the recital. a large number being content recital, a large number being content with standing-room, while many were turned away. The organ has two manuals and tubular-pneumatic action. Mr. Sassmannshausen's inter-esting program was rendered admir-ably. A return engagement for the near future has already been made.

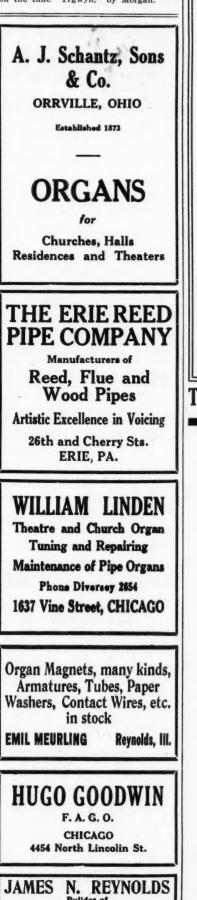
Crowd Makes Recital Open Early.

Crowd Makes Recital Open Early. Carl R. Youngdahl, A. A. G. O., dean of music at Augustana College and Normal School, Sioux Falls, S. D., played at the dedication services of a Kilgen organ in the Lutheran Church of Bloomer, Wis. The service was a model high mass Lutheran service. Mr. Youngdahl played also at the ded-ication of the Möller organ in Trinity Lutheran Church of Madison, S. D. This recital was scheduled to begin at 8 o'clock, but it was found necessary to begin at 7 o'clock as at that time all the available standing room. It was estimated that 1,000 people stood



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At the seventeenth annual convention of the West Virginia Federation of Wom-en's Clubs, held at Huntington late in October, Mrs. J. Minor Dunham gave a brief recital preceding the meeting at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church Oct. 27. She received a great ovation after her performance. Her numbers included Martin's "Evensong" and the Fantasie on the tune "Trgwyn," by Morgan.



SMALL PIPE ORGANS

KATE ELIZABETH FOX, F.A.G.O.

ORGAN RECITALS t and Choir Director, Church of the Redeemer Morristown, New Jersey

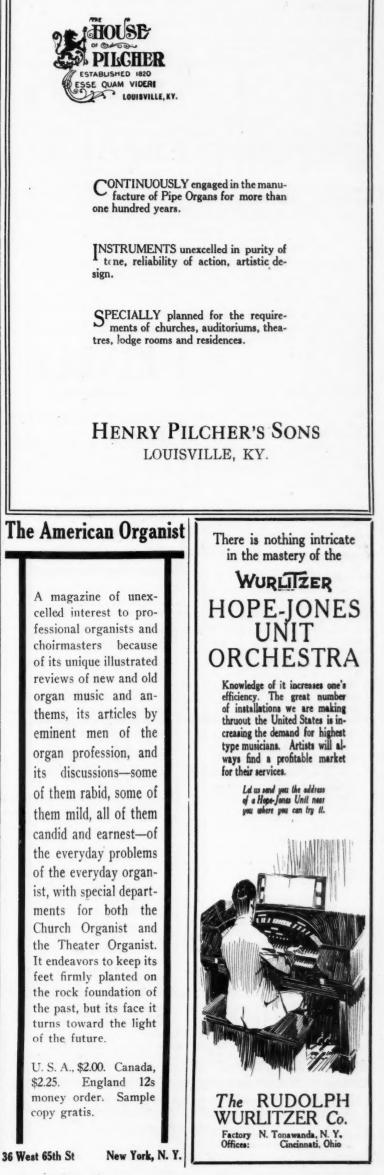
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Orga

Old Organ

ATLANTA, GA

THE DIAPASON



DECEMBER 1, 1921

Draws Overhiled House and Repeats Program the Next Morning. Pietro A. Yon made a trip west in November and passed through Chi-cago Nov. 17 on his way back to New York after a very successful recital at Winona, Minn., where he opened the large Hook & Hastings organ in the Central M. E. Church Nov. 15. People began to gather for the re-cital as early as 6:30, and fully 1,000 were turned away for lack of room. So that these might have an opportu-nity to hear Mr. Yon on the instru-ment, which is the pride of Winona, the program was repeated by Mr. Yon the next morning, when he was heard by many of the elite of the city who could not get into the church the pre-ceding night. After the evening recital there was a reception for Mr. Yon at the home of Paul Watkins, one of the leading men of Winona, whose activity was largely instrumental in bringing about the installation of the organ. The Winona organ, whose specifica-

activity was largely instrumental in bringing about the installation of the organ. The Winona organ, whose specifica-tion has appeared in The Diapason in full, has three manuals and sixty-two speaking stops, with a total of 3,536 pipes. The echo of fourteen stops is played from the great. The handsome program prepared for the dedicatory exercises contained what is headed "A grateful tribute to the manufacturers," which is some-thing of which the Hook & Hastings Company may well be proud. The tribute says among other things: "During the process of work on this organ, which covered a period of more than two years, the committee in charge made frequent visits to the Hook & Hastings Company, at Ken-dal Green, Mass., and watched with great interest the progress of the in-struction. During this time the com-mittee learned to know intimately and to esteem highly all of the members of the firm and some of its best work-men. Due to the painstaking care and most conscientious work on the part of the firm and its highly skilled artisans, a glorious result has been achieved, which will prove of ines-timable and lasting benefit to Winona and vicinity."

actived, minu and prove timable and lasting benefit to Winona and vicinity." Mr. Yon's program was made up of the following compositions: Sonata Prima, Pagella; "Gesu Bambino," Yon; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Piece Heroique," Franck; "Ave Maria," Bossi; "Echo," Yon; "Chris-tus Resurrexit," Ravanello; "The Primitive Organ," Yon; "Marche Champetre," Boex; Toccata from Fifth Symphony, Widor. Mr. Yon gave a recital Nov. 11 at the First Congregational Church of Jamestown, N. Y., on the Eliot C.

Fugue)

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"An interesting and effective work, I accept it."— "A grand and interesting work."—Alexander Guiln "Master of Gothic tonal art."—Ferruccio-Busoni.

1705 Ridge Ave., EVANSTON, ILL.

YON OPENS WINONA ORGAN Draws Overfilled House and Repeats Program the Next Morning. Pietro A. Yon made a trip west in November and passed through Chi-cago Nov. 17 on his way back to New York after a very successful recital at Winona, Minn., where he opened the large Hook & Hastings organ in the Central M. E. Church Nov. 15. People began to gather for the re-

Opens Hinners Organ in Iowa. **Opens Hinners Organ in Iowa.** Margaret Walker Stevens, a pupil of Clarence Eddy, dedicated a new Hin-ners organ in St. Patrick's Church, Ot-tumwa, Iowa, Oct. 23 and 24. The or-gan numbers given were: Largo, Han-del; "Pilgrims' Chorus," Wagner-Eddy; "A Song of Consolation," Cole; "A Song of Gratitude," Cole; "Mammy" (from "Magnolia" Suite), Dett; "Retrospec-tion" (a transcription of the song, "I Hear You Calling Me"), Marshall; Of-fertoire in D minor, Batiste. Mrs. Stev-ens is organist of the First Congrega-tional Church, Ottumwa.

Ella Smith, organist of St. Paul's Universalist Church, on the Midway, Chicago, recently appeared in joint re-cital with Victor Young in the Coliseum at Evansville, Ind. Miss Smith, who is a pupil of Wilhelm Middelschulte, has also been re-engaged as accompanist for the Charles A. Stevens Women's Chorus.

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Concert Organist

Concert Organist

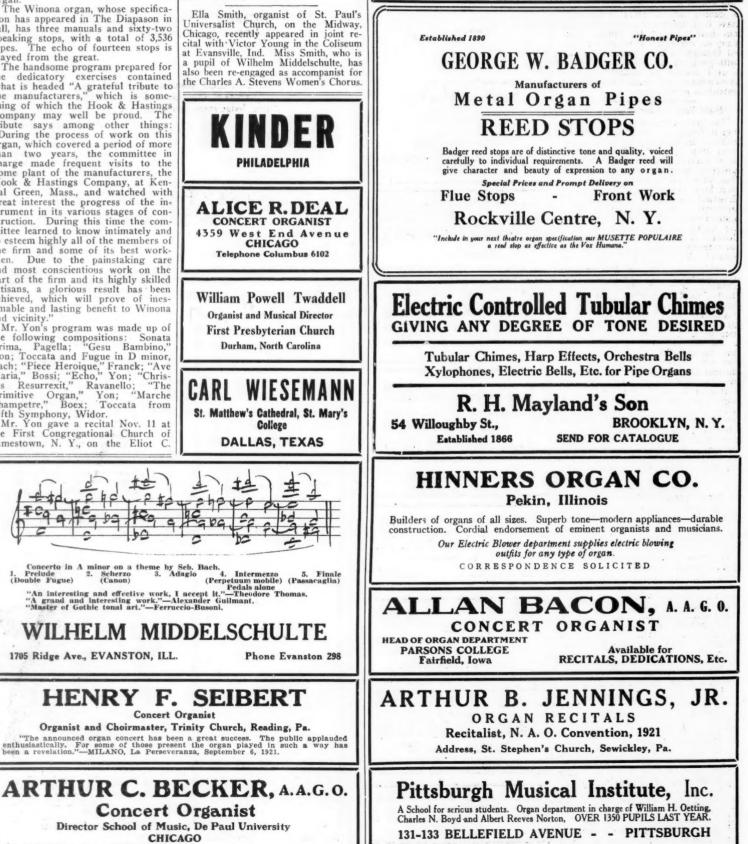
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DECEMBER 1, 1921

FLORENCE RICH KING.



HEADQUARTERS.

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Under the auspices and management of Alfred Brinkler, organist and choirmas-ter of St. Stephen's Church in Portland, Maine, the local section of the New Eng-land chapter held a delightful reception early in November to Mr. and Mrs. Le-mare. Mr. Lemare is the newly-appoint-ed municipal organist of Portland. Invi-tations to the principal musical organi-zations and musicians brought to the Falmouth Hotel 150 or more persons prominent in the musical life of the city to greet Mr. and Mrs. Lemare. The mu-sical organizations represented were the Rossini. Marston. MacDowell and Kotschmar clubs, the Portland Men's Singing Club and the officers of the Fes-tival Chorus. The guests were received in the "State of Maine" room and re-freshments were served in an adjoining room. The New England chapter was represented by its dean, George A. Bur-dett, and he reports the great success of the occasion.

Raymond C. Robinson, F. A. G. O., gave a recital under the auspices of the chap-ter Nov. 7 in the First Church in Boston. Mr. Robinson, who is organist and choir-master of Central Church. played this program: Allegro (Symphony 6), Wildor; "Clair de Lune." Karg-Elert: Chorale Improvisation on "Ein" Feste Burg." Karg-Elert: "Chant du Mai." Jongen; Scherzo, Gigout; Finale-Marche (Second Sulte), Boellmann; Fantaísie in D flat,

Saint-Saens; "Noel Languedogien," Guilmant; "Piece Heroique," Franck. ILLINOIS CHAPTER.

Deah Norton has sent the following letter to the widow of Arthur R. Fraser, who until his death was organist and choirmaster of Grace Episcopal Church in Oak Park:

letter to the widow of Arthur R. Fraser, who until his death was organist and choirmaster of Grace Episcopal Church in Oak Park: "At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Illinois chapter, Ameri-can Guild of Organists, the dean of the chapter was by vote requested to voice for the associates of Arthur Randolph Fraser their keen appreciation of his worth along the many lines in which his life had touched theirs and left its mark; to speak of him as a good musician, earnest, intelligent, well equipped, com-petent, of high standards, dignified, hold-ing fast to all that was good in the old and ever ready to accept with enthusi-asm the newer voices who had something to respond to any request for fellowship or assistance, unjealous and enterpris-ing in co-operation or introduction, anx-ious to be friendly and going out to meet those who would meet him the same way; as a Christian, making the music he prepared an act of worship that should call him, his choir and those who heard them away from the lesser things of technique and detail to the loftier fields of inspiration and exaltation, setting an example of patience and sacrifice in his unswerving devotion to his duty even while suffering severest physical pain; and finally-and most of all—as a manly, uyright, genuine man, sturdly meeting life's obligations so long as power was given him and surrendering to the in-evitable with an unafraid spirit which robbed Death of all its menace and made it a triumph. "To her who knew him best, and will miss him most, the chapter offers its sincere sympathy for the loss sustained in the passing of Arthur Randolph Fraser. While his life was short in years it was long in service, influence and usefuness. His friends and associates hold his mem-ory as a choice fragrance and thus record their regret at his early passing from their comradeship. Accept with this, dear Mirs. Fraser, the Ronest sympathy of the chapter of the guild of which he was a worthy member. Most stincerely, "JOHN W. NORTON."

The first dinner of the season will be held on Monday evening, Nov. 28, at the Blackhawk restaurant on Wabash av-enue.

BALTIMORE CHAPTER.

BALTIMORE CHAPTER. In July, 1921, the late Dr. Victor Baier, warden of the guild, came to Baltimore with two other officials of the guild and organized the Baltimore chapter. The chapter has a charter identical with that held by all chapters of the organization scattered throughout the country. Com-petent organists of either sex who desire to assist in the work of the guild are eligible to membership. The chapter has both men and women on its roll. In furthering the object of the guild, the chapter has arranged for a series of four recitals to be given by out-of-town organists of note. The first, on the eve-ning of Nov. 7, was played by Edmund S. Ender, now organist of Old St. Paul's Church, Baltimore. In addition to the recitals by out-of-town artists, the guild, through the cour-tesy of Harold Randolph of the Peabody Conservatory, will offer at the concert hall of the conservatory a series of re-citals by its own members on Sunday afternoons at 3:30. Such a recital was given on the afternoon of Nov. 6, another Nov. 13, while of others notice will be given in due course.

given in due course. Miss Margaret P. Ingle gave a recital at the Peabody Conservatory of Music under the auspices of the chapter on Sunday, Nov. 13, at 3:30, and was as-sisted by the choir of Grace and St. Peter's Church, John Denues, organist and cholrmaster. Miss Ingle is organist of the Memorial Episcopal Church. The organ numbers were: Solemn March, Noble; Toccata in F. Bach: "Rimem-branza," Yon; Overture to "Egmont." Beethoven, and the Andante Cantabile and the Finale from Widor's Sixth Sym-phony. The anthems were Gounod's "Send Out Thy Light," "How Blest Are They," by Tschalkowsky, and "Worthy Is the Lamb," from "The Messiah."

MISSOURI CHAPTER.

MISSOURI CHAPTER. Hunter Jones gave a recital under the auspices of the Missouri chapter on the afternoon of Sunday, Oct. 30, at St. Michael and All Angels' Church. St. Louis. His program was as follows: Choral Song and Fugue, Wesley; Chorale Prelude on "Martyrdom," Parry; Double Theme Varie, Rousseau; "L'Organo Primitivo," Yon; "Clair de Lune." Karg-Elert; Pastorale, Parker; Wedding Song, Parker; "Deep River." Burleigh; March for a Church Festival, Best.

TEXAS CHAPTER.

TEXAS CHAPTER. Nearly every seat in Grace Methodist Church at Dallas was taken Nov. 1 for a recital by Miss Ada Emlly Sandel, un-der the auspices of the Texas chapter. Miss Sandel was assisted by Miss Anna Clark, pianist; Miss Helen Hall, violin-ist; the Temple Emanu-El double guar-tet and the Central Congregational choir. Two of Miss Sandel's numbers proved particularly popular-Firmin Swinnen's "Chinoiserie" and Kinder's Toccata, with which she closed the program.

WEST TENNESSEE. The new dean, Mrs. E. A. Angier, Jr., presided at the first evening meeting of the West Tennessee chapter in the studio of Miss Belle S. Wade. There was a large and enthusiastic attendance and plans for the year were discussed. A short but beautiful musical program was rendered by Miss Alice McLaughlin, so-

prano, and Harry Kohn, violinist. An-nouncement was made of the church guild service to be held Sunday after-noon, Dec. 4, in the Temple Baptist Church. Several applications for mem-bership were received. After the busi-ness session a short time was spent so-cially. ness session a short time was spent so-cially. The next meeting will be held Thurs-day morning, Dec. 8.

Lectures Arranged by Erb.

Lectures Arranged by Erb. J. Lawrence Erb, F. A. G. O., for-merly director of the school of music of the University of Illinois, who is now managing director of the Amer-ican Institute of Applied Music in New York, has arranged a very inter-esting course of lectures for the thirty-sixth season. Mr. Erb himself will lecture on "Acoustics for Music Students" on Nov. 23 and Dec. 7. Mr. Erb recently gave a recital at Cen-tenary Methodist Church, Tulsa, Okla, at which he played: Prelude in B minor, Bach; Intermezzo and Fugue (Pastoral Sonata), Rheinberger; Love Song, Harker; First Suite for Organ, Rogers; "The Swan," Stebbins; Song without Words, Bonnet; "Angelus" and Grand Chorus in D, Renaud; "Tranquility," Busch; Allegretto Scherzando (MS), Erb; Grand March from "Aida," Verdi.

Mrs. Frank C. Churchill, organist of the Unitarian Church of Lebanon, N. H., for the last nine years, gave another of her delightful musicales at her home Nov. 7 and in addition to her own numbers on the two-manual organ in her home, had the assistance on the program of the fol-lowing artists: Arthur Woodhead, well-known organist, on organ and piano; Miss Jennie M. Burnes, violir; Daniel D. Ladd, viola: G. Donald Pirnie, baritone, and Frank Slater, tenor. About 150 friends were privileged to hear the program, which was the fourth of its kind since the Estey Company installed the organ a year and a half ago.

Homer P. Whitford's choir at the Tab-ernacle Baptist Church of Utica, N. Y., gave a harvest festival service on Sunday evening, Oct. 30, and in addition to the choruses there was an organ recital in which Mr. Whitford played these selec-tions: "Evening Bells and Cradle Song," Macfarlane: "In Autumn" (from "Wood-land Sketches"), MacDowell; "Thanks-giving" (from Pastoral Suite). Demarest. For the offertory Wagner's "Evening Star" was played on piano, violin and organ. rgan

120 Boylston St.



Florence Rich King, F. A. G. O., one of the most talented of women organists in Boston, is one of the more recent fellows of the American Guild of Or-ganists (1920, to be exact). Florence Rich King has been a pupil of Everett E. Truette of Boston for eight years, studying organ, harmony, counterpoint and composition. She has given many rocitals, not only in the churches of which she has been organist and choir-master, but also for the New England chapter of the American Guild of Or-ganists, to which she has belonged since its organization in 1905, and of whose executive committee she is an efficient worker for the second year. As an or-ganist, both church and concert, she naks among the best in the chapter, her playing being characterized by marked phythm, fluency in execution, and the instru-ment. Mrs. King has served as organist and choirmaster in the following churches: Berkeley Temple, Boston, 1897-1907; Win-chester Congregational Church, 1907-1908; Brookline Baptist Church, 1908-1915; Sec-ond Church, Dorchester, 1915-1921; and at present organist and choirmaster at the Congregational Church, Weiles-ley, Mass.

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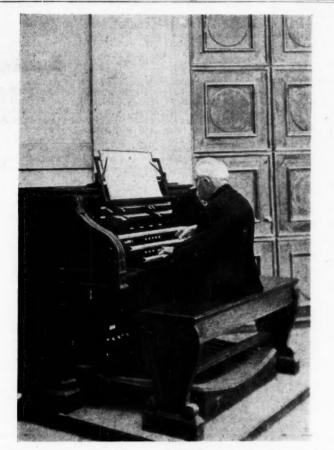
DESCRIBES OPEN-AIR ORGAN

Handsome Brochure on Instrument at University of Virginia.

From the factory of M. P. Möller at Hagerstown, Md., comes a very hand-some brochure devoted to the organ Mr. Möller recently built for the open-air Greek amphitheater at the Uni-versity of Virginia. This organ, a large three-manual, which is the first open-air organ to be constructed in the East or South, was opened by

Humphrey J. Stewart, who presides A. Campbell Weston, representing the National Association of Organists, and Frank S. Adams. Rene Briais ad-dressed M: Dupre in French. A theme was given M. Dupre, and he impro-vised in the beautiful atmospheric style for which the French are noted. Many prominent church and con-cert organists, as well as theater or-ganists and others were present, in-cluding: George Ashdown Audsley, Alexander Russell, F. W. Riesberg, T. S. Buhrman, Kate Elizabeth Fox,

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DR. H. J. STEWART AT UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA ORGAN.

DR. H. J. STEWART AT UNIVE over the outdoor organ at Balboa Park, San Diego, Cal. The instru-ment has been fully described in The Diapason. The 100th anniversary of the founding of the university at Charlottesville was marked by the ded-ication of the organ. The Greek amphitheater will have inimportant part in the work of the university. Here will be held open-air concerts, organ recitals, aesthetic dances, educational and religious con-ventions and lectures, which may be enjoyed by thousands instead of hun-dreds, as in the case of the usual col-lege and civic auditoriums. Two of the stage group was constructed to house the organ. This concrete chamber is divided into four separate sections or sub-chambers. Two of these contain the organ proper. The openings for tone egress are oc-cupied by bronze screens, back of which are the expression shutters for the various departments, and, in addi-tion, there have been provided rolling steel shutters to protect the instru-ment from the weather. In a third room is the electric blower which fur-nishes wind for the organ, to which is directly connected the low voltage ording the electric blower which fur-nishes wind dor the organ to which is directly connected the low voltage ording the electric blower which fur-nishes den the product to protect the organ cagainst dampness, cold and con-densation. densation.

Reception for M. Dupre.

Reception for M. Dupre. A very successful and enjoyable re-ception was held in honor of Marcel Dupre Nov. 22 by the Society of Theater Organists. About 125 guests assembled at the Magna Chordia stu-dios, 10 East Forty-fourth street, New York City, at 11 a. m. After an in-troductory speech by President John Hammond there were speeches by Alexander Russell of Wanamaker's store; J. Warren Andrews, represent-ing the American Guild of Organists;

Melchiorre Mauro-Cottone, Lynnwood Farnam, William Y. Webb, Harry Rowe Shelley, Frank Sealy, J. Warren Andrews, A. Campbell Weston, and practically the entire membership of the society. This is the first recep-tion given M. Dupre, except one by Mr. Russell at the Hotel Vanderbilt, where the committees from the various organists' bodies had luncheon. The affair was significant in bringing to-gether many representative church, concert and theater organists in a common cause.

BONNET HAILED IN CANADA

Tour Booked from Halifax to Vic-toria-Seven Encores in Quebec.

Joseph Bonnet's Canadian tour has been booked solid from Halifax to Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. In Quebec Mr. Bonnet was obliged to respond to seven encores at the con-clusion of the program and similar ovations are accorded him at each ap-pearance

ovations are accorded initial cach op-pearance. At the conclusion of the Canadian trip Mr. Bonnet will tour the far west, returning by way of Salt Lake City and Denver, and he is due to arrive in New York shortly before the holiday

New York shortly before the nonuay season. In January a tour of the middle west or the eastern part of the coun-try will be begun. In addition, Mr. Bonnet will play many engagements in private homes which have already been arranged. The present season is filled with activity for this great artist.

ANOTHER WORK OF MICHELL.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 31.—Editor of The Diapason: I note in this issue a memorial by R. P. Elliot on the late talented C. C. Michell of England. Mr. Elliot writes a beautiful, concise and accurate estimate of Michell's skill and odd temperament, but he omitted to mention the one instrument that Michell loved far beyond all his work in this land. The organ in St. Luke's in Phila-delphia is a monument to a great genlus,

RICHARD KEYS BIGGS Concert Organist



- Walter J. Swartz takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Biggs will make a tour of the Middle West and the Pacific Coast Cities in February, 1922.
- "A veritable wonder worker with stop and pedal combinations, he played with a crisp and fascinating energy, quite as if he had played this particular instrument for years."—SPRINGFIELD (MASS.) UNION, Feb. 3, 1921, in review of recital on the Springfield Municipal Organ.

For Dates and Walter J. Swartz ²¹⁹ Greene Ave. Terms Address Walter J. Swartz Brooklyn, N. Y.

still in use and superior in many ways to large instruments with their senseless duplication of stops. Michell, whom I new well and always saw when here, told me that he always came back to hear his pet organ, which for massive tone and grandeur outclassed any other with which he had to do, in a church with poor acoustics, in a narrow chan-cel. The St. Luke's organ is a wonder and but for its isolation would have be-come better known. However, one great organist of wondrous skill who can con-jure sounds and voices that I in traveling about have never heard equaled. Yours truly, C. M. REID. C. M. REID.

Editor of The Diapason: My letter riginally contained a tribute to St. Luke's organ and its organist, Mr. Michell having taken me there while we were finishing St. Mark's organ. Someone reading my carbon copy just on publica-tion day called my attention to what was claimed to be an inaccuracy, but which this correspondent shows was not. Having no time to verify my recollec-tion, I asked the editor to omit the para-graph. R. P. E.

Great Singer Hears McClellan.

Great Singer Hears McClellan. Nicola Zerola and his accompanist, Caroline Passaro, attended the organ recital given at the Mormon Taber-nacle in Salt Lake City, Oct. 22, and could find no English words to ex-press their delight with the great in-strument and their appreciation of Organist J. J. McClellan's work. After the regular program had been given, Mr. McClellan played a few special numbers for the artist, eliciting a flood of gratitude in French and Italian, while Miss Passaro voiced her thanks in English.

A concert was given by the combined choirs of the Union Church of Hinsdale, Ill., the evening of Nov. 22 under the direction of H. R. Vail, organist and di-rector. The chorus contained eighty-seven voices and did some excellent work. Rogers' Suite for Organ was played at the opening of the program.



THE DIAPASON

A Mouthly Journal Devoted to the Organ

Official Journal of the National Associa tion of Organists. Official Organ of the Organ Builders' As-sociation of America.

S. E. GRUENSTEIN, PUBLISHER.

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Items for publication should read the office of publication not later than the 20th of the month to assure inser-tion in the issue for the following month.

Entered as second - class matter March 1, 1911, at the postoffice at Chi-cago, Illinois, under the act of March cago, S. 1879

CHICAGO, DECEMBER 1. 1921.

AN IMPORTANT REPORT

AN IMPORTANT REPORT So that our readers may by no pos-sible chance overlook something of general interest in this issue, we ad-vise them, if they do not always read the columns devoted to the National Association of Organists, to turn to page 6 and study carefu ly the report of the joint committee of reference of the association and of the Organ Builders' Association. The report has been prepared after careful consider-ation by men on both sides of the been prepared after careful consider-ation by men on both sides of the fence. The N. A. O. members have been such men as Reginald L. McAll, chairman for the organists, who, with his ability as a player; possesses an intimate knowledge of and an abiding interest in the construction of the organ. On the organ builders' side are men whose names stand for the best things in advanced organ con-struction of today. This makes the report one which lacks the one-sided-ness of similar reports. The builders report one which lacks the one-sided-ness of similar reports. The builders have sat in the councils of the organ-ists and it has been recognized that without their aid the conclusions reached would be very likely to con-tain matter that could be challenged successfully. The principal points in the report

successfully. The principal points in the report, which is only the first to be made by this committee, are: Unit organs should be called "unit orchestras" and should be called "unit orchestras" and should be sold as such; when stops of one manual are duplexed on another manual they should appear under the same name and the "home" manual should be designated on the duplexed stop, while if there is augmentation at another pitch, the source should be indicated on the stopknob or tablet; the accepted arrangement of the man-uals shall not be changed. This, committee asks for your sug-gestions. As it provides a splendid cleaving house for ideas, why not make use of it.

MUSICAL JOURNALISM.

MUSICAL TOURNALISM. "Since my arrival at — I have been thinking of running an advertise-ment in one of the musical papers. I would like to know what your terms are. Would also like to know if one gets any privileges besides the 'ads' inserted—programs printed and arti-

inserted programs printed and arti-cles portaining to one's success, etc." This letter came in November from a young and talented organist. It shows the misapprehension under which some persons still are laboring. We promptly informed the writer that he received no privileges if he adver-tised; that he was paying for the advertising space used and for nothing else; that at the rates we quoted this was all to which he could possibly be entitled for the money; that if we printed the "nuffs" of which he hinted entitled for the money; that if we printed the "puffs" of which he hinted in his letter we would only cheapen The Diapason and its entire contents and eventually fuse the confidence of and eventually use the condence of our readers, Alus rendering the favor be sought valueless. We also informed him that, as in the past, we wou'd print anything of interest concerning him to the extent that our space and the value of the items justified, whether or not be advertised.

As there have been similar inquiries in the past and as some who do not

bluntly put the question to us infer as much, we take the trouble to write the

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bluntly put the question to us infer as much, we take the trouble to write the foregoing. Whenever two or three musicians are gathered together there often comes up the subject of musical jour-nalism. This proves that it is, as it should be, one of interest to the organ-tet and to all othere who since the

naism. This proves that it is, as it should be, one of interest to the organ-ist and to all others who sing the Psalter or the ballad, or who play the harp or the "movie" organ: At this moment our attention is drawn to the latest issue of a new weekly musical publication in New York, which has completed its first year and bears evidences of ability to live on indefinitely, but which has adopted a novel-policy and apparently adhered to that policy rigidly. That policy is expressed at the head of the editorial page in a notice which reads as follows: "The Musical Digest will not accept any idvertisement from a musician or musical organization whose professional efforts enlist crit-ical estimate in the public print." Then there is this terse and refreshing paragraph in an extended editorial: With every desire to give a helping hand to whomever deserves it, the Di-

paragraph in an extended editorial: With every desire to give a helping hand to whomever deserves it, the Di-gest policy is a set policy in vital re-spects. But the person who sends us voluntarly an order for advertising, along with a request that we give also a "write up," is laboring under the cruelest kind of a delusion. We don't solicit that kind of business, and since we don't so-licit it we can't accept it.

There was a time when the general policy among musical papers of a cer-tain class was that of the highway-man with an automatic. It was a case tain class was that of the highway-man with an automatic. It was a case of advertise or take the consequences. The wise—or shall we say cowardly? --artist chose the first alternative. The wonder was that the editors of that type escaped the rough hand of the law. Happi'y there is not much of that at present. But there came another type. It spoke softly and made a cooing appeal. In effect the editor said: "Let us help each other You must advertise, and I will tell the world what a wonderful musician you are—regardless of what I think. Of course, this is entirely optional with you. But I must live, and if you want your work reviewed and prefer not to go unnoticed, you must co-operate." Perfectly reasonable, many said.

Perfectly reasonable, many said. Quite so. There is no reason at all why any publisher should keep his columns open to musicians or any others who have services or wares to sell and give them free space when they do nothing in return. But how about the editor's duty to his readers? When he is paid for a subscription is he not expected as a quid pro quo to furnish unbiased news and opinion to that reader? If he does not, event-ually his error brings its own reward in that the reader either stops sub-scribing or attaches little significance to the paper's criticisms, and thus the to the paper's criticisms, and thus the entire effect is lost and the advertiser in actuality receives nothing for his money, as whatever reviews and praise are dealt out to him are taken with a large discount. How often we hear it said: "He is not much of a singer—he has merely been made by singer—he has merely been made by advertising, and has spent a pretty penny to place himself before the pub-lic." A musical paper, to be a publi-cation of information and news, must keep its counting-room divorced from its editorial policy as rigidly as do those of the large daily newspapers which today have the confidence of the public

which today have the the public. The Diapason has endeavored to present to its readers unbiased and complete news always, and we feel that it leads to material reward, even

complete news always, and we feel that it leads to material reward, even though the latter is slow. As we begin our thirteenth year we, can say that our circulation even in the recent try-ing times has increased every month since the paper was launched No doubt someone will rise to re-mark: "That is a fine lot of cant you are handing out. We find that your advertisers receive considerable space in your news," etc., etc. Probably true, but easily explained. The live organ-ist and organ builder always adver-tises, just as does the progressive business man in any line. Such men also keep the press posted as to their activities — and furthermore, they really are active and make news. Often we have met an organist or an organ builder and have asked him why he failed to let us know about some activity of his or some notable

new organ. "I don't advertise in your paper, and so I don't feel entitled to any mention," would be the reply. We would explain as well as we could that while naturally he had no c'aim on us, our readers did, and that his friends or his competitors wished to know what he was doing as a matter of information, that they were paying us to furnish the information, and that they were not interested in our adver-tising patronage.

they were not interested in our adver-tising patronage. The musical press is a very essen-tial thing to the musician, and he ought to understand it. It lies within his power to make it what it should be If he will realize that publicity is necessary to his success, that he must not only possess the goods, but let the world hear about it, he will support the papers, and they will then not need to adopt methods that are sub-ject to criticism. He will use the advertising columns as do John Wana-maker and Marshall Field & Co., not to curry favor or avoid unfavorable maker and Marshall Field & Co., not to curry favor or avoid unfavorable criticism, but because he wishes to reach those who are interested in what he is selling; and we predict that the circulation and influence of the musi-cal press will gain immensely if editors and musicians work together for uplift along these lines.

STRENGTH IN UNION.

STRENGTH IN UNION. The revenue act of 1921, with the 5 per cent excise tax on musical instru-ments eliminated, was passed by the United States Senate Wednesday af-ternoon, Nov. 23, and immediately signed by President Harding. The act will become effective Jan. 1, 1922. This is the news that comes a day or two before we go to press. The Diapason joins in congratulating the music interests and in giving credit to the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce, through whose unceasing efforts this result was brought about. The builders of organs, in whom this paper naturally is most deeply inter-ested, are not affected by this new legislation, as they were exempted un-der the present revenue law, also through the efforts of counsel of the Music Industries Chamber of Com-merce; but the principle of the recog-nition of music as a necessity rather than a luxury through this chance merce; but the principle of the recog-nition of music as a necessity rather than a luxury through this change must encourage everyone interested in music in any way. And the lesson of it all is that "in union there is strength." Individual makers of in-struments never could have accom-plished the result achieved at Wash-ington. Except for the organization of the Organ Builders' Association ev-ery organ builder and indirectly every organ purchaser would be paying a tax today on every organ made.

THE WORK IN PITTSBURGH

A good conception of the work done on behalf of the organ and for the bene-fit of those who love organ music in Carnegie Hall at Pittsburgh is presented in the booklet which is issued every year, containing a review of the year's recitals by Dr. Heinroth. The bound volume of programs and the copyrighted annota-tions for each number should be, as we

biograms and the copyright annotations for each number should be, as we know they have been, an invaluable guide to organists. The booklet for the twenty-sixth season has just been re-ceived and is as interesting as its pre-decessors. It affords a fine perspective of the seventy-six programs presented. Mr. Carnegie's purpose in causing the series of recitals to be given, as Mr. Heinroth points out, namely, "creating in the people a love for music," has been kept uppermost in mind. These recitals are intended neither to be entirely en-tertaining nor solely instructive, but to present such a discriminate admixture of the two."as to invite at all times a genuine affection for the soulful langenuine affection for the soulful lan-guage of tones in all phases of its beau-ty, leading judiciously to some of the most profound, ecstatic moments in the most protound, ecstatic moments in the realm of human thought, as expressed by the great masters of music." For this reason these recitals do not address themselves to, or favor any particular nationality or period or the adherents of any special musical cult, or any par-ticular faction or group representing a certain stage of musical appreciation, but seek to minister broadly to the musi-cal needs of the accommunity.

but seek to minister broadly to the musi-cal needs of the community. Frederick Archer in 1895 inaugurated the series and in his 451 concerts and lectures set a high standard for his suc-cessors. Edwin H. Lemare, who in 1902 succeeded to the position of organist and

The Free Lance By HAMILTON C. MACDOUGALL

The same old story: A fine new organ in a church architecturally strik-ing, an excellent organist, an eclectic program, many organists looking for wrong notes; after the recital, general exodus to the outside without a word of greeting to the player. Were you one of the critical and unmannerly ones? Still these are many musicings who

one of the critical and unmannerly ones? Still there are many musicians who think that every word of appreciation for another musician is so much sub-tracted from their own reputation. We are so full of fads and whims and cranks. That would not matter so much, except as regards our own souls, if we did not too often judge the other fellow by our personal small-nesses. Suppose Cholmondeley did play Batiste's Andante in G! Did he play it well? Then why not go up to the console and tell him so? You are not obliged to play the piece your-self, nor do you indorse his choice by praising his playing. Or if he is ad-dicted to the extreme moderns—which you can't abide—you can at least make your way to the player's bench and speak of the beauty of the organ or of the delicacy of the string tones in the instrument. Kind words butter no parsnips, but every kind word uttered in sincerity helps this old world to revolve more easily, and with less creaking of the machinery.

machinery.

I am glad to see that one of the or-ganists' societies in Pennsylvania has taken action looking to uniformity in wedding fees. It is not possible, of course, to settle on a uniform maxi-mum fee, for the better men will re-ceive more than the ordinary men; but it is quite possible for a minimum fee to be fixed for all members of the par-ticular society involved. Physicians are not in the least backward in agree-ing among themselves as to the minare not in the least backward in agree-ing among themselves as to the min-imum fees for office and home visits. What the physicians—as dignified a body of professional men as any—do, musicians may imitate without loss of self-respect.

But to demand and receive even the minimum fee the musical profession needs to be as well organized as the medical profession. Slowly and surely the American Guild of Organists is building up a strong professional or-ganization, but it needs our continued support. I am quite conscious of the fact that the guild does not move as fast in certain directions as I would like it to go, but I comfort myself with the thought that the men at the head of the body are collectively wiser than I am. The guild deserves our united help, and in no way can we sup-port the guild more worthily, more effectively, than by getting our pupils to take the examinations; for as the guild accumulates a body of men and women holding its diplomas, it is very much in the position of a university having alumnia and alumnae. Every But to demand and receive even the much in the position of a university having alumni and alumnae. Every person who has a guild diploma is vitally interested in its success. Every ma is

Foch and Dupre! Dupre and Foch! Vive la France!

director of music and contributed 170 recitals, and Charles Heinroth, the in-cumbent, whose recitals to the end of the last season reached the number of 786, while 195 concerts have at various times been given by "guest" performers.

CORRECTION BY MR. BARNES.

CORRECTION BY MR. BARNES. In a recent article published in The Di-pocaux of Paris, my friend and teacher, as saying that Marcel Dupré is the great-est of living organists, or words to that effect. I made the remark innocent'y from the recollections of some years back, but it appears that I did not re-member correctly M. Decaux's remarks. M. Decaux has asked me to retract that statement—without committing him to any comparison of the great organists of the present day—and this I am only vison the ake any statement on his au-thority which he did not authorize, and I regret that my memory played me false. EDWARD SHIPPEN BARNES. EDWARD SHIPPEN BARNES.

The Requirements of the Swell-Box (From a Player's Viewpoint) By GORDON BALCH NEVIN

Within the last few years consider-able interest has been manifested in the construction of the expression chambers of the organ. As now built they are of such tremendous effective-ness and their power of crescendi and diminuendi are of a scope never before dreamed of, so that there is placed in the organist's control the most dangerous as well as the most important, single-control feature of the modern organ in these expression chambers.

chambers. Lately there has been some discus-

the modern organ in these expression hambers. Lately there has been some discus-sion as to the best and most scientific manner of constructing these boxes. One man maintains that they should re-duce the sound—and not reduce it-and that all organs in this great land have defective swell-boxes—save only three or four which were built accord-ing to his formula. The opposing camp—or, perhaps, I should say, all the other organ experts in the world (to all intents and purposes)—believe that the function of the swell-box is to control the release or retention of the fixed volumes of tone produced by each register contained therein. This great group of practical work-ers, and the large majority of players and they are not content with a con-struction of swell-box which will not permit this to be done. They demand the way of the acceptance of the organ as a vehicle for artistic expres-sion, that is, its intractable nature toward shading, be removed They are not content with a style of con-struction which prevents "shading off to a feather edge" the final note of a main the way of the acceptance of the organ as a vehicle for artistic expres-sion, that is, its intractable nature toward shading, be removed They are not content with a style of con-struction which prevents "shading off to a feather edge" the final note of a prace. And they have a right to de-mand such an instrument as will permit perfect control over shading.

mand such an instrument as will permit perfect control over shading. Now there are, in the last analysis, just two ways in which you can con-struct a swell-box. Either you will build it so it is virtually sound-proof --permiting the sound to be com-pletely released at will or prevented from reaching the listener's ears--or you will build it on some empirical basis which claims a "resonant con-struction"--in which case you will absolutely cut off the latter part of your diminuendo curve. There is no rossible other analysis; resonance in itself implies the distribution of tone-the free carrying of it from one place to another---and you cannot have a so-called "resonant chamber" without a continuous dissipation of tone at any and all times; when you have this condition present you have with it the inability to reach the lowest degrees of pianissimo. For example, if with your sound-proof box you have a run from ppp to fift, you will have with your "resonant chamber" a range from mp to fift; in other words you have taken away the possibility of reaching the pp and ppp degrees of your range. Do you wish to have this limitation of your range? I think not, especially when there is nothing gained by so doing. The sound-proof swell-box is the only possible type of construction which will permit the artist player to reach his complete ideal in all matters of expression. But it must be used in the right manner, and the trouble has been that too many players have been manipulating effective swell-boxes in exactly the manner formerly used on the thinly constructed "resonant" boxes of a generation ago. And that method will not work. The range of diminendi has increased, but the player has all too often been using the swell pedal just as he did years ago.

Several years ago the subject of cor-rect swell pedal manipulation began to appeal to the writer of this article

as a fit field for investigation and analytical study. In the course of months following a thorough review was made of all organ methods, books on organ playing and correlated matter. Little help was forthcoming from these sources, the teaching being almost entire'y negative—plenty of "don'ts," very few "do's"! The next course to follow was to study the methods of the most artistic and prominent organists. Every opportunity was seized to study their technique of expression, with an eye to discovering the fundamental principles. These were then correlated into an organized system, and from them a method of the swell pedal was evolved—the first in any language. The work referred to is published under the title "Swell Pedal Technic," and has received strong commendation. In that work will be found enunciated the principle that the swell should never be used "entirely closed for more than a single note, and that note the final note of a phrase." This ore principle removes absolutely the grounds for the claim that the sound-proof box destroys the quality of the tone when closed. Never use it closed, except when you wish and need a complete "fade-away." Could anything be simpler?

away." Could anything be simpler? The explanation of this simple prin-ciple is this: Musical tone is most satisfactorily disseminated through that medium by which it normally treaches our ears—the air. It is least satisfactorily disseminated when it passes through other substances than the air, some of the harmonic aurora being dissipated by reflection, absorp-tion or other wastage; in any case, the air is the normal medium and cannot be improved upon for human recep-tion of sound waves. Else Providence would have provided some wooden protuberances from our ears for the better reception of tone! If you doubt this, put on an acousticon or other electric device, try one of the labora-tory experiments which demonstrate the respective velocities of sound through different materials, or any other artificial method of sound trans-ference, and be convinced that air is the best medium for conveying unal-tered in quality musical sound waves.

tered in quality musical sound waves. Then why use the swell as did your great-granddads? If their swells sounded nearly as strong when closed as open, is that any reason for playing measures at a time "with swell closed," as the directions say on some music? Your closed swell has just one func-tion, to simulate that feathery shading-off which is one of the delicious char-acteristics of string instrument bow-technique. At all other times its range of action should be from the first possible degree of opening on-wards and upwards to any desired amount of opening, and when you so treat it, you will always have air as the medium of egress for the tone from the box; you will not need to depend upon an empirical "resonant" (that is, wooden board construction, not too thick, not too thin, etc.) con-struction to carry the tone; you, your-self, will determine just how much tone is to be delivered, and when you wish you may still command it prac-tically to cease under your hands. Do you wish half a loaf when you may just as easily gain the whole one? Now there is one thing which must

Now there is one thing which must be added to the above, and that is that it is imperative that you demand from your organ builder an electro-pneuma-tic swell-engine or motor of not less than sixteen stations, or steps, and that it be of such a design that its effective action strength upon the shutters increases with each step thrown into action. There are three patterns of swell-shade action One depends upon an accordion style of bellows with internal ribs, and its act-ing force is always the same—one stabellows with internal ribs, and its act-ing force is always the same—one sta-tion or six have just the same action force—that is, the weight of wind upon the end of the accordion bellows This type is usually fairly smooth, but totally lacking in speed and respons-iveness, and a true accent is impos-sible with it. Whether built "in the wind" or with the "wind in it." I have never seen one which could be called satisfactory and responsive. The sec-ond type depends upon serial opening of the shades by a motor fixed to each

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shade. It is usually noisy, but can be made prompt in action; it is best made when the shutters are built in different sizes, in a logarithmic progression, starting with a very small one, in-creasing in size on each shutter until the last one of the series is quite wide. It is seldom well made, but when so constructed is fairly acceptable. The third type also uses a motor for each step, but the motors are all connected to a series of whiffle-trees, and the result is an engine which multiplies its energy with every step added, the re-sult being that accents are produced with startling effectiveness; it is un-questionably the most sensitive, dur-able and effective swell control avail-able. able

These, then, are some of the essen-These, then, are some of the essen-tials in expression construction and control as seen from a player's view-point. And it may be added that it mirht be wise to demand of your builder an even greater number of sta-tions in the radius of the swell pedal act on-certainly not fewer than four-teen or sixteen, and I believe we would be better with even as many as twenty. The usual practice is to give the swell pedal a travel of about four inches, and it is evident that there should be a station for at least every guarter inch station for at least every quarter inch

station for at least every quarter inch of that travel. Give us swells of infinite latitude and with controls of sensitive preci-sion, but in the name of all that is musical let us not use them in a style that is utterly at variance with their nature and requirements. And in a well-meant desire to have tone propa-gated and delivered unchanged in quality, let us be careful not to sacri-fice our present-day birthright of lati-tude and control.

A recital was given Oct. 19 for the Woman's Club of Kankakee, Ill., under the direction of Edith Potter Smith. The other organists taking part were Miss Ruth Ashby and Mrs. O. H. Hold. Miss As'hby played Kinder's Toccata and John-ston's "Evensorg" and Mrs. Hold played I emare's "Arcadian Idyl" and Edward M. Read's Offertory in B flat. Miss Smith's selections included: "Variations de Concert," Bonnet; Andantino in D flat (by request), Lemare; Scherzo in B minor (by request), Rogers; "The Night-in"ale and the Rose," Saint-Saens; Presto in D minor, Nevin.

THE DIAPASON

CHRISTMAS ORGAN MUSIC

Practical List Compiled by Edward S. Breck of Jersey City. The Diapason has received from Edward S. Breck of Jerse- City, N. J., the following practical list of organ music for use on the Sundays before Christmas, on Christmas Day and on the Sundays after Christmas: D'Aquin-"Noël sur les dites"

- D'Aquin—"Noël sur les flûtes." D'Aquin—"Noël." Bach—"The Day That Is so Full of
- Joy." Bach-"To Us Salvation Now Is

- Come." Bach..."The Son of God Is Come." Bach..."Jesus Christ, Our Savior." Bach..."In Dulci Jubilo." Bach..."Now Comes the Savior of the Gentiles." Bach..."Prom the Heights of Heaven to Earth I Come." Bach..."From Heaven Came the Angel Band."
- Bach-"From Heaven Came the Angel Band." Bach-Pastorale. Bibl-Pastorale. C. A. Bossl-"Noël." La Begue-"Une Vierge Pucille." Buck-Impromptu Pastorale. Buck-Cradle Song. Buxtehude-"Lord Christ, God's Only Son."
- Son." Callaerts—Pastorale. Gotha Cantionale—"Lord Jesus Christ, Come Thou Unto Us." Claussmann—Pastorale. Deligendesch—Christmas Chorale. Denizot "Seignuer Dieu ouvre la Porte."
- Denizot "Seignuer Dieu ouvre la orte." Denizot—"Le vermell du Soleil." Denizot—"Lyre ce n'est pas ce chant." Flagier—Pastorale. Goller—"Christmas Night." Gounod—"Nazareth." Guilmant—Pastorale (Sonata 1). Guilmant—Cantilena Pastorale. Guilmant—Codi Ecossais. Handel—"For Unto Us a Child Is: orn."

- Handel-"For Unto Us a Child Is Born." De Lange-Christmas Pastorale. Lemaigre-Pastorale. Lemens-"Hosannah." Loret-"Adeste Fideles." Malling-"Christmas Eve." Malling-"Christmas Eve." Malling-"The Shepherds in the Field." Mendelssohn-Allegretto (Sonata 4). Mendelssohn-Prelude in G. Merkel-Andantino quasi Allegretto, Op. 39.
- Merkel—Andantino quasi Allegretto, Op. 39. Merkel—Andante (Sonata 5). Pachelbel—"Good News from Heaven." Rebling—Christmas Fantasy. Rheinberger—Pastorale. Rheinberger—Intermezzo (Sonata 6). Salome—"The Shepherds." Smart—Short Piece No. 3. Stephens—Andante Pastorale. Vierne—Berceuse. Vierne—Pastorale.

A NEW CHRISTMAS CANTATA THE BIRTH OF CHRIST By Alfred Wooler

Solo Voices: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass: 36 pages Time of performance: about 25 minutes.

Price, 75 cents postpaid

The fluent melodic gift, which is the happy possession of this popular writer for the church service, was never more agree-ably in evidence than in this, his latest work. Himself a singer, Mr. Wooler can write effectively for the voice with sure knowledge of its limitations and possibilities in both solo and choral passages. The text is chiefly biblical, and tells the Christmas story with musical emphasis.

A NEW SACRED CANTATA FOR GENERAL USE THE CROWN OF LIFE

By George B. Nevin

Price, 75 cents, postpaid

Says Harvey B. Gaul, noted composer and critic, in The Pittsburgh Post:

"If within a year this cantata is not found—and heard—in every choirloft from Charleston, S. C., to Charlestown, Mass., I am a poor guesser. First of all, it sings; and the organ part plays. Mr. Nevin writes, as he has always done, with a fluent facile pen, and the result is a vocal work that fairly hums along. It takes about 40 minutes in performance; and should prove grateful both to choir and con-oregation." gregation.

A copy of these cantatas will be sent for examination with return privilege to organists and choirmasters on request.

OLIVER DITSON CO., 178-179 Tremont St., Boston 10 Chas. H. Ditson & Co., 8-10-12 East 34th Street, New York Order of your local dealer

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Boy Choir Discipline By WILLIAM RIPLEY DORR Director of Emmanuel Choir of La Grange, Ill.

Without a doubt the problem which gives the choirmaster of the boy choir the greatest trouble and concern is the problem of discipline. And since discipline is so largely a matter of personality and understanding of boy nature, it is a problem in which little help can be gained by study or read-ing, and if one can hold the interest of his boys and get tolerably good musical results, he congratulates him-self. One of the factors which make choirroom discipline a far more diffi-cult proposition than schoolroom dis-cipline is that the choirmaster has no one behind him to help him and give one behind him to help him and give him support. He has to depend en-tirely upon himself, while the teacher has the principal and the whole school has the principal and the whole school board to call upon if necessary. This advantage is partly offset by the fact that the choirmaster to a large extent can pick and choose his boys, and they are usually from a better class of family than the average school boy, and he always has the power to get rid of a particularly troublesome in-dividual, while the luckless teacher's pupils are handed to him by the re-lentless hand of fate or the arbitrary decision of his superiors.

pupils are handed to him by the re-lendess hand of fate or the arbitrary decision of his superiors. In a few large churches in still few-er large cities the problem is reduced to a minimum by the simple expedi-ent of paying the boys generously for their services. When a boy receives from \$10 to \$25 a month, he is going to think twice before he does some-thing which brings \$1 or \$2 fine upon his head. There is no doubt that professionalizing a choir brings fine discipline with the minimum of effort on the part of the choirmaster, but this is a solution of the problem which is beyond the reach of most churches. Whether this method brings with it he best effect upon either the indi-vidual boy or the church is a matter open to grave question, for it commer-cializes what really ought to be an act of religious devotion. But that is a matter with which the present arti-cle is not concerned.

What is good discipline? We all know that when the choirmaster is too lax the boys do no real work and it is impossible to teach them anything or to obtain first-class musical results. This is a common experience. It is just as true, although not so often ob-served, that the results are equally un-fortunate when the choirmaster is too severe. Severity does not mean de-manding the closest attention to the smallest details of artistic finish, but, rather, insisting upon necessary desmallest details of artistic finish, but, rather, insisting upon necessary de-mands in such a tactless way as to arouse the antagonism and resentment of the choir. If the discipline is so harsh that the boy does not enjoy the rehearsals, he will quit coming, or if he does continue to come he will be so subdued that all of the enthusiasm and spirit which ought to be going into subded that all of the entrustasm and spirit which ought to be going into the music will be squeezed out of him, and the music will be dead and spirit-less, and soon his interest will wane and he will drop out.

less, and soon his interest will walle and he will drop out. How, then, can the happy medium be found and kept? How can we strike the balance between the too lax discipline and the harsh discipline, which will result in such attention to business that the boys will put their minds on their work, and really try to follow the choirmaster's instruc-tions and suggestions and thus obtain desirable results without wasted effort and lost motion, and at the same time keep the spirit of enthusiasm and hap-piness which is essential to spontane-ous singing? For sight must never be lost of the facts that singing is one of the primitive and unconscious reof the primitive and unconscious re-actions of a happy state of mind, and that no one can ever be forced to sing.

To get the true conception of disci-pline we must go back to the deriva-tion of the word, which comes from "disciple," meaning "follower" or "adherent." And in that definition lies the secret of success. The leader whose boys are true disciples and loy-

al adherents to him, never has any se-rious troubles of this kind, for his boys are always in accord with him and trying to please him. From this it naturally follows that true discipline is something which must grow from within, not something which can be forced from without. Then do not within, not something which can be forced from without. Then do not try to build up your discipline by writ-ing a comprehensive set of rules cov-ering every phase of a boy's conduct, and trying to enforce this code, but rather endeavor to inculcate in your boys as a body a spirit which will prompt them to wish to do what you want them to do, and which will build up such "esprit de corps" in your choir as will tend to deter the boys from doing those things which will re-flect discredit upon them as individ-uals and upon the organization as a whole. I remember seeing in a choir-room some years ago a set of rules for choristers and I could not help thinking that if the choirmaster fol-lowed up every violation of all those nincteen rules he must be a very busy man, and if he did not, he must have poor discipline. He may have been able to keep down the num'ser of in-ractions by a strong financi... hold on poor discipline. He may have been able to keep down the number of in-fractions by a strong financia hold on the boys; I do not see how else he could have worked it. But with most choirs such a system would never work

choirs such a system would never work. Attracting and holding disciples, or obtaining discipline, are matters large-ly depending upon personal magnet-ism, for which rules cannot be given, but there are a few suggestions which may be of help to those who know they have the goodwill and loyalty of their boys and yet do not seem to be able to keep as good order during re-hearsal as they would like. It is im-possible to give a definite plan for building up discipline, and these sug-gestions are not intended to be such, but merely a few ideas which may prove of help in certain cases. The only general plan is to try to build up the spirit described above and in that endeavor the choirmaster's underthe spirit described above and in that endeavor the choirmaster's under-standing of boy nature and his good sense will have to be his chief guides.

sense will have to be his chief guides. • Do not try to keep a formal school-room atmosphere in the choirroom. Let the boys talk to each other and enjoy themselves for a moment be-tween numbers, but insist that at one tap of the baton they be quiet and ready for work, and do not start talk-ing to them, or having them sing, un-til you have absolute quiet. This is extremely important, and success hinges largely upon this one point. Have a good talk with the boys and tell them that to shorten rehearsals and to improve their efficiency you expect them to be ready for business as soon as you call for order. When you tap for their attention, make a note of the names of two or three boys, if there are that many, who are not ready for business, and tell them that you are warning them to be care-ful next time. If they are among the offenders next time, you must back up your warning by sending the boys home, or depriving them of some priv-ilege they are expecting. But do something, or you will have weakened your discipline. But the question may be asked: What are you going to do if the boy gets up and goes home and says he is glad to have the chance? That will indicate one of two things-either the boy is one who should nev-e. have been in the choir or, if his at-That will indicate one of two things— either the boy is one who should nev-e. have been in the choir or, if his at-titude is typical of all the boys, you have entirely failed to inculcate in them any sense of loyalty to you or to the organization, without which real success is impossible. Let the boy go and tell him that you do not want anyone to be in your choir against his will. Then have a good heart-to-heart talk with your rector or minister, tell talk with your rector or minister, tell him the facts honestly, and ask him to tell you frankly what is the matter with you. You may be surprised to find out how much he knows about you and how glad he will be to help you if you will only ask for his friend-ly counsel.

ly counsel. Another important point is to re-member never to give directions to your choir, or start singing, until you have absolute quiet and the attention of every boy, and then talk in an or-dinary conversational tone. If the boys are talking between numbers with your permission, you may have to raise your voice at first to secure

order, which is to be expected, but do not take up the matter at hand until everyone is listening. Once I attend-ed a rehearsal at which the choirmas-ter would shout for order, not get it, and then start playing the number to be rehearsed. One by one the boys would start to sing, until they had gone through a page or two of the music, when he would stop and tell them to start over again, and that time everyone would be ready to be-gin. That system wasted hours in the course of a year and hurt the dis-cipline to. a degree which could hard-ly be estimated. If you put this mat-ter to your boys in the right way and then adhere to the rule, you will find that in a few rehearsals the choir spir-it will be molded your way, and your troubles will be over. But you will have to exert yourself with all your personal force, at first, and at the same time keep the good will of the boys from talking at all during the in-termission between numbers is sure to be rewarded by a sneaky spirit. Every boy is occasionally seized with an irresistible impulse to say some-thing to the one next to him, and if he knows that he may talk at the end of that number he will wait until then to do so. Otherwise he will take the opportunity when he is the least likely to be seen, which, of course, is while the choirmaster is busy playing or conducting. For this reason it is bet-ter for the boys to know that there is no objection to ordinary conversation between numbers. In this connection is another time-aving suggestion. When eriving out order, which is to be expected, but do between numbers.

In this connection is another time-saving suggestion. When giving out hymn numbers be sure that every boy hymn numbers be sure that every boy is listening before you give out the number, and then say it distinctly, in a rather quiet voice, and say it only once. Soon the boys will get into the habit of listening attentively and you will have achieved another victory.

Another essential principle in win-ning the respect of your boys is to treat them with absolute justice and impartiality. No matter how much you may like one boy and dislike an-other, and no matter how good your reasons may be, treat them absolute-ly alike in the choirroom and, if any-thing, go a little bit in the other di-rection and exact a little more from the boys of whom you are the fondest and who like you the best. This does not by any means preclude special fa-vors and rewards, but see to it that all rewards are based upon the value of the boy to the choir. Have it dis-tinctly understood that the only way a boy gets anything special from you is by deserving it on account of his spe-cial interest and loyalty. Another essential principle in win-

by deserving it on account of his spe-cial interest and loyalty. Always treat the boys with courte-sy and insist on their courteous treat-ment of you. A boy will never accord anyone else any more respect that the party of the second part insists upon. I remember a group of boys in Ohio who had two young men over them at different times, both being about 25 years old. The first of these allowed one of the older boys to call him by his first name. Soon the other boys took it up and in a month they were all so familiar with him that he lost his discipline and had to resign. The second young man took up the work, in a friendly way insisted upon the boys' addressing him in a respectful manner—in fact, literally commanded their respect—and at the same time was a good fellow with them, and he soon won not only their respect but their friendship and loyalty, and he kept them, too. But this attitude must not be overdone into a haughtiness or aloofness, or the boys will feel that you are not in sympathy with them, and you will lose their discipleship, for the very opposite reason. After a particularly hard session on a new piece of music, relax the ten-

After a particularly hard session on a new piece of music, relax the ten-sion with a short story, or by singing a camp song. A few moments spent

DECEMBER 1, 1921

this way will enable you to do much more work the rest of the rehearsal.

So far this article has been concerned chiefly with rehearsal and gen-eral discipline. Service discipline has connected with it not only the general connected with it not only the general points already brought out, but also the matter of reverence. It is a good plan to have the rector give the boys a little talk in the chancel about the nature of the service, their part in it and the significance of their vestments, and of their position in the service and in the church. Such a serious talk will usually be all that is needed to give the boys the right attitude in the chancel and then it will need only a warning glance from the choirmaster to remind them to behave themselves, for most boys manifest a rather deep warning glance from the choirmaster to remind them to behave themselves, for most boys manifest a rather deep sense of reverence when it is properly aroused. If a warning glance fails to quiet a disorderly boy, at the next op-portunity get up and quietly tell him to leave the chancel and not to come back for a month unless he wants to talk to you. One example like this will usually result in good behavior on the part of the others for some time, for a public disgrace of this kind is not relished by any boy who has a keen enough sense of right and wrong to belong to a choir in the first place. It is evident that the choirmaster must always set an exam-ple of real reverence himself or he can never hope to have his boys rev-erent. erent.

erent. Many times a choirmaster who has poor discipline excuses himself by blaming the boys' parents, saying that he could hardly expect to make their boys behave when they do not have to behave at home. Do not let any such excuse as that satisfy you with poor discipline, for behavior at home and in the choirroom are two differ-ent things even for the same boy. Many a boy who is a constant worry to his mother and a source of exas-peration to his father has proved to be a model chorister, to the mystification of those good souls. More than one father has brought his son to me and told me confidentially: "That boy of mine is a chip off of the old block. When he is at home he teases his sis-Many times a choirmaster who has father has brought his son to me and told me confidentially: "That boy of mine is a chip off of the old block. When he is at home he teases his sis-ter and when he isn't he gets into trouble. But he isn't dishonest or mean. I don't think he has a bit of music in him, but I do wish that you would see if you can use him in the choir." And in the majority of such cases the boy comes in, quickly sees what is expected of him as far as con-duct is concerned, becomes interested and loyal and turns out to be a useful and loyal and turns out to be a useful chorister, to the joy of his mother and the astonishment of his father. This merely goes to show that a boy's re-action to his choirmaster is not always the same as his reaction toward his parents parents

parents. In conclusion, in this matter of disci-pline, what should be our goal? What constitutes good discipline, and when is it good enough so that we can feel satisfied with it? To be perfectly satisfactory it should ful-fill two requirements: First of all, the musical results should be good-as good as the limitations of the mu-sical ability of the choirmaster will let them be. That means that the general musical standard of the work of your choir should be up to your own per-sonal standard. They should sing as well as you yourself sing or play, or better, after you have been in charge of them long enough to impress your-self indelibly upon them. Second, you should be on the best of terms with your choir individually and collective-ly, and be absolutely free from embar-rassment regarding them, and, lastly, willing to have a neighborly choirmas-ter visit your rehearsals occasionally. That is the final test. If your disci-pline is good you will be proud to have a brother choirmaster come in; if it is not, you will resent it. But in the last analysis, the musical results must al-ways be the real criterion.



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Keep His Memory Green By ALBERT COTSWORTH

So often what Shakespeare said proves true: "The evil that men do lives after them; the good is oft interred with their bones." Blessed is it, then, when we with the passing days following his de-parture to a larger sphere. "Victor Baier is one of the happy ex-ceptions. Not a periodical interested in organ or church music has failed in re-current incident and comment to keep green the memory of the genial and kindly spirit which took flight all too soon. He left that touch of magic upon his time and it does not forget him. He was so modest, quiet and unassuming that it probably surprises him now when he reads in the great book to find how he made many little niches for himself to occupy in the memory halls when he himself could not walk therein. At least one hopes he may have that surprised gratification.

one hopes he may have that surprised gratification. I met him just once and for a few hours. But they were busy, intimate hours, thrashing out a Guild problem which could easily mean friction before the end. But he took hold of it with a simple directness which was as unafraid as it was tactful. One felt intuitively that there was no diplomatic reserve, nothing "up the sleeve," no hesitancy to meet the perplexities with a square sense of the importance of either angle of difficulty. A marked aid in such solu-tions is when there is system in the material submitted and such conformity to the rules of the game that only the fair outcome can be deduced. He was as forthright about nailing down a leaden coin when anyone tried to pass it over his counter. He knew just where his duty and k-owledge of facts should place him and he stayed right there and held he could do no other. He based his action upon his system and kept the way of completeness. A system seldom irreation. Mr. Baier had it down inter than the usual man succeeds in maintaining it and therefore was seldom vulnerable.

maintaining it and therefore was seldom vulnerable. Singularly, this methodical attitude of mind did not make him ascetic and exact in contact either of thought or speech. Perhaps, like the rest of us, he had a hobby outside of business, and chose to be genial and easy for intercourse be-cause he was meticulous about his reg-ular task. But he loved his method with a certain fondness, as I found when we got away from Guild matters and he be-came the host to let me see some of Trinity's treasures. In the choir library he was almost affectionate in unfolding the accretions of years, a reverence for housed the sheets breathing inspiration when touched with organ tones and human voices. I could see that he loved the things and loved to handle them, to surely husbande. He touched his old seat in the choir room with a certain tenderness as a key onder if his services had emotional content! Somehow the man seemed to be a part of the equipment, so completely did he surrender to what he felt if called from him. He showed me every thing with a leisure and cordiality un-forsettable. He urged me to stay over a well as hear a Trinity service. When I his service and cordiality un-forsettable. He wiged ne to stay over a well as hear a Trinity service. When I his service lists, he made a menora-tory this is found later meant that every forhight he would mail me Trin-ty lists. He did this for two or more parties lists were models of painstaking thought and care. The volumes of them could easily be relied upon to furnish the ap-propriate music for the stated period. Initie variety, infinite suggestion.

Once I found myself in Wall Street on a Lenten Day. Following a crowd at noon I entered those magnificent Ghiberte bronze doors to find the place simply packed and people standing about. A bishop was preaching. I didn't listen to him: I just feasted on the superb in-terior, so stately and imposing, warmed and touched with the colors from win-dows and tablets and memorials. I fancy that when Lent comes this year I shall remember the scene and put Victor Baler at the organ to complete it. He was part of that church.

In Maeterlinck's "Blue Bird" the searching children in the Never-Never Land learned from their grandparents, who abode there, that the happiness of the lovely place was incomplete unless they were wakened at times by the sound of their own names spoken by those left behind. At Christmastide we let this emotion find expression freely. Perhaps there is some way by which our memory of the fine soul of him we cared for may know that he is unforsotten at this period of tender sentiment. Better the sleep of those in the dim dwelling-places for knowing there are remembered and remembering faces, thoughts, words.

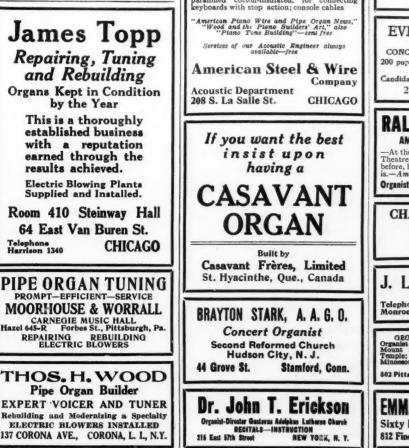
New Estey Organs Installed. Recent installations in the Pitts-burgh territory by the Estey Organ Company include organs in the First Presbyterian Church of Oakfield, N. Y., the First Presbyterian Church of Columbiana, Ohio, the First U. B. Church of Willard, Ohio, the Notting-ham M. E. Church, Cleveland, and the First M. E. Church of Ashland, Ky. The last-mentioned organ is a three-manual. The Nottingham organ was installed in connection with the 100th anniversary of the organization of this chureh. Under construction are or-gans for the Methodist churches of Fairmount, Clarksburg and William-son, W. Va., the First Presbyterian Church of Ripley, N. Y. the First Baptist, Conneaut, Ohio, the Neal Avenue United Presbyterian, Columb-bus, Ohio, and the Methodist Pro-testant and First Christian clurches of Zanesville, Ohio.

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Memorial to Arthur R. Fraser. A simple but impressive memorial service to Arthur Randolph Fraser was held Sunday morning, Nov. 6, at Grace Episcopal Church, Oak Park, where he was 'organist and choir-master for seven years, a connection which was terminated by his death last August. "Souls of the Righteous" by Noble and "No Shadows Yonder" from Gaul's "Holy City" were sung under the direction of the new organ-ist and choirmaster, George H. Clark, and there was a eulogy by the rector, the Rev. F. R. Godolphin, who was a personal friend of Mr. Fraser. Serv-ice numbers written by the departed organist himself were sung.

New Organ at Daytona, Fla. Frank W. East has completed a new organ for St. Mary's Episcopal Church at Daytona, Fla., the only electric ac-tion organ in the city. It is a two-manual of thirty stops, with stop-keys over the manuals. A special feature is a sound conductor leading to the choir-room by means of a pipe seventy feet a sound conductor leading to the choir-room by means of a pipe seventy feet long which enables the choir to begin singing, while the organ is being played softly in the main auditorium of the church. The instrument was used for the first time at the services Nov. 13 by the organist, M. P. Cornwall.

Smith Unit Company Formed. The Smith Unit Organ Company, of Chicago, has been incorporated with a capital stock of \$100,000 and a factory at 415-419 West Erie street. The officers are: Henry Hogans, president; F. W. Smith, vice-president; Walter J. Hogans, secretary and treasurer. The company will manufacture the Smith unit organ.





THE DIAPASON



HAROLD V. MILLIGAN. BY

ST. LAWRENCE SKETCHES, by Alex-ander Russell; published by J. Fischer

& Bro., New York.

ander Russell; published by J. Fischer & Bro., New York. Publication of the four pieces com-rosing Dr. Russell's "St. Lawrence Sketches" has been awaited with con-siderable interest. One of the pieces, "The Bells of St. Anne de Beaupre." has been on Mr. Courboin's programs fou a year or more. Only two of the pieces are issued at this time—"The Bells" and "Song of the Basket Weaver." The re-maining two are to be called "The Cit-adel at Quebec" and "Up the Saguenay." It will be seen from the titles that the composer has written what is known as "program music"—music which attempts to evoke a specific rather than a general mood, to tell a story or to paint a pic-ture. When a composer writes music about the citadel of Quebec or the Sag-uenay river he is getting about as far away as possible from the old c'assic models and from the prelude-and-fugue school. One cannot imagine Bach writ-ing about a fortress, or Rheinberger painting a picture in notes of the River tar. Sometimes this calling in of extra-musical ideas is a patent confersion of creative impotence and only serves to emphasize the composer's lack of musical ideas. As a rule, the more literal a composer

lsar. Sometimes this calling in of extra-musical ideas is a patent confession of creative impotence and only serves to emphasize the composer's lack of musical ideas. As a rule, the more literal a composer attempts to be in his depiction of the visible and material world, the less po-tent his musical inspiration. The Rich-ard Strauss of the Domestic Symphony is not the Richard Strauss of 'Death and Transfiguration.'' It is only when a com-poser penetrates beneath the surface and strives to call forth in the listener the essential mood aroused in his own mind by an event, a story or a place, that we have program music in its best estate. To this class belong such com-positions as Mendelssohn's ''Fingal's Cave' Overture. Mendelssohn derived his inspiration from a visit to Fingal's Cave, but the music which he wrote is not so much a depiction in tone of that particular spot as it is an evocation of the mood of contemplative wonder aroused by an aspect of nature in her most majestic manifestations. To this class also belong Dr. Russell's admirable ''St. Lawrence Sketches.'' "The Bells of St. Anne de Beaupre' might have been called ''Andante Religioso'' and it would have been just as good mu-sic under that title as under the pre-ent one, although it would probably not have made so strong an appeal to the general public. It is an evocation of a religious nod, employing a chime theme which is that of the bells of St. Anne. The mogram'' includes the call to worship negathering of the faithful, the chant-my of the choir, ''Bonne St. Anne, prier pour nous.'' the procession, the miracle the benediction and the sound of the bells in the distance. But your enjoy-ma forknowledge of the ''grogram.'' That after all, is the "acid test'' of program music. Wi'l it stand alone? '' The Bells of St. Anne'' is one of the best pieces we haded very skilhuly, dying away into is panded very skilhuly, dying away into sience. The commoser's idea was the picture of an old French Canadian wom-ange a some of none ago, while her deft

CONTRASTS. by J. Lewis Browne; pub-lished by the John Church Company, Cincinnati.

We remember Dr. Browne as the com-poser of some fine choral music for the service of the Catholic church. This is the first time we have ever seen any or-

gan music from his pen. "Contrasts" is decidedly off the beaten track, and its essential and most striking characteristic is well described by its title. It is made up of four themes, sharply contrasted in style and mood. The first is that of a "Christe Eleison" from a mass by the same composer. It is a theme made of a series of major triads on an ascending scale of whole-tone steps. The second theme is a scherzoso, staccato chords in three-four rhythm. The third theme is a fragmentary one and serves as a bridge to the fourth, which is presented as a fugato, developed to full organ. The first, second and third themes are reiterated. Strikingly original in form, "Contrasts" is a most interesting departure in organ music.

PRAYER," by Georges Emile Tanguay; published by Oliver Ditson Company, Boston. "PRAYER."

A deeply religious composition, prayer-ful in mood and in manner. There is a sharp crescendo to full organ for a few measures, but through most of its length the tonal quality is of soft and delicate texture, especially suited to well-voicef vox celeste, vox angelica or vox humana.

ANDANTINO, by Elias Blum, published by Clayton F. Summy Company, Chi-0900

cago. This "Andantino" is, not unlike Mr. Tanguay's "Prayer." a composition in religious style exploiting the softer tones of the organ. It is smoothly and skil-ful'y written, dignified in manner and sin-cere in feeling, and is one of those ad-mirable and very useful pieces, simple in texture and easy to play, and yet of ex-cellent quality.

To Enlarge West Point Organ.

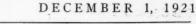
To Enlarge West Point Organ. A recent program of a recital by Frederick C. Mayer, the West Point organist, contained the following sig-nificant paragraph concerning the large organ in the Military Academy chapel: "Although negotiations are not yet completed, an announcement of the greatest importance may be fore-shadowed to the effect that a complete major division of the organ will soon be contracted for-a memorial gift to the academy by a graduate." This organ, built by M. P. Möller, is recog-nized as one of the finest in the United States. It has been gradually en'arged under the direction of Mr. Mayer, thirteen stops having just been added, but the complete fruition of plans for it has not yet been attained.

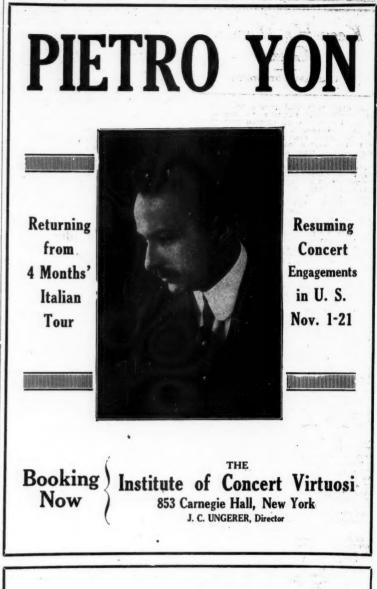
Home Works at Anniversary.

Home Works at Anniversary. The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Leyden Congregational Church. Brookline, Boston, was observed mu-sically in a unique manner on Sunday, Nov. 6. With the exception of the Festival Te Deum in E flat by Buck, the music was composed by members of the parish. The organ selections were: Chorale Prelude on "Old Hun-dredth," Truette, and Festival March, Irwin. The response, "Hear Our Prayer, O God of Love," was com-posed by Charles D. Irwin to-a text by Mrs. Hattie D. Irwin. The anthem, "In Heavenly Love Abiding," was composed by Everett E. Truette. The anniversary hymn, "Bow Thine Ear, Great God, and Hear!" was written by Mrs. B. M. Thomas. Charles D. Irwin is organist and choirmaster of Leyden is organist and choirmaster of Leyden Church.

Promotes Christmas Caroling. The National Bureau for the Advancement of Music is conducting its annual campaign for the extension of outdoor Christmas caroling. As a preliminary step the bureau published a four-page leaflet giving a summary of its survey made last winter on the spread of the movement. The leaflet listed the 330 cities of which the bu-reau had definite record that caroling had been held. The caroling in these cities was almost entirely through the bureau's efforts. As a result of the efforts already

bureau's efforts. As a result of the efforts already made a number of papers in various cities have published articles on Christ-mas caroling and many individual re-quests have come in for information on organizing the singing.





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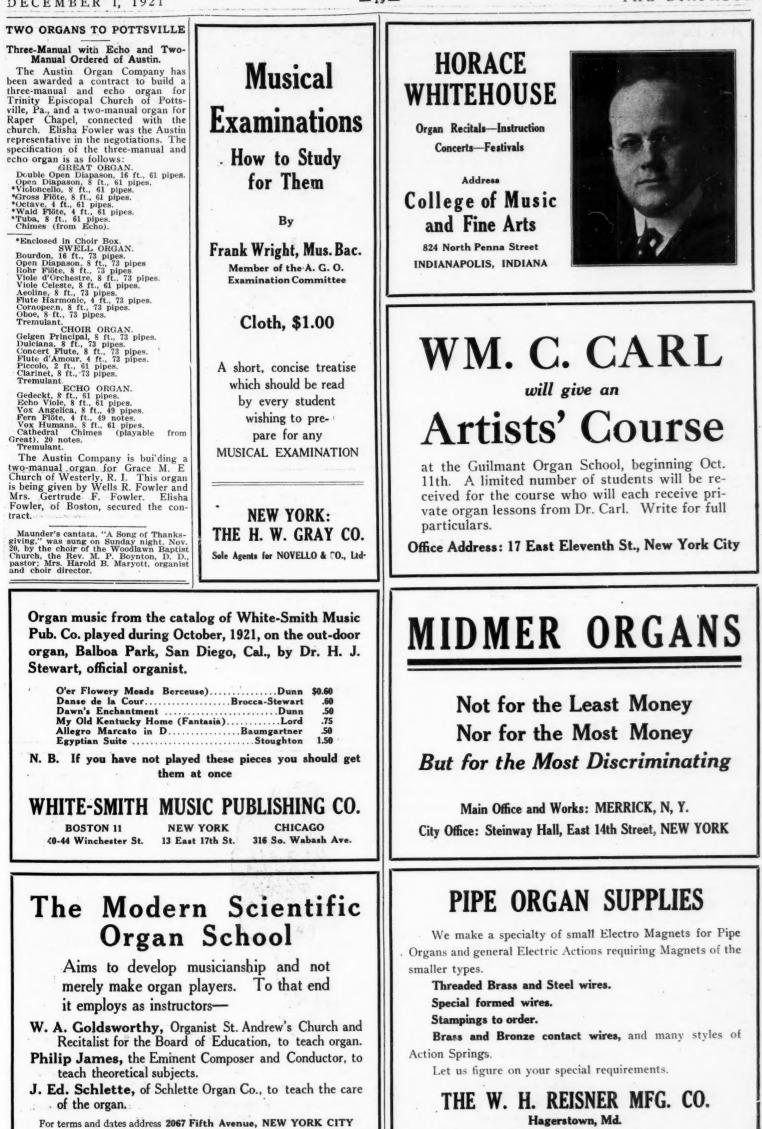
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THE DIAPASON



With the Moving Picture Organist Valuable Advice for Theater Players, Set-tings for Photo Dramas, Reviews of New Music, Etc. By WESLEY RAY BURROUGHS

[Queries pertaining to this line of a modern organist's work may be addressed to Mr. Burroughs, care of The Diapason, Chicago, or 493 Melville street, Rochester, N. Y. Letters received by the 15th of the month will be answered in the suc-ceeding issue. When immediate answer is desired, self-addressed and stamped envelope should be enclosed.]

NEW PICTURE SERIES.

in desired, self-addressea and stamped envelope should be enclosed.] NEW PICTURE SERIES. A new set of film music from the press of Carl Fischer is a step in the right direction. There are sixty-one numbers, ranging from dramatic tensions, an-dantes and pathetic movements on the one hand, to military marches, storm furiosos and allegro agitatos on the other. Spanish, Indian, Chinese and other oriental numbers are included also. The dramatic numbers by Ascher, Lus-comb, Becker, Ochmler and others are excellently written, by men experienced in picture work, and just what the the-ater musician requires. Whether the scene is a tension, light or heavy in dramatic expression, the right piece can be found in this series. The mysteriosos, too, are especially good. Luscomb's "Stampede" is a fine example of a west-ern rodeo. There are several Chinese numbers, an oriental dance (Verdi), an oriental love theme, two Indian love songs and two Indian dances. A valse lente for reception or banquet scenes, "A Musical Scene" (Spring), by Ziegler, and a characteristic by Lowenberg de-picting waterfalls, mountain streams, etc., are the three noveltis. JAPANESE: A sterling number, and on ewhich is a decided novelty, is "Nip-nonese." by Sulivan, styled "A Jap-anese Dramatic Theme," and this ac-curately describes it. It has the oriental favor of Nippon, but the theme is not cast in a light vein, but in a more serious mood, making it a decided nov-elty, and one indispensable on oriental favor of Nippon, but the theme is not cast in a light vein, but in a more serious mood, making it a decided nov-elty, and one indispensable on oriental favor of Nippon, but the theme is not cast in a light vein. but in a more serious mood, making it a decided nov-elty, and one indispensable on oriental favor of Nippon, but the theme is not cast in a light vein. but in a more serious mode, making it a decided nov-elty, and one indispensable on oriental favor of Nippon, but the theme is not cast in a light vein. but in a more serious mode.

Comedian." This set is by Lester Brock-ton. Still another series composed by Gas-ton Borch has nineteen numbers. They are: "Dramatile Andante." "Bayadere." "Lullaby." "Cloister Chimes." "Lovely Flowers," "Resignation." "Masks." "Sol-itude," "Agilation." "Passion," "Purity." "Uneasiness." "The Battle." "Dawn," "Indian War Song," "Child's Dream." "Butterfly Dance." "Shadows in the Night" and "Death Scene." A well-bal-anced assortment of picture music, not technically difficult and musically sat-isfying.

One of America's foremost composers has been writing a great deal of late for picture work, and the latest is a suite in three parts, or twelve numbers, entitled "Ballet of the Flowers," by Henry Hadley. Needless to say, splendid musicianship, original melodies and clever treatment of themes are combined here to make the most pleasing series we have seen in some time. "Red Rose" is a ten-der melody in E fiat, "Marguerites" a dainty grazioso, "Jasmine" a valse noble, and "Heather" a snappy allegro sugges-tive of Scotland. "Violets" is in F (six-eight) and "Lily of the Valley" in D. As if to emphasize the purity and un-usual type of this flower, the composer bas chosen highly original harmonies and progressions. "Daffodlis" is a scher-zo in A mincr with passages of intricate thirds. while "Gardenia" is a soulful andante in F minor. The last action opens with "Mignonette," a gavotte in G. "Bachelor Buttons" is a minuet, the idea being, we take it, that these flowers. "Holyhocks," a tempo di polacca, and "Poppies," a valse brilliant, conclude the suite. These pleces will be found to fit in well on bright and also light dramatic scenes, or again in garden scenes."

scenes, or again in garden scenes. To digress a moment, how many have ever read Thomas A. Janvier's "In the Sargasso Sea"? If you haven't, get the book and read it, and then go to the organ and play this new suite: "Atlan-tis," by Safranek. An explanatory note says: "Atlantis, the lost continent, which Plato's history mentioned, extended across the Atlantic Ocean from Europe to Yucatan. The Azores are believed to be the tops of its lofty mountains, and are all that remain above water of that great country." The suite is in four parts. "Nocturne and Morning Hymm" is the first movement, being a broad argo in E flat. The second, "A Court Function." is in gavotte form. The third, a duet. "I Love Thee," is written as a duo between two brass instruments, on the organ cornopean and trumpet. The last movement, "The Destruction of At-lantis," is, as its name indicates, a de-scriptive composition. The trumpets an-nounce the theme, while the strings have first an arpeggio and then a chromatic figure leading into the descriptive writ-ing.

Lucius Hosmer, whom theater players will remember as the composer of North-ern and Southern rhapsodies, as well as his famous "Chinese Wedding Proces-sion," next claims attention as the writer of an inspiring and brilliant over-ture—"The Pearl of Korea." Opening with an allegro and pomposo in D, the first theme is a piquant motive for clar-inet and piccolo. A meno mosso second theme with a tender appeal is followed by a striking episode for brass (full organ), and we then have the two themes with chime effects, after which a lively vi-vace concludes one of the best overtures published recently.

published recently. And that reminds us. Speaking of Southern music, Clarence White tries his hand at the popular pastime of arrang-ing negro spirituais. "Bandanna Sketches" is in four parts and is a praiseworthy effort to give musical ex-position to the simple religious songs of the negro. "Nobody Knows the Trou-ble I've Seen" is in the simplest form of the four. "I'm Troubled in Mind," in C minor, is a broad andante affeusos opening with a horn solo. A shorter moderato brings back the original air again, then strings and horn have a coda passage of triplet and single notes, which is echoed softly on the woodwind as a finale. The third, "Many Thousand Gone," is an air suitable for oboe solo. The last, "Sometimes I Feel," is in D minor. The variety of tonal colorings is refreshing and makes the simple spiritual stand out in marked contrast.

New intermezzos, dainty and bright, in the usual two-four style, are: "Before the "Footlights," by Manney, and "Col-umbine," by W. Smith, in A and G re-spectively. With the last is published "Evening Mood," by Czerwonky, in D major, and it is notable that this key seems to be a favorite with him, as his "Poem" is in that key. A light ma-zurka is "Reve de Jeunesse," by Winter-nitz.

zurka is "Reve de Jeunesse," by Winternitz.
JAPANESE: "Idylle Japonaise," by Maurice Baron, is a novelty in many ways aside from the fact of its oriental atmosphere. In A major the French horn has a sustained dominant note, while oboe, flute, clarinet and string stops have doubled fourths in the melody for the entire first section of forty measures. A piu moderato brings out a flowing movement in eighths, which leads into a largamente appassionato, and then the weird fourths are repeated to close a cleverly-written oriental piece, and one which the organist will show his skill in adapting to the entire." M. Baron is also the composer of this number. It begins with fifths and fourths in the bass (C minor) pianissimo and immediately octaves in the treble, while the descending scale is completed. The flute has a flowing figure and soon the principal theme is announced, which is followed closely by a part in F minor, with clarinet and oboe solos. The theme is developed in both major and minor modes, also in duet form, and the inevitable return of the first theme is accompanied by the fifths and fourths. A work that we would classify as a good, useful oriental event is the mass of the mater is the descending cale is the mass of the first mater is the has a flowing figure and soon the principal theme is announced, which is followed closely by a part in F minor, with clarine the descending scale is completed. The flute has a flowing figure and soon the principal theme is announced, which is followed closely by a part in F minor, with clarine the descending scale is completed. The flute has a flowing figure and soon the principal theme is an and minor modes, also in duet form, and the inevitable return of the first theme is accompanied by the fifths and fourths being written (in arbitation in it.
NEUTRAL AND QUIET: "Serenade Loidwaine," by Herge; "Twilight Fau-

we would classify as a good, useful ori-ental piece with a decided element of the dramatic in it. NEUTRAL AND QUIET: "Serenade Lointaine." by Berge; "Twilight Fan-cles" and "In the Dell." by Frommel; "Cavatina." by Baron: "No-Me-Olvides" ("Forget-Me-Not"), by Lapham, and "Hope's Awakening." by Kempinski, are excellent numbers in this class. The serenade is an exquisite tone picture in D, the next a flexible four-four theme, with a semi-dramatic middle section, the third a straight four-four number. "For-get-Me-Not" is a melodious work and "Hope's Awakening" a quiet piece with dramatic middle part. We purposely left the "Cavatina" for the last. Maurice Baron's compositions are always worth while, and this is no exception. In D, in nine-eight measure, the theme is well de-veloped, a dramatic episode leads to a cadenza for strings and then the next two pages allow splendid use of the harp in accompaniment, after which we come to an imposing crescendo and rath-er unexpectedly to a pianissimo climax. PATHETIC: "Elegie." by M. Baron, is a plaintive C minor lento, and organists wili need to brush up their clef transposi-tion when using it. SEA: "Barcarolle Amoureuse." by Casadeus, is a rippling andante in F. which modulates in the course of its pro-cedure into E. This piece is cleverly written. ROMANCES: "Rendezvous d'Amour."

Casadeus, is a rippling andante in F, which modulates in the course of its pro-cedure into E. This piece is cleverly written. ROMANCES: "Rendezvous d'Amour," by Leo Edwards, is another highly orig-inal serenade in D; "Love's Fantasy" by Frommel a quiet andante con moto theme in D. "Chant d'Amour," by the same composer, is an andante appassionato in C, nine-eight. This piece is also fitted for light dramatic scenes. "Romance." by M. Baron, is a twelve-eight andante sostenuto in F, and here again we can-not help remarking on the extraordinary originality and the wonderfully orches-tral coloring. "Queen of My Heart," a song arrangement, has a fine theme, but in organ transcription we suggest the elimination of the relterated accompani-ment, and the use of a different position of arpeggio chords in its place. COLONIAL: "La Petite Duchesse." by Henri Baron, is a piece of light texture in the style of a gavotte de Louis XV. of France. BRIGHT: "Caprice Joyeux." by E.

France. BRIGHT: "Caprice Joyeux." by E. Seeligson, and "Fragrance of Spring," by A. Sanders, conclude the list of Belwin numbers, both being bright intermezzos in C and G respectively.

Several new issues of Schirmer's Gal-axy must be included in this month's

- 20 --

review. "Romance," by Sibelius (now in this country), is a fine andantino in D, with a lovely air for 'cello. A semi-dra-matic piu animato in B minor follows, and then a grandioso with a gradual diminution to a soft ending closes a mu-sicianly work. "Chanson d'Amour," by Josef Suk, is along similar lines as to treatment. In D flat, followed by a dra-matic section in F, there follows the final exposition of the theme, which can be played as vox humana and celeste solo with harp accompaniment. This is a de-cidedly worth while piece. "Aubade," by Lefebvre, is a two-four allegretto in A minor and G. A flute solo is contrasted with a second theme for string solo. ORLENTAL: An unusually interesting.

minor and G. A flute solo is contrasted with a second theme for string solo. ORIENTAL: An unusually interesting novelty in this class is "Dance of Arsinoë and Slaves" from the ballet, "A Night in Egypt," by A. Arensky. One rather ex-pects to find a minor theme, but here is a melodious moderato in F with oboe and clarinet solos. A sixteen-measure episode sparkling with trills and flute passages offers the correct contrast to the first theme. "Slavonic Dance," by A. Glazounow, begins with a quiet air in G minor, fol-lowed by a piu animato for reed solo, and then a bright vivo in the major ends the piece. Overtree, "New Orleans" (Mardi Gras), by Mortimer Wilson, will fill a long-feit want, as it musically depicts that cele-brated carnival. Beginning with an an-dante in E flat, a short five-eight section leads into a brilliant allegro. After a thorough exposition of this theme a syncopated air against 'cello or clarinet counterpoint. A pizzicato section in C minor for flute and string comes next, and then a bright allegro movement ends the overture, which is in the miscellany series.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. A. G. M., Kansas City, Mo.—We appre-clate your letter and will be pleased to answer in detail any questions you may send later. You will find a liberal re-view of new pleture music this month. L. J. F., Comanche, Okla.—We under-stand there are several openings in Buf-falo, N. Y. Take your union transfer card and deposit it there. Many thanks for your kind words about our column.

DECEMBER 1, 1921

HAS SWINNEN AND MAITLAND

Aldine Theater at Philadelphia Engages Noted Organists.

gages Noted Organists. The opening of what is considered one of the most beautiful theaters in the United States occurred when the Aldine in Philadelphia was dedicated to its uses on Armistice Day. The theater is of special interest to organ-ists because it is to make a specialty of its organ music. To this end it has installed a large three-manual or-gan built by M. P. Möller, constructed partly on the unit system, and has selected as its organists of the Rivoli, New York; Rollo Maitland, formerly of the Stanley, Philadelphia, and Ken-neth A. Hallett, who came from Bos-ton several years ago to play at the Philadelphia Strand, and who goes to the Aldine from the Strand. No or-chestra is provided at the Aldine, and organ music is to be featured. Mr. Hallett plays from 11 till 1 and from 5 till 7, and Messrs. Maitland and Swinnen divide the time between 1 and 5 and 7 and 11.

Special Services by Norden.

Special Services by Norden. The choir of the Second Presbyter-ian Church of Philadelphia, of which N. Lindsay Norden is organist and choirmaster, is giving a series of spe-cial musical services on Sunday eve-nings at 7:30. On Nov. 6 the second in the series was on "Music of Many Nationalities." On succeeding Sun-days was given Norwegian music, music by negro composers, a Beet-hoven service and Horatio W. Parker's works.

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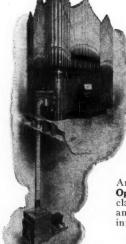
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THE DIAPASON

The Church and **Community** Music

By LLOYD MOREY, Mus. B. Organist and Music Director, Trinity Metho-dist Episcopal Church of the Wesley Foundation, Urbana, Illinois.

Delivered at the Better Community Conference at the University of Illi-nois Oct. 15, 1921.

Of the many wonderful chapters in merican history, none is more interest-ing or alluring than the development of astonishes us. Their great structures, their limitless parks and boulevards, their sigantic industries seem the realization of what we would have yesterday consid-ered a foolish dream. But the steady up-ward pull of our numberless small com-munities inspires and uplifts us. Their more residences of endless architectural ward pull of our numberless small com-munities inspires and uplifts us. Their more residences of endless architectural variety, their shaded streets, their grassy parkways and closeness to the pure, fresh air of the country, their neighbority and spirations which we can find in no other spirations which we can find in no other spirations which we can find in no other mobling in their relations, stalwart in their institutions, they make up in many cation. There are many great institutions which their optications, bring us in-spirations which we can find in no other spirations which we can find in no other spirations which we can find in no other hear institutions, they make up in many cation. There are many great institutions which minister to the life of an average function community, but of them all the church is the greatest. There will be few who will daw exception to the posi-tiveness of that statement, but there will be few who will deny it in its entirety. The church ministers directly and exclu-tion society, the home and familety the heart of the individual as well as the social life of the community. I is pro-notinces and sustains the moral standards of directs, if it functions fully under the social diff of the community. I is spiration is sustains and enriches the greatest insti-tution of society, the home and familety the heart of the community. I is spiration of a democratic lines. It refines and clar-ties the political and civic situation of the schurch mone interest and purposes of yould business, or the discouragements of public socurates ind the count of the

soul in its outreaching for spiritual up-lift. The particular place and aim of music in the church has not always been clear, and its methods and content have been diverse and often ungratifying. There have been many persons who considered music a secondary feature, a kind of pre-lude-interlude-postlude-a supplement to the principal thing, the sermon. Others have sought for entertainment through the music-a kind of relief from the se-rious tone of the sermon and a balm for its directness. Others have made of mu-sic an opportunity for the display of vo-cal or instrumental talent and virtuosity, a Sunday concert hall variety. " Church music, if it functions properly avital and integral part of the program of community assemblies for public worship. It co-ordinates and harmonizes with the sermon, the reading and other parts of the order of that service in the setting forth of a single great theme, unified and powerful, inspiring and uplifting. It is not a display or an entertainment, but an artistic and spiritual message, clothed in dignity, in restraint and in reverence-qualities which mark every work bearing a spiritual message, be it painting, sculp-ture, music or the spoken word.

a spiritual message, be it painting, sculp-ture, music or the spoken word. It is my judgment that these ideals of church music are least obtained through the quartet choir found in so many of our Frotestant churches in America. This is not said to deprecate the excellent work of many of these choirs. It is not said in failure to realize the place of the solo quartet in the choral organization. It is to suggest, however, that that par-ticular form of choir organization is more likely to contain elements and fea-tures which hinder the placing of church music in its true relationships. The quar-tet choir tends to draw attention to the qualities of individual singers. Its mem-derstand or accept the purpose or func-tion of the church itself, or their relation to it. It represents an undue commer-cialization of an art and ministry of vital significance to the community and limits the opportunity for genuine community expression through music in public wor-ship. These objections and handicaps are, I welleve, less frequent in what we com-monly know as a chorus choir. A chorus choir property organized and conducted and neighborliness which should mark every community enterprise. It fills most effectively the place which a church mu-sical organization should be expected to attain. It makes the largest possible con-

tribution to community music develop-

tribution to community music develop-ment. A chorus choir, to be effective and sat-isfying, must have individuality in its makeup and purpose. These qualities are best secured through capable leadership by persons of clear religious convictions who have full and unrestricted responsi-bility and authority for their work; by the organization of choirs with selected membership, made up of persons who are chosen not only for their musical ability, but for their spiritual and moral quali-ties as well; by definitely pointing the ef-forts of the choir toward the ideals al-ready suggested, those of spiritual min-istration to the community. The results of such methods will be most "gratifying and far-reaching. We have had at Trinity Church, Urbana, III. for a decade the choir of sixteen mixed volces. Because of the location of the church, and the makeup of its constit-uency, the personnel has been with few exceptions a constantly changing one. I take the liberty of quoting the minister of Trinity in his expression concerning the place of the choir in the church life: "The music of Trinity Church has great-ly enriched our devotional life. It has been a genuine, sincere vehicle through which the human spirit might volce its reason it has been an essential and in-tegral part of our worship and never an incidential thing which might be easily omitted without loss." At the same time 1 think it may be fairly said of Trinity choir throughout this period that its ar-tistic standards and attainments have not been ordinary; at least, they have been serious. Only in these ways may the work of the choir be fully justified.

not been ordinary; at least, they have been serious. Only in these ways may the work of the choir be fully justified. I do not understand that community music consists solely of the gathering of a great crowd of people in the public square to sing old songs or Christmas carols. It dccs include these things, but it includes more particularly all those assembles, agencies and situations which promote interest in and regard for music as an art and as a human com-panion. So it is that the church through its music may have an outstanding influ-ence on community music, and the most definite and extensive impetus in this re-spect will be the work of a well-organized and well-trained chorus choir. The ac-tivities of such an organization reach out far beyond the immediate circle which it is criginally designed to serve. There must be mentioned also in speaking of the contribution of the church by idividuals in various capacities as a result of their experience and training in the musical organizations of the churches; the facilities, particularly organs, which the churches often alone possess for the rendition of music and the continuous opportunity offered by the churches for which is one of the most important phases of community music. Lastly, but equally significant, we must recall the character of church music generally, and influences which abound in so many oth-er quarters and realms of community life. Real success in the development of community music does not depend solely on those who organize. I depends equally upon that much greater group of persons who are the listeners and recipients of these renditions. It depends equally upon that much greater group of persons who perform, and on the manner of their performance. Community music, wheth-er in the home, in the church, in the the-taer or in the open air, can attain its true accomplishments and relationships only if there exist between performers and listeners, between participants and on-lookers, those fine qualities of the-thow in a the in the bases.

Reynolds Factory Activities.

Reynolds Factory Activities. Among recent activities at the Reyn-olds Organ Factory, Atlanta, Ga., may be mentioned the following: In-stallation, remodeling, improving and applying new blowing plant to nine-stop organ for Calvary Church, Amer-icus, Ga.; installation of a ten-stop organ, blowing plant, old ivory case, etc., for First Methodist Church, West Point, Ga.; overhauling, new bellows, new blowing plant and other improve-ments on organ at Methodist Church, Jonesboro, Ga., and installation of a modern organ of sixteen speaking stops, including blowing plant, at the Church of the Resurrection, Augus-ta, Ga.

The singing of Rossini's "Stabat Mater" complete on Nov. 6 at St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Canton. Ohio, marks the beginning of a series of musical ser-vices to be given by St. Paul's choir, which consists of fifty men and boys, un-der the direction of Ralph E. Clewell. At this service the church was filled to capacity, it being necessary to turn peo-ple away. The choir is rehearsing Dvorak's "149th Psalm" and Massenet's "Narcissus" and will sing these in con-cert shortly.

News from Philadelphia

BY DR. JOHN M'E. WARD. Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 21.—The fol-lowing resolution recently was sent to the mayor of Philadelphia: "To his honor, J. Hampton Moore, Mayor of Philadelphia. Dear Sir: At a meeting of the American Organ Players' Club (founded in Philadelphia in 1890, and the oldest organization of organists in America) held Oct. 4, 1921, the fol-lowing resolution was passed: "Resolved, That the American Organ Players' Club heartily indorse the project of a semi-centennial in Philadelphia in 1926, and trust that it will result in the installation of a municipal organ in a suitable public hall in this city."

Uselma C. Smith has resigned his po-sition at the Advocate Church and ac-cepted that of organist and choirmaster at the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, lately made vacant by the death of Samuel T. Strang. He will have a chorus of twenty mixed voices and a double quartet. Choral evensong of an elaborate musical nature will be given every Sunday at 4:30, preceded by a re-cital of thirty minutes. The program for Oct. 23: Organ, "Kisoluto," Parker; "Legend." Cadman; quartet, "What of the Night?" Thompson; organ, "Nau-tilus," MacDowell; choir, "There Shall Be no Night There," D. D. Wood; Service in E flat, Stainer; anthem, "O Gladsome Light," Sullivan.

James C. Warhurst has moved to a new position, that at the First M. E. Church, Camden, where he will direct a large vested choir and give weekly re-citals.

The first public recital by Marcel Du-

pre of Paris in Philadelphia will be on Dec. 1 on the large organ at Wanamak-er's. He will be the honor guest at a dinner at the Art Club, given by the American Organ Players' Club, the Penn-sylvania chapter of the A. G. O., the N. A. O., and the Manuscript Society.

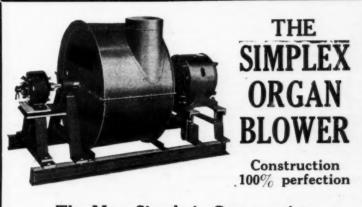
An audience estimated at 8,000 greeted Charles M. Courboin on the occasion of his Armistice Day recital at Wanamak-er's. What an inspiration it was to play to such numbers! He performed like the consummate artist that he is. The or-gan combinations and dynamics have never been so well demonstrated as on this occasion. The program was devoted to the music of the allied nations, Henry S. Fry's "Siciliano" serving to honor America.

St. Clement's Church celebrated its patronal feast day with an elaborately prepared and artistically performed ser-vice directed by H. S. Fry. Gounds "Mass of the Sacred Heart" was the musical offering, sung faultlessly by an augmented choir of over fifty male voices, with A. Gordon Mitchell at the organ. The instrumental addition of strings, harp and tympani enhanced the musical effects greatly.

Stanley Addicks is giving a series of Sunday recitals at 4 p. m. on the large Austin organ in the First Presbyterian Church of Germantown.

Mendelssohn's little known and rarely heard oratorio, "Athalie," was performed by the choir of Holy Trinity Chapel under the guidance of Ernest F. Potter, organ-ist

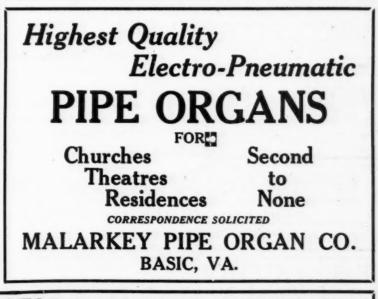
The Fortnightly Club of eighty male volces sang "The Long Day Closes," by Sullivan, at the Armistice Day service in St. Stephen's Church, with Henry G. Thunder at the organ.



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IN CHARGE AT OHIO COLLEGE

H. D. Le Baron Directs Music School of Wesleyan University.

Harrison D. Le Baron, B. A., A. A. G. O., has assumed charge as director of the school of music at Ohio Wes-leyan University, Delaware, Ohio, succeeding Horace Whitehouse. Mr. Le Baron is a graduate of Harvard University and of the New England Conservatory of Music. He comes to a school splendidly equipped with a specially-constructed building furnish-ing ample facilities for the use of the large enrollment. In addition to his duties as director he will play at the Williams Street M. E. Church. Rowland W. Dunham, F. A. G. O., organist and choirmaster of the First Congregational Church, Columbus, Ohio, will be associated with Mr. Le Baron at Ohio Wesleyan, teaching or-servatory. Mr. Dunham continues his work at the Columbus church made famous by Washington Gladden, giv-ing his entire teaching time to the university. Harrison D. Le Baron, B. A., A. A.

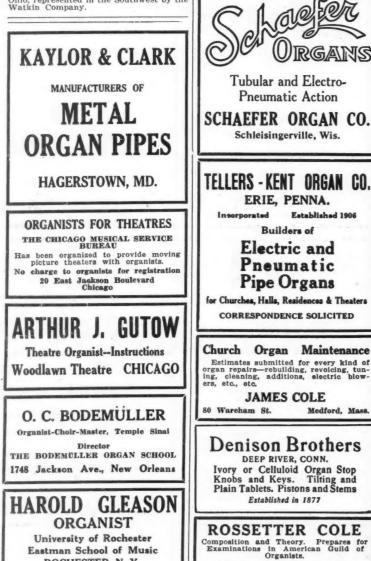
university.

Bonnet to Play at Portland.

Bonnet to Play at Portland. Joseph Bonnet will give a recital at the Sunnyside Congregational Church at Portland, Oregon, Sunday after-noon, Dec 4. The Sunnyside Congre-gational Church, which dedicated its large three-manual organ two weeks ago, has the honor of being the first to list Mr. Bonnet in recital in the United States on his latest transconti-nental tour. It seems strange to Port-land organists that the Municipal Auditorium management should have failed to take advantage of the oppor-tunity to place this artist.

The Will A. Watkin Company of Dal-las, Tex., has issued a handsome cir-cular containing the pictures of three well-known organists of Dallas-Carl Wiesemann, Ernest Prang Stamm and Mrs. J. H. Cassidy-with letters written by them commending the organs built by Hillgreen, Lane & Co. of Alliance, Ohio, represented in the Southwest by the Watkin Company.

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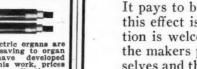
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Four Male voices Four Mixed voices Two-part (equal or mixed voices)

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DECEMBER 1, 1921

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Use Organ and Piano Together, Edwin M. Steckel, organist and choir director of the First Presby-



terian Church of Huntington, W. Va., arranged a novel and an effective pro-gram for his "hour and a quarter of music" at this church on the evening of Oct. 25. With Helen Tufts Lauhon at the piano the following program on organ and piano together was played: "War March of the Priests" ("Atha-lie"), Mendelssohn; Andante (Fifth Symphony), Beethoven; Intermezzo ("Cavalleria Rusticana"), Mascagni; Menuet, Paderewski; "Morning Song," Ritter; Wedding March ("Midsummer Night's Dream"), Mendelssohn; Music from "Carmen," Bizet. terian Church of Huntington, W. Va.,

Alban W. Cooper, who recently became organist and musical director of the First Congregational Church of Muskegon, Mich., gave his first musical service there on the evening of Oct. 30 and the work of the chorus and the quartet un-der his leadership was thoroughly ap-preclated. As a consequence these mu-sical services will be held on the last Sunday evening of every month. Mr. Cooper makes a specialty of playing the works of American composers. His or-gan selections at the first service in-cluded: "In the Twilght," Harker; Fugue in G. Bach; Evensong, Johnston; Toccata in D. Kinder; "Grand Choeur," Spence."

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Glory to God By Mabel McDuffee. Price 15c

By Mabel McDuffee. Price 15c A Christmas Message By Philo A. Otis. Price 15c For all Christmas Entertainments, Church, Sunday School or School, use Ten Traditional Carols, 10c Selected by Roy R. Murphy from a wide range of Old English and Old German Carols. Harmonized by John Stainer.

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- 4. O Love Invisible.....H. Alexander Matthews (For quartet or chorus) .12
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- 6. I Am the Bread of Life.....J. Sebastian Matthews (Communion or general use.) .12
- 7. On Christmas Morning......T. Frederick H. Candlyn .15 (Carol anthem)
- 8. Alleluia! The Strife Is O'er.....T. Frederick H. Candlyn .15 (Easter anthem.)
- 9.
- 10. But Now, Thus Saith the Lord.....T. Tertius Noble .12 (For Missionary Services, or general use.)

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The Ecclesiastical Music of Philip James.

Of all the controversies regarding Of all the controversies regarding Protestant church music the liveliest is being waged over the compositions of Philip James. Rowland W. Dunham says that Parker and James are the only Americans who have written ecclesiastical music of any significance, tempering his acerbity with a gracious admission of Edward Shippen Barnes for the sake of a certain organ symfor the sake of a certain organ sym-phony. With less vehemence Mr. James is admired by a number of oth-er mer whom we recognize as leaders --Messrs. Farrow, Bland, Farnam, Farrow, Bland, Farnam, liams, Doane and other profession. On the other think that

er men whom we recognize as leaders —Messrs. Farrow, Bland, Farnam, Dorr, Williams, Doane and other lights of the profession. On the other hand, there are those who think that the idiom of this composer's work is secular, remote, even ugly. The trouble is, of course, that Mr. James is original and that his writing is often difficult of performance. More than half of his things are beyond the quartet and volunteer chorus. In ad-dition, a man who considers Scriabine the greatest genius since Wagner is not likely to find favor with choirmas-ters who have not yet heard of a cer-tain César Franck and who have never seen a Russian anthem. But all over the country nowadays yon can find choirmasters who are eager for new idiom and fresh expression, and among them the reputation of James grows. them the reputation of James grows

Mr. James is certainly an American Mr. James is certainly an American product—a young New Yorker edu-cated in the College of the City of New York, attributing his training to American teachers. During the war he was distinguished by being chosen commanding officer and bandmaster of the military band of 125 musicians selected for Pershing's French head-quarters. Since the war he has con-ducted and taught composition, ma-turing slowly the manuscripts which ducted and taught composition, ma-turing slowly the manuscripts which show so much of loving care. Indeed, I think that there is no other church composer of our time except Healey Willan whose publication is so scrupu-lously limited by artistic conscience. Of course, the James idiom did not spring from the East River foam. In his earlier work he is obviously under modern French influence, and in his later compositions Russian ideas are

later compositions Russian ideas are evident. He has an extraordinarily fertile and versatile harmonic sense, a command of counterpoint which hardly equalled in the work of and a hich is hardly equalled in the work of our younger composers except in the work younger composers except in the work of Candlyn. At times his harmonies are so lush as to afford some ground for the charge that his idiom is sec-ular; on the other hand, when he is in his Russian mood he is capable of the harshest realism in interpreting strong moods. I suppose that it is strong moods. I suppose that it is chiefly this versatility of harmonic treatment that has furnished most bewilderment to his critics. I cannot limit my appreciation of American church music to the two composers named by Mr. Dunham, but I feel that limit church named by Mr. Dunham, but I feel that Mr. James belongs among the most original ten composers of our day who write church music for the English-speaking peoples; and the question of his future development and final rank is a most interesting one. Of course, novelty is not a thing chiefly to be regarded; in all the arts unity comes before variety except in periods of anarchy, and the church is no place for the anarch. Far from being an anarch, however, Mr. James shows the most consummate skill in obtaining unity of mood and impression. Some of his adherents admire him because he is different; I admire him because he is a versatile, disciplined, conscien-tious artist who adds individual sin-cerity to finished workmanship.

The Anthems

It is a small list, but a very choice one "A Ballad of the Trees and the Mas-

ter," a cappella chorus. (D) Good Fri-day, Nature, Concert. "As Now the Sun's Declining Rays," SB. (G) Evening. "By the Waters of Babylon," chorus. (G in press.) Lent, Concert. "The Day Is Gently Sinking," Bar. (S) Evening.

"The Day Is Genuy Sinning, Learning, Evening, "Child Jesus Came" and "Christ Is Born." (B) Christmas, "I Am the Vine," ST. (Huntzinger & Dilworth.) Brotherly Love. "I Have Considered," chorus. (D) Na-tional, Festival, Anniversary. "Hail, Dear Conqueror," chorus. (S) Easter

Easter Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis in D, STBar. (S) "O. Be Joyful" (Jubilate), in C. (D) "We Pray Thee, Gracious Lord," a cappella chorus. (S) Praise. The two evening anthems, the Christman construction of the Nunc Dimit

anthems, the Nunc Dimit-The two evening anthem Christmas carols and the Nunc Christmas carols and the Nunc Dimit-tis can be managed pretty well by a quartet, and they are perhaps the easiest numbers for chorus. "A Bal-lad of Trees" is one of the most orig-inal of the works; it is to be given by the New York Oratorio Society this winter. "The Day Is Gently Sinking" is a melodious and extremely effective work, the only difficulty appearing in the solo; the setting for solo of the work, the only during a potenting in the solo; the setting for solo of the words "Fear Not, for It Is I" is an opportunity for thrilling effect. I commend this anthem as a good one to use in introducing the composer's work to your congregation. The oth-er evening anthem is equally good and less luscious in harmonic color; though an early work, it is masterly. The two carols I expect to use this Christmas; the first has a fine modal flavor. If your Christmas program for this year is not quite complete, have a look at this number, no matter what twos of choir you direct. When have a look at this number, no matter what type of choir you direct. When Mr. James learned that I was to perpe-trate this article, he asked me to be gentle with "I Am the Vine," remem-bering that he wrote it on an Erie Railroad train. It is not nearly so bad as that; I think that he has forgotten what road he was on. In fact, this is a useful number, particularly for quartets; it is easy, fairly original, and with a text seldom set. We need more anthems about social service and brotherly love. The only objection to this anthem is that it repeats words too much. much. too

"I Have Considered" was used as a test piece at the National American Music Festival in October, and it de-served the distinction for many rea-sons. It is difficult, but of magnifi-cent vitality. "Hail, Dear Conqueror," big Easter anthem for chorus, is "I Have Considered" was used as a a big Easter anthem for chorus, is rated by Mr. Dunham as one of the composer's highest achievements; it is composer's highest achievements; it is one of the most popular in spite of its difficulties. The Magnificat has short obligato bits for soprano and tenor; the Nunc gives you three pages of the most appealing music—and it is easy; the Gloria is grand and sonorous. I rate this evening service about as high as anything the composer has done. Non-liturgical churches will find that the three pages of the Nunc can be given without Gloria to make a beau-tiful closing anthem for an evening service: it is so that I use it with my tiful closing anthem for an evening service; it is so that I use it with my

quartet. The Te Deum was written in Lon-don when Mr. James was only 18 years old; I cannot recall another example in church music of so masterly a youthful work. It was this Te Deum that first called the attention of Detune that next called the attention of choirmasters to the composer. One of the most interesting features about it is the recurrence of a theme which at first statement seems dignified, but rather commonplace, but which seems to grow finer with each repetition. It is a touch like that which promes the to grow nner with each repetition. It is a touch like that which proves the subtle and thoughtful artistry of a composer. The effect is that of pro-gressive and unified beauty. The Jubilate is an interesting example of rhythmical vigor; I suspect that the composer owes a little to negro spirit-uals. This setting I rate wit's Nohle's composer owes a little to negro spirit-uals. This setting I rate wi' Noble's in D as the most interesting modern examples of the canticle. "We Pray Thee" is a short unaccompanied chorus of praise in a more or less Russian style; Dr. Dickinson and other lead-ing choirmasters have used it. And so ends a really remarkable list of an-thems, every one original.

Other Works.

There are three cantatas: "The Nightingale of Bethlehem," SABar. (G) Christmas. Thirty minlutes.

"The Light of God," TBar. (G) "The Desire of Nations." In prep-aration. Christmas. "The Nightingale of Bethlehem"

was published last year about two weeks before Christmas, but the en-thusiastic Mr. Dunham put it on just thusiastic Mr. Dunham put it on just the same—a feat for which he deserves high commendation, as anybody will say who has seen the work. (It is dedicated to Mr. Dunham, by the way.) It is a beautiful piece of tone painting, finely conceived and perfect-ly finished, a really notable example of a style that owes much to modern French idiom but which is truly orig-inal. The accompaniment cries out for the small orchestra, for which parts may be obtained, and no one will attempt it who cannot command at attempt it who cannot command at least a modern organ. I have no doubt that the orchestral version is charming; Mr. James is a notably capable conductor. This work should capable conductor. This work should be presented by choral societies at concerts, but it is not unchurchly. I should think that the three-page solo for contralto beginning on page 24 might well be sung as a separate num-ber without the humming accompani-ment of chorus ment of chorus.

Turning from what is certainly one of the best of church cantatas to "The Light of God," I feel that I had bet ter not make any comment on a work which I do not like and probably do not understand. Perhaps if the press work were not so wretched I could go through it a few times more and arrive through it a few times more and arrive at a different conclusion. And Mr. Martens' verses are not the sort that I admire; he finds sirup in stones and goo in everything. This is a mali-cious thing to say, for he wrote the text of the other cantata; but sirup is not incongruous at Christmas. I am sorry that my old organ makes it im-possible to give "The Nightingale"; those of you who are near New York will be interested to know that Mr. Harrat will give it its first metropoli-tan performance at the Chapel of the Intercession this season, and with the aid of an orchestra. aid of an orchestra.

Mr. James has written three big numbers for organ that have not yet been published. The one organ com-position that he has published so far is the very popular "Meditation à Ste. Clotilde" (D), which I think I play oftener than any other organ compo-Clotilde" (D), which I think I play oftener than any other organ compo-tion by an American. It is obviously in Franck's style, and it quotes a touching bit of the great master's symphony. It is not difficult and goes pretty well on an old-fashioned organ.

This is not the place for a discussion of the secular compositions of Mr. James, though they interest me even more than his church music. I even more than his church music. I am using this year with my college chorus of women's voices his charm-ing "Lullaby" (S) and "My Little, Pretty One" (S), both easy because they are perfectly vocal, and both ex-quisite. There are other fine numbers for various types of chorus; one of them that I must mention is "The Vic-tory Riders" (G) a ballad for male them that I must mention is "The Vic-tory Riders" (G), a ballad for male voices that has been compared with "Danny Deever." The choral arrange-ment is much more effective than the original solo. Then there are a lot of solos, one of the finest of which is the short number entitled "The Secret" (Huntzinger & Dilworth), fine in text and exquisite in music, a superlative encore song.

encore song. I should not be surprised to hear that Mr. James had written the Great American Opera; in fact, I should not be surprised to hear any good and notable thing about him, and that is why I like his work so much—he is a master of reserve force. But what-ever he writes will be written and reever he writes will be written and reever he writtes will be written and re-written and laid by and rewritten until it is ready to be presented to the pub-lic and added to that short but fine list of works which I have commended to your attention. Mr. James is more than a composer; he is a living exam-ple of artistic integrity.

Miss Grace Chalmers Thomson, the New York organist, has given recitals in a number of places in the last two months in addition to her work as or-ganist and choirmaster of All Saints' Church, Leonia, N. J. She has also or-ganized and is training a chorus of thirty-five voices at the Parnassus Club in New York.

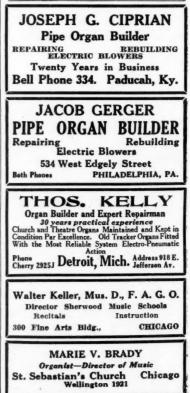
ORGANIST'S GOLDEN JUBILEE

H. C. Detweiler Closes Service of Half a Century in Church. The golden jubilee of the service of H. C. Detweiler of Hagersville, Pa., as organist of the Tohickon Lutheran Church of Keelersville, Pa., was ob-served Sunday, Oct. 23. The after-noon service was attended by approxi-mately 800 persons. Many others tried without success to get into the church. matery 800 persons. Many others tried without success to get into the church. Dr. J. S. Taylor of New York deliv-ered an address. Dr. Taylor was the first organ pupil of Mr. Detweiler. During his connection with this church the veteran organist has played at more than 1,400 funerals. On the occasion of his fiftieth anniversary his resignation went into effect and he is resignation went into effect and h succeeded by Horace G. Boorse. A touching feature of the service was the singing at the close of "Lord, Dismiss Us with Thy Blessing," with Mr. Detweiler at the organ.

Members of the congregation and music lovers of Asbury Park, N. J., filled the large First M. E. Church the evening of Oct. 16, when Mrs. Bruce S. Keator, the organist, gave another Griffin Memorial recital. As-sisting Mrs. Keator was Miss Mildred Dilling, harpist. Mrs. Keator's re-citals are always a delight, being so arranged as to combine gems that ap-peal to all. This, together with the possibilities of the new organ, made for one of the most enjoyable pro-grams presented in Asbury Park for some time. The instrumental numbers included: Chorale from Members of the congregation and grams presented in Asbury Park for some time. The instrumental numbers included: Chorale from Suite for Organ, Bartlett; "Holy Night," Gruber; Twilight Reverie, Rogers; Caprice, Deshayes; "By the Sea," Schubert; "Eastern Romance," Rimsky - Korsakoff; Cradle Song, Schubert; "Rustic Piece," Demarest; "The Swan," Saint-Saens.

The Swan," Saint-Saens. The Examiner-New Era of Lan-caster, Pa., announces that it has en-gaged Dr. William A. Wolf to be the editor of its music department and he has taken charge of a special page in that newspaper which henceforth will be a weekly feature. The Exam-iner-New Era characterizes Dr. Wolf as "one of Lancaster's most distin-guished musicians," and The Diapason is pleased to add that his fame spreads far beyond the limits of the Pennsylvania city. Dr. Wolf is a thorough musician who studied under the best masters in this country and abroad, including such men as Pro-fessor Hugo Riemann of Leipzig, Rafael Joseffy and Ferrucio Busoni.

Miss Lilian Carpenter, F. A. G. O., has been appointed organ instructor at the Institute of Musical Art in New York City as assistant to Gaston Dethier



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Statement of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the foct of Congress of Aug. 24, 1912, of The Diapason, published monthly at Chicago.
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(Seal) MICHAEL J. O'MALLEY. (My commission expires March 8, 1924.)

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The new Skinner Organ for St. John's Episcopal Church, Youngstown, Ohio, was dedicated October 16th

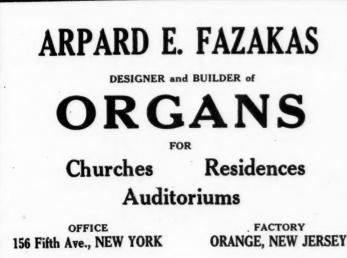
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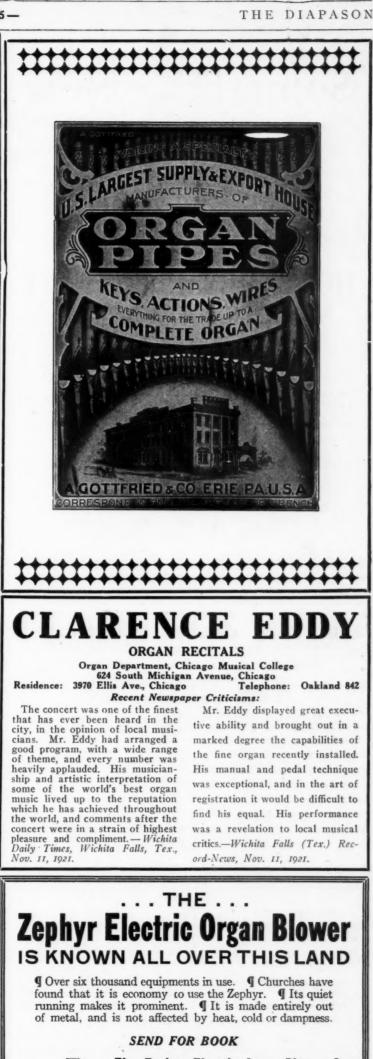
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