# THE DIAPASO

DEVOTED TO THE ORGAN

Twelfth Year-Number Ten.

CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 1, 1921.

One Dollar a Year-Ten Cents a Copy.

#### DR. VICTOR BAIER DIES; GUILD LOSES WARDEN

USEFUL CAREER IS CLOSED.

Was Organist of Trinity Church in New York Nearly Twenty-Five Years-His Distinguished Services to the A. G. O.

Dr. Victor Baier, warden of the American Guild of Organists and or-ganist and choirmaster of Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall street, New York City, died at his home, New Y Aug. 11.

New York City, died at his home, Aug. 11.

The illness of Dr. Baier was such that he was unable to leave the city as he had expected, and when the end came word was spread to the officers of the guild who were in town, making it possible for them to send notices to nearly all the headquarters' members. The result was a large representation at the funeral, Aug. 15. Apparently all felt the same impulse to turn out and do service to their late leader. At the church was a large gathering of friends and artists. The floral display was magnificent, conspicuous among the pieces being the wreath from the guild, tied with the guild crimson and corn color ribbons. The body of the late warden was attired in his church vestments and doctor's hood. As an evidence of the high regard and affection in which he was held, a numerous band of clergy were in attendance, headed by the bishop of New York, who read the committal service. The pall-bearers were members of the guild.

The program for the service was as follows: Dead March from "Saul,"

service. The pall-bearers were members of the guild.

The program for the service was as follows: Dead March from "Saul," Handel, played by Robert Winterbottom; "Marche Funebre," Chopin, played by Frank Wright; Psalms to Anglican chants by Felton and Beethoven; "Souls of the Righteous." by Noble; "Man That Is Born of Woman," by Croft and Purcell; "I Heard a Voice from Heaven," by Gilbert; Hymn, "Hark, Hark, My Soul," Smart, and as the postlude, "Marche Funebre," by Beethoven, played by Dr. John Hyatt Brewer. The service organists were Moritz E. Schwarz and Oscar Franklin Comstock. The touching spectacle can only be dimly imagined, for the choir was made up of the usual Trinity boys and men, but with the addition of many former boys now grown into men singers and a throng of men who were formerly but with the addition of many former boys now grown into men singers and a throng of men who were formerly members of the choir. The singing from this mass was most impressive, and there could have been few dry eyes in the church.

Later a memorial service will be held, when an added tribute will be naid

held, when an added tribute will be paid.

In the passing of Dr. Baier, the guild has lost a devoted leader, the church has lost one of its most prominent musicians and the city has lost a generous patron of the arts.

Gottfried H. Federlein, the subwarden, will automatically become the warden.

warden, will automatically become the warden.

Dr. Baier was born in New York in July, 1861, and entered the choir of Trinity Church ten years later. He later became organist of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Jersey City, and was in charge of the singing in the public schools there. In 1884 he returned to Trinity Church as assistant organist to Dr. Messiter, and upon the latter's retirement in 1897 succeeded to his position.

Much can be said in praise of Dr. Baier's work as organist and choirmaster of Trinity. He studiously preserved the magnificent traditions that were established by his predecessors, and has left an enviable record for devotion and faithfulness. It was no light task to follow in the footsteps of such men as Hodges Cutler and Messiter. Dr. Baier's services to the American Guild of Organists were of (Continued on second page.)

GROUP OF TEACHERS AND STUDENTS AT FONTAINEBLEAU.



(From photograph taken in the Court of Napoleon's Farewell.) Reading from left to right—Stanley R. Avery, Minneapolis, Minn.; Fr. Casadesus, director of the school; Ellsworth McLeod, Providence, R. I.; J. Elbert Chadwick, Helena, Mont.; Charles Marie Widor, Marcel Dupre, G. Calvin Ringgenberg, Jamestown, N. D.; Marshall S. Bidwell, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; M. Fragnand, sub-prefect of Fontainebleau.

N. Y. "MOVIE" ORGANISTS OUT

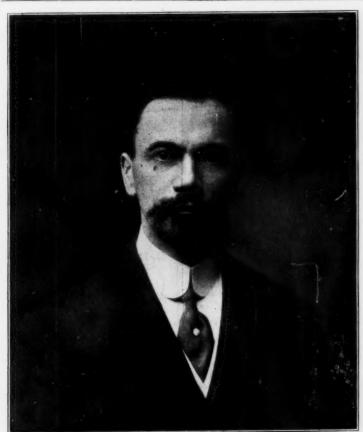
Players Quit When 20 Per Cent Salary Cut Is Made by Managers.

The orchestras and organists in all the leading picture-houses of New York and Brooklyn and most of the Fox, Loew and Keith houses of Greater New York walked out on Saturday, Aug. 6. Because of trouble with the American Federation of Mu-

cut, but would have the protection of the federation.

the federation.

It is generally believed that a compromise could have been made with the managers in regard to the cut, but the men had voted in the union not to accept any cut, and felt that the managers had acted unjustly in taking this action at a time when the local body was helpless. The contract did not expire before September.



DR. VICTOR BAIER, LATE WARDEN OF A. G. O.

sicians, the local union was suspended, which deprived it of support from the national body in any dispute. Taking advantage of this situation, the New York managers of two-a-day houses announced that men remaining after Aug. 6 would face a 20 per cent wage

This is said by the organists in no sense to be a strike, as the men had not asked for an advance in pay, or made any demands. At present there are no orchestras in the first-run houses on Broadway, choruses, dances and ballets filling the gap. AMERICANS AT WORK AT FONTAINEBLEAU

SPEND SUMMER IN STUDY

Letter from Stanley R. Avery Describes Life in School-Widor Comes Once a Week to Hear the Pupils.

Conservatoire Americain, Fontainebleau, France, July 29, 1921.—It was most interesting, especially to us organists here, to read in the last Diapason what Mr. Barnes had to say about organ study in France; for just now that is our job, or at least part of it. Some of us are working at more than organ and we have full days. We of the organ department are six—if not quite the six, sleek, slim saplings, very nearly so, for we all project ourselves vertically almost out of proportion to our rotundity, and that helps in organ playing.

When I arrived a month ago there

and that helps in organ playing.

When I arrived a month ago there were only two in the class—G. Calvin Ringgenberg, director of music at, Jamestown College, N. D., and Ellsworth McLeod of Providence, R. I. They had had one lesson with the instructor appointed to us, Henri Libert, organist of the Basilica of St. Denis and a professor at the Paris Conservatoire, as is every instructor here, and were discussing him pro and con. Time has shown us that Mr. Libert is a fine organist, a learned musician and an inspiring enthusiast, Libert is a fine organist, a learned musician and an inspiring enthusiast, whose energy and interest never flag during the two and three-hour class periods we have with him. His method, I should judge, is much the same as that of Decaux as described by Mr. Barnes. He is very particular; but when we please him, more generous of commendation, it seems, than the other teacher.

Once a week Widor comes down

or commendation, it seems, than the other teacher.

Once a week Widor comes down and hears us. While much of the work here in all branches is devoted to technique, M. Widor gives his whole attention to interpretation and keeps us almost entirely on Bach. He is very particular as to the turn of a phrase and sings or plays passages again and again. He goes down to the fundamentals, but they say that in the last few years he has made some radical changes in his Bach readings. Whether or not it is his long association with Bach (as suggested by Walter Spalding, one of our lecturers), he as often talks to us in German as in French, which seems at least odd in France. He still plays at St. Sulpice. where we often visit him on Sundays. Sundays.

Sundays.

We have gone right back to Bach, Mendelssohn and Widor, besides whom, says Libert, there is no other composer for the organ, except Franck. So we are going through the big preludes, toccatas, fantasias and fugues, the sonatas and the symphonies, and getting, besides directions for playing, most valuable analyses and scholarly interpretations of these master-works. The class method of teaching is excellent, as each man plays to an audience and also hears his fellow student's lessons.

We include Marshall S. Bidwell, organist of Coe College and of the First Presbyterian Church, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; J. Elbert Chadwick, who goes next season to Montana Wesleyan College at Helena; Frank M. Crane, instructor in organ at the State Normal School, Potsdam, N. Y., and myself. We are all professionals with a past, who recognized the opportunity here offered to get Paris Conservatoire ideas, methods and contacts in this splendidly equipped and managed American conservatory, instituted for the first time this summer in the beautiful Palace of Fontainebleau. The studios are all large apartments in the Louis XV. wing—a building crowded with historical memories, especially from the time

(Continued on second page.)

of Napoleon, and devoted until recently to the use of the French presidents as a summer residence. One of these large rooms on the second floor is devoted to the organ work. It contains a small but very good instrument bearing the name of Cavaille-Coll, though the firm has been succeeded by Mutin. There are two manuals (to upper G only) and pedals (to F), and twelve speaking stops. And so important a matter as meals is splendidly looked after. They are served in the best French manner in a corridor of the Henry IV. wing, and are excellent. The girls are provided with fine apartments in the chateau and the men have assigned good rooms about town.

chateau and the men have assigned good rooms about town.

So the Fontainebleau School is providing a splendid opportunity to ambitious Americans—we number 100 this first year—and especially to teachers who wish to refresh themselves and study the conservatory methods. Paris is only thirty-five miles away, and there are opera and other theatrical and musical attractions all summer. But the advantages of Fontainebleau for the purposes of the school are greater; it is cooler here and our surroundings are ideal in every way. We also have the quiet we need. And Americans have to go a long way to find it.

STANLEY R. AVERY.
(Organist of St. Mark's Church and Mae Phall School, Minneapolis, Minn.)

#### DEATH OF DR. VICTOR BAIER.

(Continued from first page.)

far-reaching value. He first served as a member of the council. In 1903 as a member of the council. In 1903 he was elected general treasurer, the duties of which office he performed with unusual skill and untiring zeal until his election to the wardenship in 1920. He was re-elected warden in 1921. He had made plans for considerably enlarging the guild and the scope of its work. Had not his unfortunate illness prevented him from so doing, he intended to visit all the chapters, and to devote all his energies and administrative ability to all the chapters, and to devote all his energies and administrative ability to the organization of many more chapters, so that the whole profession could be banded together in fraternal relations and in an effort to raise the standard of organ playing to the highest plane. Three new chapters were added during his wardenship: Eastern New York, Pennsylvania and Baltimore.

The most important event, in which

Baltimore.

The most important event, in which Dr. Baier was so greatly interested, was the celebration of the guild's twenty-fifth anniversary, which was observed with a festal service, held in Trinity Church, April 13, and a banquet, held at the Hotel Annex, April 14. In spite of his illness and declining strength he took great care in planning all the details of the service and the banquet and was present at both events, even though suffering both events, even though suffering from pain and exhaustion. It was an exhibition of courage and fortitude. It is much to be regretted that he could not have been spared a few months longer to celebrate his twenty-fifth anniversary as organist and suffering It was an fifth anniversary as organist and choirmaster of Trinity, which would have occurred on May 1, 1922.

#### ARTHUR R. FRASER IS DEAD.

Well-Known Chicago Organist Passes Away After Long Illness.

Away After Long Illness.

Arthur Randolph Fraser, a well-known Chicago organist, died at the Presbyterian Hospital Aug. 22. Mr. Fraser was organist and choir director of Grace Episcopal Church, Oak Park, and director of the music at the Deerfield Township high school, Highland Park, and had also a large class of piano and organ pupils in Oak Park, where he lived. He had been in ill health for more than a year, but had bravely kept up all his professional activities up to the time of his summer vacation. Mr. Fraser's former home was at Kalamazoo, Mich., and the funeral was held there Aug. 24.

#### Reynolds Has Denver Position.

Clarence Reynolds has been appointed municipal organist of Denver to succeed Palmer Christian, who resigned a month ago, as set forth in The Diapason for August. Mr. Reynolds formerly held the same position.

#### ORGAN OF 45 STOPS FOR FIRST PRESBYTERIAN

#### SPECIFICATION FOR CHICAGO

Skinner Four-Manual to Take Place of Historic Instrument on Which Clarence Eddy Played Before Francis S. Moore.

The First Presbyterian Church of Chicago, long known for its music, will strive for still higher honors when the new Skinner four-manual organ is completed in that edifice. The organ, the contract for which was let late in July, as stated in the August Diapason, will have forty-five stops and will be one of the large church organs of the city. When it is completed a series of recitals by noted organists will be given on it under the direction of Francis S. Moore, the organist of the First Church. The old three-manual organ in the church will be displaced by the new one. Considerable history attaches to the old instrument. It stood originally in the building of the First Church at Indiana avenue and Twenty-first street, which was abandoned several years ago when the First and Forty-first street churches were united and the organ was moved to the church at Grand boulevard and Forty-first street. With it went Mr. Moore, who succeeded Clarence Eddy as the organist of the First Presbyterian Church.

Following is the specification of the organist of Church.

Following is the specification of the new organ

GREAT ORGAN. Bourdon (Pedal Extension), 16 ft., 61

pes.
Diapason I, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Diapason II, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Claribel Flute, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Claribel Flute, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Twelfth, 2% ft., 61 pipes.
Tromba (In Choir swell box) 8 ft., 61

Tromba (In Choir Swell box) ipes.

SWELL ORGAN.

Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Gedeckt, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Voix Celeste, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Luda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Luda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Flute, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Flutte, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Mixture, 3 rks., 183 pipes.
Cornopean, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Tremolo.

Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Tremolo.
CHOIR ORGAN.
Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Concert Flute, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Dulciana, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Flute, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Piccolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes.
Clarinet, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Orchestral Oboe, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Tremolo.
SOLO ORGAN.

Tremolo.

SOLO ORGAN.
Gamba, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Gamba Celeste, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
French Horn, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Tuba Mirabilis (15-inch wind), 8 ft., 73

pipes. ECHO ORGAN.
Vox Humana. 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Cor de Nuit, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Chimes (Playable on Solo and Great
manuals), 30 notes.
PEDAL ORGAN.

(Augmented.)
Diapason (resultant), 32 ft., 32 notes.
Diapason, 16 ft., 32 pipes.
Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 pipes.
Echo Bourdon (From Swell) 16 ft., 32 pipes.

otes. Octave, 8 ft., 32 pipes. Gedeckt, 8 ft., 32 pipes. Still Gedeckt (From Swell), 8 ft., 32

otes. Flute, 8 ft., 32 pipes. Trombone, 16 ft., 32 notes. Tromba, 8 ft., 32 notes.

#### WILD QUITS GRACE CHURCH

Resigns Chicago Position He Has Held a Quarter of a Century.

Word is received as we go to press that Harrison M. Wild has resigned as organist and choirmaster of Grace Episcopal Church, Chicago, and that the resignation was accepted after it had been made certain that Mr. Wild would not reconsider. Mr. Wild has been at Grace Church a quarter of a century and until the fire a few years ago which destroyed the edifice on Wabash avenue he presided over a large Kimball organ, one of the notable church organs in the city. He has trained a very large number of organists who now play in all parts of the world and some of whom are among the leading organists of the country. Mr. Wild will continue his work as director of the Apollo and Mendelssohn Clubs and his piano teaching.

#### **CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS**

FOR SALE-ORGANS, ETC

FOR SALE—THREE-MANUAL HOOK & Hastings organ in First Presbyterian Church, Chicago. Thirty-six speaking stops, tracker pneumatic action. In excellent condition. Without case. Must be sold because of purchase of larger organ. Will go to highest bidder. Address Francis S. Moore, 1713 Ridge avenue, Evanston, Ill.

FOR SALE—TWO SLIDE CHESTS, x7 6", five stops each, nearly new, with dler boards, square bars and trackers.

2'x7' 6", five stops each, nearly new, when roller boards, square bars and trackers, complete.

One bellows, 4'x7' 2", double folds, square feeders, nearly new. All in very good condition.

Some very good Wood Stops. For want of \*pace will sacrifice. HERMAN STAHL, 209 West Fifth street, Erie, Pa.

FOR SALE—TWELVE ESTEY PORTable reed organs, voiced for orchestra work; good as new; \$320.00 f. o. b. Philadelphia. First and second violins, viola, 'cello, oboe, bassoon, trombone, horn. cornet, clarinet, flute, double bass. OWEN J. W. BURNESS & SON, 5905 Greene street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—TWO-MANUAL TRACK. er action organ of eleven stops, with dis-play pipes, but no casework. Address Calvin Brown, 4539 North Richmond street, Chicago.

FOR SALE—TWO-MANUAL TUBU-lar pneumatic action, divided. Detached console. For information inquire of Calvin Brown, 4539 North Richmond street, Chicago.

FOR SALE—A TWO-MANUAL ORGAN built by Jardine, containing about 700 pipes. Address W. G. Spargo, Westerly, (9)

FOR SALE—PIPE ORGAN, ELEVEN stops, tracker action, oak case, all in fine condition. Now in Brooklyn church. Address G. F. Döhring, Edgewater, N. J. [tf]

#### WANTED-POSITIONS.

WANTED — THEATER ORGANIST experienced, large library, now playing desires change. Go anywhere. Address G 4, The Diapason. Give make of in-strument.

#### WANTED-ORGANS.

WANTED—TO BUY, TUBULAR PNEU-matic and electric organs, two-manual Address WILLIAM LINDEN, 1637 Vinc street, Chicago, Ill. Telephone, Diversey 2654.

Fred A. Kochler has been appointed organist of Trinity Episcopal Church. Bethlehem, Pa., succeeding Dr. J. Fred Wolle, who tendered his resignation to go into effect Sept. 1. Mr. Kochler is a former pupil of Russell King Miller of Philadelphia. He is manager of the Kochler Music House of Bethlehem. Mr. Kochler was organist of Christ Lutheran Church at Hazelton, Pa., for fifteen years.

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WANTED—FIRST-CLASS OUTSIDE erecting man. Good wages to the right man. THE HALL ORGAN COMPANY, West Haven, Conn.

WANTED—ORGAN TUNERS. STEADY work. Louis F. Mohr & Co., 2899 Valen-tine avenue, New York City. [10]

WANTED—ORGANISTS FOR THEA-ter work. Organists coached on style and repertoire for theater playing by special-ist. Lucrative positions. For particular, write SIDNEY STEINHEIMER, Manager and Instructor, Organ Department, Frank Miller Lyceum, 145 West Forty-fifth street, New York City.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED METAL ipemakers. Address John A. Hanley, kinner Organ Company, Dorchester,

WANTED — VOICER ACCUSTOMED to theater work. State experience and wages. Permanent position with interest in business for right man. Address H3, The Diapason.

WANTED—ORGAN FACTORY DE-res first-class church organ salesman, ate experience, salary expected, refer-ices. Communications treated confi-ential. Address E 2, The Diapason. dential.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED ORGAN builders for outside erecting and finishins. THE AMERICAN PHOTO PLAYER COMPANY, San Francisco, Calif. (tf)

WANTED—SKILLED WORKMEN IN every department, highest wages, steady work. GEORGE KILGEN & SON, 3826 Lackde avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED-THOROUGHLY EXPERI-enced pipe organ flue voicers. AUSTIN ORGAN COMPANY, Hartford, Conn.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS METAL flue pipe voicers by a large Eastern con-cern. Address O 2, The Diapason. (tf)

WANTED — EXPERIENCED REED ad flue voicers. Steady work with good by. Address D. 1, The Diapason.

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WANTED — FIRST - CLASS ORGAN builders. A. E. Fazakas, Orange, N. J.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ORGAN alesman. Good opportunity for a good alesman. Address H 2, The Diapason.

THE DIAPASON.

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#### ORGAN OF SIXTY-FOUR STOPS TO WINONA, MINN.

WORK OF HOOK & HASTINGS

Boston Company Erecting Large Instrument at Central Methodist Church in Minnesota Town -The Specification.

The Hook & Hastings Company of Boston is erecting one of the largest organs in the Northwest in the Central Methodist Episcopal Church of Winona, Minn. This instrument replaces a smaller Hook-Hastings organistalled about ten years ago. The new organ has a total of sixty-four speaking stops, and with the exception of the bourdon on the great and the lieblich bourdon in the swell every manual stop has a full set of pipes. The specification of the instrument is as follows:

GREAT ORGAN (Eleven stops, 517 pipes).

GREAT ORGAN (Eleven stops, 517 pipes), 1. Bourdon, 29 pipes (lower 32 from Pedal Bourdon), 16 ft., 61 notes, 2. Open Diapason (major), 8 ft., 61

pipes.
3. Open Diapason (minor), 8 ft., 61

Pedal Bourdon), 16 It., 51 notes.
2. Open Diapason (major), 8 ft., 61 pipes.
3. Open Diapason (minor), 8 ft., 61 pipes.
4. Gemshorn, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
5. Doppel Flöte, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
6. Viol d'Amour, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
7. Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
8. Flute Harmonique, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
9. Tuba, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
10. Harp (from Cholr).
11. Chimes (from Echo).
Stops 4 to 9 in Choir swell box.
SWELL ORGAN (Sixteen stops, 1,234 pipes).
12. Lieblich Bourdon, 16 ft., 41 pipes (lower 52 Pedal Gedeckt), 73 notes.
13. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
14. Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
15. Viol d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
16. Vox Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
17. Aeoline, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
18. Quintadena, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
20. Flute Traverso, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
21. Solo Dolce Cornet, 3 rks., 183 pipes.
22. Contra Fagotto, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
23. Cornopean, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
24. Obo Orchestral, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
25. Saxophone, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
26. Spitz Flöte, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
27. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
28. Contra Viole, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
29. English Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
31. Dulciana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
32. Concert Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
33. Flute Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
34. Rohr Flute, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
35. Piccolo Harmonique, 2 ft., 61 pipes.
36. French Horn. 8 ft., 73 pipes.
37. Clarinet (Orchestral), 8 ft., 73 pipes.
38. Harp Bars, 49 (Deagan) (Playable from Great and Choir).
39. Chimes (from Echo).
ECHO ORGAN (Fourteen stops, 903 pipes).
40. Bourdon, 16 ft., 61 pipes.
41. Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
42. Doppel Flöte, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
43. Cor de Nuit, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
44. Echo Viole, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
45. Unda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
46. Echo String Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
47. Quintadena, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
48. Echo Flute, 61 pipes.
49. Echo Cornet, 3 rks., 183 pipes.
50. Uvox Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
51. Fagotto, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
52. Carinet, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
53. Chimes (Deagan) (Playable from Great and Choir

clusive.

PEDAL ORGAN (Augmented) (Ten stops, 176 pipes).

54. Resultant, 32 ft., 32 notes.

55. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 44 pipes.

56. Violone, 16 ft., 44 pipes.

57. Bourdon, 16 ft., 44 pipes.

58. Lieblich Gedeckt, 16 ft., 32 pipes.

59. Posaune, 16 ft., 32 notes.

60. Violoncello, 8 ft., 32 notes.

61. Gross Flöte, 8 ft., 32 notes.

62. Flauto Dolce, 8 ft., 32 notes.

63. Tuba, 8 ft., 32 notes.

64. Bourdon (in Echo chamber), 16 ft.,

32 notes.

M. P. Möller Goes to Europe.

M. P. Möller, head of the organ factory bearing his name and president of the Organ Builders' Association of America, departed for Europe in August. He sailed Aug. 10 and will visit his old home in Denmark. He expects to return to Hagerstown in October.

Sidney C. Durst of Cincinnati writes Sidney C. Durst of Cincinnati writes from Barcelona, Spain, under date of July 11 that he has been enjoying a most interesting summer and that he found "a bunch of musicians in Spain who are almost American in their energy." Upon Mr. Durst's return home it may be expected that he will add greatly to what he has already done to enlarge American knowledge of Spanish contributions to the music of the organ. RECITALS AT BIG MEETING.

Institute of Politics at Williamstown Marked by Organ Music.

At the five weeks' session of the Institute of Politics held at Williams College, Williamstown, Mass., which has been receiving publicity throughout the country owing to the fact of the gathering of so many statesmen, scholars and publicists, and the notable lectures and addresses which were given there, organ music did its share toward maintenance of harmony and good fellowship.

At the opening exercises July 29 Sumner Salter, organist and director of music at Williams College, sounded the first note with Eugene d'Evry's Toccata in C, followed by Wolstenholme's "Fantaisie Rustique" and the first movement from the same composer's Sonata in the Style of Handel. Following the address of Chief Justice Taft came Joseph Bonnet's Concert Variations and after addresses of the governor of the commonweath, the mayor of Boston and President Abbot Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University, the Allegro from Maquaire's First Symphony.

On Sunday, July 31, Harry Benjamin Jepson, professor of music at Yale University, gave the first of a series of four weekly recitals by guest organists with the following program: Sixth Organ Symphony (four movements), Widor; Ballade and "Les Jongleurs," from the Second Sonata, Jepson; Allegro from the Tenth Concerto, Handel; Chorale, "Have Mercy upon Me, O God," Bach; Scherzo in G minor, Bossi; "At the Convent," Revery and Nocturne, Borodin; War March from "Rienzi," Wagner.

Professor Samuel A. Baldwin of the College of the City of New York played the second recital on Aug. 7, the program of which was as follows: "Concerto Gregoriano," Yon; Evening Song, Schumann; Air from Suite in D, and Fugue in G major a la Gigue, Bach; Prelude to "Parsifal," Wagner; Idyl, "From the South," Gillette; "Will o' the Wisp," Gordon Balch Nevin; "In the Morning" and "Ase's Death" (from "Peer Gynt" Suite, No. 1), Grieg; Fountain Reverie, Fletcher; "Boy the Sea," Schubert; "Variations de Concert," Bonnet.

Edwin Arthur Kraft of Cleveland at his recital, Au

Goes to St. Peter's, Chicago.

Willard L. Groom has been appointed organist and choirmaster of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Chicago, the largest parish of the Episcopal Church in the city. He begins his new duties Sept. 1. Mr. Groom is a Chicago man and a brother-of Lester W. Groom, organist of the Church of the Ascension. He has been for the last year at St. David's Church, Austin, Texas, and previously was in Flint, Mich. He assumes at St. Peter's the position held for many years by Herbert E. Hyde, now at St. Luke's, Evanston.

New Cantata by Nevin.

The new cantata, "The Crown of Life," by George B. Nevin, a composer whose compositions are known and sung the country over, to be issued this fall by the Oliver Ditson Company, will be welcomed by organists and choirmasters as it is promised that it will be suitable for use at any season of the year and that many of the numbers may be used effectively as separate anthems. The title page will be illuminated with a copy of a crown, a celebrated piece of wood carving from a choir stall in the beautiful San Miniato Church in Florence, Italy. This carving dates back to 1466. The cantata contains effective solos for all the voices, an especially attractive duet for tenor quartet and chorus.

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CHICAGO

### Some Original Developments in Organ Tone

By WILLIAM E. HASKELL

Paper Read before the National Associa Organists in Convention at Philadel by the Superintendent of the Estey Organ Company.

[Continued from August issue.]

Continued from August issue.]

A stopped bass of fundamental quality—without quint harmonics—makes a fairly satisfactory bass for a melodia or flute, but lacks every requirement as a bass for an open, and is absolutely inadequate as a bass for a string, for, as generally used as a bass for a string, for, by it is voiced with a quint, in which case the fundamental is seriously impaired and in any case this bass does not match, either when playing the stop alone or in combination with any other stop, but with this composite pipe we can carry down any quality of tone—flute, string, or even the imitative flue pipes designed to take the place of the reed saxophone and oboe.

CLARINET.

CLARINET.

to taske the place of the reed saxophone and oboe.

CLARINET.

The composite pipe in which the complementary chamber is half the area in cross section of the pipe and inserted in the pipe responds to whatever treatmant is given it, producing equally well the two extremes of flute and keen string, but when we attempt to insert the top of a pipe in a cylinder in which conditions are reversed and the pipe is but one-half the area of the cylinder, we meet altogether new phenomena, for, whereas with the cylinder inserted in the pipe the characteristics of the pipe predominate, with a pipe inserted in a cylinder, the characteristics of the pipe predominate. As we are all aware, an open pipe may produce all the harmonics both even and uneven, but a stopped pipe can produce only uneven harmonics, and as the first harmonic possible to produce in a stopped pipe is the fifth above its octave, consequently the first or octave harmonic cannot be produced.

Now, with the combination of an open pipe speaking into a cylinder—which cylinder is in fact a stopped pipe—we encounter the following phenomena: The primary impulse set up at the mouth causes a vibration in the interior of the pipe proper. This vibration in the pipe sets up a sympathetic vibration in the surrounding cylinder, but the cylinder is incapable of responding to the harmonics of the even order, and, therefore, its induced vibrations are all of the uneven barmonice, not prevent the audibility of the even harmonics produced by the pipe.

sets up a sympathetic vibration in the surrounding cylinder, but the cylinder is incapable of responding to the harmonics of the even order, and, therefore, its induced vibrations are all of the uneven order.

It cannot prevent the audibility of the even harmonics produced by the pipe, but it can and does blend with them, producing a resultant tone in which there is an undercurrent of even harmonics, and a preponderance of uneven harmonics, and a resultant fundamental necessarily occurs, as the number of vibrations of the fundamental is a mathematically exact division of each and every harmonic both even and uneven.

A careful proportioning of pipe and cylinder together with proper treatment of the mouth results in a tone extremely characteristic of the clarinet. We have, therefore, an open pipe discharging a set of the evenly numbered sound waves into a stopped cylinder and inducing in that cylinder the opposite set of harmonics, both blending to form a tone different in character from either and of a pitch equal to the length of both combined. The external cylinder must not be long enough to interfere with the speech at the mouth, but the most characteristic tone is obtained by making the cylinder as long as possible, thus getting the maximum influence from the qualifying tube.

Imitation of an orchestral instrument is limited, of course, to the imitation of only one of the phases of the instrument is limited, of course, to the imitation of only one stop of pipes, for a clever performer on any orchestral instrument by other means than the instrument of hea a produce one of an instrument of hea and old as any other flue pipe, whether imitative of orchestral instrumen

or short length pipe, in that the qualifying chambers bear a definite relation to each other in pitch and there is no one primary pipe to produce the initial vibration, although there is but one mouth for the several qualifying chambers.

vibration, although there is but one mouth for the several qualifying chambers.

You will not credit the possibility of imitating the tone of a vox humana by a flue pipe, yet I have constructed and voiced a wooden flue pipe of the aforesaid construction, which was put in the place of a middle D of a vox humana reed pipe, voiced, tuned and regulated to match the rest of the reed stop, and it could not be located by anyone who tried to find it, although each and every one was informed in which octave it was located.

to find it, although each and every one was informed in which octave it was located.

There is at present the seeming impossibility of establishing a scale whereby this remarkable tone may be carried throughout the compass of the organ, and it is quite probable that in this pipe in the middle octave there are lacking certain overtones that we do not miss, owing to the limits of our hearing, or there may be present certain harmonics that are inaudible for the same reason. The fact remains, however, that pipes, in a lower register, accurately constructed and embodying the same relative conditions as the smaller pipe, produce not only apparently objectionable harmonics, but also lack requisite overtones, for the resultant tone of this low-pitch pipe lacks the quality heard in the pipe in the midle register. The upper pipes are easy to imitate and I assume that this is due simply to our inability to distinguish quality so accurately in pipes where the vibration of the fundamental is of high frequency and the harmonics, especially the higher partials, far beyond the limit of hearing.

As this pipe requires further development, I have decided that a exhibition at the present time would be a little premature.

The composite pipe has occasioned considerable interest in technical schools

ment. I have decided that sexhibition at the present time would be a little premature.

The composite pipe has occasioned considerable interest in technical schools and colleges, but to date there has been no explanation of its phenomena advanced by anyone. Requests have been made to the Estey Organ Company for samples of the pipe, with a description of its construction, but that is always the last of it. Whether it is not of sufficient interest—which is doubtful—or whether it is so foreign to all accepted theories of sound as to be impossible of analysis, by present and available apparatus, is a question. The fact remains, however, that it is a new one, and no explanation of its phenomena is forthcoming.

The one stumbling block to an explanation is the fact that the pitch of the pipe itself, taken alone, need not bear any musical or mathematical relation to the pitch of the resonator. They may be one-fourth tone apart, one-half tone apart, or octaves, or any intermediate position as to pitch, and yet when brought together with the resonator, or complementary chamber placed in tiproper position, either within or outside of the pipe, the pitch is always the sum of the two and no change in quality may be observed by either increase or decrease in the length of either pipe or cylinder.

Should we attempt to make two pipes, of different lengths, sound together, they

crease in the length of either pipe or cylinder.

Should we attempt to make two pipes, of different lengths, sound together, they would have to bear a certain relation to each other in pitch to preserve harmony and they would still sound as separate notes, each of its own pitch, although combinations of two pipes—as, for instance, C 8 ft. and G above—are often used to produce a tone an octave below the larger of the two. The resultant low tone, as we all know, is caused by an intensified beat, occurring on the second beat of the C and the third beat of the C, giving an intensified beat occurring once for every two beats of the C and producing an impression—more of less realistic—of a note having just half the number of beats as the C and consequently an octave below the C held.

This is merely a reinforcement of a

quently an octave below the C held.

This is merely a reinforcement of a beat and exact relation must be maintained between the two sounding pipes to produce this imaginary low tone; but with this composite pipe no laws governing resultant tones in separate pipes are apparently applicable, and the law of nature that welds these two apparently dissonant air columns together is so far undiscovered.

Sound is so deen a subject, so elements to the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so deen a subject, so elements the sound is so the sound in the soun

of nature that welds these two apparently dissonant air columns together is so far undiscovered.

Sound is so deep a subject, so elusive, so invisible, and so complex, that very little has been definitely established as a matter of record. We know that it is a wave, or impulse, and that it has dynamic power is proved by the vibration it imparts to whatever is in its path that does not have greater inertia than the force of the sound wave, but in exactly what form this wave, or impulse, exists, is to me exceedingly vague.

My theory of sound is slightly different from the accepted theory of a sound wave of fundamental period, which wave embraces within itself a series of undulations, corresponding to what we term harmonics, which are all multiples of the period of the fundamental, in the ratio of two, three, four, five, etc. This condition is clearly shown by photographic records of the vibration of a diaphragm, but could just as easily be understood to convey an altogether different condition, for to begin with, no single diaphragm can record a complex sound with a graphic record of the sound phenomena, for no one membrane can be made to vibrate to more than one period at the same time, for its complete cycle of vibration can never be completed. As one impulse after another, each of different period, impinges on the diaphragm, the diaphragm becomes like the chameleon. Who boasted he could turn the color of a scotch plaid. The result we hear in a diaphragm record is simply a picture in dots. There is not a continuous line in this picture. This is perfectly exemplified by the tones we

-4-

hear from a phonograph, which we describe as nasal, which means, after all, that certain harmonics are absent.

My theory of sound is that sound, even in a single pipe, is composed of not only one vibration, but of many. First, we have a fundamental, which establishes the pitch. Produced synchronously with this are the vibrations that govern the quality, any one of which, if heard alone, would be a fundamental on its own. The tone heard by the ear is a composite sound, just as the eye sees a certain shade of color as a unit, not as two colors blended to produce this color. The pipe is the mixing chamber for these vibrations and, should a separate vibration be started in free air, during the sounding of the pipe, we would recognize it immediately as another tone, or series of vibrations. They do not combine to form a unit of tone. This fact is proved by each and every stop in the organ, by any musical instrument, or sound-producing device, for we have to incorporate in the sound-producing chamber the various vibrations that, mixed together, give to our ears a definite color of tone, which color we have named for mutual recognition.

So a natural law seems applicable to this composite pipe, for we have two cylinders, each of a different period, in one of which—the pipe—the initial vibration is started. Within the influence of this vibration, or vibrations, is the inserted cylinder, which must, if it forms a part of the whole, either fall into step or period with the pipe, or perhaps exert a retarding or accelerating inhuence on the fundamental, or its harmonics, or both. Just what occurs is purely a matter of conjecture with me, but the result is obvious and eminently satisfactory even from a tonal point of view, and as a means of doing the impossible in congested and limited organ chambers it is inestimable. Perhaps on a thorough understanding of this phenomenon we can make greater progress in tone production, for with nothing but a conviction, without definite, or technical knowledge, I have contributed in a mo

So far we have referred to the phenomena of this composite pipe as applied to a flue pipe and reference was made to the fact that a cylinder of one-half the area of the pipe, placed inside the pipe, did not materially affect the quality of the tone, but simply resulted in lowering the pitch, while a cylinder of twice the area of the pipe, in which the pipe was inserted, not only lowered the pitch, but produced an entirely new tone quality in a flue pipe. In reeds we have an altogether different result, for, owing to the tapered form of most reeds, it is physically impossible to insert a cylinder, so we are compelled to put the cylinder on the outside and make it twice the area of the pipe at its greatest diameter.

We would naturally expect from our experience with flue pipes that the reed if so treated, would develop a different quality of tone, but such is not the case, for the match between 4-foot C and the B below is exact and the volume of tone is the same. A reed can just as well be mittered and produces as good if not a better tone than a straight pipe, but as we are not comparing the relative tonal value of reeds, mitered or fitted with resonators, this need not be considered. The apparently contradictory behavior of a reed, or vibrating tongue, are of the same order as the closed end cylinder—that is, the uneven numbered harmonics—and therefore the primary tone of the reed finds kindred harmonics in the resonator, and the resonator, by reason of the vibrations induced in it by the vibration of the reed, reinforces the primary harmonics and simply functions to lower the pitch, the quality remaining the same. This substantiates our former statement regarding the character of the overtones in a reed and its inadequacy to produce the depth and majesty of fundamental tone, producing what we call "body tone" in an organ. There are other modifications of this cylinder treatment of a pipe, but they can, of course, be realized only in a straight pipe. One is the insertion of two cylinders, side by side, in whic

Of course this is not a practical application of this discovery, but as a matter of interest, it is worth considering.

STOPPED PIPE.

A very remarkable application of this complementary chamber, or resonator, may be found in its relation to a stopped pipe. We can produce a bourdon of 16-foot pitch by the use of a pipe about four feet long, in which a cylinder is placed with the open end of the cylinder at the top of the pipe, the open end being but a short distance from the bung and fastened to the bung may be moved for tuning without disturbing the relation between the open end of the tube and the bottom face of-the bung. This differs in fundamentals from any

and the bottom face of the bung.

This differs in fundamentals from any other application of the resonator so far described, for, in order to produce a tone, we not only have to maintain the prescribed area of the cylinder, being one-half the area of the cylinder, being one-half the area of the pipe, but we are further required to establish a fixed mathematical ratio between pipe and cylinder, as regards length, for in this case any old length of cylinder will not do. The cylinder must be a certain length, or there will be almost no tone and that of an indefinite pitch. This also is not of much value in actual practice, but proves more and more that the phenomena of sound are but little understood, and that little very vaguely.

These composite pipes, you can readily understand, are not used for reasons of economy in the pipe itself, for this patent pipe costs more to make and equip with ts complementary chamber than a straight, open pipe would, but its advantage lies in the fact that we can build an organ of smaller height than was formerly possible and still continue each stop down its full compass with exactly the proper quality of tone belonging to it and, incidentally, we can always utilize the basses of a great organ diapason in the front, even if architectural imitations of height should restrict us to practically the length of a four-foot pipe. This remarkable condition is, I firmly believe, only one of the many undiscovered possibilities in the production of tone by organ pipes either in their present structure or in structures not yet conceived.

As an example, I have here a pipe of peculiar construction which, although not a composite pipe, is, in many respects, internal cubic capacity, as awould be considered necessary, it is on the contrary reduced, but reduced only in depth at the mouth, the top remaining the size, or internal cubic capacity, as any older by expense of a great number of harmonics, and its extreme in the developing in a flue pipe, for, instead of increasing the size, or internal cu

mouth.

The only possible way to create the extreme upper partials is with a low mouth and high pressure, so that the requisite force may be had to excite these extreme harmonics. I have voiced a pipe of this construction to speak on forty pounds pressure and was obliged to cotton my ears to adjust it, as the tone was so intense.

This pine is merely an avantage of a low

so intense.

This pipe is merely an example of a new adaptation of structural power to produce a new and interesting tone in flue pipes and there is seemingly no limit, exceed our lack of invention, to prevent our availing ourselves of the unlimited nossibilities of the air to produce tones unheard of and almost undreamed of.

### SUMMY'S CORNER

Concert and Church Organists will be glad to know that an arrangement for ORGAN has just been made by Gordon Balch Nevin of

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#### THREE-MANUAL AT LANSING.

Church in Michigan Opens Instrument Built by Moller.

The Central Methodist Church of Lansing, Mich., has a new organ of three manuals which was built by M. P. Möller and which was opened with a recital by Fred G. Haas, organist and director at the First M. E. Church of South Bend, Ind., late in June. Mr. Haas' dedicatory program included these offerings: Inauguration March, Clark; "Air du Roi Louis XIII," Ghys; Dream Song, Frysinger; Offertory on two Familiar Hymns, Truette; "A Song of Consolation," Cole; Andante (From "Symphony Pathetique"), Tschaikowsky; "Lamentation," Guimant; "To a Wild Rose" and "To a Water Lily," MacDowell; Orange Blossoms," Friml; "In a Flower Garden," Crammond; Evensong, Johnston; Overture to "Stradella," Flotow. The specification of the organ is as follows:

The specification of the organ is as follows:

- GREAT ORGAN.
  1. Double Open Diapason, 16 ft., 73
- pipes.
  2. First Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
  3. Second Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61

- 2. First open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 notes.

  4. Doppel Floete, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

  5. Melodia, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  6. Gemshorn, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  7. Octave, 4 ft., 73 pipes.

  8. Flute Harmonique, 4 ft., 61 pipes.

  9. Super Octave, 2 ft., 61 notes.

  10, 11 and 12. Tuba Major, 16 ft., Tuba, 8 ft., and Clarion, 4 ft., 85 pipes.

  SWELL ORGAN.

  13. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes.

  14. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  15. Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  16. Flute Traverso, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  17. Viole d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

  18. Vox Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

  29. Flautin Traverso, 4 ft., 61 notes.

  21. Flautina, 2 ft., 61 pipes.

  22. Principal, 4 ft., 73 pipes Flautina), 3 ranks, 219 notes.

  24. Cornopean, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

  25. Oboe and Baseon (round, soft tone), 8 ft., 61 pipes.

  26. Vox Humana (very soft scale), 8 ft., 61 pipes.

  26. Vox Humana (very soft scale), 8 ft., 61 pipes.
  - ... 61 pipes.

    CHOIR ORGAN.

    27. Geigen Principal. 8 ft., 73 pipes.

    28. Concert Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

    29. Gamba, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

    30. Dulciana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.

    31. Unda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

    32. Flute d'Amour, 4 ft., 73 pipes.

- 33. Piccolo Harmonique, 2 ft., 61 notes.
  34. Clarinet, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
  ECHO ORGAN.
  35. Echo Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
  36. Muted Viole, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
  37. Violin, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
  38. Viole Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
  39. Fern Flute, 4 ft., 61 notes.
  40. Violone, 4 ft., 61 notes.
  41. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
  42. Chimes, 20 notes.
  PEDAL.

- 43. Resultant Bass, 32 ft., 32 notes.
  44. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 44 pipes.
  45. Bourden, 16 ft., 44 pipes.
  46. Violon (from No. 1), 16 ft., 32 notes.
  47. Lieblich Gedeckt (from No. 13), 16 ft., 32 notes.
  48. Octave Bass (from No. 44), 8 ft., 32 notes.
- notes.
  49. Violoncello (from No. 29), 8 ft., 32
- otes. 50. Gedeckt (from No. 14), 8 ft., 32
- otes. 51. Tuba (from No. 10), 16 ft., 32 notes. 52. Tuba (from No. 11), 8 ft., 32 notes.

#### Special Artists' Course.

Special Artists' Course.

William C. Carl will give an artists' course at the Guilmant Organ School, beginning with the fall term Oct. 11. The growing demand for expert organists in both church and recital work has prompted Dr. Carl to organists in both church and recital work has prompted Dr. Carl to organists this course. The number of students will be limited. Dr. Carl's success with those who have come under his instruction has resulted in supplying many of the most influential churches throughout the country with organists and choirmasters. Among them may be mentioned: Harold Vincent Milligan, Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York; Willard Irving Nevins, instructor of the organ at the Guilmant Organ School and secretary of the N. A. O.; Jessie Craig Adam, Church of the Ascension, New York; Frederick W.Schlieder, Reformed Church of St. Nicholas, New York; George W. Stebbins, Plymouth Church, Brooklyn; Mary Hendrix Gillies, Grace Church, New York; Harry Woodstock, Alf Angels' Church, New York; Mary Adelaide Liscom, Fourth Presbyterian Church, New York, and instructor at the Guilmant Organ School; Kate Elizabeth Fox, Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J.

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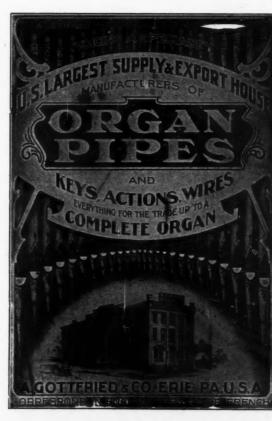
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Léon Boëllmann - 1862-1897

A Short Biography and Analysis of His Organ Works, by the Rev. Father Adélard Bouvilliers, O. S. B., Organist at the Cathedral-Abbey Church at Belmont. N. C.

The lover of the organ, desiring to interpret in a satisfactory and truly worthy manner the ideas of the famous French school, based on the principles of Johann Sebastian Bach, must, of course, have a thorough and first-hand acquaintance with its celebrated masters. As is well known, these are Franck, Widor, Guilmant, Gigout and Vierne. Besides these there is one other genius, who because of the similar character of his compositions is worthy of enumeration amongst the masters already mentioned. This is none other than Boëllmann. The remarkable solidity and clarity of expression running through all his works for the "king of musical instruments" commands the attention of every thorough and painstaking artist of the aforementioned school. Although the French organ inspired his marvelous musical literature, it is well rendered with equal beauty and satisfactory effect upon European and American organs.

The author of this article has for several years been contemplating writing a complete biography of Boëlmann with an analysis of his sixty publications. Lack of the requisite time for the accomplishment of this worthy project is all that has, thus far, prevented his doing so. It is his hope that he may do so in the near future.

This article is addressed to organists who are truly devoted to that wonderful instrument. It contains but a brief sketch of that renowned teacher and improviser, along with an analysis of his more important and more appreciated works for the organ.

If these few pages bring to the reader, through an examination of Boëllmann's noble compositions, a one-hundredth part of the enthusiasm which the writer has always noted in the many pupils he has trained on the organ, according to the ideals and idea of the practical and artistic French school of music, he will feel amply repaid for this treatise. There is in Boëllmann's works material for the average organ student, the true organist playing at services and for the virtuoso. They contain a beauty equal to that of the great masters. May all th

on the Rhine, he possessed that native gift so richly distributed to the German nation to compose a lasting symphony or quatuor.

He studied organ at the Niedermeyer School of Music, under Eugéne Gigout and Gustave Lefevbre, the eminent composer and director. When 22 years of agre he was appointed organist of St. Vincent-de-Paul Church, and while at this post, two years later, in 1886, he won the prize offered by the Société des Compositeurs for a quatuor. He delighted in chamber music and devoted himself to this sphere of composition so intensely that he won the Chartier prize a short time after.

Among his worke the best known are his Symphony in Fa, written with science and sincerity; his beautiful Symphonic Variations for 'cello and orchestra, often played at the concerts of Lamoreaux in 1892; a trio. Op. 19, which in the order of symphonic works and chamber music is the type of all others; a suite for 'cello; a sonata for same—a remarkable work; some twenty planoforte pieces; fifteen vocal melodies; religious music, including a mass. Parent in her Repertoire du Planiste says: "An extraordinary contribution to music for a man who died at the age of 35.

This poet of mystical music breathed his last in the city which he had learned to love, Paris, in the year 1897, survived by two children, a son and a daughter. His son is a lawyer of repute and his cultured daughter keeps alive the genius bequeathed to her by so loving a father. Boëllmann's musical literature reveals a natural frankness. It is graceful and poetic, resting upon a solid scientific basis. It is decidedly French, in the sense that its harmonic labor never departs from clearness.

BOELLMANN; PASTORAL SUITE.

sense that its harmonic labor never departs from clearness.

BOELLMANN; PASTORAL SUITE.

OP. 27, No. 1.—This Prelude Pastoral conveying the love which a shepherdess sings, is of an exquisite nature. It consists of no languishing ecstasies, neither of contemplation nor of adoration, but of an amorous silence of glances that pierce—"My slow. long looks tarry on yours like a greedy bee on the petals of a rose."

—"My slow, long looks tarry on yours like a greedy bee on the petals of a rose."

ALLEGRETTO CON MOTO, OP. 27. No 2. — Signataneous and interesting movement. The theme is developed in Brällmann's style, for two pages. The voice that broke forth in song gradually becomes softer and softer until it dies away in solemn silence. It may be compared to a bird about to roost which rests first on one foot, then on the other, and after a few more shiftings pulls itself together and slowly sinks to rest. Afterwards a supreme stillness. All is silent, all is motionless.

ANDANTINO, OP. 27, No. 3.—Sentiments of an inexpressible weariness that is fomenting. No longer consists of a "mystical moment," but of something romantic. Thou hast seized the wings of a butterfly and the dust imparting color has clung to your fingers. This romanticism is a star that weeps, a zentle breeze that wails—a night that shudders—a languishing ecstasy—"O Leon, with-

out perplexing thyself thou meditatest upon thy God. All is a gentle calm, pacified and happy. God beholds thee and listens." says the coda.

FINALE MARCHE, OP. 27, No. 4.—Unlimited dimensions and inexpressibly musical, issuing forth from beauty and passing into the absolute. To be able to measure this Finale, the fathom must be applied to the very bottom of thy dream and the cubit to the solemn and sombre depth of thy idea. The "Finale Marche" is introduced in the pedals by an interrogative theme elegantly proposed and well answered by the hands at the manuals. It is an appropriate and dramatic example of a syllabic pedal. All the cataracts of harmony reveal themselves, ideas of (exaggerated) qualities, not of great breadth, but of great beauty. Here comes the expected blow after twelve measures of introduction. It is round, it is dynamical, it is pyramidal. Agreeable, impertinent, polgmant themes sugesting by turns smiling pastures, vigorous springs, brisk fountains, bellow amorously of the melodious sounds, refrains of love which repeat the echo o'er and o'er.

PRELUDE. OP. 16, No. 1.—This Prelude contains the mystical strain in all

of love which repeat the echo der and o'er.
PRELUDE. OP. 16, No. 1.—This Prelude contains the mystical strain in all its purity, in its contemplation and catholic cestasy. The outline of your charms, stamped with a sort of passion, sad and somewhat dreamy, strengthens my belief. Thou discoverest the ideal of the ancient religious style through the vague and soft melody at times incomprehensible.



LEON BOELLMANN.

LEON BOELLMANN.

Thou knowest how to attain the most mysterious depths of Christian meditation.

MARCHE RELIGIEUSE, OP. 16, No. 3.—Thy harmony is pure and without disguise, differing from ridiculous shams. It dreams, it prays, it weeps, it bursts forth in pompous accents, it fills the temple with solemn and varied vibrations not altogether unlike the many colors with which the rays of the sun adorn everything in passing through the painted windows of the cathedral. It is real harmony or, at least, such harmony as men sensible to the charms of chords are wont to call it. Besides the characteristic expression and the unquestionable originality, that peculiar melody which your harmony produces raises the latter to a higher sphere. Your harmonic plan gives rise to a melody so vigorous in its spontaneity as to dominate all others and to cast upon them a reflection neither to be overlooked nor to be forgotten.

ALLEGRETTO, OP. 16, No. 4.—(Dedicated to Clarence Eddy of Chicago.)—This allegretto cantabile is an episodical melody with which the time, alive with the resumption of the left hand, frolics gently like a humming-bird in the midst of perfume. It is fresh, vaporous, charming, unexpected.

CARILLON, OP. 16, No. 5.—These chimes have an abundance of ideas, an amplitude of forms. The fugue of the "Carillon" in the themes is obstinate. It is concise yet clear, colored, very rich and surpasses anything attempted in this style of composition. (Imitation of chimes is a theme frequently found in Boëllmann's works. In Vol. 1, Op. 29, of his "Mystical Hours" he presents these themes on pages 37, 77, 81, 87, and in Vol. 2 on pages 6, 63 and 71).

ADORO TE, OP. 16, Nos. 8 and 9—The versets on the "Adoro Te" breathe forth only divine love, faith without doubt—calmness and infinite serenity of a soul in the presence of the Creator under the form of bread. No earthly rumor changes the heavenly quietude and should it occasion tears of desire, the tears flow so silently, and the pious prayer while it engenders it so profoundly,

description of a deep and constant sympathy, offering only pleasant memories and delight: I would call them modern Inventions. The great Sebastian Bach used to write such compositions for his pupils. Here also the selection of harmonious texts clearly shows all the interest a professor can impart to an interest a professor can impart to an intelligent student. To express these few pages satisfactorily it is not essential to excel in expression, nor to possess a complete freedom of fingers, nor the mastery over the difficulties of the mechanism. These short improvisations have each their own attraction. Heartily written, they are perceived only by the real musician.

they are perceived only by the real musician.

SUITE GOTHIQUE, OP. 25.—Here one must not prepare against the reluctance which the word "Suite" sometimes suggests. As for Boëlmann, this word gives only a hint of his treasures of rich and fecund imagination. The Gothic Suite 25, dedicated to Dr. William C. Carl of New York, who was the first to make it known in this country, is really more French than Gothic—for the appellation "Gothic" to art is a misnomer. The Goths neither invented it nor had any connection with it. It should be called "French Art," since it had its origin in the Isle of France in the twelfth century. This work, in point of grandeur, soars far beyond all the other compositions of Boëllmann. Any complimentary formula would fail to characterize the numbers of so grand a conception. One can only feel the sudden and uninterrupted inspiration. In a liturgical service, or in an organ recital, it flows with dignity. To bring out the colorful harmony and solidity of thought, true characteristics of Boëllmann's writings, a superior interpreter must be at hand. Otherwise it loses its striking organistic effects. The hearer must place himself in the Gothic atmosphere and live again in the twelfth century to understand this popular "Suite Gothique."

By its structure, and its male harmonies, the chorale, serving as introduction, is an example of real organ style; and I always suppose it to be heard by somence standing on the porch of a Gothic cathedral while the great organ in the loft gives the first eight measures in a great forte, and in turn is answered in howing four-part harmony by the small organ in the chancel choir. There must be no interval between the chorale and the menuet which follows. The word "Enchainez" means "join" or "attaca."

The Menuet is the great columns represented by the stately bass, with the deferred accents of two quarter notes furned and one of the dancing menuets of the courts and nobility.

The composition is constructed in the classic form, but with fewer repetitions than

silvery wings. It prays, loves, illuminates and lives, and gives the soul deeply recollected minutes of meditation and devotion.

The finale of the Gothic Suite is a Toccata. The term "toccata" is derived from an Italian verb, "toccare," to touch. The classics have entitled such forms of compositions either in free or strict style, in which a certain passage or figure is repeated over and over again. This Toccata answers that description very well by its theme on the pedals, and its genuine perpetual motion of the right hand. The bass solo given by the pedals reminds one of leaving the mediaeval edifice, with its stately and lofty columns, while the accented chords in the left hand and the genuine "moto perpetuo" of the broken chords in the right hand suggest the high vault with its mouldings and pointed arches, rich sculptural ornaments reflecting everywhere the same initial design. The execution of this number, most brilliant and joyful, is difficult and presupposes a thorough mastery of five-finger gymnastics. The right hand must be perfectly quiet while the fingers perform the genuine perpetual broken chords. Its sound interpretation requires educated sentiments through the study of the classics. It demands grace and energy and some Independence between the manuals and pedals.

MYSTICAL HOURS.—The "Mystical Hours." Op. 29 and 30, in two volumes, are short compositions revealing a well-conceived style proper as to forms and to develop the taste for organ music. Although not of sustained style, on account of their brevity, these 100 pieces for a reed organ can nevertheless boast of sweet melodies. Some possess poetic fire, and to all belong charm and devotion. They are less rigorous and austere than the "fifty pieces pour Harmonium" of the seraphic Cesar Franck, yet their writing is no less sincer on that account; indeed, even today, after twenty-five years of usefulness, they remain solid and highly appraised pearls which rightly bear their name of "Mystical Hours." They are sister publica-

tions to those of Baron de la Tombelle and Guy Ropartz "at the foot of the altar," published during recent years.

The volumes of "Mystical Hours" contain ten Preludes (Entrees). They all have a value of their own. Of these, two funeral strains of profound sadness bear a nice tribute of regret to the memory of the dead, emotionally selzing. Rendered with the proper feeling these two numbers impress the soul deeply, leaving it in a mournful mood.

Ten Offertories, not difficult, but every one poetic, themes enjoying an exceptional elegance as to their basis and form. They are confidences of the soul with God. In order to extract, as it were, all the sentiments contained in them, a religious and scrupulous rendition, with proper registration, is imperative.

Ten Elevations, rich and harmonious.

were, an the sentiments contained in them, a religious and scrupulous rendition, with proper registration, is imperative.

Ten Elevations, rich and harmonious, indeed, lend very appropriate prayerful motives. They are short poems whose foundation is knowledge and piety.

Ten Communions are contained, all overflowing with grace and suavity. They are mystical flowers, just opened, inundating the surrounding atmosphere with their inebriating and sanctifying aroma.

Ten Postludes (Sorties) in animated and heated style, are of an effective order and form in such compositions. To bring forth all their relief, a simple and vigorous execution is necessary. These cen Postludes are imposing and sonorous, just like the ten Preludes of the same work.

Fifty Versicles (versets) end Op. 29 and 30. All are of different lengths, but much in the style of the ten Communions and ten Elevations. Written in different keys, they are useful and practical Interludes.

FANTAISIE-DIALOGUEE, OP. 35.—

30. All are of different lengths, but much in the style of the ten Communions and ten Elevations. Written in different keys, they are useful and practical Interludes.
FANTAISIE-DIALOGUEE, OP. 25.—This Fantaisie, though not of that grand and snappy firework type, such as Charles Marie Widor's "Toccata in Fa." Thöodore Dubois "Flat Lux" or Gigout's austere but glorious "Grand Responsive Chorus," is nevertheless the best of literature. Nothing could be more elegant and more lastingly enjoyable and at the same time be so easily formulated. As upon every work of Boëllmann, so upon the "Fantaisie-Dialoguée" the personality of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. There is no artist who there is not expected in the community of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. There is no artist who there is no time in which personality of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. There is no artist who there is no time in which personality of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. There is no artist who there is no time in which personality of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. There is no artist who is not an artist of the author is peculiarly and indelibly stamped. The is not artist of the artist when he used it does, above the fluctuations of taste.

This Op. 35 was written for the organ and grand orchestra. It is, however, often rendered at the grand concerts, and for the ward of an orchestra it suffices upon the great organ alone for interpretation. In my opinion, more meritacrues to the artist when he uses the transcription that Eugène Gigout, uncle of Boëllmann, has admirably done. The same work has also been arranged for two pianos by the author himself. This arrangement produces a happy effect. To use this score, for the study of the "Fantaista greater assurance of a worthy interpretation.

The Introduction is pompous and breaks forth wi

## National Association of Organists Section

WILLARD IRVING NEVINS, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.

GROUP OF ORGANISTS ATTENDING N. A. O. CONVENTION; TAKEN AT VALLEY GROVE MEMORIAL CHAPEL.



Photograph by Jennings, Philadelphia

"Forward to greater things" was the keynote of the whole Philadelphia convention, and everyone who was fortunate enough to be present for the four days must have gone away filled with enthusiasm for the coming season. The attendance was the largest in the history of the organization; consequently we should look forward to a winter of increasing activities. activities.

Last year the N. A. O. accomplished notable work and to continue this we must have a larger membership. Mr. Sammond has suggested that each

we must have a larger membership. Mr. Sammond has suggested that each member should secure at least one new one. We might increase the effectiveness of that motto by wording it "two new ones" for each present member. A membership committee is being formed to co-operate with you; help this committee by individual action in your own locality.

A second point which must receive special attention is the formation of new state councils. The rally days in New Jersey and Pennsylvania have been a great incentive to the members in these states. Their enthusiasm has helped to build up the national convention and eventually the strength of the N. A. O. will depend in a great degree upon the strength of our state organizations. There are many states where a little personal work on the part of one member will create one more active council. We should have several new state presidents before 1922.

The 1921 convention probably received more apublic recognition than

The 1921 convention probably received more public recognition than any previous one. The N. A. O. is becoming a great factor in the musical world and we must carry it on to higher standards.

#### NEW JERSEY REPORT.

New JERSEY REPORT.

New Jersey was well represented at
the national convention in Philadelphia.
Thirty-seven members registered their
names, but a number of others who did
not register attended the sessions. The
state president, unable to go to the con-

vention until Thursday, sent by W. S. B. Dana the following report, which was read at the business meeting on Tuesday morning:

vention until Thursday, sent by W. S. B. Dana the following report, which was read at the business meeting on Tuesday morning:

"In looking over former reports given by the New Jersey state president at the national convention, we find in the 1917 report this sentence: "The establishment of local chapters is a dream which may come true as time goes on." The dream is now a reality, and we are happy to report today that New Jersey has three local chapters, all doing work that is worth while. The Union and Essex chapter perhaps takes the lead in membership and activity. We report in all 176 members—thirty-nine new members since the last convention. We have two honorary members—Mrs. Mark Andrews and Miss Helen Besler. The outstanding event of the year, the Princeton rally, was a success from every standpoint. The attendance was larger than ever before. The committees gave very valuable and unselfish service in preparing for and in carrying out the program. We are especially indebted to Miss Agnes Dillon of the Monmouth chapter and to Charles Wilson of the Central New Jersey chapter for their splendid work. Also to W. S. B. Dana of Grantwood, who kindly reported the proceedings of the rally. For the third time New Jersey is represented in the national convention by a special delegate—this time in the person of Alexander Russell. Our treasurer, Mr. Waters, reports all bills paid and a balance in the treasury of \$16.93.

"Respectfully submitted.

"HARRIET S. KEATOR, New Jersey State President." On Trieday afternoon Mr. Dana again represented the state president in Mr. Sammond's meeting on state councils. On Thursday evening after the Wanamaker supper the New Jersey members had an informal reception with their special delegate, Alexander Russell. In the receiving line with Mr. Russell were Mrs. Bruce S. Keator, Charles M. Courboin and S. E. Gruenstein.

On Friday afternoon the state president and the committee appointed by her at the Princeton rally to secure a new state president theld a meeting and unanimously electe

HARRIET S. KEATOR, New Jersey State President.

### NEW MEMBERS. PENNSYLVANIA.

Charles Campbell. Harry Burkert. Eleanor Lois Fields. Annie Cressman.

Harold Schuneman.
Isabel D. Ferris.
Mrs. B. L. Kneedler.
Mrs. A. Yarnall.
Arthur W. Howes.
Edward Hardy.
Thomas Yerger.
C. K. Souder.
Warren Heckman.
Alan H. Lewry.
Henry Simon.
Mrs. George B. Sweisfort.
Lois P. Sweisfort.
Mrs. William F. Tunning.
Mrs. W. D. Weagley.
Rena Griel.
Mrs. Lillian B. Hoke.
Edward Tourison.
Forrest R. Newmeyer.
Minnie M. Thomas.
William Klaiss.
Herbert Reifsynder.
Rebecca Balmer.
Margaret Schall.

Mrs. M. B. Benson. M. P. Möller. MAINE. Harold E. Pressey. MINNESOTA.
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#### LAUD CHICAGO MAN'S WORK.

Critics in Germany Acclaim Middel-schulte's Composition.

withelm Middelschulte's new Chromatic Fantasie and Fugue in C minor, which was accorded the high honor of being played at the Tonkünstlerfest in Nüremberg June 18, as announced in The Diapason, received high praise from the German critics. It is interesting to note the comments on the work of the Chicago organist and composer. For instance, the Nürnberger Zeitung says that it is one of "very bold chromatics, but stands on absolutely sane ground—a great work." The Munich Neueste Nachrichten critic writes: "The concert was opened with a magnificent Chromatic Fantasie and Fugue by Wi.helm Middelschulte, played by Guenther Ramin of the Thomaskirche in Leipzig, who in registration and interpretation showed himself to be a great master. It was a wonderful performance."

Speaking of the composition itself the Fraenkischer Kurier says: "It follows the path of Sebastian Bachvery exact regarding form, interesting in its fine counterpoint, employing all the arts of a well-built organ work."

The Berlin Reichsbote characterizes it as "a magnificent work that made a profound impression" and the Düsseldorfer Nachrichten as "an excellent work which breathes the spirit of Bach," while the Allgemeine Musik Zeitung of Berlin describes it as "modern in mood and spirit, of clear form, full of valuable music."

#### Accepts DeLamarter Overture.

Accepts DeLamarter Overture.

Nicolai Sokoloff, conductor of the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra, has announced for performance early this season a new overture entitled "Old New England," by Eric De Lamarter, assistant conductor of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and organist of the Fourth Presbyterian Church. The work is based entirely upon two hymn tunes current in New England about 1800. These themes are kept intact, according to their forms in the Wesleyan Harp, published by Merrill & Brown, and in the Christian Lyre, published by Jonathan Leavitt. lished by Jonathan Leavitt.

Marshall S. Bidwell, A. A. G. O., formerly of Boston and at present in charge of the organ work at Coe College Conservatory, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is one of the Americans at the Fontainebleau School in France this summer. He writes that he expects to return in October. Mr. Bidwell has found his work and his visits to famous French organs most interesting.

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#### MEET IN NEW YORK JUNE 5

Next Session of Organ Builders' Association at Hotel Commodore.

The 1922 conventions of the music industry, according to an announcement from the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce, will be held at the Hotel Commodore, New York City, during the week of Monday, June 5.

City, during the week of Monday, June 5.

The selection of the time and place were left by the directors of the chamber to a committee consisting of the president, Richard B. Aldcrofft: the general manager, Alfred L. Smith, and M. V. DeForeest, a director of the chamber and president of the National Association of Music Merchants

Astronal Association of Music Merchants.

The Organ Builders' Association of America, being a branch of the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce, will hold its convention simultaneously with the other branches.

with hold its convention simultaneously with the other branches.

Dr. H. J. Stewart Conducts Play.
Dr. Humphrey J. Stewart, official organist of the Spreckels organ at San Diego, Cal., has returned from his vacation and resumed his daily recitals Aug. 16. During his absence Dr. Stewart conducted the music of the annual Grove play of the Bohemian Club, which he composed for the occasion. The play, which was written by Clay M. Greene, was produced on the evening of July 30, at the Bohemian Club grove on the Russian river in Sonoma county. It has been pronounced by competent critics to be the best of the long series of events staged annually by the club, and the music has been highly praised. Dr. Stewart remained in San Francisco to conduct the club concert, which was given at the Tivoli Theater in that city the afternoon of Aug. 12. On this occasion the music of the play "St. John of Nepomuk" was given by orchestra, soloists, chorus and organ, in the presence of an audience which filled the theater. Dr. Stewart received an ovation, and his music created a profound impression. The program of this concert contains a poe m written in honor of the composer, by George Sterling. It is entitled "Vox Humana," dedicated to Humphrey J. Stewart at McGoldrick Dead.

Edward J. McGoldrick Dead.
Edward J. McGoldrick of Boston, organist of St. Anthony's Church in Allston and one of the best-known organists in Massachusetts, died Aug. 15 at a rest hospital in Lexington where he went to recuperate. Death was caused by heart failure. Mr. McGoldrick was born in Ireland sixtyeight years ago and came to this country in early youth. He studied music in Boston and New York and, before becoming organist at St. Anthony's, had been musical director at St. John's Church, North Cambridge; the Church of the Immaculate Conception, South End; the Mission Church, Roxbury, and other churches of the Boston archdiocese. He leaves a widow, a son, Daniel, a daughter, Mary, and a sister, Mme. McGoldrick, a lady of the Sacred Heart.

Orders for Hillgreen, Lane & Co.
Among contracts for organs secured in August by Hillgreen, Lane & Co., are: Three-manual for Fulton Square Theater, Cleveland; two-manual for Salem Evangelical Church, Huntingburg, Ind.; two-manual for Foy Theater, Dallas, Tex.; three-manual for First Church of Christ, Scientist Akron, Ohio; two-manual for Isis Theater, New Orleans, La., and two-manual for Newburgh Cinema Company, Newburgh, N. Y.

New Positions for Walter Wild.
Walter Wild, F. R. C. O., has been engaged to be the organist of the large new Sheridan Theater, Greenwich Village, New York City. Mr. Wild has also been appointed organist and director at the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church of Brooklyn, the position formerly held by Herbert S. Sammond.

Popular Recitals at Los Angeles. Dr. Ray Hastings has returned to Los Angeles from a vacation trip on which he visited Seattle, Portland, San Francisco and other cities. He is launching a series of popular recitals at the Los Angeles Philharmonic Auditorium which are attracting the attention of the public and the press on the Pacific coast. These recitals will be a Sunday evening feature. His program, Aug. 7, was as follows: "Marche aux Flambeaux," Clark; "O Star of Eve," Wagner; Largo, Handel; Sextet from "Lucia," Donizetti; "To a Wild Rose," MacDowell; "Bell Caprice," Hastings; Concert Fantasie (New, dedicated to Dr. Hastings), Conde.

The American Organ Monthly has been sold by its publishers, the Boston Music Company, to H. W. Gray, the New York publisher, and will be conducted by him henceforth. Edward Shippen Barnes, who has been the editor since the inception of the Monthly, and to whom its success is largely due, will remain at the head of the editorial department and will continue to furnish ten times a year valuable new organ music to the subscribers to this journal.

D. Kenneth Widenor, A. A. G. O., stopped in Chicago for a short time late in August on his way from his old home at Omaha back to Montreal, where he is organist at the Capitol Theater. Mr. Widenor is making a splendid record in Canada.

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#### How to Take Care of Chorus Choir Music

By WILLIAM RIPLEY DORR Director of Emmanuel Choir La Grange, Ill.

Many schemes have been devised for Many schemes have been devised for covering octavo music, or for binding it in such a way as to hold the copy together and prevent the loss of the inside sheets. Most of these schemes have one or two objections: either they are expensive or troublesome to apply, or the binding is of such a nature that when once it is worn out, it cannot be renewed, and the copy must be thrown away. The scheme here described requires an outlay of only a few dollars for the initial outscheme here described requires an outlay of only a few dollars for the initial outfit, and the cost of covering the copies once this outfit is purchased is almost negligible. Furthermore, the process is practical for the reason that with a little practice one can easily print and stapie lifty copies of an anthein in fifteen minutes. It a cover becomes torn or the staples pull out from rough handling, it can be re-covered in less than a minute, as aside from the small holes made by the staples, no damage is done to the music.

ute, as aside from the small holes made by the staples, no damage is done to the music.

The initial outfit consists of the stapler, a rubber stamp outfit and a rubber stamp with the name and address of your church or choir. The best stapler for this purpose that I have ever used is the Acme No. 2, which costs \$4.25. Staples for this machine cost \$1.65 for a box of 5,000, enough to cover about 2,000 copies. For stamping the title and composer on each copy get what is known as a "5A-6A" set of movable rubber type, with caps and small caps instead of caps and lower case, as the small caps are very much easier to set up and put back than lower case letters. The large capital letters should be about 3-16 of an inch high. A four-line type holder should go with the outfit, and a stamp ink pad. Then order a two-line rubber stamp made, choosing a good-sized Old English letter, with the name of your organization on the first line and the city and state on the second. The type outfit will cost about \$2 and the stamp about 50 cents, and all of these things may be bought at any good stationery or office supply house.

From any wholesale paper house order 1,000 covers 11 by 14 1-4 inches, folded

stamp about 50 cents, and all of these things may be bought at any good stationery or office supply house.

From any wholesale paper house order 1,000 covers 11 by 14 1-4 inches, folded 7 1-8 by 11 inches, cut from 130-pound jute manilla stock, or a good grade of tag-board. This will cost about \$8.50.

The covering process is simple. First see if the copies you wish to cover have the music enclosed in an outside folder contaming much printing and no music. If such is the case discard the waste paper, the copies will be easier to handle and the finished pile will take up less room. Incidentally, if the discarded paper is blank on one side, save it, and it will keep you supplied with good scratch paper for several months. Adjust the paper guide on the stapler so that it will put the staple 3-8 of an inch from the folder edge of the copy carefully into the folded edge of the cover. Then place the folded edge of the cover, and put in the staples, one about two inches in from each end. If the copy contains only four pages of music these two end staples will be enough to hold it, but if it has more than four pages it is better to add a third staple in the center. It requires a little practice to get the right stroke on the handle of the stapler. I have obtained the best results by pushing it down slowly until meeting resistance, then applying quick, firm pressure for the rest of the stroke.

After stapling the copies are ready to print. Set up the title on the first line of the holder, beginning at the right end, and using all large capitals. Then put the composer's name on the third line in capitals and small caps, being careful to center the composer's name under the title. It is possible to obtain a surprising amount of speed in printing by using the following system:

Have a pile of about twenty copies in front of you, which we shall call pile A.

using the following system:
Have a pile of about twenty copies in front of you, which we shall call pile A. Print the title in the upper right-hand corner with the type-holder held in "our right hand; then with your left place this printed cover on the table at the left of pile A, as the bottom copy in a second pile we shall call pile B. Then print the top copy in pile A. Now take the other

stamp with the name of the choir, and print it in the middle of the copy which you have blaced in pile B, then print the top one of pile A. These two copies are now completely stamped. Then with the point of the pile A or pile B and print the next copy on pile A. Then remove this copy to pue B and print the one under it on pile A You will observe that you have made four impressions with the stamp you have in your hand, and there is a copy before you in each pile with only the choir name stamped on it. Now take the title stamp again and put the title on each of the copies on top of the piles. Then remove the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile A to pile B, stamp the top copy of pile B, stamp the t

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CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 1, 1921.

#### POLITICS AND CITY ORGANS.

Every good movement has its early stages of error and of misfortune, which seem to be necessary before the which seem to be necessary before the thing is established on a good footing. After the civil war there were the days of reconstruction, and a similar period is being endured by us now throughout the world. The early church had its abuses, as history tells, and people had to learn also to adjust the mediate to republics, in those cases. and people had to learn also to adjust themselves to republics, in those cases in which they have been fortunate enough to have them. So there is hope for the municipal organ and the city organist, despite the fact that just at present there is manifest a most at present there is manifest a most unfortunate condition. The experience of Palmer Christian in Denver offers a case in point. Some of the trials of Edwin H. Lemare in San Francisco show the same tendency—or disease.

Politics and art do not mix wall and

or disease.
Politics and art do not mix well and Politics and art do not mix well and the sooner the cities which have municipal organs realize it the better for them and for their organ music. An organist selected on political grounds and for his submission to the administration—his willingness to "go along" with the mayor or other officials—is not likely to be an organist of the first pank. Almost any first-class man of not likely to be an organist of the first rank. Almost any first-class man of whom we can think will not submit to demands for contributions from his remuneration for political funds, nor will any man of the stamp and char-acter which a large city with a large organ should demand bow down to other gods than those prescribed for organ should demand bow down to other gods than those prescribed for him by his musicianship and his conscience. It is almost too axiomatic to be stated here that the political organist will be very much on a level with the political physician and the office-seeking pseudo-statesman in any other profession. Is it to be necessary to breed a race of organists of that sort in order to man the large organs which have been erected and are to be erected in progressive communities?

The great composers of the past in many instances lived by the favor and patronage of princes and rulers but we do not recall that any of them ever was asked to give up a percentage of his salary toward a campaign fund.

#### ECHOES FROM THE PAST.

Past," in which great men who have gone on but whose reputation lives are quoted again. E. J. Hopkins and William T. Best stand out prominently on the list. And here is an article headed "Organ Arrangements," a title that sounds strangely like some title that sounds strangely like some that have appeared from time to time in The Diapason. It is from the pen of Mr. Best, and was written in May, 1892, before some of the men now engaged in arguing this weighty subject saw the light of day. The article was in answer to assertions that had been made by Walter Parratt, organist to the queen who according to to the queen, who, according Best, "maintains a singularly he Mr. Best, "maintains a singularly hostile attitude to all arranged music for the organ." We ask your indulgence while we quote this voice from the tomb, although we shall leave it to our readers to prepare the deadly parallel with propert day alcohor. allel with present-day pleaders. Interesting it is to note that Mr. Best bases his argument largely on what Henry Smart said in 1854 on behalf "arrangements.

Here is what Mr. Best wrote:

of "arrangements."

Here is what Mr. Best wrote:

To commence with, the father of all "arrangers" is no less a personage than Bach, who is well known to have "accommodated" Vivaldi's violin concertos to the expressionless German organ of his day, with its intractable pedal bass. Of all music in arranged form, that for stringed instruments must be truly appalling to purists when "reduced," as the French would say, for an organ. Passing to modern German and continental musicians, overtures, symphonies, marches, quartets, songs and choruses, etc., have been transferred to the organ by F. Lux, E. Hennig, S. de Lange, E. Silas, B. Sulze, F. Liszt, R. Sehaab and Alex. Guilmant, the last named having lately commenced to "arrange." In this country we have E. Prout, R. Stewart, G. Copper, E. J. Honkins, J. Stainer, G. C. Martin, H. Smart and F. Archer, all of whom would hardly select music unsuitable for organ effect. Mr. Parratt urges that "the erection of large concert hall organs and the necessity of pleasing the Saturday night audience has had a disastrous influence over organ music, as in the majority of such programs two-thirds at least are arrangements of orchestral and choral works." It must be remembered, however, that in endeavoring to raise the municipal authorities of our large towns did not intend their concert organs to be restricted to the performance of preludes, fugues and somewhat dry sonatas. As is the case with orchestral concerts of a popular character, the higher forms of composition have to be introduced both warily and gradually.

And it is no doubt as true today as it was in the days of Best and those

And it is no doubt as true today as it was in the days of Best and those of Smart that:

of Smart that:

As regards the organ, it is beyond cavil that a well-known instrumental adagic or andante, suitably arranged, is infinitely preferable to the frequently dull specimens of modern organ music duly vaunted as being "original." Some years ago unfortunate attempts were made (in two organ journals) by utterly unknown men to supply a new stock of organ music for the most exacting of all intruments—the organ; but it is melancholy to record that the efforts of these native composers (many of whom had caud'al appendages to their surnames) merely served to point a moral as well as to excite the risibility of foreign critics. \* \*

as to excite the risibility of foreign critics. \* \* \*
The works of Mr. Parratt's favorite composers—Herren Merkel and Rheinberger—though in undeniable organ form, are apt to pall upon cultivated ears. Their numerous "sonatas," in particular, bear a strong family likeness, their chief hemes being encumbered with a wearisome technical development, too often proclaiming the manufactured article rather than the presence of the creative impulse, while the enormous length of many of the movements prevents a frequent performance.

The editor of The Organ adds a

The editor of The Organ adds a footnote saying that "of Mr. Best's 'etter little need be said except that Sir Walter Parratt has considerably modified his attitude on the question of the property of the same arrangements."

modified his attitude on the question of organ arrangements."
Yes, indeed, and there is an important point in the debate. Organists, like many others, change their views with age. It is always well not to go on record too positively, as we may modulate into another key a few years

There seems to be nothing especially new under the sun, and some of the controversies and debates that from time to time excite the organ world are particularly lacking in novelty.

To our desk in the midst of the dogdays has come Volume 1, No. 1, of The Organ, "a quarterly review for its makers, its players and its lovers," published at the office of Musica Opinion in London.

Before going any farther we would make it plain that our first paragraph was in no way intended as a reflection on this new magazine. It really is interesting. There is a great deal in the sixty-four pages of reading matter that organists should appreciate in the way of information and opinion. But what struck us first was the department entitled "Echoes from the of the controversies and debates that from time to time excite the organ world are particularly lacking in novelty.

Yes, indeed, and there is an importation the debate. Organists, like many others, change their views with orchestras which are now very costly—mainly, in my judgment, a thundering nuisance. I like to talk to winter. One or two home-made sand-wiches brought downtown in a nice lack water from the hydrant outside grace to Chicago" of the present cafe-teria prices, and adds a word as to the insincerity displayed at certain of his favorite soda fountains, which advertise 10-cent drinks, but charge him 15 cents because he prefers crushed fruit.

Also, it is all only to to go with or costly—mainly, in my judgment, a thundering nuisance. I like to talk to winter. One or two home-made sand-wiches brought downtown in a nice lake water from the hydrant outside the office door. We shall then be in the position of the Prodigal, who "fain would fill"—but you know the rest, for you played in church long enough.

One of our great New York musical weeklies lists Ernest M. Skinner and William E. Haskell among the noted recitalists who played before the N.

On at Philadelphia. As this is interesting organ news we hasten to import and the product of the cost of production. The contro

### The Free Lance

By HAMILTON C. MACDOUGALL

To get a candid impression of our-To get a candid impression of ourselves from the people who surround us tends toward the elimination of self-complacency. We musicians think of ourselves as vastly more important in this world's economy than those whom we vaguely describe as the materialists. But what do the materialists think of us, eh?

L've been reading a life of Arthur

l've been reading a life of Arthur James Balfour by E. T. Raymond—a worth-while book if you care for English politics. Balfour has always been known as a public man who liked music and knew something about it. Sir John Gorst said of him: "We did not take him very seriously; his aesthetic tastes and love of music were something of a joke with us all, and Lord Randolph Churchill used to call him 'Postlethwaite' after the aesthete in Gilbert and Sullivan's 'Patience.' Churchill it was who used to say to Balfour: 'Go and take my wife to a concert while I stay and talk real business.'"

I presume that the "ordinary busi-

I presume that the "ordinary business man," that is the man without much education but with some success in accumulating money, and the "ordinary musician," that is the man with in accumulating money, and the "ordinary musician," that is the man without much education or money, but with a real love for music, have a prerty complete misunderstanding of each other. This is to be regretted, but the misunderstanding will continue until musical education is applied to men rather than to women almost exclusively, as is now the case.

Apropos of my last sentence read the article in the July Yale Review on "The Feminine Nuisance in American Literature," by Joseph Hergesheimer. Let me quote: "The leaving of all aesthetic questions to women has serious consequences; one result is that music, except the lyrical accompaniments to semicircles of legs, has almost ceased to exist as a masculine pleasure. \* \* \* Music is the highest, most vital of the arts \* \* \* yet an amazing number of men think that music is effeminate \* \* \* because music has been so wholly delegated to women."

I understand that Mrs. Marx E. Oberndorfer, chairman of the General Federation of Music Clubs, has an article in an August publication entitled "Does Jazz Put the Sin in Syncopation?"

Is there any "sin" in syncopation?

copation?"
Is there any "sin" in syncopation?
Ask the shades of Beethoven, or
Schumann, or — . Some wise
man has taught us that sin is only virtue carried to an extreme: doubt-less that is the substance of Mrs. Ob-erndorfer's message.

erndorfer's message.

St. John Ervine, the dramatist, gives voice to a feeling that I have always had, but have never had courage to avow—name'y. that music between acts of a play ought not to carry on the mood, but divert us, take us away from the mood in order that we might freshly hear the next act. Ervine writes in the London Observer: "In the next year or two theater managers will make many efforts to reduce the cost of production. They will be tempted to dispense altogether with orchestras which are now very costly—mainly, in my judgment, a thundering nuisance. I like to talk to

my neighbors between the acts of a play and very greatly object to the custom of music between the intervals and thus obliging me, a polite person, to hold my tongue."

How many readers of this column know that Dr. Albert Schweitzer, coeditor with Widor of the edition of Bach's organ works begun several years ago but discontinued on account of the great war, is a doctor three times over, in theology, science and medicine, a radical New Testament critic, a university professor and an enthusiastic medical missionary working in Equatorial Africa as opportunity offers? He is described as having a massive head with great, square jaw, deep-set, dark eyes, under thick black eyebrows, an ample black moustache and abundant dark hair standing straight up above the fine broad forehead. I understand that he has become a Frenchman since the armistice, but that comes about geographically, since he lives when at home but that comes about geographically, since he lives, when at home, in Strassburg. Schweitzer's is an extraordinary figure.

Have you read the short story "C in Alt" in the Century for July? Rather a curious tale, what!

#### MEASURE MUSICAL TALENT.

An important addition to the faculty of the Eastman School of Music is announced by Dr. Rush Rhees. Dr. Hazel M. Stanton, formerly an assistant to Dr. C. E. Seashore of the University of lowa department of psychology, is to conduct musical test work for the Eastman School and is to offer a course in the psychology of music in the college of the university. Her title as a faculty member will be "psychologist in music." In perhaps no other subject is the difference in individual endowments as great as in music. In height, weight and strength differences of 1 to 2 would be considered large; in language, mathematics, history and philosophy differences of 1 to 25 or even 1 to 50 are not uncommon. It is the more necessary on this account that the teacher understand the psychology of music and the specific training which the tests show is required.

Young students of the Eastman School of Music will be given scientific tests for

mon. It is the more necessary on this account that the teacher understand the psychology of music and the specific training which the tests show is required.

Young students of the Eastman School of Music will be given scientific tests for the measurement of musical talent and the mental processes involved in the appreciation and execution of music, and the results will be recorded on charts according to a percentage based on the average measurements of a fairly selected group.

Special instruments are used for making these musical measurements, which show the student's sense of pitch, time intensity, rhythm, consonance, musical memory, voice control and qualities of a similar nature. It is possible, by means of these instruments, to see a tone at the same time it is heard by the ear. In other words, standing before the instrument, the singer can see in clear pictures the pitch of each tone he is singing, and each error he makes, even the slightest fraction of a tone, is recorded in black and white at the exact moment he makes it. Opportunity is thus given to know at once what degree of accuracy is attained, to practice controlling the voice by means of the eye, and to study the attack, the sustaining and the release of a note. The same is true of the player of the violin, flute, cornet or any other instrument whose pitch is dependent on its manipulation.

This apparatus is called a "tonoscope" and consists of a revolving cylinder covered with aluminum in which are rows of holes ranging from 110 to 219 in a line. The surface is lighted by a small flame which fluctuates according to the number of vibrations in the sound waves produced by the voice of the singer or the instrument. When the sund waves produced by the voice of the singer or the instrument, when the sund waves produced by the voice of the singer or the instrument whose pitch is dependent on its manipulation.

The surface is lighted by a small flame which fluctuations of the light, reacting to those vibrations, cause that line to appear to stand stil

William J. Kraft, formerly of Columbia University, passed through Chicago Aug. 16 on his way to Los Angeles, where he is to be lecturer of music at the University of California southern branch, beginning his work early in September.

BENNETT THREE-MANUAL FOR CHURCH AT ST. PAUL

TO HAVE THIRTY-FOUR STOPS

Merriam Park Presbyterian Closes Contract — Other Instruments Under Construction at Rock Island.

Among the contracts recently received by the Bennett Organ Company of Rock Island, Ill., is one for a large three-manual instrument for the Merriam Park Presbyterian Church, St. Paul. The specification is as follows:

the Merriam Park Presbyterian Church, St. Paul. The specification is as follows:

GREAT ORGAN.

1. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
2. First Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
3. Second Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
4. Violoncello, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
5. Tibia Major, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
6. Gemshorn, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
7. Dulciana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
8. Flute Harmonic, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
9. Tuba, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
10. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes.
11. Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
12. Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
12. Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
13. Viol d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
14. Viol Celeste, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
15. Echo Viole, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
16. Flute Traverso, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
17. Oboe, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
18. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
19. Tremolo.

CHOIR ORGAN.
20. Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
21. Concert Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
22. Flute Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
23. Gemshorn, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
24. Dulclana, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
25. Flute, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
26. Piccolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes.
27. Clarinet, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
28. Freolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes.
29. Tremolo.

PEDAL ORGAN.
29. Diapason, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
30. Bourdon, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
31. Violone, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
32. Dolce, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
33. Violone, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
34. Flute, 8 ft., 30 pipes.
35. Flute, 8 ft., 30 pipes.
36. Flute, 8 ft., 30 pipes.
37. Violone, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
38. There will be sixteen adjustable pistons and twenty-two couplers.
The Bennett Company also has contracts for the following:
Ten-stop organ for the Masonic Temple, Waukegan, Ill.
Ten-stop organ for the Methodist Episcopal Church, Sterling, Ill.
Fifteen-stop organ for the Presbyterian Church, Fresno, Cal.
The foregoing are in addition to a number of theater instruments.

#### FOR ROCKEFELLER CHURCH.

Hook & Hastings Company Awarded Contract for Large Four-Manual.

Announcement is made that the trustees of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church of New York City have selected the Hook & Hastings Company to build the organ for the magnificent new church now under construction. The committee, of which John D. Rockefeller is chairman, had the advice of Archer Gibson, designer and organ expert, and of Harold Vincent Milligan, the church organist and a member of the committee. The specification is progressive and the organ in its entirety will mark a decided advance in the art. Both church and organ are to be completed before Easter, 1922.

RALPH H. BRIGHAM.



Ralph H. Brigham, the New York theater organist recently transplanted to the West, is rapidly becoming acclimated there and is making himself a valuable asset of the large Capitol Theater at St. Paul, of which he is the organist. Mr. Brigham was at the Strand in New York for a number of years and moved to St. Paul in February. Here he presides at the organ in what is known as the "million-dollar playhouse of the Northwest." An organ solo by Mr. Brigham is one of the features at each performance in the Capitol. Ralph H. Brigham, the New York

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six years, and at present he is at the People's Liberal Church. He has been on the faculty of the American Conservatory a number of years.

#### Courboin Resumes Tasks.

Charles M. Courboin resumed his work as organist of the First Baptist Church of Syracuse, Aug. 28, and during the fall will again give concerts on the Wanamaker organs in New York and Philadelphia. In addition to his regular appointments upon to his regular appointments upon these three great organs, Mr. Cour-boin will give a number of recitals in



FRANK W. VAN DUSEN, A. A. G. O.

Dusen, an accomplished organist and teacher, has been selected to take charge of this important work.

At this time more than forty of Mr. Van Dusen's pupils are holding good theater positions in Chicago. Pupils who become qualified for theater positions will be placed in touch with managers, and will receive such assistance in securing positions as the management may be able to give. The conservatory is equipped with three Kimball two-manual organs and two three-manual organs for practice and lessons. Organ students are afforded the opportunity to appear in public recitals on the organ in Kimball Hall.

Mr. Van Dusen will be assisted by several instructors who are competent organists and are holding positions in Chicago Theaters.

Frank Van Dusen, A.A.G.O., is a man of thorough training and wide experience. After a number of years with Wilhelm Middelschulte he went to Paris and studied with Alexandre Guilmant. He has filled the position of organist in several prominent churches. For four years he was organist for the services in Bush Temple. Then he was organist of the Eighth Church of Christ, Scientist, for

ple. Then he was organist of the Eighth Church of Christ, Scientist, for

all parts of the country. His management reports that inquiries for dates have been coming in in large numbers throughout the summer, and there is every prospect that he will play more recitals during the season of 1921-1922 than he did last year, although that was an especially busy year. He will be heard in a number of cities in which he has never played before, and, in addition, will have a number of reengagements in towns where he has played preceding seasons. played preceding seasons

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(Su) Schuberth.

SECULAR MUSIC FOR CHOIR CONCERTS.

While you are looking over music for next year you will probably be thinking about the choir concert, the only opportunity that many choirmasters have to show what they can do with secular music. The value of such concerts is considerable; you may earn money for your boys' vacation fund, you may contribute to the social life of the church, you may set high standards of secular music for the community, you may interest your singers in what is otherwise a dull period following the special efforts of Easter.

terest your singers in what is otherwise of Easter.

The following lists are by no means exhaustive, but I hope that they may suggest the variety of music at your disposal. It happens that I have had the pleasure of directing a large women's chorus during the past 'year, and the list of numbers for women's voices consequently may seem out of proportion. Yet such a list should be valuable for mixed choruses and boy choirs. The two-part songs may be sung by the boys, and in the case of the mixed choruses it will be found interesting and instructive to the women to sing without the men, managing three or four parts instead of numbers for women's voices or treble voices:

Abcock—"Music When Soft Voices Die."

numbers for women's voices or treble voices:
Alcock—"Music When Soft Voices Die," 2 parts. (B)
Bingham—"Rosalynd's Madrigral," 4. (G)
Brahms—Song from "Twelfth Night," 3 with horns and harp. (S)
Brahms—"The Little Dustman," 3. (B)
Candlyn—"Three Shakespeare Songs," 1 or 2 or 3. (G)
Dvorak—"The Birdling." 2. (S)
Dvorak—"The Birdling." 2. (S)
Dvorak—"Parting without Sorrow," 2. (S)

Dvorak—"Parting without Sorrow," 2.
(S)
Elgar—"My Love Dwelt in a Northern
Land," 3. (G)
English Folksong—"May Day Carol," 2
or 3. (J. Fischer)
Old French—"A-tripping to
Spring," 4. Ed. by Ferrari. (G)
Old French—"Bourrée of Auvergne," 3.
Fielitz—"O Lovely Night," 3. (B)
Grieg—"In Rose-Time," 3. (S)
Grieg—"Solveig's Cradle Song," 3 and
sop. solo. (B)
Grieg—"In the Boat," 3. (S)
Hahn—"Mister Mockin' Bird," 3.
(Huntzinger & Dilworth.)
Indian—"Montezuma Comes," 2. (Birchard)

chard) Indian—"Two Zuni Indian Songs," 2.

Indian—"Two Zuni Indian
(Birchard)
James—"A Spring Song," 3. (G)
James—"Lullaby," 4. (S)
James—"My Little Pretty One," 3. (S)
James—"Phillis," 4. (S)
Kentucky Folksong—"The Nightingale," mostly 3. Ed. by Brockway. (G)
LaForge — "The Dairy-Maidy" 3.

gale," mostly 3. Ed. by Brockway. (3). LaForge — "The Dairy-Maids," 3. (Flammer) Mana-Zucca—"The Big Brown Bear,"

MacDowell—"Hymn of the Pilgrims," 3.

(St)
H. A. Matthews—"Indian Cradle Song," A. Matthews—"Indian Cradle Song,"

J. S. Matthews—"The Rover," 3. (G) Mendelssohn—"On Music's Wing," 3.

Mendelssonn— On Audata (S)
Rimsky-Korsakoff—"Song of the Shepherd," 3. (B)
Saar—"Five Italian Folksongs," 3. Published separately. (Church)
Saar—"Cycle of Six Swedish Folksongs," 3. (B)
Schubert—"Cradle Song, '3. (B)
Schubert—"Hark, Hark, the Lark," 2. (B)

chubert—"Hark,Hark, the Lark," 3.

Schubert—"Who Is Sylvia?" 2. (S)
Schubert—"Who Is Sylvia?" 3. (Birch-

Schubert—"Who Is Sylvia?" 2. (S)
Schubert—"Who Is Sylvia?" 3. (Birchard.)
Schumann—"By Moonlight," 3 and violin. (B)
Tschaikowsky—"Cradle Song," 3. (S)
Tschaikowsky—"Cradle Song," 3. (S)
Warner—"Wake, Miss Lindy," 3. (St)
Webbe—"Where Go the Boats," 2. (G)
Yradier—"The Dove (LaPaloma)," 2. (Birchard)
It will be observed that I mention several numbers published by C. C. Birchard & Co., a firm which has done fine things in presenting worthy music for the use of schools. You will also note the names of many composers familiar to the student of ecclesiastical music. A word should be said about the compositions of Philip James. I admire his church music as much as anyone except Dean Dunham, but I know that some choirmasters consider it obscure and remote from church idioms—usually another way of saying that it is too difficult, but inspired with a charming fancy that puts them in a class by themselves among American compositions of this type.

For mixed choruses and quartets:

turers. Dickinso

For mixed choruses and quartets:
Converse—"Song of the World Advenurers." (G)
Dickinson—"Music, when Soft Voices
ole," 8 parts. (G)
Dickinson—"Nymph and Swain." (G)
Dunhill (ed)—"The Ash Grove (Welsh
folksong)." (G)
Dutch—"Six Ancient Folksongs of the
wetherlands," TBar. (S).
Elsar—"The Birthright." (G).
Elgar—"My Love Dwelt in a Northern

Land." (Birchard.) Edward German—"Rolling Dow Rio." (G) Harris—"When Daddy Sings." (Birchard.) d German—"Rolling Down (J.

Rio." (G)
Harris—"When Daddy Sings." (J.
Fischer.)
Hebrew—"Lord of All (Adom Olom)."
(Birchard.)
James—"I Know a Maiden." (G)
James—"The Pride of May." (G)
Mansfield (ed), "Far Away (Londonderry Air)." (St.)
Russian—"Volga Boatmen's Song."
D, G, F (Birchard),
Schindler (ed.)—"Songs of the Russian People," series. (D)
Silver (arr)—"Love's Benediction (Londonderry Air)," (J. Fischer.)
Stafford—"Hail, Gwalia," a Welsh fantasia. (St.)
Tschaikowsky—"On, O Thou Soul,"
from "Marche Slav." (Birchard.)
Vogrich (ed.)—"Twelve Favorite Irish
Songs." (S)
Vogrich (ed.)—"Twelve Favorite
Scotch Songs." (S)
Vogrich (ed.)—"Twelve Old English
Songs." (S)
Zuni Indian—"The Sunworshipers."

Vogric.

Songs." (S)
Vogrich (ed.) — "1"
Scotch Songs." (S)
Vogrich (ed.)—"Twelve Old Engus.
Vogrich (ed.)—"Twelve Old Engus.
Songs." (S)
Zuni Indian—"The Sunworshipers."
Pirchard.)

Rirchard.

Rirchard.

Rirchard.

Mussian People" should be Zuni Indian—"The Sunworshipers."
(Birchard.)
Mr. Schindler's remarkable collection of
"Songs of the Russian People" should be
looked over carefully. The easiest numbers, and they are good, are: Moussorgsky's "At Father's Door," Tschaikowsky's "The Nightingale" and the traditional "Ballad of the Volga." Another
interesting series that deserves mention
is H. W. Gray's "Modern Series," some
numbers of which I cite. The Vogrich
arrangements have no accompaniments;
I have found them particularly useful for
a mixed quartet, especially the Irish
songs.

mixed quasi-ongs. — For men's voices: For men's voices: Go Andrews—"John Peel." (G) Andrews—"Sea Fever." (G) Andrews—"Widdicombe Fair." (G) Ilishop—"Daybreak." (S) Bishop—"Here in the Twilight Glow." S)
"Media Vita," 6 part. (S)

(S)
Bruch—"Media Vita," 6 part. (S)
Bullard—"Barney McGee," B. (D)
Bullard—"Hunting Song," 2 part, in
folio. (D)
Bullard—"The Kavanaugh," 3 part, in
folio. (D)

olio. (D) Bullard—"Winter Song." (D) Gardiner (arr)—"Sir Eglamore. (G) Handel—"Ask If Yon Damask Rose."

S)
Huhn—"Invictus." (St.)
Kentucky Folksong—"The Bed-time
ong," Bar solo. (G)
James—"The Victors." (D)
MacDowell—"Hymn of the Pilgrims."

MacDowell—"Hymn of the Pilgrims." (St.)
Schindler (ed.)—"Ten Student Songs of Finland," pub. sep. (G)
Stanford—"Three Cavalier Songs," (Bar solo. (S)

Finland," pub. sep. (G)
Stanford—"Three Cavalier Songs," (Bar solo. (S)
Stevenson—"Idylle Mongolienne," two-piano acc. (D)
Stevenson—"Omnipotence," motet with S or T solo. (D)
It seems to me that the Stanford songs are the most spirited ever composed for men's voices. Mr. Andrews and Mr. Stevenson both have dramatic sense; if you don't know their secular compositions, look them up soon. The "Laurel Glee Book," recently published by the Birchard Company, we used with success with our college men this year; it might be useful for your choirmen. If you are looking for humorous numbers, by far the best collection published is Birchard's "Ruff-Stuff Songs"—just the thing to divert the audience at a brotherhood meeting at the country club.
For a mixed quartet it sometimes seems best to use a cycle such as Cadman's "Morning of the Year" or "Lehman's "Morning of the Year" or "Lehman's "Persian Garden." the most popular two works of that type. Exceedingly good are two cycles arranged by Arthur Whiting and published by Schirmer, one of old Scottish songs and the other of old Irish melodies. I remember that one year Mr. Hallam was wondering how to fill out his musical program at Chautauqua. At my suggestion he put on the Scottish Cycle, expecting that it would merely fill a little gap in his program, but he told me that I proved the musical hit of that season at Chautauqua.

You will note that I have not mentioned any negro spirituals. I am consulting men who are authorities on that subject, and I am attempting to see every arrangement of every spiritual published. If all goes well, I shall complete the article for the next issue, and you may then add several numbers to the lists above. If there is any type of composition that is successful at a choir concert, it is the negro spiritual.

There is not space for a discussion of secular cantatas, but I should like to mention Dr. Coerne's "The Landing of the Pilgrims" and "SRipper Ireson's Ride," both published by Ditson. They are easy enough to be sung by a volunteer choir, and at the same time they have genuine musical interest. A baritone soloist is needed for both.

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[Queries pertaining to this line of a modern organist's work may be addressed to Mr. Burroughs, care of The Diapason, Chicago, or 493 Melville street, Rochester, N. Y. Letters received by the 15th of the month will be answered in the succeeding issue. When immediate answer is desired, self-addressed and stamped envelope should be enclosed.]

#### COLGNIAL MUSIC.

COLONIAL MUSIC.

This article is intended as a prelude to the one on English music which will follow it and the pieces listed are those which may be used on scenes of colonial life. It is immaterial whether the story is laid in France, England or America, as both masculine and feminine costumes were similar in all three countries.

Among compositions which are always associated with this period are the old-time dances, the minuet, gavotte, pavane, etc. The well-known minuets of Boccherini, Mozart, Haydn, Bizet, Beethoven and others are all applicable. The one by Beethoven in G major is one of the most effective for organ transcription and is also very popular. The Bourree from Bach's Third Violoncello Suite, and the Gavotte and Rondeau from his sixth Violin Sonata are also fine. In the following list the aim is to give novelties, most of them new to players, or legitimate C.gan works that are as yet missing from the theater organist's repertoire. The list:

Organ Solos.

"Pavane," B. Johnson (Novello).

"Air du Dauphin," J. L. Roeckel.

Organ Solos.

"Pavane," B. Johnson (Novello).

"Air du Dauphin," J. L. Roeckel.

"Menuet a la Pompadour," Scotson
lark.
Gavotte in F, Martini.
"Scherzo Symphonique," G. Debat-Ponsan. "Cadinette Shepherd Song," Ernest F.

"Cadinette Shepherd Song," Ernest F.
Jores.
Minuet in A flat, Scharwenka.
"Minuetto," Boccherini.
Minuet ("L'Arlesienne"), Bizet.
Gavotte in C minor, Saint-Saens.
Gavotte, "Louis XV.," Lee.
"Sylvana," Lee.
"Gavotte Pastorale" ("Annette et Lubin"), Durand.
"Tavanay," Vincent.
Gavotte, Ecker.
Gavotte, "Temple de la Gloire," Rameau.

eau.

Piano Solos.

"Amaryllis-Louis XIII.," Ghys.
Three Love Sonnets, Zamecnik.
Menuet, Paderewski.
Six pieces from "Water Music," Han-

Six pieces from "Water Music," Eel.

"Zenda" Waltzes, Witmark.
"Priscilla," Rolfe.
"Laces and Graces," Salzer.
"A Night in Granada," Kreutzer.
Mazurka ("Coppelia"), Delibes.
"Court Minuet," Lazarus.
"La Cinquantaine," Gabriel-Marie.
"Lady Lavender," Wynne.
"Chaconne," Durand.
"Gavotte a l'Antique," Seeboeck.
"Colonial Courtesy," Comins.
"Lords and Ladies," Salzer.
Scherzino, Kjerulf.
"Grandfather's Dance," Lazarus.
"My Lady Dances," Gallup.
"A Quaint Dance," Martin.

Piano Accompaniments.

"A Quaint Dance," Martin.

Piano Accompaniments.

Suite: "My Lady's Boudoir," Moore.
"Pavane de Madame Pompadour,"
Gruenwald.
"La Cinquantaine" and "Pizzicato-Bluette," Lack.
"Knickerbocker Intermezzo," Yon.
"Camelia." Yon.
Minuet, Lully.
Gavotte and Musette, St. George.
"The Flower of Chivalry." Sudds.
"Martha Washington" Gavotte, Aronson.

"Martha Washington Gaverte, Albason.
Overture, "Court Royal," Gruenwald.
"Sudeoise and Moresque," Lack.
"Miss Antique," Trinkhaus.
Overture, "The Talisman," Gruenwald.
"Of Olden Time Flavor." Sudds.
"Ancient Court Whisperings," Mehden.
"With Powdered Wig and Hoopskirt,"
Severac.

Severac.
"Charme d' Amour," Kendall.
"Daughter of the Revolution," Engel-

nann. Selection, "Dolly Varden," Edwards. Selection, "Dolly Dollars," Herbert. "My Grandfather's Girl," Dillon.

For French Scenes: Accompaniments. Suite, "In Britany," Kriens. Selection, "Babette," Herbert. Selection, "Cyrano de Bergerac," Her-

Selection, "Mile. Modiste," Herbert. Selection, "Mamselle Napoleon," Lu-

Selection, ders. "Fanchette," Bendix. "Fleur de Lis," Dillea. Selection, "The Jolly Musketeer," Ed-

ards.
"The Little Puritan," Morse.
"When Knighthood Was in Flower,"

ustin. "Ivanhoe," Van Alstyne. "In Regal Splendor," Luz.

#### NEW PHOTOPLAY MUSIC.

NEW PHOTOPLAY MUSIC.
Theater organists who have been conscientiously endeavoring to fit the pictures correctly will be delighted with a new series of issues especially for this work from the press of W. A. Quincke & Co. of Los Angeles. They are for the most part classified as neutral, quiet and sentimental pieces, and the first important work is a suite of five parts by Wal-

ter A. Quincke. "Autumn Thoughts" is the first movement, a graceful andantinovalse in A minor, with a second section in E. It will fit many neutral scenes and it is possible to use it as an oriental valse. "Day Dreams," in G, is a fitting companion piece to Wagner's "Album Leaf," of which it is reminiscent. "Regrets," an andante in G minor, is a melancholy tone picture synchronizing with pathetic scenes. The fourth, "Memories," in A flat, is rather Chopinesque and contains splendid dramatic material, at the same time showing the composer's individuality in breaking away from the hackneyed "composing by rule" idea, while the fifth and last movement, "Southern Blossoms," an andante con espressivo in B flat, would serve ideally as a love theme.

A separate issue, "Drifting Clouds," by Mr. Quincke, is an impressionistic tone picture of a dreamy summer's day, and the composer has caught the right idea in his unusual chord progressions, which, if properly interpreted by the organist on the delicate string stops, will be a perfect fit for many scenies on theater programs. After the chord progressions of sixteen measures, there is a single note theme, with an arpegglatic figure, in which the harp may be utilized, and the number closes with constantly changing harmonics, weird in effect and leading to a final cadence on a pianissimo A minor chord. This is one of the best illustrations of this type of composition that has come to our attention recently.

"Romance in G minor," by Juan Aguilar, opens with two measures of subdued chromatic chords in the accompaniment, and is followed by an appealingly plaintive theme in the same key, with portions of the air in syncopation. A moderato in G major suggests the use of unusual registration like bourdon, vox and flute played at an octave higher, and provides a restful contrast to the first part. The original theme returns to end the number.

"Butterflies," by H. E. Earle, is a sparkling novelete in F major. It has two other divisions, one in A minor, in which a baritone stop may

A further installment of the new Re-cital Series of Organ Transcriptions (Schirmer edition), all good material for theater, year.

A further installment of cital Series of Organ Transcriptions (Schirmer edition), all good material for theater use:

"Chant sans Paroles," by G. Faure, is an andantino in C minor with a characteristic melody, quasi sognando, that makes it useful for pathetic-dramatic scenes. Two short numbers by the Bohemian composer, Zdenko Fibich, are:
"A Pensive Mood," lento in B flat for celostes, and a "Melody" in A flat, transcribed by G. B. Nevin, in which a soft reed solo stop may be used.

ITALIAN: "Moonlight on the Lagoon," by R. Friml. This number opens with a barcarolle effect in the accompaniment and continues the same throughout the relative minor section (E minor) piu vivo. A short episode—animato—in which reeds and full organ are indicated, leads again to the first theme. A fine work to place on scenes of Venetian life.

In this connection Mark Andrews' "Venetian Idyl" in D flat is appropriate. A tender melody for the solo part, with a contrast in flute and clarinet later, makes it melodiously effective, and not at all difficult.

SOUTHERN: "Keep Me from Sinking

"Venetian Idyl" in D flat is appropriate. A tender melody for the solo part, with a contrast in flute and clarinet later, makes it melodiously effective, and not at all difficult.

SOUTHERN: "Keep Me from Sinking Down," an old negro melody transcribed by Carl Diton, is a gem in this line. The theme is given out first on the chimes, echoed on the vox humana, and followed by solo and accompaniment idea. An allegro pomposo pedal solo and alternate full organ chords approach the fantasia style. Antiphonal effects between great and swell with modulatory measures lead directly to the theme again, this time in left hand chords, with a flowing accompaniment in the right. Altogether this is a notable achievement in the treatment of a southern air.

The "Prelude" and "Adagietto" from Bizet's "L'Arlesienne Suite" are arranged by H. A. Fricker. The prelude, with its dramatic material, and the quieter movement which is well known, are both useful in picture playing.

Bizet seems to be a favorite just now. From the orchestral department we find the complete suite issued, arranged by Otto Langey. In addition to the two movements mentioned above the "Minuett" and the "Carillon" are included. In the score, in the andante part of the prelude, we find a saxophone solo indicated. Where the organ has this stop, we certainly should use it. The "Minuetto," too, is in line with colonial music we are listing. In the "Adagietto" we suggest a string solo, and when repeating, play in quartet style on a soft combination. On page 16 in the "Carillon" the andantino offers a possibility of a duet between flute and clarinet, as indicated in the original orchestral score. The chimes, too, should be utilized in this movement. "Dream Picture," by Gabriel-Marie, may be classified as dramatic, for while it begins softly, lento, with a reed solo, on the second and third pages are passages which can be treated freely. There is also opportunity to use pianissimo registration and to bring out, on page 4, the theme as a penetrating troble solo, and in c

tubas, trumpets, oboe and bassoon are freely marked. A heavy dramatic number of fine musical material. The second act prelude is somewhat lighter, the movement being two-four, albeit melodious. On the final pages the movement works up to a tremendous climax. "Springtime," by E. Soro, described as an "allegretto appassionato," opens with a lowing theme for strings and on page 4 the organist can bring out the ascending passages on the bass of the tuba, with treble chords on bourdon and strings.

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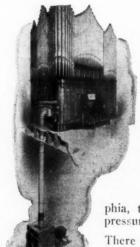
### **NEW ANTHEMS**

Souls of the Righteous	do 10
	φU.12
COLE, ROSSETTER G.	
Lord God of Hosts. (Prayer	
of the Pilgrims, from "The	
Rock of Liberty")	.15
DICKS, ERNEST A.	
Crossing the Bar	.10
EVANS, EDWIN	
The Shadows of the Evening	
	.12
HoursGLUCK-SCOTT	.14
Father, Hear the Prayer We	10
Offer	.12
Offer  HARRIS, CUTHBERT  O Holy, Holy Lord	
O Holy, Holy Lord	.12
The Day Is Past and Over	.12
HOLLOWAY, F. W. Onward, Pilgrim Brothers	
Onward, Pilgrim Brothers	.12
I Will Pray the Father	.12
JONES, WALTER HOWE	
The City of God	.12
LANSING, A. W.	
Te Deum in C	.15
LYNES, TWINING	
Bless the Lord, O My Soul MACDOUGALL, H. C.	.12
MACDOUGALL, H. C.	
Let Us Now Praise Famous	
Men	.12
Men MANSFIELD, ORLANDO A.	
O. Give Thanks	.12
God's Goodness Hath Been	
Great	.10
MILLIGAN, HAROLD V.	
Where You Goin', Poor Sin-	
ner? (Negro Spiritual)	.12
RISHER, ANNA PRISCILLA	
Like as the Hart	.12
RUSSELL, J. FRANK	
Day Is Dying in the West	.12
I Know No Life Divided	.12
I Know No Life Divided WRIGHT, WM. LYNDON	.14
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#### Recital Programs

Lynnwood Farnam, New York City.—Mr. Farnam, who has been spending his vacation in the Canadian northwest, gave a recital before an audience assembled by invitation at the Knox Church at Saskatoon, Sask., Tuesday morning, Aug. 9. His offerings were as follows: Toccata on the Gloria, Verset on the Antiphon "Nigra Sum," Toccata on "Ave Maris Stella," and Prelude and Fugue in B major, Marcel Dupre; "Sunrise" and "Vintage" (from "Les Heures Bourguig nonnes"), Georges Jacob; "Idillio," Mauro-Cottone; "Pantomime," H. B. Jepson; "Soeur Monique," Couperin; Toccata on a Gregorian Theme (from Symphony), Edward Shippen Barnes; Scherzofrom Second Symphony, Louis Vierne; Revery, Bonnet; "Fantasie Dialoguee," Op. 35, Boëllmann.

On July 29 Mr. Farnam gave a recital in St. Thomas Church at Saskatoon, presenting a Bach program at which the following were played: Prelude and Fugue in F minor; Chorale Preludes—"Dearest Jesu, We Are Here," (G major), "Comest Thou Now, Jesu, Down From Heaven" (G major), "Now Rejoice Ye, Christians" (G major, Luther's Hymn); Allegro from First Trio-Sonata (E flat); Chorale Preludes—"Lord Jesu Christ, Unto Us Turn" (G major), and "Hark, a Voice Says, 'All Is Mortal'"; Great G Minor Fugue.

Mr. Farnam spent his vacation with his parents in Saskatoon.

Dr. Harris S. Shaw, Boston, Mass.—Dr. Shaw, who has been organist and choir-

a Voice Says, 'All Is Mortal'"; Great G Minor Fugue.

Mr. Farnam spent his vacation with his parents in Saskatoon.

Dr. Harris S. Shaw, Boston, Mass.—Dr. Shaw, who has been organist and choirmaster for the summer session of Harvard Coilege and also teacher of organ, gave several recitals in Appleton Chapel, assisted by soloists. His programs included the following:

July 20—Prelude from Suite, Op. 29. Picrne; "Le Petit Berger," Debussy; Adagictto, Bizet; Musette, Debat-Ponsan; Pastorale, Ravel; Toccata, MacMaster.

July 27—Prelude, Sarabanda, Giga (Suite in F major), Corelli; "Dance of Argels," from "La Vita Nuova," Wolf-Ferrari; Mer uet, Boccherini; "Gloria," Buzzi-Peccia; "Redemption," Bossi, Aug. 3—Russian Program: "Finlandia," Sibelius; Barcarolle, Arensky; "Engelreigen," Wolf-Ferrari; Pilgrim's Song, Tschaikowsky; Melody, Rachmaninoff. Prelude in C sharp minor, Rachmaninoff. Raymond C. Robinson, F. A. G. O., Boston, Mass.—Mr. Robinson, instructor in the music departments of Wellesley College and of Boston University and organist and choirmaster of the Central Congregational Church of Boston, has acted as summer organist at the New Old South Church, and, as for three years previously, has been giving a recital after each morning service. Among his programs have been these:

July 17—"Vesperale," Cyril Scott; Caprice, Guilmant; Fugue in D. Guilmant.

July 31—Adagio from "Symphony Pathetique," Tschaikowsky; "Hora Mystica," Bossi; "Hora Gaudiosa," Bossi. Aug. 7—Largo from "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; Nocturne, Tschaikowsky; "Benedictus." Reger.

Aug. 14—"Adagio e dolce," Bach; "Noel Languedogien," Guilmant: Finale March, Boellmann.

Aug. 21—Adagio ("Piece Symphon-Ique"), Cesar Franck; Indian Idyl, Mac-Dowell; Finale (Symphony 1), Vierne; "Finlandia," Sibelius.

In a recital July 26 for the summer students of Boston University Mr. Robinson presented this program: Allegro (Symphony 6), Widor; "Clair de Lune," Karg-Elert; Menuet (Symphony 4), Vierne; "Finlandia," Sibelius.

In a recital July 26 for the summer fuc

Clarence Eddy, Chicago.—Mr. Eddy made a trip to Holdrege, Neb. to dedicate the three-manual Austin organ in the Methodist Church Aug. 17. He played the following program on the new Instrument: "Hosannah!", Dubois; "Sister Monica," Couperin; "Gavotta," Martini; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Fantasie-Chorale." Amedee Reuchsel; Christmas Lullaby, Amedee Reuchsel; Christmas Lullaby, Amedee Reuchsel; Christmas Lullaby, Amedee Reuchsel; Christmas Lullaby, The Martini; "In E. Bossi; "By the Waters of Babylon," Stoughton; "Keep Me from Sinking Down," Carl R. Diton; "Afterglow," Groton; "Rustic March," Andrew J. Boex; Paraphrase on Gottschalk's "Last Hope," Saul; Concert Variations in E, Bonnet, Gerhard T. Alexis, A. A. G. O., St.

Saul; Concert Variations in E, Bonnet.

Gerhard T. Alexis, A. A. G. O., St.
Paul, Minn.—Mr. Alexis, organist of the
First Lutheran Church, gave a recital in
the Swedish Lutheran Church of Genoa,
Neb., July 29, playing as follows: Prelude. Sonata 3, Gulimant; Berceuse,
Dickinson; Fugue in D minor, Bach;
"Eventide." Fairclough; Paraphrase on
Hymn "Integer Vitae" (MS.) and "Supplication" (MS.), Gerhard Alexis;
"Hymne de Fete." Op. 22, Hagg; Allegretto in B minor, Gulimant; "March of
the Magi Kings," Dubois; "Gesu Bambino," Yon; Christmas Pastorale, Harker; "In Summer," Stebbins; "Marche
Religieuse," Guilmant.

J. Lawrence Erb, F. A. G. O., Urbana.

Religieuse," Guilmant.

J. Lawrence Erb, F. A. G. O., Urbana.
III.—In his recital at the University of
Illinois Auditorium July 28 Mr. Brb
Dalyed as follows: Toccata and Fugue in
D minor, Bach: Elegy and Melody. Coleridge-Taylor; Pastorale. Faulkes: Sonat
Cromatica, No. 2, Yon: Nocturnette
("Moonlight"), d'Evry; Allegro Scherzando (MS.), Erb; Meditation, Kinder:
Grand March from "Aida," Verdi.
Charles Reddee. North Bay. Ont.—On

Charles Beddoe, North Bay, Ont.—On a recent visit to Guelph Mr. Beddoe played the following on the large three-manual Casavant organ in the Church of

the Immaculate Conception: "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin; Scherzoso, Rogers; "Car-illons de Dunkerque," Carter-Turpin; 'Jubilate Deo," Silver; "A Cloister Scene," Mason; "Grand Choeur," Spence; Toccata in A. Blakeley; Serenade, Mark Andrews; "Requiem Aeternum," Basil Harwood; "Chant Angelique," Frantasia and "Finale Symphonique," C. J. Grey.

T. Frederick H. Candlyn, Albany, N. Y. —The following programs were given by Mr. Candlyn at St. Paul's Church for the summer school of the State College; July 6—Concerto in B flat, Handel; Londonberry Air, Traditional; "Basso Ostinato," Arensky; "Suite Gothique," Boellmann.

July 13—French Music: First Movement from Second Symphony, Vierne; "Noel" and "Forlane," Seventeenth Century; Scherzo from Fifth Sonata, Gulimant; "Arlel," Bonnet; "Grand Choeur Dialogue," Gigout.

July 20—Jubilee Overture, Weber; Andante Cantabile, Tschaikowsky; Spring Song, Mendelssohn; "Moment Musical, Schubert; March from "Alda," Verdi.

July 27—Concerto in D minor, John Stanley, Elizabethan Idyll, Noble; Chanson, Candlyn; Concert Overture, Fricker. Aug. 3—"Marche Religieuse," Saint-Saens; Song of the Volga Boatmen, Traditional; "An Indian Legend," Candlyn; "The Angelus," Massenet: Fugue from Senata in C minor, Reubke.

Aug. 10—This program consisted of requests by the students: Frelude to 'Parsital," Wagner; Largo, Handel; Andante Cantabile, Tschaikowsky, Largo from "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; March from "Aida," Verdi.

Allan Bacon, Fairffeld, Iowa.—Mr. Bacon, professor of organ at Parsons Colege, gave this program Aug. 8 at the

from "New World" Symphony, Dvorak; March from "Aida," Verdi.

Allan Bacon, Fairfield, lowa.—Mr. Bacon, professor of organ at Parsons College, gave this program Aug. 8 at the college on the three-manual organ erected a few years ago: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique," Guilmant; Scherzo, from Sonata in E minor, Rogers; "Quietude," Edward M. Read (Dedicated to Allan Bacon); "In a Chinese Garden, Stoughton; "March of the Gnomes" (from the "Suite in Fairyland"), Stoughton; Toccata in A major, MacMaster.

Ray Hastings, Los Angeles, Cal.—Recent popular programs by Dr. Hastings at the Auditorium contained the following: Prelude and "Good Friday Music" ("Parsifal"), Wagner; Chorale, "O Sacred Head," Bach; "And the Glory of the Lord" (from "The Messiah"), Handel; Nocturne, "Midsummer Night's Dream, 'Funeral March and Priests' March from "Athalie," Mendelssohn; "The Swan," Saint-Saens; "The Magic Harp," Meale; "Night Song," Doud; Woodland Sketch, No. 3, MacDowell; "Melodie," Frimi; "Extasy," Ganne; Prelude to Act 2, "Cyrano," Damrosch.

Henry T. Polk, Santa Barbara, Cal.—

"Cyrano," Damrosch.

Henry T. Polk, Santa Barbara, Cal.—

Mr. Polk, who has entered upon his second year as organist of First Church of Christ, Scientist, gave the following recital Sunday afternoon, July 17: Sonata No. 3, C minor, Guilmant; "Offertoire de St. Cecile," Grison; "Dreams," Stoughton; Sketches of the City, Nevin; "Elves," Lemont-Polk; Toccata, Dubois.

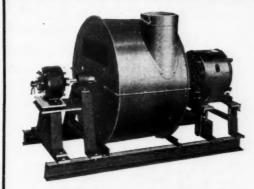
No. 3, C minor, Guilmant; "Offertoire de St. Cecile," Grison; "Dreams," Stoughton; Sketches of the City, Nevin; "Elves," Lemont-Polk; Toccata, Dubois.

Warren D. Allen, Stanford University, Cal.—Mr. Allen's summer recitals at the Memorial Church have included the following:
July 3—"Colonial Days" and "Peaceful Days" (From the "Pilgrim Suite"). M. Austin Dunn; Scherzo Caprice, Candlyn; "In Summer," C. A. Stebbins; Overture, "William Tell," Rossini.
July 7—Toccata in F major, Bach; Song without Words, Faure; "Roulade," Seth Bingham; "Angelus" (From "Scenes Pittoresques"), Massenet; Torchlight March, Guilmant.
July 17—Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach; Minuct in A major, Boccherini: "The Swan," Saint-Saens; March from "Tannhauser" Wagner.
July 21—Three pieces Op. 29. Pierne: Pavane ("Thee Earl of Salisbury"), Byrd: Prelude in G major, Mendelssohn; Grand Chorus in A major, Salome.
July 24—Symphony in D minor, No. 1 (Prelude, Pastorale). Vierne; Symphony in D minor (Allegro Vivace, Andante, Finale), Vierne.
July 33—Tenth Concerto. in D minor, Handel: "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; Four'h Sonata, Guilmant.
July 31—Tenth Concerto. in D minor, Handel: "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; Four'h Sonata, Guilmant.
July 31—Tenth Concerto. in D minor, Handel: "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; Four'h Sonata, Guilmant.
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July 31—Tenth Concerto. in D minor, Handel: "Romance sans Paroles," Bonnet; Four'h Sonata, Guilmant.
July 35—Tendes on the first Baptist Church of Boone, Iowa, in memory of Mary Alice Goldthwaite. His program included the following: Fantasia in C. Tours: Bridal Song, Jensen; Prelude and Fugue in G major, Mendelssohn; Pavanne, Herbert Sharp; Allegro Symphonic, No. 16. Salome; "Morning Mood" ("Peer Gynt Suite"), Grieg; Madrigal, Simonetti; Serenade, Pierne; Andante Cantabile, Tschaikowsky; Gavotte in F major, Roeckel; Grand Sonata in E flat (first movement), Dudley Buck; Prelude, Chaminade; Overture to "Lohengrin," Wa

Miss Nora A. Grady, Indianapolis, Ind.
—Miss Grady, a graduate pupil of Charles
F. Hansen, was presented in a recital by
him July 26 in the following program:
Toccata and Fuxue in D minor, Bach;
Prayer (Gothic Suite), Boellmann; Intermezzo, Bizet; Caprice, Kinder; "Cantilene Nuptiale," Dubois; "Hosannah!"
(Chorus Magnus), Dubois.

New Company Kept Busy.
The National Organ Supply Company, Eric, Pa., which was organized less than two years ago, reports a large number of orders. Although the firm is comparatively new, the personnel of the organization has been identified with the organ world for many years. The names of John H. Hallas, Harry F. Auch and Henry

Kugel need no introduction. Mr. Hallas is president, Mr. Auch vice-president and Mr. Kugel is the secretary. The National Organ Supply Company has made a considerable reputation in voicing reed and flue pipes, but it specializes in string-tone pipes. It has supplied the string pipes for some of the finest organs of the country.



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#### Ralph W. Ermeling Weds.

Ralph W. Ermeling Weds.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Florence Wells Snell, daughter of Isaac Gardner Snell of Chicago, to Ralph William Ermeling. The marriage occurred Aug. 3 and Mr. and Mrs. Ermeling, who have gone to Europe on' their wedding trip, will return in the fall and be at home after Nov. 1 at 5525 West Ohio street. Mr. Ermeling is the organist of Central Church and is also an architect of wide reputation in Chicago. He has been for some time treasurer of the Illinois chapter of the A. G. O.

#### Alban W. Cooper at Muskegon.

Alban W. Cooper at Muskegon.

Alban W. Cooper is the latest New England organist to follow Horace Greeley's advice. Mr. Cooper has accepted an offer of the position of organist and director of music at the First Congregational Church of Muskegon, Mich., the growing and prosperous city on Lake Michigan. Mr. Cooper has been for eight years at New London, Conn., six years of this time at St. James' Episcopal Church and two years at the Second Congregational Church. He has been also conductor of the New London Choral Union.

Harold Gleason of Rochester, N. Y., has been spending two weeks at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., and gave a series of four very successful recitals on the large Skinner organ there. He also opened a Möller organ in the Brighton Reformed Church at Rochester, July 22.

Franz C. Bornschein has been awarded the prize of \$100 offered to composers of the United States for the best setting for the poem "The Four Winds." by Charles Luders. The prize was offered by the Swift & Co. Male Chorus, of Chicago, and attracted the attention of many of the foremost composers of the country. Mr. Bornschein is a teacher of violin and composition and is connected with the Peabody Conservatory of Baltimore. The award was made by Leo Sowerby, Allen Spencer and D. A. Clippinger.

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#### ZEUCH THINKS OF HEARERS.

Consideration for Audience Voiced by Organist in Interview.

Beth Skinner, writing in the August issue of the Musical Observer of New York, has an interesting article on William E. Zeuch, the Boston organist, whose ability at the keyboard, personal attributes and business versatility are the admiration of his friends in all parts of the country. Mr. Zeuch is quoted as follows in an interview:

"Many organists make the mistake of playing only the music which appeals to themselves, regardless of their audience, or the size of their concert room. If that were the case with me I would play classical music all the time, but I can't. I must think of my listeners. I want them to come, not once but again and again, and therefore must play what I think appeals to them. In a medium-sized concert room like this," he went on with a sweep of his hand toward the empty pews of the South Congregational Church, that row upon row spread down the dark, silent church, "delicate tones are not lost. I can indulge in all kinds of soft intricate things. This is not a cathedral—massive cathedral music would not be suitable here An organist must think of that."

In her estimate of the playing of Mr. Zeuch, the writer of the article has this to say:

Compared with other organists of his day, Zeuch's playing is individual, standing out as clearly different—as strikingly defined as a church steeple against a sunset sky. He has a subtle delicacy, a certain depth of feeling that most of his contemporaries lack. While their music makes one think continually of the skill with which it is being played, Zeuch's music makes one forget the organist, organ and technique. One enters directly into the magic of his musical thoughts until, like a picture that is being painted before the eyes, the music becomes a whole, full of real atmospheric feeling, color and life.

We might call him a colorist of the impressionistic type. Yet intensely human, he strikes one at once with his utter sincerity. There are no traits of affectation as he splashes color on

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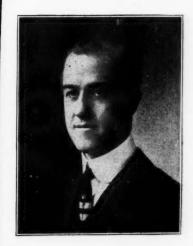
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### The Metamorphosis of a Small Organ

By WILLIAM ROBERT CRAWFORD

As some of our younger organists may not know about the great changes and improvements that have been made in organs during the last fifty years. I will describe a two-manual, tracker action organ of moderate size, such as was installed in many churches about the year 1850, and then rebuild it several times, until it is an up-to-date organ with electric action, octave couplers, borrowed stops, and so on. The same pipes will be retained even if the remainder of the, instrument has to be new and the organ will not be enlarged, because I can thus give the reader a better idea of the advance in construction than he could get from a description of three or four different organs he selected. vance in construction than he could get from a description of three or four dif-ferent organs. Following is the scheme of our original organ: Great organ compass, C C to F 3, 54

notes.
Swell organ compass, C C to F 3, 54 Pedal organ compass, C C C to F. 17

GREAT ORGAN.

1. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 54 pipes.
2. Stopped Diapason Treble, 8 ft., 37

pipes.
3. Stopped Diapason Bass, 8 ft., 17

Dulciana, 8 ft., 37 pipes. Flute, 4 ft., 37 pipes. Principal, 4 ft., 54 pipes. Twelfth, 3 ft., 54 pipes. Fifteenth, 2 ft., 54 pipes.

SWELL ORGAN.
Bourdon, 16 ft., 37 pipes.
Open Diapason, 8 ft., 37 pipes.
Gamba, 8 ft., 37 pipes.
Stopped Diapason Treble, 8 ft., 37 pipes. 13. Stopped Diapason Bass, 8 ft., 17

Violina Treble, 4 ft., 37 pipes. Violina Bass, 4 ft., 17 pipes. Fifteenth, 2 ft., 37 pipes. Cornet (17th and 19th), 2 rks., 74

pipes.

18. Trumpet 8 ft., 37 pipes.

PEDAL ORGAN.

19. Bourdon, 16 ft., 17 pipes.

COUPLERS—Swell to great, swell to pedal, great to pedal.

pedal, great to pedal.

After about twenty-five years the church people decided that their organ was antiquated, and had it entirely rebuilt. They retained practically nothing but the pipes and the old case, which was enlarged. The manual compass was extended to A by adding four notes to each keyboard, and each stop was carried through the entire keyboard. The pedal organ was extended nine notes to D. The swell bourdon was made to draw as two stops, so that the bass gave a soft sixteen-foot pedal when coupled to the swell organ. A tremulant was also added to the swell organ.

The scheme of the rebuilt organ was as follows:

Great organ compass, C C to A 3, 58 notes.

well organ compass, C C to A 3, 58 Pedal organ compass, C C C to D, 27 notes.

GREAT ORGAN.
Open Diapason, 8 ft., 58 pipes.
Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 58 pipes.
Dulciana. 8 ft., 58 pipes.
Flute, 4 ft., 58 pipes.
Flute, 4 ft., 58 pipes.
Twelfth, 3 ft., 58 pipes.
Twelfth, 2 ft., 58 pipes.
SWELL, ORGAN.

Fifteenth. 2 ft., 58 pipes, SWELL ORGAN. Bourdon Treble, 16 ft., 46 pipes. Bourdon Bass. 16 ft., 12 pipes. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 58 pipes. Gamba, 8 ft., 58 pipes, Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 58 pipes. Violina, 4 ft., 58 pipes. Fifteenth, 2 ft., 58 pipes. Cornet (17th to 19th), 2 rks., 116

15. Cornet (17th to 19th), 2 rks., 116 pipes.

16. Trumpet, 8 ft., 46 pipes.

17. Bassoon, 8 ft., 12 pipes.

Tremulant.

PEDAL ORGAN.

18. Bourdon, 16 ft., 27 pipes.
Couplers—Swell to great, swell to pedal, great to pedal.

Afterwards a water motor was installed to blow the organ.

At a later date, several alterations were introduced which made the organ much more effective. A 16-foot open diapason was added in the pedal and a coupler swell to great 4 feet. The great organ twelfth was shifted eighteen pipes and revoiced as a soft open diapason, 8 ft. The great fifteenth was discarded and the swell trumpet put in its place. In the swell a new oboe was put in the place of the trumpet, which had been removed to the great organ. Composition pedals were also added—two for the swell organ.

Then, a few years ago, the church members decided that they must have an electric organ with octave couplers, and everything up to date. The instrument was rebuilt and the following is the scheme of the organ as it now stands:

Great Organ, C C to C3, 61 notes, 61 pipes.

pipes. Swell Organ, C C to C3, 61 notes, 73 dal Organ, C C C to F, 30 notes, 42

great organ.

Great organ.

Open Diapason. 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Second Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61

Dulciana, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Flute, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Principal, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Trumpet, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

Swell, ORGAN.
Bourdon Treble, 16 ft., 61 pipes.
Bourdon Bass, 16 ft., 12 pipes.
Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Gamba, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes.
Violina, 4 ft., 73 pipes.
Fifteenth, 2 ft., 73 pipes.
Cornet (17th & 19th), 2 rks., 146

Oboe, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Bassoon, 8 ft., 12 pipes. Tremulant.

Tremulant.

PEDAL ORGAN.

18. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 42 pipes.

19. Bourdon, 16 ft., 30 pipes.

20. Bourdon (Dolce), (From Numbers 8 and 9), 16 ft., 30 notes.

21. Flute, 8 ft., (From No. 18), 30 notes.

22. Trombone, 16 ft. (twelve pipes plus 18 from No. 7), 30 notes.

Couplers—Swell to great, swell to great octave, swell to great sub-octave, swell to swell octave, swell to pedal, great to pedal.

to swell octave, swell to betal, great to pedal.

COMPOSITION PEDALS—Swell organ f f, Swell organ p p, Great organ f f; Great organ p p, Crescendo Peda!. Three push buttons for great and pedal organs, three push buttons for swell and pedal organs.

Of course it would be unwise to rebuild an organ as many times as this, for the old and new pipes might not blend and proper wind supply and other mechanical problems would make it more or less impractical. I thought, however, that if I retained the same basic organ and the same names on the stops, young readers might get a better idea of the changes which have come in organ planning than if I merely described several typical small organs of various dates. A modern organ of this size would probably have in the great organ a melodia, a doppel flöte, or both, in place of the stopped diapason, and in the swell organ an aeoline, 8 ft., vox celeste, 8 ft., flute, 4 ft., vox humana, 8 ft., and cornopean, 8 ft.

#### MIDMER FOR PHILADELPHIA

#### Three-Manual Organ to Be Built for Summit Presbyterian Church.

One of the recent contracts won by Reuben Midmer & Son of Merrick, N. Y., is that for a three-manual organ with harp and chimes for the Summit Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia. The specification is as follows:

GREAT ORGAN.

1. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
2. Second Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes.

S.
Viola da Gamba, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Gemshorn, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Doppel Flöte, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Flute Harmonique, 4 ft., 61 pipes.
Chimes, 20 bells.

7. Flute Harmonique, 4 ft., 61 pipes
8. Chimes, 20 bells.

8. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes,
10. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
11. Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
12. Vox Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes,
13. Stopped Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
14. Flauto Traverso, 4 ft., 73 pipes,
15. Mixture, 3 ranks, 183 pipes,
16. Obce, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
17. Cornopean, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
18. Vox Humana, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
19. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
20. Dulciana, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
21. Concert Flute, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
22. Flute d'Amour, 4 ft., 73 pipes,
23. Piccolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes,
24. Clarinet, 8 ft., 73 pipes,
25. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 32 pipes,
26. Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 pipes,
27. Lieblich Gedeckt, 16 ft., 32 notes,
The new organ will replace an

The new organ will replace an old Roosevelt which has an electric action. A few of the stops in the old organ will be retained. The chimes will be placed in the tower at the rear of the church and preparation will be made for a small echo organ in the tower.

### Philadelphia Firm Chartered.

In conjunction with incorporating under the state laws of Pennsylvania, the Mudler-Hunter Company, of Philadelphia, has made considerable changes in its factory, besides taking several competent men into the firm. This firm expects now to be in a position to take care of anything desired in the organ line and announces its intention of building only highgrade instruments.

#### E. S. Ender Takes Up New Tasks.

E. S. Ender Takes Up New Tasks.

Edmund Sereno Ender gave a recital in the First Lutheran Church of Southington, Conn., Aug. 7, and was solo organist at a concert in Burlington, July 30. Mr. Ender spent the summer in Connecticut and will go to Baltimore about Sept. 1 to begin his work as organist and choirmaster of St. Paul's Church, and director of music at Goucher College. Mr. Ender will also be on the teaching staff of Peabody Institute.

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**NEW YORK** 



BY HAROLD V. MILLIGAN. OVERTURE IN C MINOR AND MAJOR,

OVERTURE IN C MINOR AND MAJOR, by Thomas Adams; published by G. Schirmer, New York.

Thomas Adams was an English organist and composer whose life spanned the first half of the nineteenth century. If we remember correctly, he was organist at St. Paul's Cathedral, London, during part of this time. At any rate, he was a "big man" in his day and was a prolific composer for organ, chorus, pianoforte and in other forms. Of the great quantity of music which he produced during his lifetime hardly any remains today, little more than fifty years after his death. Sie transit gloria mund!! We have seen a cantata of his and one or two anthems, but we have never before encountered any of his organ music, of which he wrote a large amount. Probably some of the oldsters will reprove us for declaring that Thomas Adams has made his permanent exit from the musical stage, but so it seems to us.

This Overture in C minor and major is declared by the publishers to be "newly arranged and edited by F. Flaxington Harker." It has a certain amount of vitality and it is doubtless a commendable effort to attempt to salvage it from the wreck of Time. It is undoubtedly just as good in its way as nine-tenths of the organ music being written today, which will not be in great demand sixty or seventy years from now. But it must be confessed that, while it is well writen and is pleasing to the ear, most of it really signifieth nothing. The truth of the matter is that Thomas Adams was not a leader even in his own day. He was too conservative to be deeply significant. The Overture in C minor and major belongs to the period of Mozart, and Mozart penned his last notes about the time that Thomas Adams was born. We do not recall that Mozart ever wrote any organ overtures, so Thomas Adams may fill the niche, and fill it quite creditably, too.

INTERMEZZO, Fibich. and

INTERMEZZO, Fibich, and SONG WITHOUT WORDS, Fibich; published by the Boston Music Company.

The latest two additions to the Boston Music Company's Recital Series of Organ Transcriptions are from the Bohemian composer, Zdenko Fibich, and the transcriber is Gordon Balch Nevin. Both pieces are quite short and of light texture, pleasing salon music, Both are well suited to the organ both in style and contents. The Intermezzo gives fine opportunity for a mellow flute or gedeckt, contrasting with a theme in sustained harmonies.

#### Dr. Ward Is Recovering.

Dr. John McE. Ward of Philadelphia has been at Atlantic City since Aug. 1, taking a good rest, and will return to his duties in Philadelphia Sept. 5. During the N. A. O. convention Dr. Ward, who had been devoting himself unsaringly to the present non Dr. Ward, who had been devoting himself unsparingly to the preparations for the meeting, was overcome on two occasions by the extreme heat. The second time he was compelled to go to bed, and was unable to make the trip to Valley Forge. His recovery has been very satisfactory.

A. Leslie Jacobs, formerly organist of the First Presbyterian Church of Fort Wayne, Ind., has returned from Paris, where he spent a year, studying with Bonnet and with Decaux. He visited Chicago in August and then went on to Fort Wayne.

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Charles Heinroth's Performances at Pittsburgh Are Heard at Many Points Through Medium of the Wireless.

Charles Heinroth, organist of Carnegie Music Hall, Pittsburgh, has taken advantage of radio telephony to send recitals out into the air. This marks another stride forward in radio entertainment, as it is probably the first time that a concert organist and one who is recognized as a master musician has played regularly for wireless entertainment.

By arrangement with the test sta-

wireless entertainment.

By arrangement with the test station of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburgh, Mr. Heinroth's Saturday evening and Sunday afternoon recitals are sent broadcast. Station KDKA, as it has been licensed, has been given geography and have been

are sent broadcast. Station KDKA, as it has been licensed, has been giving concerts regularly and has a large list of amateurs in nearly all sections of the country for its audience. The effect of a recital by a master organist upon these people is easily reflected in the many letters they send in, praising his work.

If the present developments keep on, good music can be easily obtained by every citizen. It is fairly possible that small receiving sets will be installed in homes, in such a manner that by merely inserting a plug, recitals of the standard of Mr. Heinroth's can be heard. That this is not a far-fetched idea is attested by the fact that radio engineers are working on the problem at this moment. Perfections and new adaptations have come quickly in the last two years, so it is probable that the individual radio set for the home is a piece of equipment of the near future.

Mr. Heinroth is one of the few recognized artists of the country to take a keen interest in the adaptation of his music to the radio telephone.

#### ERB SUCCEEDED BY STIVEN.

Former Goes to New Work in New York—Latter Called to Illinois.

J. Lawrence Erb, who has resigned as head of the music school of the University of Illinois, has accepted the business directorship of the American Institute of Applied Music, in New York City, and will assume his new duties about Sept. 20. Professor Erb has been prominent nationally as an organist and teacher for years. He was formerly at Wooster College in Ohio and later was organist and director at the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Chicago, from which place he went to Urbana to take up the work at the state university.

Frederic B. Stiven of Oberlin Col-

Frederic B. Stiven of Oberlin College will succeed Mr. Erb as director at the University of Illinois. Mr. Stiven is also a well-known organist and one of the most talented and energetic men in the field. He has been at Oberlin for a number of years as chief aid to Dr. George W. Andrews, head of the organ department in the Oberlin Conservatory. Mr. Stiven is also ranked as one of the best performers and was one of the recitalists at the N. A. O. convention in New York last year.

#### E. S. Seder Marries Mrs. Arendt.

E. S. Seder Marries Mrs. Arendt.
Edwin Stanley Seder, organist and director of the First Congregational Church of Oak Park and head of the organ department at the Northwestern University School of Music, and Mrs. Else Harthan Arendt, soprano in Mr. Seder's choir and one of the best-known singers of Chicago, were married Aug. 10 at the apartment of the bride in Chicago. Mr. Seder has been a resident of Chicago for several years and has an enviable reputation as an organist. Mrs. Arendt has appeared in recital and oratorio in addition to her church work and her teaching at the Sherwood Music School. The bride is the daughter of Hans Harthan of Kansas City, the composer, conductor and organist.

### WILL C. MACFARLANE

#### CONCERT ORGANIST

FOUNDER PORTLAND MUNICIPAL ORGAN

#### Excerpts From Recent Press Comments

The program, as played by Will C. Macfarlane, was performed with great brilliancy, and displayed in all details consummate artistry. By all odds it was the most satisfying organ playing heard in a long while in Boston.

S. Harrison Lovewell, in "The Chicago News," July 30, 1920.

Macfarlane plays with much au hority and with a careful regard for that variety which is quite essential in making up programs for miscellaneous audiences. The result is that his selections are always well contrasted.

Ernest Newton Bagg, in "The Springfield Union," January 6, 1921.

Macfarlane is a great organist and a splendid musician. Edwin Grasse, in "The Outlook," New York, February 2, 1921.

Macfarlane brought out the beautiful tones and harmonies of the great instrument. His playing indicated to the thousand or more music lovers in attendance that he is one of the greatest organists of the United States.

"The Daily Argus," Mt. Vernon, New York, February 12, 1921.

Macfarlane at all times was master of his program and held the audience spellbound. Too much praise cannot be given him, and it is hoped that a repetition of his wonderful work will be possible in the near future.

"The Saratogian," Saratoga, New York, January 21, 1921.

Macfarlane charms big audience at organ recital.

Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., June 21, 1920.

Macfarlane is an artist whose breadth of conception makes whatever he plays possess individuality and personality. The crispness and absolute sureness of touch possessed by this truly great virtuoso, became evident in the very first number. William Bishop Gates, in "The Binghamton Press," April 23, 1920.

We enjoyed in the program eclecticism and program rendition the fruits of Macfarlane's seven years of recital effort, during which time he has gone into subtle things of playing, and has watched the people to find out how to minister both to their entertainment and to their musical uplift. It would be hard to remember any event of the kind here that has given quite as much keen pleasure. pleasure. W. E. Woodruff, in "The Record," Wilkes-Barre, Pa., February 10, 1921.

Concert Direction, John Macfarlane, 798 Tenth Ave., New York City

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SONNET

(To Clarence Eddy, Organist)
He came to us last night, and waked the keys
To life beneath the magic of his touch;
Twere vain indeed to say how much
Was done by earth's or Heaven's agencies.
He pressed the keys and melodies
By master minds thrilled us with such
Impelling force we longed to grasp and clutch
Them close for the eternities!

Them close for the exercises.

He played in great crescendos, lionbold,
Then softly, as a soul from earth departs;
He played, and winter tempests crashed and rolled,
Then—summer breezes lulled with subtle arts;
He played, and life's deep verities were told—
He played till, lo—we tossed to him our hearts!

Lida Keck Wiggins, Musical Editor Springfield, Ohio, Sun, April 22, 1921.

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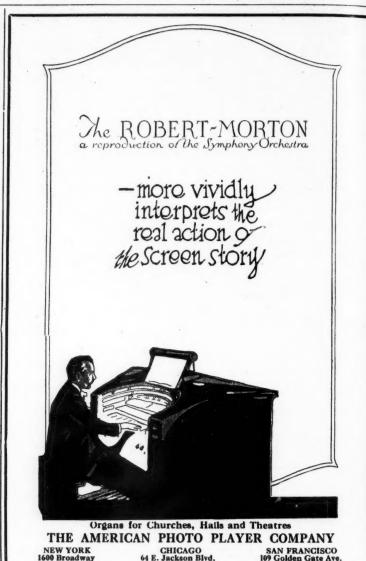
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REPORT OF ORGAN COMMITTEE

SECOND CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH PUTNAM, CONN.

PUTNAM, CONN.

The committee, moving with the enthusiastic and hearty approval of Mrs. Chester E. Child, purposes installing a new, thoroughly modern organ, to be purchased with the Chester E. Child fund of approximately \$7,200, and to be known as the Chester E. Child Memorial Organ. It is to be built by the Hall Organ Company, West Haven, Connecticut.

The committee has been through the factory and has heard organs of their make in both West Haven and New Haven, where there are forty-four Hall organs, and the tone of those heard has been unusually dignified, full and sweet. Opinions regarding the Hall organ have been obtained by your committee from many users, and this organ is by them confidently recommended to the Society and Church. The specifications, with no marks of identification, of three bidders have been submitted by your committee to different organists of known ability and judgment, and they all advised us to select the organ above described. The organ is to be installed ready for use on or before December 24th, 1921. Provision has been made on the console for an echo organ, which at a cost of \$2,000 could some time be installed in the north tower at the rear of the church. Thus has the committee tried to make provision for some possible future memorial or for an addition by the Church.

(Signed) RAY C. BOSWORTH, Chairman.

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