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CAFORD, S.

Tenth Year_Number Secon

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CHICAGO, JUNE 1, 1919.

One Dollar a Year-Ten Cents a Copy.

HARRISBURG WILL HAVE A SOLDIER MEMORIAL

ORGAN IS TO COST \$25,800

W. P. Starkey Presents Instrument to Grace Methodist Church and Contract Is Awarded to Austin Company.

The Austin Organ Company has been awarded the contract for an-other iour-manual organ which is to be erected as a memorial to the sol-diers and sailors who fell in the war. W. P. Starkey of Harrisburg, Pa., is the donor. It is to cost \$25,800 and is to be placed in Grace M. E. Church of Harrisburg. Elisha Fow-ler was the Austin representative in the negotiations.

The organ is to be placed on both sides of the chancel, which is being enlarged to accommodate the choir and the new organ. The pipes and case of the present organ are in the west end of the church and are to remain in their present position. The specification is as follows:

specification is as follows: GREAT ORGAN. Double Diapason, 6 ft., 31 pipes. First Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipe Second Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pip Major Flute (Pedal Ext.), 8 ft., 61 Clarabella Flute, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Violoncello, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Octave, 4 ft., 61 pipes. Harmonic Flute, 1 ft., 61 pipes. Trumpet, 8 ft., 61 pipes. "Echo Flute, 8 ft., 73 notes. "Ficho Flute, 1 ft., 73 notes. pipes. 61 pipes.

*From antiphonal organ by duples ac-tion,

on. SWELL ORGAN. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Stopped Plute, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viole d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viole d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viole Celeste, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Violina, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Flauto Traverso, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Contra Fagotto, 16 ft., 73 pipes. Orono, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Oboe, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Vos Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Tremolo.

Tremolo, CHOIR ORGAN, Contra Viole, 16 ft., 73 pipes, Geigen Principal, 8 ft., 73 pipes, Quintadena, 8 ft., 73 pipes, Quintadena, 8 ft., 73 pipes, Flute Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes, Flute Celeste, 8 ft., 61 pipes, Flute Celeste, 8 ft., 73 pipes, Piccolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes, Ficcolo, 2 ft., 61 pipes, French Horn, 8 ft., 73 pipes, French Horn, 8 ft., 73 pipes, Tremolo,

Treinolo. SOLO ORGAN. Grand Diapason, 8 fL, 73 pipes. Gross Flute, 8 fL, 73 pipes. Gamba 8 fL, 73 pipes. Gamba Celeste, 8 fL, 61 pipes. Flute Ouverte, 4 fL, 73 pipes. Harmonic Tuba, 8 fL, 73 pipes. Saxophone, 8 fL, 73 pipes.

Saxophone, 8 (L. 73 pipes, ANTIPHONAL, ORGAN, (At opposite end.) English Diapason, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Cor d'Nuit, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Nitsua, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Viole Actheria, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Yos Anselica, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Yos Humana, 8 (L. 61 pipes, Chimes,

Chimes. PEDAL ORGAN (Augmented), Resultant Rass, 32 ft., 32 notes, Contra Bourdon, 32 ft., 32 notes, Open Dianason, 16 ft., 32 notes, Violone, 16 ft., 32 notes, Violone, 16 ft., 32 notes, Second Diapason (Great), 16 ft., 32

otes. First Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 notes. Second Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 notes. Contra Viole (from Choir), 16 ft., 32

Major Flute, 8 ft., 32 notes. Flute Dolce, 8 ft., 32 notes. Trombone (Great Trumpet), 16 ft., 32

fes Fagotto (Swell), 16 ft. •32 notes. Antiphonal Bourdon (Extension), 16 ft.

Earl V. Moore, the Ann Arbor or-canist, was in Chicago on a brief visit May 10 and among his stopping-places was the office of The Dia-pason. Mr. Moore's work in the Michigan university town has become known far and wide.



Two of the organists of Portland, Ore., who are giving recitals on municipal organ.]

WILL MACFARLANE RESIGNS PHILIP JAMES IS HONORED

Will Leave Post of Municipal Organ-ist at Portland, Maine, Oct. 1.

ist at Portland, Maine, Oct. 1. Will C. Macfarlane, municipal or-ganist of Portland, Maine, has re-signed and will leave his position there on Oct. 1. He will continue to play during the summer, giving the recitals which have given Portland a famous feature of the tourist season. In a letter to The Diapason Mr. Mac-farlane says that he longs for the ad-vantages of a larger city and that he will devote his time to travel in New York state, lecturing and playing in York state, lecturing and playing in the interest of municipal organ music. He will make New York City hisheadquarters.

headquarters. Mr. Macfarlane is the first of the municipal organists appointed in this country and was engaged when the large Austin organ in the Portland City Hall was completed. Before that he was organist of St. Thomas' Episcopal Church in New York, in which position he was succeeded by T. Tertius Noble. Mr. Macfarlane is widely known also as a composer for the organ and for the choir.

Assistant Leader of Pershing's Band Conducts in Many Cities. Lieut. Philip James, assistant lead-er of the famous Pershing band, is one of the young American organists who enhanced their reputations mu-sically through their services with the American forces in the war. Mr. James stopped in Chicago for a short time on the recent tour by the band of a number of large cities. Mr. James expects soon to be back at the organ in New York and to resume his composition, in which he has received recognition for the excellence of his work. The editor of The Diapason thoroughly enjoyed a short visit from this unassuming musician when he this unassuming musician when he was in the city.

was in the city. Lieut. James went overseas with the 308th Infantry a year ago. While with the A. E. F. he had the oppor-tunity of playing for the king and queen of Belgium and afterward was assigned to Pershing's band. He was selected for assistant band leader with the rank of lieutenant after a rigid ex-amination. The band visited twenty-one cities on its tour and in these Lieut. James conducted at many of the concerts. the concerts.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE

CRGAN BUILDERS' ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

The annual meeting of the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, and its affiliated Associations, will be held at Chicago, Ill., Congress Hotel,

Associations, will be held at Chicago, HL, Congress Floter, Michigan Ave, and Congress St., the first week of June, com-mencing Monday, June 2, 1919. As already pointed out in a notice printed in the May issue of The Diapason, our Constitution and By-Laws stipulate that the annual meeting of our Association be held at the same time and place as chosen and designated by the Music Indus-tries Chamber of Compared. tries Chamber of Commerce.

To abide by our Constitution and By-Laws, this call for our annual meeting to be held at the time and place appointed by the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce is hereby issued.

In the absence of a quorum the meeting can be adjourned to a later date, and in that event may be held simultaneously with the convention of the National Association of Organists in Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa., Wednesday, August 6th to Friday, the 8th, inclusive.

to Friday, the 8th, inclusive. At the budget meeting of the Music Industries Chamber of Commerce, Monday, June 2nd, 10:30 a.m., our Association will be represented by the seven delegater appointed by President John T. Austin

Milwaukee, May 23, 1919.



N. A. O. CONVENTION SET FOR AUG. 5 TO 8

GET READY AT PITTSBURGH

Ending of War and Holding of Meeting Farther West Expected to Increase Attendance-Six R:citalists to Be Heard.

The National Association of Or-ganists will hold its annual conven-tion Aug. 6, 7 and 8 at Carnegie In-stitute, Pittsburgh, the definite datess being announced by President Fred-erick Schlieder. There will be a re-ception Aug. 5. The officers of the association and the organists of Pitts-burgh who will be hosts to the meet-ing are making plans for a large and enthusiastic session and hope for a greatly increased attendance because of the change in world conditions since the last meeting. Another factor which is expected to

since the last meeting. Another factor which is expected to add greatly to the influence of the 1919 convention is the fact that it is to be held nearer the west. Previous conventions have all been east of New York and the distance has been a bar-rier to a large attendance from the central and western states. The ac-ceptance of the Pittsburgh invitation probably will mean the presence of a record contingent of organists from the central states. President Francis Hemington of the Illinois association is making efforts to take a large dele-gation from Chicago. Dr. Schlieder writes to The Diapa-

gation from Chicago. Dr. Schlieder writes to The Diapa-son that Pittsburgh is making every effort to make the convention a most successful one. Charles Heinroth, the organist of Carnegie Institute and known nationally as a concert organ-ist; Charles N. Boyd of the Pitts-burgh Musical Institute and president of the Music Teachers' National As-sociation, who also is known through-out the United States; Harvey, Br Gaul, organist of Calvary Church and one of the leading American compet-ers for the organ and the choir, and other organists are active in making the arrangements.

other organists are active in making the arrangements. It is planned to devote a day to Pennsylvania, another day to the Middle West and half a day to the East. There will be recitals by six of the leading organists of the coun-try. These will be announced in The Diapason next month. The principal business before the convention will be the adoption of an amended consti-tution worthy of a national organi-zation. zation.

tution worthy of a national organi-zation. The suggestion made by The Dia-pason a month ago that the Organ Builders' Association might hold a meeting at the same time and place as the N. A. O. immediately aroused the interest of Dr. Schlieder, and he has placed in the hands of Reginald L. McAll of New York the matter of conferring with the builders with the view to encouraging such a meeting at Pittsburgh if it is found to be feas-ible. The constitution of the build-ers' association stipulates the time and place of the annual meeting and the matter of the Pittsburgh plan no doubt will be taken up at the meeting to be held in Chicago early in June, as stated in the call issued by Secre-tary Wangerin in this issue of The Diapason. Diapason.

Composed by Walter E. Young.

Composed by Walter E. Young. Two interesting sacred songs com-posed by Walter E. Young, the Bos-ton organist, which have reached The Diapason, are another indication that organists are constantly making themselves useful as composers for the voice and for other instruments than their chosen one. The songs are entitled "Fear Thou Not" and "The Wilderness." and are nublished by the Arthur P. Schmidt Company. Mr. Young is the organist of the Christian Science mother church in Boston. Boston.

PUEBLO INSTRUMENT HAS LARGE RESOURCES

CITY ORGAN WILL COST \$35,000

Austin Work as Soldier Memorial in Colorado City to Contain Traps as Well as Features of Other Large Organs

The municipal organ to be built for Pueblo, Colo., which, as an-nounced in The Diapason for May, is to be constructed at the factory of the Austin Company, will be one of the show instruments of the country. In addition to the tonal resources that may be expected in an organ of this size, the instrument will contain a number of traps, provision for

that may be expected in all organ of this size, the instrument will contain a number of traps, provision for which was made by the committee intrusted with the purchase of the memorial to the soldier dead of Pueblo. The contract was awarded for \$35,000. The four-manual console will be detached and a junction board and four floor receptacles for connecting the console will be provided. The speaking stops and couplers will all be operated by stop-keys, after the Austin system, and the combination pistons will move the registers. Wind pressures will vary from five to twen-ty-five inches. Among the accesso-ries will be a master swell pedal af-fecting all the expression boxes. The complete specification is as follows: <u>GREAT ORGAN</u>.

ine complete specification is as follows: GREAT ORGAN. Bourdon, 16 ft. Violone Dolce, 16 ft. First Open Diapason, 8 ft. Second Open Diapason, 8 ft. Third Open Diapason, 8 ft. *Uolancello, 8 ft. *Uioloncella Flute, 8 ft. *Clarabella Flute, 8 ft. *Gemshorn, 8 ft. Corave, 4 ft. Octave, 4 ft. Double Trumpet, 16 ft. *Tounpet, ft. *Cuthdral Chimes, Deagan Class Λ, 20 notes. *Trumpet, 8 ft.
*Clarion, 4 ft.
*Cathedral Chimes. Deagan Class A, 20 notes.
*Bnclosed in orchestral swell box. SWELL ØRGAN.
Quintaton, 16 ft.
Diapason Phonon, 8 ft.
Horn Diapason, 8 ft.
Stopped Flute, 8 ft.
String Celeste, 8 ft.
Fautio Dolec, 6 ft.
Finchosed Ft.
Finchosed Ft.
Finchosed Ft.
Finchosed Ft.
Finchosed Ft.
Finchose ft.
Finchose ft.
For the ft.
Finchose ft.
Finchose ft.
Finchose ft.
Contra Fagotto, 16 ft.
Cornopean, 8 ft.
Obce, 8 ft.
Yox Humana (special chest and tremolol), 8 ft.
Contra Fagotto, 16 ft.
Cornopean, 8 ft.
ORCHESTRAL ORGAN.
Contra Viole, 16 ft.
English Diapason, 8 ft.
Concer Flute, 8 ft.
Flute Celeste, 8 ft.
Viole Corcestre, 8 ft.
Viole Corcestre, 8 ft.
Viole Corcestre, 8 ft.
Violone (pedal extended), 16 ft.
Gamba, 8 ft.
Gamba S ft.
Gamba, 8 ft.
Gamba, 7 ft.
Tuba Profunda, 16 ft.
Harmonic Clarion, 4 ft.
Cor Anglais, 8 ft.
French Horn, 8 ft.
PEDALO RGAN (Augmented).
Resultant Bass, 64 ft.
PEDALO RGAN (Augmented).
Resultant Bass, 64 ft.
PEDALO RGAN (Augmented).
Resultant Bass, 64 ft.
Pirst Violone, 16 ft.
Second Violone (Great), 16 ft.
Second Fute, 8 ft.
Violone(lo, 8 ft.
First Bourdon (Echo Ext.), 16 ft.
Second Fute, 8 ft.
Pilauto Dolec, 8 ft.
Pilauto Dolec, 8 ft.
Pilauto Dolec, 8 ft. PERCUSSION Xvlophone. Glockenspiel. Cymbals. Bass Drum. Heavy Bass Bell Chime. Snare Drum.

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OTTO HIRSCHLER AT COE COLLEGE ORGAN.



O TTO T. HIRSCHLER, Mus. B., head of the organ department at Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is making a success of the work there. He went to Cedar Rapids two years ago when the large Felgemaker or-gan was installed in the college of the season was a recital given by Mr. Hirschler March 27 on this or-gan. The performance received high raise from the critics who attended it. The program was as follows: Grand March from "Aida," Verdi; program was as follows arch from "Aida," Verdi Grand March Verdi:

Triangle to pedal pipes for thunder effect. ing

BONNET GOES HOME JUNE 15.

Will Return to United States for An-other Tour in the Fall. Joseph Bonnet has nearly com-pleted his record-breaking organ con-cert tour of the United States and will sail from New York June 15, ac-cording to present plans. He ex-pects to return, however, in the late fall and will devote several months to another concert tour. The demand

and and will devote several months to another concert tour. The demand for return engagements next season was so great as to persuade Mr. Bon-net to plan the voyage. He will pass the summer in southern France, rest-ing from the arduous work he has done in this country. Mr. Bonnet's last engagements were in Canada early in June. In the latter part of May he was in the central west, playing in Madison, Wis. Dubuque, Iowa, Urbana, Ill., and other cities. He stopped in Chi-cago between trains on May 26 and called at the office of The Diapason. Mr. Bonnet was enthusiastic over his reception in all parts of this country and over his travels across the con-tinent.

GEORGE A. HALLWACHS DEAD

Chicago Organ Man, Associate of L. D. Morris, Passes Away. George A. Hallwachs, well known for a number of years as an organ tuner in Chicago, and a partner of L. D. Morris, died at his home April 30 after a brief illness with spinal meningitis. He left a widow, two sisters and two brothers. Mr. Hall-wachs was a man who through his helpfulness and spirit of accommoda-tion had made many friends among the organists of Chicago and other parts of the country. In the organisis of Cintago and other parts of the country. Mr. Hallwachs was born Sept. 11, 1879, at Huntingburg, 11L, and was the son of the Rev. G. M. Hallwachs, a retired minister now living at Naperville, 11L. He started organ work with Lyon & Healy and later was for two years in the factory of the Hinners Organ Company at Pekin, 11L. Then he was employed by L. D. Morris, but left Chicago to spend a year in the factory of the Austin Company at Hartford, Conn. When he returned he entered a part-nership with Mr. Morris. About three years ago the L. D. Morris Or-gan Company was incorporated and Mr. Hallwachs was made secretary. parts of the country.

Rapids.

Hammond Opens Festival.

Hammond Opens Festival. A large audience attended an or-gan recital given by William Churchill Hammond at the Auditorium in Springfield, Mass. May 11 as the opening feature of the seventeenth annual music festival. The assisting artists were Miss Hazel L'Africaine, violoncellist, and Miss Ada A. Chad-wick, violinist. Miss Chadwick is the daughter of the well-known organ man, Charles F. Chadwick. The-com-bination of organ, violin and 'cello was new and proved most happy. Mr. Hammond opened the program with Franck's "Piece Heroique." The adagio movement from Widor's Sixth symphony followed. Ensemble num-bers included a suite by Rheinberger, "Morning Song." and "Serenade." by Pache. and "Marche Religieuse." by D'Ortique. Other organ numbers were: "At the Convent." Borodin, with chimes: "Idylle." Faulkner: "Oriental Sketch." Bird: "Cantilene du Soir." by Kinder, and "Scherzo-Pastorale." by Federlein. Dr. Jacob Reinhardt, the venerable

Dr. Jacob Reinhardt, the venerable Richmond, Va., musician, died in that city late in April. He was organist and choirmaster of St. Paul's Epis-copal Church for thirty-six years.

THE DIAPASON.

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JUNE 1, 1919

WANTS IN ORGAN WORLD

One patron of the "want" column of The Diapason last month writes: "Allow me to compliment you on the value of your paper as an advertising medium, for I received nineteen inquiries and sold the organ to good advantage." Another writes that he received answers from points all the way from British Colum-bia to Porto Rico. A third did not write, but he sold a large amount of organ material within two days after The Diapason was in the mails to a purchaser in his own city, following two year? fruitless effort trying to sell it through other means.

FOR SALE — ONE-MANUAL PIPE organ, seven speaking stops. No repairs needed. Frice, §425,000. Sixteen speak-ing stops, action practically new through-out. Price, §55,000. Address F 2, care of The Diapason.

FOR SALE — NEARLY NEW ROSS water motor, in A-1 condition. Will ac-cept any reasonable offer. Address Box 196, Macon, Ga.

WANTED-PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS. Steady employment. Congenial surround-ings. Reuleen Midmer & Son, Inc., 375 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED — ZINC PIPE MAKERS: steady work; good pay; ideal living condi-tions. WICKS PIPE ORGAN COMPANY, Highland, Ill.

ORGAN BUILDERS - FIRST-CLASS chest, action, and wood pipe makers. No others need apply. JOHN WANA-MAKEIX, Philadelphia.

THEATER ORGANIST, EXCEPTION-al education and experience, desires per-manent engagement with high-class house. Not a made-over planist. A real organist who synchronizes music with the bicture. Thoroughly reliable. Address THEATER, care of The Diapason, Chi-

WANTED-SEVERAL GOOD ORGAN mechanics. Good pay and steady work for the right men. Apply to A. G. Mor-rison, The Symphony Player Company, Incorporated, Covington, Ky,

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ORGAN men. Good pay and steady work may be had, to those that can qualify, by apply-ing to The Austin Organ Company, Hart-ford, Conn.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED CONSOLE and electric action men. Also first-clags organ builders in all branches. State experience and wages expected. Steady work. GEORGE KILGEN & SON, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED — METAL PIPE MAKER, steady employment. GEORGE W. BAD-GER, Merrick, N. Y.

ORGAN SALESMAN, LONG EXPER-ience, good references, desires to repre-sent high class organ on Pacific coast. Well acquainted with territory. Perma-nent position desired. Mddress "Ex-perience," care of The Diapason.

FOR SALE - NEW, TWO-MANUAL and pedal electro-pneumatic pipe organ of nine stops. Suitable for any purpose. Will be sold cheap. Address M. R., care of The Diapason

WANTED — AN ALL-AROUND PIPE maker, metal and zinc. Address P. S. R, care of The Diapason.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS ORGAN builders in all branches. Apply THE RUDOLPH WURLITZER MANUFAC-TURING CO., North Tonawanda, N. Y.

WANTED - FIRST-CLASS METAL and Zinc pipe makers. Apply to HENRY PILCHER'S SONS, 914 Mason avenue, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—SEVERAL FIRST CLASS organ mechanics. Address Haskell, 1520 Kater street, Philadelphia, Pa.

C. S. Losh, Steinway Hall, New York City

Fers for sale the great 101-stop organ now under installation in the Colosseum, Columbus, Ohio, and immediate delivery following the Methodist Missionary Convention in June. This organ is the property of the Mission Board of the M. E. Church, and, arrangement : for permanent retention in the Colosseum having fai'ed, is now offered for sale.

This is an exhibition organ, built with unusual painstaking, large scale and high pressure throughout, completely octave duplex in the manner originated by C. S. Losh, and who is the exclusively authorized agent.

IUNE 1. 1919

ALEXANDER S. GIBSON, THE ORGANIST, IS DEAD

USEFUL LIFE COMES TO END

Played in the First Congregational Church, Norwalk, Conn., Nearly Half a Century-Served Under Admiral Farragut.

Alexander S. Gibson, for more than half a century a prominent organist and composer, active in New York and New England, died at his home in South Norwalk, Conn., April 23, at the age of 75 years. Mr. Gibson had been organist of one church near-ly half a century and his influence the sounded by that of few musicians. at the age of 75 years. Mr. GIDSON had been organist of one church near-ly half a century and his influence was equaled by that of few musicians. The last fifteen months he had been ill. The destruction by fire of the church in which he played had de-prived him of his instrument in the closing months of his career. Mr. Gibson served under Admiral Farra-gut in the civil war. He had been a reader of The Diapason almost since it was founded and his interesting communications were frequently a feature of these columns. Alexander Saunderson Gibson was born Nov, 30, 1844, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His father was a sea captain. At the age of 16 he began playing the organ in church. In 1863 he assumed charge of the music in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, remain-ing until December, when he went to Florida to become clerk to his father, who was commanding the frigate "Detome" After the battle of Mo-

who was commanding the frigate "Potomac." After the battle of Mo-bile Bay he was appointed to special service on the staff of Admiral Far-

ragut. In 1866 he returned north and took In 1866 he returned north and took charge of the music at Old St. Ann's, which stood where now is the ap-proach to the Brooklyn bridge. Later he went to the Church of the Pil-grims, and in November, 1867, he ac-cepted the post at the First Congre-gational Church of Norwalk, Conn., where he remained until his death ex-cept for two intermissions when he played at Waterbury and Danbury. In addition to his work at the organ, Mr. Gibson was superintendent of the Sunday school for years and many residents of Norwalk are indebted to him for both their musical and re-ligious training.

him for both their musical and re-ligious training. Mr. Gibson married Miss Jennie B. Punzelt of Norwalk in 1897 and the widow and a son survive. Mr. Gibson's recitals some years ago are remembered as features of the musical life of the city which al-ways drew large audiences. He won the first prize for a composition of-fered by Mme. Nordica through the Ladies' Home Journal in 1906, over 1,800 other competitors. A number of anthems and hymn tunes were written by him. of anthems an written by him.

Eddy Plays for Friends.

Eddy Plays for Friends. Clarence Eddy gave a recital April 23 at the Oakland First Presbyterian Church in compliment to his friends. "The Pilgrim's Progress," a remark-able tone-poem by the young English composer, Ernest Austin; the Sonata in E minor by James H. Rogers; "Evening Harmonies," Karg-Elert; "Hope," dedicated to Mr. Eddy by the composer, Pietro A. Yon; "Naiad's Idyl," from "The Hamadry-ads," by William J. McCoy, and the andante from the Sonata in G major by Edward Elgar were on the pro-gram. oram.

gram. C. H. Stocke Opens Wicks Organ. Christian H. Stocke, organist of the Cote Brilliante Presbyterian Church, St. Louis, opened the two-manual Wicks organ in the new First Meth-odist Episcopal Church at Bicknell, Ind., with a recital on Thursday even-ing, April 17. The program was as follows: Festal March, Kroeger; Ber-ceuse, Dickinson; Cavatina, Raff; "Paean Heroique," Diggle: "Scene Orientale" in E minor, Kroeger; An-dantino in D flat, Lemare; Offertoire in B flat, Read; Scherzo in G minor, Elias Blum; Humoreske, Dvorak; "Narcissus," Nevin; Meditation, Mas-senet; "Resurrection Morn," Edward F. Johnston: Largo (from "New World" Symphony), Dvorak; Allegro senet; "Resurrection Morn," Edward F. Johnston; Largo (from "New World" Symphony), Dvorak; Allegro Pomposo, Holloway.

PIETRO A. YON TAKES BRIDE Perfect Fifth Only Sounded During Marriage Ceremony by Courboin.

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Time-Wednesday, May 21, 1919. Scene-St. Francis Xavier's Church, West Sixteenth street, New York City. Principals-Pietro A. Yon and Frances-a Adele Pessagno. Celebraat.-The Rev. J. B. Young, S. J.

Principals—Pietro A. Yon and Frances-ca Adele Pessagno. Celebrant—The Rev. J. B. Young, S. J. The above proves to be but a boiled down report of the event which took place on date and place mentioned. Pietro A. Yon, a name no longer unknown to organists throughout the country, entered the state of matrimony at the church at which he has been organist more than ten years, since his arrival in the United States. The event was a noteworthy one in more than one re-spect. The gathering at the church gave evidence of the high esteem in which both Mr. Yon and his bride are held. None less than Charles M. Courboin was invited by the bride-groom to take the bench, and the choir work was placed under the direction of James C. Ungerer, or-ganist of the cathedral, New York (ity. The program selected by Mr. Yon was as follows: Passacaglia. Bach: Sonata Cromatica (No. 2), Yon: Bridal Processional, "Christus Resurrexit," Ravanello: Introit and Gradual, Gregorian Chant (Male Choir of St. Francis Xavier's Church); "O Sacrum Convivium," L. Viadana; "Ave Maria," Yon (Male Choir of St. Francis Xavier's Church); "Elan du Coeur," Yon: Toccata, Yon.

Choir of St. Francis Aurer. Church): "Elan du Coeur," Yon: Toccata, Yon. During the ceremony Mr. Cour-boin held down a perfect fifth sus-tained throughout while the vows

tained throughout while the vows were made. Constantino Yon, a brother, organ-ist of St. Vincent's Ferrer Church, New York City, and G. Martinelli acted as aids to the groom. The bride was attended by Miss Lena Yon, sister of Mr. Yon, and two oth-er young ladies. Not only was there a large rep-resentation of organists present, but also other artists were noticed in the congregation and at the wedding breakfast given at the Hotel Gotham. Giovanni Martinelli of the Metropoli-tan Opera Company, who had re-turned from Atlanta a few hours earlier, was one of the ushers. Preceding the wedding breakfast Mr. Courboin took occasion to pre-sent the couple, in the name of Sig-nor Martinelli, G. Fischer, his pub-lisher, and himself with a most ap-propriate gift. After the breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Yon left on their hon-eymoon.

eymoon

COURBOIN AT ANN ARBOR

Plays Before More Than 4,000 People —Other Recitals in May. Charles M. Courboin gave a recital on Saturday alternoon, May 17. in Ann Arbor as one of the concerts of the May Music Festival of the Uni-versity of Michigan before an audi-ence of more than 4,000 people who received his offerings with great en-thusiasm. He was forced to respond with a number of encores. On May 14 Mr. Courboin gave a recital in Irem Temple. Wilkes-Barre. Pa., before another large audience:

On Mav 14 Mr. Courboin gave a recital in Irem Temple, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., before another large audience, under the local direction of W. E. Woodrnff. May 19 he plaved in the First Presbyterian Church of Lan-caster, Pa., under the auspices of the Organists' Association of that city, and on Mav 20 he was heard in Beth-lehem Lutheran Church of Harris-burg, under the local direction of the Organists' Association of that city, May 21 he plaved in St. Francis Xavier Church, New York City, at the wedding of his fellow organist. Pietro A. Yon, going from there to Watertown, N. Y., where he gave a recital in the Olympic Theater under the auspices of the Morning Musi-cals. cals

cals. On Sunday, May 25. Mr. Courboin played a recital on the magnificent Anstin bouse organ in the bome of Walter Clark Runvon at Scarsdale. N. Y., a suburb of New York to which a large number of Mr. Run-yon's friends were invited.

The new Methodist Church at Arling-ton. Tex., will have a \$3500 organ. The new church is being built to replace the one which burned last February Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Covington agreed to give the organ.

CARLETON H. BULLIS.



CARLETON H. BULLIS, at present liv-ing in Chicago, who delivered a very instructive address at the dinner of the Ilinois (Chapter of the A. G. O. in May, formerly was connected with the Mil-waukee Normal School and teat an ornan-ist in the Cream City. He was for sev-eral years on the musical faculty of Al-bion College in Michigan, and has been in educational work since his graduation from Northwestern University. During his college course he was chapel organ-ist at Northwestern. Mr. Bullis is a for-mer pupil of W. Midelschulte and is an associate of the guild.

CITY HONORS H. V. MILLIGAN

Flag Presented to Organist by Head of New York Parks at Concert. Harold Vincent Milligan, F. A. G. O., organist of the Fifth Avenue Bap-tist Church in New York City, one ot the leading organists in the metrop-olis, and known to readers of The Discourse on the writter of its reactions the heading organists in the includy olis, and known to readers of The Diapason as the writer of its reviews of new music, was signally honored May 28 when an American flag was presented to him by Robert L. Mo-ran, president of the board of alder-men of New York, at a concert on the Mall in Central Park. The occa-sion was arranged to honor the mem-ory of Francis, Hopkinson, the first American composer, whose songs were resurrected and edited in a vol-ume recently written by Mr. Milligan, which has attracted attention among musicians and historians generally. The park department of the city had the concert in charge and the New York, Symphony orchestra played

The park department of the Cip has the concert in charge and the New York Symphony orchestra played Mr. Hopkinson's first song. Mrs. Simon Baruch, president of the Washington Headquarters Asso-ciation, Daughters of the American Revolution, was presented with a number of copies of the song, appro-priately bound, to be distributed among seventy-five historical so-cieties and persons in this country. John F. Hylan, mayor of New York, was honorary chairman. Descendants of Francis Hopkinson and Oscar Sonneck, probably the greatest authority on early musical history in this country, were guests of honor.

history i of honor

Closes Season at Omaha.

Closes Season at Omaha. The closing organ recital of the season was given by Mrs. E. R. Za-briskie at the First Presbyterian Church of Omaha Sunday afternoon, May 4. Mrs. Zabriskie was assisted by Mrs. Louise Jansen Wylie and the quartet of the church. Dr. Jenks made a brief talk previous to the tak-ing of the offertory in which he spoke of the untiring work of Mrs. Zabris-kie in giving these recitals during the season for the benefit of the Red Cross. In recognition of this service the collection from the last recital was presented to Mrs. Zabriskie. As has been usual with all of these re-citals, the church was filled to the last row.

Miss Ruth Bracher, whose home is in Ohio, has been engaged as organist and choir director by the Methodist Church of Milford, Conn. Miss Bracher is studying in Yale University, and her services have begun in Milford with promise of un-usual effectiveness.

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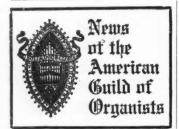
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OVER TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE



Headquarters. The Hotel McAlpin on May 22 wa The Hotel McAlpin on May 22 was the scene of a busy evening when the guild held its annual business meet-ing. Casting of ballots for officers for the ensuing year showed that the official staff, as noted in the last issue of The Diapason, had been chosen. The council will be made up of J. Warren Andrews, William C. Carl, S. Wesley Sears, Frank Wright and Clarence Dickinson. The treasurer's report by Dr. Vic-

Clarence Dickinson. The treasurer's report by Dr. Vic-tor Baier happily disclosed assets in cash on hand to the amount of \$5,100. Warren R. Hedden then gave a fine account of examination activities. There were examiners in eighteen centers. He also stated that there would be the same number this year but with an increasing number of candidates.

but with an increasing number of candidates. Everett E. Truette, dean of the New England chapter, gave a splen-did speech touching on many vital facts of interest to all organists. The Western New York chapter was capably represented by Norman Nairn of Rochester. He gave an in-teresting talk which was thoroughly enjoyed. enjoyed.

refreshments were Light

Light refreshments were served. The attendance was somewhat small-er than usual, due no doubt to the lateness of the date. On June 10 the American Guild of Organists will give a dinner in honor of Joseph Bonnet. Warren R. Hedden reports that there is a large enrollment for the annual examinations for the A. A. G. O, and F. A. G. O. degrees. These tests will be held at St. Michael's Church on June 5 and 6.

Wisconsin Chapter.

Wisconsin Chapter. The new Wisconsin chapter came into being under most favorable aus-pices at Madison May 7, when, as announced in The Diapason last month, Dr. Charles H. Mills brought together organists from all parts of the state and Dean J. Lewis Browne of the Illinois chapter performed the installation ceremony. The recital in the evening at Christ Presbyterian Church by Joseph Bonnet was an-other important and most enjoyable feature of the day. The inaugural ceremony took place at a dinner con-nected with the session of the Wis-consin Music Teachers' Association, which was held at Madison the same week. Dr. Mills entertained at a luncheon in honor of Mr. Bonnet at which a number of the leading uni-versity men were also guests. The following officers for the new chapter were elected: Dean, Charles H. Mills, Madison. Sub-Dean, L. A. Vantine, Milwau-kee.

kee. Secretary, Irene B. Eastman, Madi-

son. Treasurer, Carl F. Mueller. Mil-

Librarian, Mrs. P. Williams, Mil-waukee. Registrar, A. H. Arneke, Milwau-

Auditors, Harry Packman, La Auditors, Harry Packman, La Crosse, and Mrs. C. E. McLenegan, Milwaukee.

New England. There have been two services, a recital and the annual meeting since

recital and the annual meeting since my last letter. On the evening of April 28 the sev-enty-sixth public service of the chap-ter took place at the Second Unitar-ian Church, Brookline. William B. Burbank played as a prelude the adagio from Guilmant's Fifth Son-ata, and Harris W. Shaw, A. A. G. O., played Dubois' Postlude in A at the close. The entire service was good, and reflected great credit upon Ho-mer C. Humphrey, organist and choirmaster of that church. Monday evening. May 12, the chap-

ter held its annual meeting, and the reports of the treasurer, secretary and dean showed the chapter to be in most healthy condition. There is a membership now of 235 active mem-bers and 155 subscribing members. The election of officers resulted in the following unanimous choice: Dean, Everett E. Truette, Mus. Bac, A. G. O.; sub-dean, Benjamin L. Whelpley; secretary, John Hermann Loud, F. A. G. O.; treasurer, Wil-bur Hascall; executive committee members for three years, Henry M. Dunham, Charles D. Irwin and Allen W. Swan. The following named ex-ecutive committee members continue in office: For one year, Raymond C. Robinson, F. A. G. O., Francis W. Snow and William E. Zeuch; for two years, John D. Buckingham, A. G. O., Homer C. Humphrey, Albert W. Snow and the past deans, ex officio. The recital which was to have been given by Harry Stott in April took

The recital which was to have been given by Harry Stott in April took place May 19 at the First Baptist Church, Springvale, Maine.

given by Harry Stott in April took place May 19 at the First Baptist Church, Springvale, Maine. On Wednesday evening, May 14, the seventy-seventh public service was held at Christ Church, Fitch-burg, and, as in former years, was one of the crowning events of our season. There was a large attend-ance at this service, and the singing of the vested choir of mixed voices was of a high order, due to the care-ful training of Herbert C. Peabody, organist and choirmaster of Christ Church. The organ prelude was played by George A. Burdett, A. G. O., organist and choirmaster of the First Unitarian Church, West New-ton (Nocturne, Burdett); the inter-lude by B. L. Whelpley, organist and choirmaster, Arlington Street Church, Boston (Andante from Fourth Con-certo, Handel, and Nocturne, Fer-rata); the postlude by John Hermann Loud, F. A. G. O., organist and choir-master, Park Street Church, Boston (First movement of Third Sonata in F. Dienel).

The chapter has a record of four-teen public recitals and ten public services for the season.

With a social occasion at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest B, Dane of Brookline, the evening of May 20, to which all active members were in-vited, the season closes until fall. JOHN HERMANN LOUD, Secretary.

Illinois.

Illinois. The last dinner for the season was held at the Kuntz-Remmler restaur-ant on the evening of May 12, and it proved to be one of the best attended and one of the most interesting of the year. The election of officers was held, and the ticket for dean, sub-dean, secretary and treasurer was elected, as nominated. The list, headed by John W. Norton of St. James' Episcopal Church as dean, was pub-lished in The Diapason for May 1. The three new members of the ex-ecutive committee elected are Hugo P. Goodwin, Mason Slade and Charles A. Stebbins.

P. Goodwin, Mason Slade and Charles A. Stebbins. A tribute was paid to Miss Flor-ence Hodge, the retiring secretary, of whose faithful and highly efficient ser-vice in the last five years the retiring dean. Dr. J. Lewis Browne, made special mention, after which a rising vote of thanks was accorded to Miss Hodge. Another rising vote of ap-preciation was given Dr. Browne. The speaker of the evening was

Hodge. Another rising vote of appreciation was given Dr. Browne. The speaker of the evening was Carleton H. Bullis, A. A. G. O., who demonstrated several of the Seashore psychological tests for musical talent. Mr. Bullis, now located in Chicago, recently resigned his position as instructor in music theory at the Mil-wankee State Normal School to go to the University of Iowa to study with Professor Seashore. The time of the guild meeting being limited, he was prevented from devoting the necessary five or six hours to ascertaining from a psychological talent, but he demonstrated the principal tests in a most fascinating manner, with the aim of a phonograph and some of the records prepared by Professor Seashore. Everyone present took part, but the merciful announcement of Mr. Bullis that the markings might be kept confidential—or the modesty of those tested—kept the individual re-

sults largely covered by a mantle of secrecy. The tests for pitch, time, sense of intensity, touch, memory, etc., were presented in such a manner as to impress all those who were at the dinner with the practical value of the system. The consonance test aroused a discussion of pronounced interest. interest.

Forty-five chapter members' sat down to the dinner.

down to the dinner. At the meeting of the executive committee May 19 Walter Keller was appointed a committee of one to ex-press to the retiring dean, Dr. Browne, the appreciation of the ex-ecutive body for his services to the chapter during the three years of his incumbency. Special mention was made of Dr. Browne's enterprise in being the first to bring Bonnet and Yon to Chicago for recitals, on his own financial responsibility. Dean Vorton has appointed the fol-

Dean Norton has appointed the following committees for the new year: Public Service and Recital Commit-tee—Albert Cotsworth, chairman;

tee—Albert Cotsworth, chairman Rossetter G. Cole and Emory L. Gal-

Rossetter G. Cole and Emory L. Gal-hup. Dinner Program-Miss Florence Hodge, chairman: Dr. Francis Hem-ington and S. E. Gruenstein. Courtesy-Mrs. W. Middelschulte, chairman: Mason Slade, Miss Alice R. Deal and Hugo P. Goodwin. Publicity-S. E. Gruenstein, chair-man: Ralph W. Ermeling, Charles A. Stebbins and William D. Belknap. Guild examinations will be held Thursday, June 5, and Friday, June 6, at Mr. Browne's offices and at St. Patrick's Church. The examiners are Wilhelm Middelschulte and Dr. Walter Keller. There will be a service at the Church of the Ascension Wednesday evening, June 18. The players will be Hugo P. Goodwin, Mason Slade and Robert R. Birch. The choir will sing. Lester W. Groom is the organist.

Missouri Chapter.

Missouri Chapter. The monthly meeting of the chap-ter was held on Monday evening, April 28, at its regular meeting place in the Musical Art building. After the usual dinner the meeting was called to order by Dean Edward M. Read. This being the annual meeting of the chapter, reports from the officers were heard. Considering the many difficul-ties of the last year, the chapter feels that the reports were very encourag-ing and, with conditions returning to a normal peace basis, a brighter fu-ture looms for the chapter during the coming year. At the recommendation of the nom-inating committee the following of-

At the recommendation of the nom-inating committee the following of-ficers were re-elected: Dean, Edward M. Read; Sub-dean, William M. Jen-kins; Secretary, Christian H. Stocke; Treasurer, Alpha T. Stevens; Regis-trar, Miss Lola D. England; Audit-ors, Mrs. J. C. Landree and Paul J. Weaver. Weaver.

Weaver. It was decided to have the annual outing and chicken dinner at Alpha Farm on Saturday, June 7. C. H. S.

Southern Ohio.

Southern Ohio. The activities of the chapter in May began on the night of May 1 with a superb recital by our fellow mem-ber, Charles Heinroth of Pittsburch. His program was as follows: "The Ninety-fourth Psalm," Reubke; Even-song, Martin: "The Music Box," Liadow; Allegro Appassionato, Deth-ier: "The Bee," "The Cuckoo," Le-mare: Toccata in F and Fugue in D. Bach: "Speranza" and "Arpa Not-turna," Yon; Theme, Variations and Finale, Thiele. The recitals for the children of the mublic schools began on April 25 at St. Paul's Cathedral with a recital by K. O. Staps, A. R. A. M., with the following program: "Poet and Peasant," Overture, Suppe; "In Par-adisum," Dubois: H um or e s qu e, Dvorak; Spring Song, Hollins; Inter-mezzo, Mascagni; Sketches of the City, Nevin; "The Storm," Lemmens; Largo, Handel; "Narcissus," Nevin; Caprice, Guilmant; Gavotte, "Mig-non," Thomas; March of the Nations, Sellars. John Yoakley, A. A. G. O., gave

Mozart; Christmas Pastorale, Whit-ing; "Forgotten Fairy Tales," Mac-Dowell; "The Sandman," Allen-Eddy; Prayer from "Lohengrin," Wagner; Intermezzo in F. Barnby; Berceuse, Jarnefelt; "Marche Militaire," Schu-bert; "Vision," Rheinberger; Andante Religioso, Thome; Postlude in D, Rinck.

bert; "Vision," Kneimoerger, Anaanse Religioso, Thome; Postlude in D, Rinck. J. Warren Ritchey gave the third, at the Church of the Covenant, on May 9, with this program: Fanfare, Lemmens; Minuet, B e e th o v e n; "Echo," Yon; Air in D, Bach; "Even-ing Bells and Cradle Song," Macfar-lane; "Pilgrim's Song of Hope," Ba-tiste; "Springtime," Kinder; Allegret-to, Wolstenholme; "L'Arlequin," Nev-in; Spring Song, Mendelssohn; Offer-toire in E flat, Wely. Mrs. L. A. Rixford, at the fourth recital, in Christ Church, played: Overture, "Stradella," Flotow; Mel-ody, West; "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin; Concert March, Lefebure-Wely; Scherzo, Faulkes; Lullaby, Macfar-lane; Variations on "America," Rinck.

Northern Ohio.

Northern Ohio. A musical service was given under the auspices of the chapter at Trinity Cathedral in Cleveland April 28. The service was sung by the cathe-dral choir, directed by Edwin Arthur Kraft, F. A. G. O., assisted by the antiphonal choir. The authems were "1 Beheld, and Lo," by Dr. H. J. Stewart; "List, the Cherubic Host," and "Great and Marvelous," from Gaul's "Holy City," and two excerpts from J. Sebastian Matthews' "The Paschal Victor"—But Lo, the Dawn" and "A Cross that Stands upon a Lonely Hill." H. M. Dunham sang Gaul's "Thus Saith the Lord" and Miss Catherine Kelliker, organist and choir director of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, played the Finale from Vier-ne's First Organ Symphony as the postlude.

Chieff, First Organ Symphony as the postlude. Mr. Kraft gave a recital under the auspices of the chapter at Trinity Cathedral May 19 and played a most interesting program, composed of these offerings: "Marche Triom-phale," Gustave V. P. Hagg; "Song of India," Rimsky-Korsakoff; Bar-carolle, Arensky; Allegro Gioioso, Dethier; Contemplation, Lemare: Ar-abesque, John Gordon Seely; Pro-logue, Webbe: Minuet, Dethier; Scherzo, Hollins; Rhapsody, Rosset-ter G, Cole. Mrs. Maud Strain Mar-shall sang two solos.

Northern California.

A service under chapter auspices was held the evening of May 12 at St. John's Presbyterian Church in Berkeley. Alfred Chaplin-Bayley played Sibelius "Finlandia" as a pre-hide: William W. Carruth played the allegro vivace from Vierne's First Symphony: Miss Beatrice Clifford played the pastorale from Guilmant's First Sonata as the offertory and played the pastorale from Guilmant's First Sonata as the offertory and Miss Virginia de Fremery, dean of the chapter, played the finale from Widor's Second Symphony as the postlude. Mrs. E. H. Garthwaite, or-ganist and choirmaster of St. John's Church, played the service and her quartet choir sang "By the Waters of Baylon," an anthem in manuscript by Caryl Florio, and "If We Believe that Jesus Died," by J. H. Cornell.

Southern California.

The April dinner of the chapter took place at the Wisteria, April 7, followed by a business meeting in the choir room of St. Paul's Pro-Cathe-dral. Los Angeles. Adjournment was taken to the church, where Dean Douglas gave a performance of in-teresting works for the organ, select-ed from programs of his late histor-ical recitals.

Texas.

Texas. Texas.

THE DIAPASON

WEICKHARDT ORGAN FOR CHURCH AT DAYTON BIG THREE-MANUAL PLACED

Holy Trinity Catholic Edifice Has Instrument of Thirty-Seven Stops, with Echo, Finished by Milwaukee Builders.

Holy Trinity Catholic Church at Dayton, Ohio, has just installed a three-manual and echo organ built for it by the Wangerin-Weickhardt Company of Milwaukee. The organ was dedicated April 27. The organ-ist is W. A. Metzner. The console is detached and the action is the Weick-hardt system electro-pneumatic. hardt system electro-pneumatic. There is a total of thirty-seven speak-ing stops, presenting a fine ensemble. The specification is as follows:

specification is as follows: GREAT ORGAN. Open Diapason, 16 ft., 61 pipes. Open Diapason, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Doppellocte, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Melodia, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Quinte, 2%, ft., 61 pipes. Quinte, 2%, ft., 61 pipes. Trumpet, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Cathedral Chimes, 8 ft., 20 notes. Cathedral Chimes, 8 ft., 20 notes.

- 61-8.9.

Cathedral Chimes, 8 ft., 20 notes. SWELL ORGAN. Bourdon, 16 ft., 73 pipes. Horn Diapason, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viol d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viol d'Orchestre, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Viole Celeste, 8 ft., 49 pipes. Harmonic Flute, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Flautino, 2 ft., 61 pipes. Oboe, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Ova Humana, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Cathedral Chimes (Echo), 8 ft., 20

- Cathedral Chimes (Echo), § ft., 20 e numbered pistons affecting swell, and couplers. CHOIR ORGAN. Violin Diapason, § ft., 73 pipes. Unda Maris, § ft., 48 pipes. Dulciana, § ft., 75 pipes. Bubriloet, 4, 72, 73 pipes. Robriloet, 4, 72, 73 pipes. Concert Humana, 7 ft., 67 Concert Harp, § ft., 49 bars. ECHO ORGAN. English Open Diapason, § ft., 61 Fermiloate § ft. 4 pipes. 28. pipes 29. 30.
 - 21. 32.

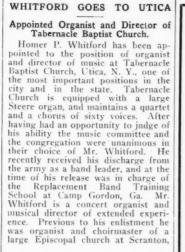
 Englishi Open Diapason, s Tr., 61
 Fernfloete, \$ ft., 61 pipes.
 Genshorn, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
 Genshorn, 8 ft., 61 pipes.
 Cathedral Chimes, 8 ft., 20 notes.
 PEDAL ORGAN.
 Open Diapason, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
 Sub Bass, 16 ft., 30 pipes.
 Lieblich Gedeckt (from No, 10), 16
 0 notes.
 Violoncello, 8 ft., 30 pipes.
 Bass Flute, 8 ft., 30 pipes.
 Bass Flute, 8 ft., 30 pipes. 33. 65. 11., 30 36. 37.

37. Bass Flute, S.R., 30 pipes. The Wangerin-Weickhardt Compa-ny is shipping an average of one or-gan a week. One of its May instal-lations is an instrument of two man-uals for Trinity Lutheran Church at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

DOUGLAS B. MARSHALL DEAD

DOUGLAS B. MARSHALL DEAD Member of Family of Organ Builders Passes Away in Kansas City. Douglas B. Marshall, as on of the fate Octavius Marshall and a mem-ber of a well-known family of organ builders, died at the home of his mother, 611 Brooklyn avenue, Kan-sas City, Mo., May 16. Mr. Marshall had been in declining health for sev-eral months. He was only 26 years old, but had achieved an excellent reputation as an organ expert. Douglas B. Marshall was born March 4, 1893, at Milwaukee. He was associated with his father in the organ business from an early age, while at Moline, III., and continued in the same business with his broth-ers at Kansas City. He had a large part in the erection of many organs thronghout the United States, not only for his father, who was presi-dent of the Lancashire-Marshall Or-gan Company, and was known as an expert organ mechanic and tuner. Mr. Marshall had not been in the best of health for the last year and went to Texas last fall to improve, returning to Kansas City a few weeks ago. He passed away in his sleep. Mr. Marshall leaves besides his widow, his mother and three brothers –George D. Marshall and O. Alison Marshall, who are in the organ busi-ness at Kansas City, a few weeks at Kansas City, a few weeks and washall, who are in the organ busi-ness at Kansas City, a few weeks and marshall, who are in the organ busi-ness at Kansas City, and Newton C. Marshall, a mining engineer in Co-lomia, South America.

The choir of St. James' Episcopal Church, Chicago, sang Shelley's cantata "Death and Life," under the direction of John W. Norton, organist and choirmas-ter, or the afternoon of May 18 and Herbert Hyde, organist and director at St. Peter's Episcopal Church, played a group of delightful organ numbers which included: Choral Song and Fugue, Wes-ley: Springtime Sketch, Brewer; Cap-rice (MS.), Seely; "Le Bonheur" (MS.), Hyde.



WHITFORD GOES TO UTICA



large Episcopal church at Scranton,

HOMER P. WHITFORD.

Pa., and he has served a number of other prominent churches. He has passed the examinations for fellow of the American Guild of Organists, and in 1915 the degree of bachelor of music was conferred upon him by Oberlin University, of which he is a graduate. While at Oberlin he was a pupil of Dr. George W. Andrews in organ and composition. Mr. Whit-ford began his work at Tabernacle Church May 1.

Church May 1. Follows in Father's Footsteps. Dr. Walter Keller, the Chicago or-ganist and composer, had the privi-lege last month of seeing his son, lo years old, assume the position as or-ganist which the elder Keller won at the age of 20 and which he held for seven years. The son is Robert Stew-art Keller and the position is at the Ravenswood Methodist Church. Mr. Keller, Jr., will be graduated from the Sherwood Music School, of whose faculty his father has long been a member, in June. He is well known as a capable pianist and is rapidly gaining a reputation as one of the talented young organists of Chicago. Mr. Keller has received thorough organ training from his father. father.

A. M. Shney, the Minneapolis or-gan expert, was a Chicago visitor last month and called at the office of The Diapason May 12. Mr. Shney is a brother of William H. Shuey of Oak Park and has been an active organist in the northwest for twenty-eight years. For twenty years he played in St. Mark's Episcopal Church. He is a member of the Evergreens, a unique club in his home city, one of the requirements for membership in which is that one has been a resident musician for at least fifteen years. The club holds a dinner and reunion once a year. once a year.

Members of the piano Industry in New York gave a testimonial dinner to Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Morton at the Hotel McAmin, May 14, in recognition of the valuable services Mr. Morton has ren-dered the piano trade of New York in his direction of the recent technical confer-ences and in many other directions. Mr. Morton is well remembered as a former organ builder.

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St. John's, Victoria, B. C. First Baptist, Ottawa, Ont. Methodist Church, Moncton, N. B. St. Joseph, Springfield, Mass., U. S. Notre Dame, Worcester, Mass. And over 70 others.

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PROGRAMS RECITAL

-6-

Frank E. Ward, New York City-Mr. Ward gives a recital of half an hour on alternate Sunday evenings, following a brief service in the Church of the Holy Trinity. His programs, as shown by the examples subjoined, contain the works of both American and foreign composers, in well-balanced proportion. Some of the recent programs have been: March 16-Larghetto, Dvorak: Alle-gretto Pastorale, Durand; Idylle, Kinder; Nocturne, Ferrata: Allegro in F sharp minor and Invocation, Guilmant; Post-lude in G, Duncan. March 30-Overture in B minor, Rogers; An Evening Meditation, Demarest; Can-zonetta, Mendelssohn; Humoreske, F. E. Ward; Romance, Gliere; Festal March, Stoughton. April 13-Sonata No. 3 (Con Moto Maes-

Marta, Romane, Guere, Stoughton, April 13—Sonata No. 3 (Con Moto Maes-toso and Andante Tranquillo), Mendels-sohn; "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin; An April Song, Brewer: Meditation, Feder-lein; Scherzo from Sonata No. 5, Guil-

April Song, Brewer; Meditation, Feder-lein; Scherzo from Sonata No. 5, Guil-mant.
April 27 — "Jubilate Deo," Silver; Scherzo in G minor, Macfarlane: "Resur-rection Morn." Johnston; Woodland Rev-erie, F. E. Ward; Sonata No. 2, Op. 106 (Adagio and Finale), Faulkes.
Samuel A. Baldwin, New York City,— Mr. Baldwin's programs at the Great Hall of the City College in May were: May 4—Fantasia in F minor, Mozart; Chorale Prelude, "Adorn Thyself," Bach; "Ariel" and Chacone, Bonnet; "A Night Song," and "Morning Song," Kramer; Suite, "In India," Stoughton; "Ave Ma-ria." Schubert; Melody in F, Rubinstein; Overture to "Der Freischfütz," Weber.
May 4—Sonata No. 1, Frank E, Ward; "Over the Prairie" and Alpine Sketch. Cyril Scott; Prelude and Fugue in D ma-or, Bach, "Souvenir Rococo," William Lester; "Chant de May" and Improvisa-tion-Caprice, Jongen, "Prize Song" from "Die Meistersinger," Wagner; Finale from "Bist Symphony, Vierne.
May 11—Theme (Varied) in E, Faulkes; Gavotta, Martini; Prelude and Pugue in B minor, Bach; "To Spring," I, Alex-ander Matthews; "Dreams," Wagner; "Eurydice, a Phantassy," Chaffin, "The Swant," Saint-Saeaus; Fifth Symphony, Win: IM—Sonata in the Style of Handel, Woltseholme.

B minor, Bach; "To Spring," H. Alexander Matthews; "Dreams," Wagner;
"Burydice, a Phantasy," Chaffin; "The Swan," Saint-Saens; Fifth Symphony, Widor.
May 14—Sonata in the Style of Handel, Wolstenholme; "Lament," Couperin;
"Hora Mystica," Bossi; Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, Bach; "Chant Negre", "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique,"
"Guilmant; Nocturne in G minor, Chopin;
Fantasia on a Welsh March, Best, "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique,"
"Guilmant; Nocturne in G minor, Chopin;
Fantasia on a Welsh March, Best, "Marche Funebre et Chant Seraphique,"
"Guilmant; Nocturne in G minor, Franck;
Reverie, Debussy; Prelude and Fugue in G major, Bach; Menuetto, from Symphony 11, Haydn; "Suite Gothique,"
Boellmann; "Chanson Plaintive," Lynarski; Prelude Pastorale, Liadoff; "Finlandia," Sibellus.
May 21—"Weeping, Mourning, Fearing, Treshikowsky; Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Bach; Legend, Stoughton; Epic Ged, Bellars; "Song to the Evening Stat" ("Tamhiluser"). Wagner; Overture to "Tamhiluser". May 25—Prelude in C minor, Handel; Apring Song, Shenpard; Chromatic Prelude and Fugue in C minor, Handel; Apring Song, Shenpard; Chromatic Frelude Fantasie (MSS), Chaffin; Largs and Finates from "New World" Sing 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New World" Sing 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New World" Sing 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New World" Sing 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New World" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New World" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New Morld" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New Morld" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New Morld" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Largs and Finate from "New Morld" Singe 26—Prelude and Fugue in E fint; Sach; Communion in G, Batiste; Sonata No, 5, Guilma

and "Spring Song"). Mendelssohn, Fugue on Chorale from "The Prophet." Lizzt. Frank A. McCarreli, Harribburg, Pa.-Mr. McCarreli, organist of the Pine Street Presbyterian Church, has given a number of recitals this spring. On April 3 he gave this program under the auspices of the Friendly Class of Messiah Lutheran Church: "Suite Gothique," Hansfield: "An Ebraing Meditti" Goss-Custard: "Chorale Prelude. "O Sacred Head. Now Wounded," and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Funeral March and Song of the Seraphs, Guimant: Variations on a Scoth Air, McCarreli: Toccata, Fletcher. "At St. Stephen's Church on April 12 he played: Sonata 2, Mendelssohn; "A Eve-ning," Buck: Minuet in G, Beethoven-Rogers; "The Nightingale and the Rose." Saint Saens-Courtade; Offertoire in D minor, Batiste.

Rögers: "The Nightingale and the Rose.
 Saint Saens-Courtade: Offertoire in D minor, Batiste.
 James T. Quarles, Ithaca, N. Y.-Pro-fessor Quarles' programs for April con-tained the following offerings: April 9-Bailey Hall: Symphony 5, in F minor, Widor; Impromptu, Arensky; Gavotte, Old French: Berceuse, from "L'Oiseau de Feu." Stravinsky; "L'Or-gano Primitivo," Yon; "Variations de Concert, Bonnet, Chapel: Special Hoiy Week frogram-Marche Funebre," Cho-phr. Chorata, Chapel: Special Hoiy Week frogram-Marche Funebre," Cho-phr. Chorata, "Maling:; For contraito: "A Ballad of the Trees and the Master." Chadwick: "He Was Desnised," from "Messiah," Handel: "Good Friday Spell." from "Parisfial," Wagner.
 April 23-Bailey Hall: Capriccio, Han-del: Chorale in A minor, No. 3, Franck. Serenade. Borodin: "Pan." Godard; "Marche Heroique," Saint-Saens.
 April 30-Sage Chapel: Concerto No. 10, Handel: Andante con moto, from Italian Symphony. Mendelssohn: Shepherd's Dance. from incidental music to Henry VII. German; "Bonne Nuit," Reiff; Con-cert Piece in B, Parker.
 At Rochester, in the Lake Avenue Bap-tist Church, April 25, Mr. Quarles, as-

sisted by Yale Whitney, baritone, gave this program: Capriccio, Handel; "Mu-sette en Rondeau." Rameau; "Ave Maria," Arcadelt; "In Thee Is Joy," Rach; baritone, "E'en the Bravest Heart ("Faust"), Gound; Chorale in A minor, Pranek; Serenade, Rachmaninoff: Ber-ceuse, from "L'Oiseau de Feu; Stravun-sky; Legende, Op. 59, No. 4, Dvorak; Songs: "The Trumpeter," Anon; "Who Is Sylvia?" Schubert; "Rolling Down to Rio," German; "Adagio Lamentoso," from Symphony Pathetique, Tschaikow-sky; "Pan," Godard; "Marche Heroique," Saint-Saens.

Saint-Saens. Henry F, Anderson, F, A, G, O., Cleve-iand, Ohio-At Emmanuel Church, May 4, Mr. Anderson played "Finlandia," Si-belius; Sonata (Andantino Allegro), Bal-dassare Gaiuppi; Gavotte, Martini; Scherzo, Meale; Meditation, d'Evry; Toc-cata, G, MacMaster; Spring Song, Men-delssohn; Recessional March, Coerne.

cata, G. MacMaster, Spring Song, Men-delssohn; Recessional March, Coerne, H. Matthias Turton, Leeds, England-Mr, Turton, conductor of the Leeds New Choral Society, gave an interesting re-cital of modern works in St. Aidan S at Leeds on March 3. It was his object to present the best of the latest composi-tions for the organ and thus make pos-sible a survey of what is being done at the present time. Mr. Turton has fav-ored The Diapason with a copy of the program and it is noted that the opening "Sonata Cromatica, Seconda," The re-views of the work in the Leeds prime "Sonata Cromatica, Seconda, "The re-views of the work in the Leeds prime is of Stata Cromatica, Seconda, "The re-views of the work in the Leeds prime is of Stata Cromatica, Seconda, "The respondent of the state of the second second the re-resze and Finge to Massions, Inter-nezzo and Finge Thind Symphony, D. Augustin Barie; Sestetto (Study in double pedalling), Otto Olsson; Sonata No. I m F. Op. 148, C. V. Stanford; "Ariel" idedicated to H. Matthias Tur-ton, "Chant de Printemps," Pastorale and "Rhapsodie Catalane," Joseph Bon-net. Harry Alan Russell, Albany, N. Y.-An

net.
 Arry Alan Russell, Albany, N. Y.-An outstanding series of Lenten recitals was given this year at the Cathedral of All Saints in Albany by Mr. Russell. His programs were as follows:
 March II.-Concert Overture in B minor, Rogers: Chorale Prelude. Brahms: Gavotte. Thomas: Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bach: Solemn Prelude. Noble: Petite Pastorale, Ravel: Evensong, Johnston, Sonata in D minor, Guilmant.
 March 18.-Concert Overture in C minor. Bach: Solemn Prelude. Noble: Solema Prelude. Solemanne: An Allegretto. Wolstenholme: Prelude and Fugue in G minor. Bach: Solema Prelude. Noble: Sonata in D minor, Guilmant.
 March 18.-Concert Overture in C minor. Holins; Romance and Allegretto. Wolstenholme: Prelude and Fugue in G minor. Bach: Solema Prelude. Noble: Sonata in A minor. Borowski.
 March 25.-Prelude and Fugue in F major. Bach: Solema Organic methods.
 March 25.-Prelude and Fugue in F major. Bach: Minuet in G. Beethoven; Overture to the "Occasional Oratorio." Handel: Andante Cantabile. Tschaikowsky: Allegn Cantabile. Widor: "Suite Gothique," Boelmann.
 April 2.-Fantasia and Fugue in G minor. Bach: Soleman Prelude, Noble: Andante, "In the Garden." Goldmark: Toccata Widor.
 Harg Irwin Metzger, St. Paul, Minn.-At his Sunday evening recitals in May at Christ Episcopal Church Mr. Metzger played: Second Sonata. Mendelssohn: Barcarolle, Dethier; Cantilene in B flat. Faulkes; "Suite Gothique," Boelimann; an April Song," Brewer: "Rimembrana.", "Or Elegie, Metzger; First Movement (from Spinphory, Widor: "An April Song," Brewer: Timembrana," or Elegie, Matta, Fugue, Back: "Suite Gothique," Kenny, Martin, Stagettan Holy.", Noble; St. Ann's Fugue, Back: "Suite Gothique," Kenny, Prelude, Martin, Stagettan, Hey Science, Martin, Sonata, Mendelssohn, Barcarole, Dethier; Prist Movement (from Spinphory N. 4. Vierne.
 Hy Wadhams Moline, Chicago-Mrs. Moline, He Chicago organist and compositions were among the

Borowski; "In a Mission Garden," Diggle. **Charles Galloway, St. Louis, Mo.–At** recent recitals in Graham Memorial Chanel at Washington University Mr. Galloway's offerings were: April 20–"Marche Religieuse," Guil-mant; Easter Hymn with Variations, Ba-tiste: Sonata in D minor, Mailly: "In Paradisum," Dubois: "Grand Choeur Dialogue," Gizout. May 18–Chorale with Variations,

Smart; "Twilight," Dorothy Gaynor Blake; "Messe de Mariage," Dubois; Epic Ode, Bellairs; Grand Chorus in March Form, Guilmant.

Form, Guimant. E. Rupert Sircom, Boston, Mass.—Mr. Sircom gives the following program at the Church of Our Saviour in Brook-line June 1: Fantasia in G minor, Bach; Scherzo (First Symphony), Vierne; Cho-rale in E major, Franck; Second Sym-phony, Widor.

J. Lawrence Erb, Urbana, III.—Professor Erb gave the following program at the University of Illinois Auditorium April 13: March, "America, the Beauti-ful," Macfariane: "Salvadora," Feder-lein: Triumph Song in D. Diggle; Medi-tation, Klein: Sonata No. 1, Van Eyken: "Nuit d'Etc." Binet-Shelley: Prayer, Cal-laerts; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach.

tation, Klein; Sonata No. 1. Van Eyken: "Nuit d'Ette," Binet-Shelley: Prayer, Cal-laerts; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach. In a recital March 21 at Grace Metho-dist Church, Pekin, IL, Mr. Erb played: Grand Chorus in March Form, Guilmant; Largo, from "Xerxes," Handel; Pas-torale in F sharp minor and Grand Chor-us in G, Faulkes: Meditation in D flat, Kinder; First Suite in G minor, Rogers; Prayer in A flat, Stark; "Manany," from "Magnolia" Suite, Dett; Triumphal March in D lat, Erb, in dedicating, the Wicks organ at Holy Family Catholic Church, Tulsa, Okla, included; Toccata and Fugue, D minor, Bach; Largo from "Xerxes," Handel; Pastorale and Grand Chorus, Faulkes; Meditation, Kinder; Sonata No. 4, in D minor, Guilmant; Noc-turne in A flat, Stoughton; Grand Chorus in March Form, Guilmant; Payer in A flat, Stark; Song from "Magnolia" Suite, Dett; Triumphal March in D flat, Erb.

Dett: Triumphal March in D flat, Erb. Franklin Stead, Peoria, II.—Mr. Stead gave this program in a recital at the First Presbyterian Church of Effingham. II. May S: Concert Fantasia. Arthur Bird: "Inner Vision," Louis Adolph Coerne; Caprice. Ralph Kinder; Grand Offertoire. Batiste; Largo, Handel-Whit-ney; "Rimembranza." Pietro A. Yon; Menuet in D. Mozart-Frysinger; "Varia-tions de Concert," Joseph Bonnet; "The Magic Harp," J. A. Meale; Suite ("In India"), Stoughton: "Dreams" (from Seventh Sonata), Guilmant; "Marche Fu-nebre et Chant Seraphique," Guilmant; R. Buchanan Morton, St. Paul, Minn,—

B. Buchanan Morton, St. Paul, Minn.— Mr. Morton gave these recitals at the House of Hope Church in April: April 6—"Les Enfants Palment," and "LaPlette Bercant Sa Poupee," Rebikoff; "The Pilgrim's Progress." Ernest Austin. April 13—"Startight," MacDowell; Ga-votte, Martini; Festival Toccata, Fletch-er.

April 13—"Starlight," MacDowell: Ga-votte, Martini; Festival Toccata, Fletch-er. Charles H. Demorest, A. A. G. O., Los Angeles, Cal.—A series of recitals is be-ing given Tuesday evenings at the au-ditorium of the Bible Institute, which has a three-manual organ and seats 4,200 persons. Mr. Demorest was heard May 13 in the following selections: Concert Overture in C minor, Hollins; "The Mys-tic Hour," Bossi: St. Ann's Fugue, Bach; Sonata No. 1 in A minor, Borowski; Humoreske ("The Primitive Organ"), Yon; Sketches of the City, Gordon B. Nevin; Minuet in G, Beethoven; "Marche Russe," Schminke. Andrew J. Baird, Middletown, N. Y.— In the last of a series of recitals at the Webb Horton Memorial Presbyterian Church, May 5, Mr. Baird's offerings con-sisted of works by American composers, and included: Sonata in G minor, Rene L. Becker; Sonata in A minor, Mark An-gews; "In a Missi Garden," Diggle: Garden," Stoughton: "Will o' the Wips." Newin; "Marche Militaire," Shelley. Miss Florence Jubb, Albany, N. Y.— Miss Florence Jubb, Albany, N. Y.— Miss Jubb gave this program in a recital at all Saints Cathedral May 13: Toccata and Pugne Molmino, Eacel; Sonata in Brehnor Meiodies, Saint, Saanas, Doube Theme Varie, Rousseau; "Benediction Nuptiale," Hollins; Offertory on Christ-tamar Hyms, Canthene Pastorale and "Marche Religicuse," Guilmant.

mas Hymns, Cantllene Pastorale and "Marche Religieuse," Guilmant. Homer P. Whitford, F. A. G. O., Erie, Pa.-Mr. Whitford, F. A. G. O., Erie, Anril 21. He presented the following pro-gram: Overture, "Orpheus," Offenbach: Dialogue, Meyer-Helmund; Ballet Music Numbers 2 and 4 from "Faust," Gounod; Triumphai March, Hollins. Sunday evening, April 27, Mr. Whit-ord gave a recital on the large rebuilt organ in the First Baptist Church, James-town, N. Y. His program included: "Marche Nuptiale," Faulkes: Overture, "Orpheus," Offenbach: Dialogue. Meyer-Helmund; Capriclette, Hyatt; Andantino, Lemar (request); Festal Music from "Tannhäuser." Wagner. Joseph Clair Beeb, New Britain, Conn. -Mr. Beebe's programs Sunday after-noons in May at the South Church have been: May 4-Toccata, Kinder: Idyll. Kinder;

been: May 4—Toccata, Kinder; Idyll, Kinder; "Kol Nidrei," Bruch, Sonata in the Style of Handel, Wolstenholme; Meditation, Hailing; Overture to "Euryanthe," Web-er

Hailing: Overture to "Euryantne, web-er, May 11—Fantasia (E minor), Lem-mens; "Pan's Flute," Godard; Third Sonata, Becker; Harp Nocturne, Yon; "Jubiles Ocrture, Wrs of his program a based on negro melodies: "From the Southland," Gaul; "The Deserted Cabin." Dett; "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," Di-ton; "From the South." Gillette; Three Negro Snirituals ("Deep River," "The Angels Changed My Name" and "No-body Knows the Trouble I See"), Gil-

lette; Largo and Finale, Symphony ("From the New World"), Dvorak. May 25-Prelude (C sharp minor), Rachmaninoff: Allegretto (Serenade), Volkmann; "Peer Gynt" Suite, Grieg; "Sunset," Lemare; Overture to "The Marriage of Figaro," Mozart.

Mafriage of Figaro, Moart. Ernest Prang Stamm, St. Louis, Mo.– Mr. Stamm gave a recital in Emmanuel Episcopal Church of Webster Groves May 18, at which he presented this program: "Suite Gothique," Boelimann, Sketches of the City, Nevin; "In a Mission Gar-den," Diggle: "Kammenol Ostrow." Ru-binstein; Capriccio, Lemaigre; Medita-tion, Sturges; Scherzo, Dethier.

tion, sturges; scherzo, Dethier. Miss Edna A. Treat, Urbana, III.—Miss Treat gave this program at the Univer-sity of Illinois Sunday recital April 20: Concerto No. 5, Handel; "Reverie du Soir," from Algerlan Suite, Saint-Saens; Spring Song, Hollins; Toccata in G. Du-bois; Impromptu Pastorale, Buck; Rev-erie in F, Rogers; "Marche Religieuse," Guilmant.

bois; Impromptu Pastorale. Buck; Reverie in F, Rogers; "Marche Religieuse." Guilmant.
 W. R. Voris, Franklin, Ind.—Mr. Voris marked his return from Camp Sherman with a recital in the First Presbyterian Church, where he again presides at the Ditmats memorial organ. The recital was given on April 29 under the auspices of the Ladies' Matimee Musicale and Mr. Voris' selections included: Scherzoso, Rogers: Idyle, Kinder: Andante Canta-bile from Fifth Symphony. Tschaikow-sky: Morning Serenade. Lemare: Egyp-tian Suite, Stoughton: "The Tragedy of a Tin Soldier." Nevin: Spring Song, Hol-lins; "In the Garden." Goodwin; "Marche Triomphale." Ferrata.
 John McE. Ward, Philadelphia, Pa.— Dr. Ward gave the Inaugural recital on the Haskell organ in Trinity Episcopal Church at Vineland, N. J., April 28, pre-senting the following program: Fan-holme: Scherzo, Schubert: Gavotte "Mignon", Thomas; Andante Canta-bile (Fourth Symphony). Widor: Can-bona, Ellott; Largo (arranged by J. Me E, W. J. Handel; "Elves," Bonnet; Grand Offertoire, "St. Cecilia" No. 2, Batiste.
 William E. Bretz, Harrisburg, Pa.—Mr. Fretz, a pupil of Frank A. McCarrell, gave a recital in Zion Lutheran Church April 26, at which he played; Pastoral Suite, Demarest; "At Twillight." Steb-bins; Fuga alla Handel, Guilmant; "In Springtime." Kinder: Tocesata in D ma-or, Mias Bessie Conneil Keefer, A. A. G. —Miss Keefer, assisted by Miss Faith

jor, Kinder. Miss Bessie Conneil Keefer, A. A. G. O.-Miss Keefer, assisted by Miss Faith Yan Horn, violinist, gave a recital Tues-day, May 6, at Lisser Hall, Mills College, Cal. Miss Keefer played: Sonata (Alle-gro ma non troppo, Andante, Allegro con fuoco). Borrowski, 'Adagio from Sym-phony 4, Widor; 'Mercy,' Gottschalk-Reynolds; Allegretto in B minor, Guil-mant; Grand Chorus, Salome, Okia Lohn Kawaka, Movere Tuke, Okia

Reynolds; Allegretto in B minor, Guilmant; Grand Chorus, Salome.
John Knowles Weaver, Tuisa, Okla.-Mr. Weaver's last program for the year at Henry Kendail College was an organ and string quartet recital April 6. the organ selections being: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; Funeral March and Seraphs' Chant, Guilmant; 'Sous les Bois,' Durand-Guilmant; 'March and Sataions, Novello-Seltars; Quar-tet, Piano and Organ, Largo from 'Xerxes,' Handel.
Mass Jennel Louise Moore of Sapulga, Okla., in a graduation recital, Miss Moore's numbers being: Second Suite, Rogers; 'Oralaine,' Concert Caprice, Kreiser; 'Morning,' 'Ase's Death' and 'Anitra's Dance, Grieg; American Fan-tasia, Diggle.
Harry Doughty, Tovey, Fayetteville;

Anitra's Dance." Grieg; American Fan-tasia, Diggle. Harry Doughty Tovey, Fayetteville, Ark.—Mr. Tovey, director of the school of music of the University of Arkansas, gave a recital at the Christian Church May 4 at which the organ numbers in-cluded: Fantasia, Tours: "Borghild's Dream," "Solvejg's Cradle Song" ("Peer Gynt"), and "Cow-Keeper's T u ne." Grieg; "Moonlight," d'Evry; Prayer and Cradle Song, Guilmant; Bridal Song, Goldmark: "Benediction Nuptiale," Saint-Saens: "Longing," and Grand Chorus, John Winter Thompson; "Within a Chi-nese Garden," "Pyramids," Song of the Friestesses" and "Rameses II." Stough-ton.

Melvin Biggs Goodwin, Philadelphia.— Melvin Biggs Goodwin, Philadelphia.— The orsanist and choirmaster of the Westside Presbyterian Church, German-town, has played the following numbers at his half-hour Sunday recitals: Tri-umphal March, Callaerts, Meditation, Sturges; Scherzo from Sonata in E fat. Buck; "At Twilight," Frysinger; Inter-meszoe in D flat. Hollins: "Marche Pittor-eszoue," Kroeger; "The Swan," Stebbins; "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin; Nocturne, Foote; Berceuse in C. Kinder; Tocecata in G. Dubois: Barcarolle in E minor, Faulkes; Giga, Martini, "At Twilight," E. Nevin. Rollo Maitland, F. A, G. O., Philadel-

Paukkes; Giga, Martini, "At Twilight," E. Nevin.
 Rollo Maitland, F. A. G. O., Philadelphia, Pa.-Mr. Maitland played the first of a series of recitals on the new 121-stop four-manual Austin in the First Presbyterian Church, Germantown, Sunday afternoon, May 11. The program: Toccata in F. Bach: Chorale Prelude, "Herzlich Thut Mich Verlangen," Bach: "Adoratio et Vox Angelica," Duboss: "Victory" (Paean Symphonique). Maitland, Caprice, "The Brook," Dethier: Toccatina. Gordon Balch Nevin; Nocturne No. 3. Liszt: Allegretto in E minor, Tachalkowsky: "Marche Slav," Tschaikowsky.
 At the Memorial Church of St. Paul on May 18 Mr. Maitland played: Fantasia

and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Romance in D flat, Lennare; "The Brook," Dethier. Mr. Maitland's morning recitals at the Stanley have included the following num-bers:

bers: Week of April 28-"Victory" (Paean Symphonique), Maltland; "My Old Ken-tucky Home," Foster-Mailland, Week of May 5-"Marche Slav," Tschaikowsky: "Fairy Dolls' Dance," Tschaikowsky

tucky Home," Foster-Mailland.
Week of May 5--"Marche Slav," Tschaikowsky: "Fairy Doils' Dance,"
Week of May 12--Overture, "Zampa,"
Week of May 19--Overture, "Corpheus,"
Offenbach, "Salut d'Amour," Elgar.
Gordon Baich Nevin, Greensburg, Pa.-At his seventh recital on the large organ in the First Presbyterian Church May 11, Mr. Nevin was assisted by Walter Earn-est, tenor, of Pittsburgh. Mr. Nevin played: Fifth Organ Concerto, Handel; "In the Garden" (Symphony Op. 26).
Goldmark, Funeral March of a Marion-ette, Gounod; "To Spring" (Caprice), H. Alexander Matthew; "West Marion-ette, Gounod; "To Spring" (Caprice), Mr. Mexander Matthew; "West Marion-ette, Gounod; "To Spring" (Caprice), Mr. Monight Serenade, Gordon Baich Nevin; Festal Postlude, Oscar E. Schminke.
Miss Janet Martin, Greensburg, Pa.-Miss Janet Martin, Greensburg, Pa.-Miss Janet Martin, Greensburg, Pa.-

A Moonlight Serenade, Gordon Balen Nevin; Festal Postlude, Oscar E. Schminke, Miss Janet Martin, Greensburg, Pa.— Miss Martin gave her annual recital in the First Lutheran Church May 13 before a large audience. She was assisted by Miss Elizabeth Martin, contralto. Miss Martin played these organ numbers: Third Sonata, Mendelssohn; Chorale Pre-ludes on "O Sacred Head" and "The Lord's Prayer" and Prelude in G major. Bach; March, Intermezzo and Toccata from First Organ Suite, Rogers; Allegretto Scherzando, Archer; "Canzona della Gera," d'Evry, "Dragonflies," Shelley: Cl and Choeur in D major, Guilmant. Frederic Tristram Egener, Goderich, Ont.-Mr. Egener, organist and director of the Knox Preshyterian Church, as-sisted by some of his pupils and by his schoir, gave a recital in memory of the soldiers from Goderich and vicinity who place May 15 before an audience of more than 1,000 people. Mr. Egener played these organ selections: Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "The Angelus," Massenet; Selection from "Il Trovatore." Werdi; Overture, "Light Cavatry," Suppe; Minuet in G, Paderewski; Fantasia on "Home, Sweet Home," and "Rule Britan-nia," Guilmant. A composition by Mr. Egener, "Con Amore," for plano and organ, was played by him and Miss L. Ackson.

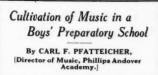
 Bachel, Watter, S. K. S. Back, and Miss L. Jackson.
 Roy Wilfred Tibbs, Oberlin, Ohio.—A recital was given in Finney Memorial Chapel May 12 by Mr. Tibbs of the Oberlin Conservatory of Music. He was assisted by Mrs. Lillian Evans Tibbs, soprano. The program consisted of the folowing numbers: Toccata in D minor, Each; Etude, Op. 16, No. 6, Chopin; Somata No.5, Guilmant; "Nobody Knows De Trouble Tve Seen" (negro spiritua). Burleigh; "Ave Maria," Tosti; "Will of the Wisp," Spross; Walhalla scene from "Das Rheingold," Wagner.
 Frederick C. Mayer, A. G. O., Wood-Ville, Ohio.—Professor Mayer of the Voodville Normal School gave a recital May 16 to mark the consecration of the organ in St. John's Lutheran Church at Fremont, Ohio. His program included: Concert Overture, Faulkes; "Will o' the Wisp," Nevrin; "Sunrise and Sunset on D minor, Nevin; "Sunrise and Sunset on D minor, Nevin; "Sunrise and Sunset on De Alps;" Clegg; "Marche Slave," Tschaitalaforge; "Marche Slave," Tschaitalaforge: "Marche Slave," Tschaiton, Sunrise Spring. Fowsky

Annual Competition at Yale.

Annual Competition at Yale. The annual prize competition in organ playing of the Yale University School of Music was held May 8 in Woolsey Hall, and, as usual, was a decidedly interesting performance. The winner was Virginia Bartholo-mew Carrington, who received a \$50 prize. The other three competitors were Frank Bozyan, Ruth Bracher and Thure Waldemar Fredrickson, and all of them played the program assigned them with great brilliance. The compositions played were Bach's chorale prelude on "Wir Glauben All" and Bonnet's "Theme Provencal," and an improvisation was given by each competitor on a theme present-ed by the judges. The judges were Miles Farrow, organist at the Cathe-dral of St. John the Divine, New York; William C. Hammond, profes-sor of music, Mount Holyoke Col-lege, and Horatio Parker, Battell pro-fessor of the theory of music at Yale University. University.

Frederick T. Short, late of Com-pany A, 307th Infantry, who has re-turned from overseas, is now organist and choirmaster of St. Ignatius Loy-ola Church in New York. At the request of The Diapason Mr. Short has written an interesting account of his experiences in the war, which will appear in the July issue.

Among organs under construction at the Reuter-Schwarz factory in Trenton, In. Rein Schwarz factory in Trenton, Description of the Schwarz Schwarz Church, Winfield, Kan., the Mack Ave-nue Evangelical Church, Detroit, St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Sidney, Neb., and the Swedish Lutheran Church of Kansas City, Kan.



-7-

One does not naturally turn to a boys' preparatory school to find fer-tile soil for the cultivation of Eu-terpe's art. Not mindful of the fe-cundity of father Bach, with his fam-ily of twenty-three children, nor of the inclusion of music in the curricu-lum of the ideal state by so virile a thinker as Plato, the average school boy considers any devotion to music as an infallible sign of hopeless ef-feminacy. To be sure, the blatant noise and syncopated rhythm of a boy considers any devotion to music as an infallible sign of hopeless ef-feminacy. To be sure, the blatant noise and syncopated rhythm of a jazz band may indicate sufficient masculinity to permit such an or-ganization to "get by" or even to win some hearty applause, but music of a finer form must be carefully ta-booed except by the inmates of a sister institution. And yet, despite this fundamental and widespread prejudice, the musical situation, even in a boys' preparatory school, is by no means hopeless or devoid of genuine encouragement. As an illustration of this fact it may not be without interest to mention a few attempts made in the development of the appreciation of good music in

few attempts made in the development of the appreciation of good music in one of our oldest and leading New England preparatory schools. With a recently rebuilt organ which was dedicated by M. Bonnet, Andover possesses a three-manual instrument of fifty speaking stops. A new Steinway concert grand having also recently been donated by an alumnus, both organ and piano are regularly used in conjunction at daily prayers. Certainly one cannot hear regularly used in conjunction at daily prayers. Certainly one cannot hear singing of 550 boys on a bright spring morning, or especially at a vesper service on Sunday, without feeling a thrill of genuine inspiration. The singing of the average congregation seems tame, indeed, after hearing such congregational singing.

Both organ and piano again are used either separately or conjointly at a series of Wednesday afternoon recitals throughout the winter term.

A recent innovation in connection with the Sunday services is the for-mation of a trombone quartet after the manner of those used in many European towns, or, in our own coun-try, made familiar through the Bach Choir of Bethlehem, Pa. To be sure, all innovations are difficult, but al-ready the playing of the trombones a-half hour before the service from the tower of the administration building or the steeple of the chaple is listened to with due reverence and is accepted without applause or the accompani-ment of a clarinet from a neighboring dormitory window. The objective striven for here—and it would seem difficult to find a more ideal begin-ning for a service—is to have the tombones announce one of the glo-rious, ancient, classical chorales be-fore each service. This same chorale is then taken up and played on the cathedral chimes of the organ—a very legitimate use of an otherwise much abused adiaphoron, but an adiaphoron the proper use of which was sanc-tioned by Bach himself. The an-nouncement by the chimes is followed by the announcement of the simple chorale generally with a rather full organ, and this announcement again is followed by a master chorale prelude, at the conclusion of which the chorale is usen in parts by the choir. When will our American organists form wintersally to begin our serv-tices in some such manner instead of which the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the manifold nour serv-tices in some such manner instead of when the mani recent innovation in connection

With the rebuilding of the Andover organ the choir has been increased to fifty voices, arranged antiphonally, the choir singing either in its en-tirety or in part at every Sunday morning service. Every member of this choir must attend at least two weekly rehearsals of one hour's dura-tion cach. The best voices of the choir are selected to constitute the glee club and here also ideals are not impos-

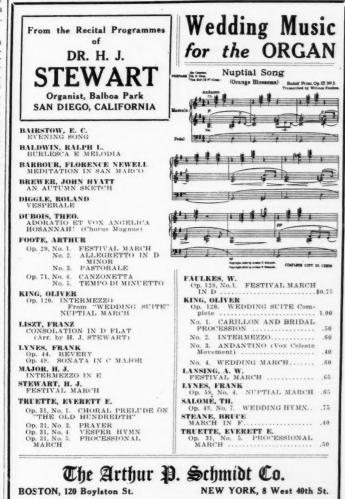
sible ot realization. A few years ago it would have been impossible to sug-gest for this organization a composi-tion savoring of the classical in place of the superficial textual and musical

of the superficial textual and musical doggerel. At present not only will the boys sing, but they sing con amore such a magnificent composition as Grieg's "Recognition of Land." In the orchestral field things at first sight seem perhaps most dis-couraging. The number of American boys coming from representative homes who play a serious instrument as compared with the number of those who pluck at and actually take les-sons upon a mandolin, banjo or gui-tar is certainly appalling. And yet even here the field is not unworkable. During the present year Andover has had an orchestra of twenty-five pieces, which at a recent performance played which at a recent performance played

had an orchestra of twenty-five pieces, which at a recent performance played the entire military symphony of Haydn and the allegretto from the symphony to Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise." To cultivate singing among the boys themselves, the music depart-ment, through the kindness of a friend, has offered a prize in quartet singing for which four quartets re-cently competed at the public per-formance of the school orchestra. Perhaps the most promising inno-vation of all in the musical activities of the school is a joint concert with Bradford Academy, which, it is hoped, will become an annual event and at which a really serious work is to be performed. The choirs of the two schools will constitute a chorus of about 100 voices. The work to be performed this year, in celebration of peace, is Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise." There will be one concert in Bradford and one in Andover. The choirs of the schools will be support-ed by an orchestra and soloists from Boston.

Special Music in Theater.

T. William Street, organist of the Queen Theater at Galveston, Tex., believes in educating the "movie" pa-trons with good organ music and



gives special programs outside the music allotted for the film work. Mr. Street has been on the Queen Theater circuit, which includes playhouses at Galveston, Houston, Dallas, Waco and Beaumont, Tex., for the last seven years. Before entering theater work he was organist and director of St. Peter's, Norbiton, and the Royal Cambridge Institute. Kingston-on-Thames, Surrey, England. Among his recent recital selections have been: Grand Chorus, Diggle; "Sun-set," Sellars; "Marche Nuptiale," Gounod; Berceuse, Rogers; Toccata, Dubois; Cantilena, Salome: Air for G String, Bach; Meditation from "Thais," Massenet: "The Angelus," California Suite, Diggle; Gavotte, Lully; Intermezzo, "The Bells," Street; Serenade, Harker: Serenade, Widor: Toccata, Bruce Steane; "Rev-erie Triste," Diggle; Scherzo and Al-legro, Irene Berge; Cantilena, Goss-Custard; Finale in D, Lemmens; "To Spring," Grieg; Sonata in G minor, Halsey: Overture, "Occasional Ora-torio," Handel.

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Fourth Article. All the great instrumental com-posers were great choral composers, but not vice versa. I shall have space to mention only Byrd, Farnaby, Bull and Gibbons. William Byrd, 1543-1623, was a punil of Tallis, first oreanist of Lin-

and Gibbons. William Byrd, 1543-1623, was a pupil of Tallis, first organist of Lin-coln Cathedral and later of the Chap-el Royal, although he remained a Roman Catholic. Queen Elizabeth gave to him and Tallis the sole right to print and sell music and music paper for twenty-one years. As a choral composer he is counted the equal of Larsus and Palestrina, and as an instrumental writer he was for

choral composer he is counted the equal of Larsus and Palestrina, and as an instrumental writer he was for a long time unrivaled. Of Giles Farnaby's life we do not know much except that he took a de-gree in music at Oxford. John Bull, 1502-1028, was organist of Hereford Cathedral when 20 years of age. He became organist of the Chapel Royal in 1591 and took the degree of doctor of music both at Oxford and Cambridge. In 1601 he went abroad, his fame having at-tracted attention on the continent, where he had offers in many foreign courts, but Elizabeth, having a great liking for her musicians, recalled him. He was made a member of the Mer-chant Taylors Company and became the first Gresham professor of music. A little custom in those days was the necessity for a license for court musicians when they wanted a leave of absence from their duties. This was often refused. In 1613 our friend found it necessary to go beyond the seas without a license, that is, in plain English, "to skedaddle," as cer-tain serious charges were going to be brought against him. He held several posts in Belgium, finally becoming organist at Antwerp Cathedral, where he died in 1628.

Orlando Gibbons was the brightest ornament of a very musical family. His brother was organist of Bristol and Exeter Cathedrals. His son Christopher was also famous. Or-lando himself was born in 1583 and died in 1625. His period of influence is post-Elizabethan. He was the finest composer and organist of his time in England and is often called the English Palestrina. He was a doctor of music at Oxford Univer-sity and was organist at Westminster Albey. He died at Canterbury (only 42 years of age) while attending the wedding of Charles I, and was buried in the cathedral. Orlando Gibbons was the brightest

he died in 1628.

in the cathedral. These four men were contem-poraries of those other musical giants, Sweelinek and Frescohaldi, who also contributed their share to the domestic keyed instruments. But it was in England that they were es-pecially cultivated, as we see in a manuscript collection dating from 1505 that music for these instruments was taking on the shape of an inde-pendent art, and the amount pro-duced by the beginning of the seven-teenth century was enormous. The men were contem-hose other musica duced by the beginning of the seven-teenth century was enormous. The greatest collection is Queen Eliza-beth's Virginal Book, in which twen-ty English composers are repre-sented. Then there are Cosyn's vir-ginal book, with ninety-eight pieces, and Foster's with seventy, both pre-served in Buckingham Palace. Lady Neville's book contains forty-two pieces, all by Byrd, and written be-fore 1591; lastly the famous Parthe-nia, the first book of this kind of music printed in England, containing the best work of Byrd, Bull and Or-lando Gibbons.

These collections illustrate very clearly the ideas of vocal music, prel-udes or simple chord successions serving as a basis for rapid scalic passages and the virtuoso passages of the period. Most important are the fantasias and variations, the former being fugal movements and like the Italian toccatas, the latter taking all sorts of tunes—canti fermi, or dance tunes, and popular folk songs—and elaborating them. The obvious rea-Those collections illustrate ve

son for the large number of varia-tions was that no means had as yet been worked out for writing move-ments other than on contrapuntal principles. These men soon became conscious that contrapuntal means did not begin to use the whole re-sources of possible instrumental mu-sic. Dances and songs were too short and a mere repetition of them was too monotonous, so they expanded them by repetition with varied manipula-tion of embellishments and contra-puntal devices. As they advanced puntal devices. As they advanced with this technique the pieces became more artistic and coherent and it is easy to trace the development from easy to trace the development from mechanical scale passages to definite rhythmic and figurative treatment, and there are instances where mod-ern instrumental methods are antici-pated in a surprising manner, espe-cially in some of Bull's variations.

There was one curious form of com-position which is called the "hexa-chord," where the first six notes of the scale are taking in long notes and repeated with innumerable variethe scale are taking in long notes and repeated with innumerable varie-ties of contrapuntal devices. The use of this formula was as common as the use of the tune "Thomme Arme" as a C. F. for the mass by all the composers of the choral period from Dufay to Carissini. This form was a sort of connecting link between the variation and the fugue. Com-posers used the subject in the sim-plest way by reiterating it, but a few of the greater lights adopted some very inferior methods to obtain va-riety. Byrd in one of his examples starts out with the notes in irregular time value, like a fugue subject; then he presents it in sequence, working to a climax. He then puts it in the bass, descending, and has the accom-paniment with the same figure in con-trary motion in diminution; the time is changed from four-two to six-four and the subject goes through all sorts of evolution. The most wonderful ex-ample of all is that by John Bull, where each presentation of the subject is given at a different pitch, involving the most startling modulations. Some of his enharmonic transitions would not discredit the most modern com-poser. poser.

In the works of these men there is nothing approaching to or forecast-ing the sonata type. That was beyond them as yet, but they were working out step by step the methods of prin-ciples, technique and material of real instrumental value. All these men were great organists and choral writers and each step they took was deliberate and so far overshadowed largely by choral contrapuntal tra-ditions. The Nuove Musiche of the Florentine Monodists had not touched them. In this respect Gibbons was perhaps the best example. Unfortu-nately his remarkable pieces are en-tirely unknown. Byrd, while being more prolific and ingenious, lacks, if anything, warmth and tenderness. Tarnaby has left some beautiful little pieces, full of the tenderest ex-pression and geniality, and entirely modern in feeling. His pieces would not sound unduly strange on any modern program, but somehow or other above all these Bull looms up as the great figure. As Parry says, there is something uncanny about him. He had as great a command of his time, but it is his virtuosity which makes him unique. His instinct in usages which were not common for more than a century. This brings us to the Puritan period when organs were destroved and mu-

This brings us to the Puritan period This brings us to the Puritan period when organs were destroyed and mu-sic in the churches was limited to singing the psalms. I want to ex-plain two things. First, it has been a subject for discussion that English organs had no pedals. The reason was that the church organ was used in a secondary capacity—to accom-pany the choir, which in the finest churches and cathedrals was very

small, but highly proficient, and they evidently thought the pedals would make the organ too ponderous; sec-ondly, the cathedral and royal chap-el were the schools of music in those days; and the chief musician and com-poser of these places was the organdays; and the chief musician and com-poser of these places was the organ-ist, not as on the continent, a chapel-master. This explains why all the great composers were great organ-ists. In church they evidently im-provised whatever solo work was re-quired and devoted their written works to the domestic instruments. The whole system came to a full stop in 1644, when the liturgy was abol-ished and it was ordained that the music of the church should be metri-cal psalms, each verse being read out

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music of the church should be metri-cal psalms, each verse being read out line by line "by the minister, or some fit person appointed by him, before the singing thereof." Until this time England had been in the vanguard, but now organs were not heard in churches for twenty years, and when they were reinstated, conditions had changed. The influ-ence of the opera was permeating musical forms and it was soon to become supreme. [To be continued.]

ISSUES BOOK OF MUSICIANS

Biographical Dictionary Filled with Information Published.

Information Published. The third revised edition of "Ba-ker's Biographical Dictionary of Mu-sicians" has been issued by G. Schir-mer of New York and is a work of great value for the library of any musician. It is concise and informa-tive, and there is no waste space in the volume. At a glance one may find the sketches of musicians both living and dead. The work is edited by Alfred Remy and as it is thirteen years since the previous edition was issued, there have been many changes and additions. In the interim, the editor points out, room had to be found for about 2,000 new biogra-phies; hence he wisely eliminated many of the less important early mu-sicians, so as to keep the work within

many of the less important early nu-sicians, so as to keep the work within the limits of one volume. Impartiality and trustworthiness have been especially aimed at, and a perusal of the book indicates that the aim has been reached.



TO LEAVE HIS OLD CHURCH.

Middelschulte Resigns St. James' Catholic—Gives Recitals. W. Middelschulte has resigned as organist of St. James' Catholic Church, Chicago, a post he has held for a come of means this resignue. organist of St. James' Catholic Church, Chicago, a post he has held for a score of years. His resigna-tion will become effective at the end of June. During July Mr. Middel-schulte will divide his time between Chicago and South Bend, Ind. At the latter city he will teach a class of advanced organ students and give a notable series of historical reci-tals at Notre Dame University. The program of the first of these, devoted to the old Italian school, is as fol-lows: Ricercare, Palestrina (1524-1594; "Sonato pianoforte," and Can-zona, Gabrieli (1555-1612); Canzona (La Guamina), Guammi (1550-1591); "Suonata" and "Echo Fantasia," Banchieri (1567-1634); Toccata, Me-rulo (1533-1604); Fuga, Brignoli (1550-1607); "Sonata da Organo," Bassani (1650-1715); Elevazione, Aresti (1630-__); Canzona, Zipoli; Capriccio, Pastorale and Passacaglia, Frescobaldi (1580-1644). Mr. Middelschulte's health has im-proved rapidly and his activities have all been resumed.





A. B. CHASE PIANOS ARE DEDICATED **"TO FIRESIDE HAPPINESS** TO HOURS OF BLESSED EASE"

The Organs of South America By GATTY SELLARS

[Gatty Sellars, Engl'sh organist-com-poser, who during the last seven years has given over two thousand recitals in the United States and Canada, recently arrived in New York City after paying in South America for nearly six months for the British Patriotic Fund. During that period the entire profits of Mr. Seli-ars performances went to that fund. His account of the instruments to be found there is of interest.]

Arton in the instruments to be found there is of interest.] Arton sailing from New Grleaus phearance was at Lima, Peru. There, cu-rough, the first recital for the British Patriotic Fund was in the Anglo-Ameri-an Church on a German built organ. Athough Lima possesses some magnifi-cent Catholic churches and an immense eathedral, all with fair-sized instruments, his the only one in the city that is kept on your of their instruments, which in some mustances are in a deplorable condition, sometimes not even being used and a mention of the source of the source of the organ in the Anglo-American Church is the only one in the city that is kept on by one in the city that is kept and cabinet organ doing duy instead. A Cavaille-Coll instrument from Paris is the finest organ in the cathedral has its form of a large square, forming, as it were, a big frame around the manuals and magnet cask. The manuals being just instances the organ case, the player must with half the organ in front and the interm with half the organ in form and the the inter organ in the distru-ment of the being used draw the apper row of stops. The organist sits and must half the organ in form and the other with half the organ in form and the other with half the organ in forming as the structure is being used in form and the

The second secon

the latter tone for balance. At Santiago, Chile, at the immense harderal, which would cover several blocks. I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thorks, I was invited to play on a large thork of the seven any such instru-ment I might remind them that the low-est pedal note on such old instruments heighboring church I found a fine new there-manual German instrument. Built tor volume, the tone was a little coarse, especially the gambas voiced to "shout." This criticism applies to many of the taian instruments I found. In their case the couplers were brought in action rom pedals. — Buenos Aires, Argentina, has many fine and German-while the English and Art St. Joh''s Pro-Cathedral I played on solventhe Presbyterian had a Forster & American Church, and St. Faul's Epis-togal a time Brindley & Foster. Sheffield, England, The fine Colon Opera House bas a Caulle-Col organ. At Montevideo, Uruznay, I had a most

At Montevideo, Uruguay, I had a most amusing experience. The only U. S. A. built organ in any church I came across in the tour was at the Aberry across the transformer and the across and the chartment was purchased and sent there from the factory, without a main to erect it, owing to the war and heavy expense at the time. A local Italian was en-trusted with the work of erection. After six months of his time he had been suc-cessful in producing a tremendous "hur-ricane" inside the instrument and had managed to get the oboe stop to act on the flute pipes and the diapason stop to work the dulciana, together with ciphers

galore and every pneumatic tube well punctured. To tune the pipes he had taken the very out and blown through them to be a set of the setting the work untangled, putting the instrument in satisfactory condition, after it had been standing there about two years. For the reputation of American organ builders it was a fortunate thing two of the recitals were to be on this instrument.

two of the recitals were to be on this instrument. The question is raised as to the chances for U. S. A. builders in South America. At present English builders can crect there at less expense to the churches. As most of the organists are English they would demand that every register have its own complete set of pipes in preference to the frequent prac-tice nowadays of making one set of pipes do duty for several stops or tablets. They argue that a seven-course dinner is not satisfactory from having seven cuts taken off different parts of the same joint. Al-so they would expect the brilliance to be supplied by three-rank mixtures with good reeds instead of a generous array of superoctave couplers. To many church committees the latter look the same as the former on paper. American builders can build such instruments quite equal to the European builders, but the material being more expensive in this country, it is difficult for them to com-pete in price. America at the present time is second to none in oran building. There is, however, in the smaller instru-ments in this country a tendency to select stops of a solo character and too much string tone before the real fundamental tone has been preserved. The funda-mental tone of the organ is the diapason, and everything else must be subsidiary to this to reach a well-balanced full organ where everything blends with the dia-pasons before string or solo stops make their appearance.

DEDICATION AT VINCENNES.

Reuter-Schwarz Organ in Big New Church Played by Davis.

Church Played by Davis. The large two-manual and echo organ built by the Reuter-Schwarz Company of Trenton, III., for the new First Methodist Church of Vincennes. Ind., was opened with a recital by Arthur Davis, organist of Christ Church Cathedral at St. Louis, on May 3. Mr. Davis also played at the dedicatory services May 4. The church is a large and beautiful edifice. It takes the place of the one destroyed by fire in 1917. The charge is one of the oldest in the Methodist church, having been organ-ized in 1809 and the first log church being erected in 1829. Mr. Davis played as follows, before an audience of 1,500 persons, at his recital: "Grande Offertoire de Ste. Cecile (No.



KEYDESK AT VINCENNES.

3)," Batiste; "Twilight," Harker; "Moonlight," Kinder; "Will o' the Wisp," G. B. Nevin; Allegro Vivace, Morandi: Evensong, Martin: Foun-tain Reverie, Fletcher: Concert Over-ture in C. Hollins; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Saluto d'Amor." Federlein: "In Springtime," Ralph Kinder: "Peer Gynt Suite," Grieg; "Grand Choeur de Fete," Arthur Davis; Berceuse, Arthur Davis; Grand March from "Tannhäuser," Wagner. The organ has twenty-one speaking stops in the main instrument and an echo of five stops, including a set of twenty cathedral chimes. The com-plete specification was published in The Dianason for January.

plete specification was pu The Diapason for January.

New Suite for Organ IN FAIRYLAND

By R. SPAULDING STOUGHTON I. The Enchanted Forest II. Idyl III. March of the Gnomes

This better the state of the shores Price, \$1.50 (Usual sheet music discount.) This picturesque suite is worthy of Mr. Stoughton's high reputa-tion as a composer of original and colorful organ music. The three movements are well contrasted—No. 1 is a dainty scherzo with curious harmonies: No. 2 a slow and sensitive reverie, but preserv-ing the clfin character of the whole; No. 3 is a weird and fantastic march. It is altogether a fine and novel set of pieces for the recital merch. It is the theatre organist, or for the theatre.

Played by: Roland Diggle Edwin Arthur Kraft Will C. Macfarlane

Albert Riemenschneider

MASON, ALFRED T. A Cloister Scene

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Played by Charence Dony, SZALIT, PAULA Intermezzo, Op. 3, No. 3 (Ar-ranged by Richard Keys Biggs)...30e Played by S. Wesley Sears.

"This suite, which is played from manuscript furnished by Mr. Stoughton, the latest of his larger works for the organ. . . The music illustrates : Stoughton's modern tendencies, the name of each movement being the key the interpretation of the same."—Albert Riemenschneider.

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Dialogue; Croft, Veluntary; Wal-ther, Prelude and fugue; Dan-drieu, Muzette; Bach, Aria; Han-del, Tempo di gavotta; Kellner, Chorale; Martini, Menuet; Wes-Chorate; Martini, Menuet; Wes-ley, Largo; Boely, Andante com moto; Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Praeludium in C minor; Liszt, Andante religioso; Rheinberger, In Memoriam; Chauvet, Andan-tino; Guilmant, Postlude nuptial. James T. Many thanks for the copy of Dr. Carl's "Historical Quarles Organ Collection." It is a remarkably fine collection Quarles Organ Concertion. It is a remarkably interconcertion Writes: of very unusual works. It presents a bird's-eye view of the development of organ composition from the crudest beginnings to the more modern masterpieces. The phrasing

and registration marks added by Dr. Carl are invaluable. JAMES T. QUARLES.

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THE DIAPASON

The Musical Pharisee By GORDON BALCH NEVIN

About once in a year 1 run across example of arrant musical snoban example of arrant music#i snob-bishness that seems to me to offer enough material for controversy to be worth the trouble to answer it. Such an one was Rowland Dunham's "Is American Church Music Good?" published in The Diapason issue of the Durham is no doubt sin "Is American United and states even of published in The Diapason issue of May. Mr. Dunham is no doubt sin-cere in what he says, but the fact that sweeping dogmatic statements are al-ways open to dispute tends to render the factor of the statements made very ways open to dispute tenus to remain the force of the statements made very

dubious. Boiled down, the essence of Mr. Dunham's thought is that America is dependent upon Horatio W. Parker, and possibly Philip James, for its choral music, and that there is no American organ music but "lolly-pop tunes." Let us gather together and consider.

First of all, let us consider choral music: First come to mind the names of some excellent writers of choral music, such as Clough-Leighter-who has many fine things to his credit; Frederick Stevenson - composer of

of some excellent writers of choral mu ic, such as Clough-Leighter-who has many fine things to his credit: Frederick Stevenson - composer of several highly inspired anthems: R. Huntington Woodman, John Hyatt Brewer, William Lester, Louis Victor Saar, Samuel A. Baldwin, Mark An-drews, James H. Rogers, Adolph Foerster, Harvey B. Gaul, and-but enough! Why, James H. Rogers alone has written enough fine an-thems to refute Mr. Dunham's state-ments. I personally regard several of Stevenson's anthems as being as fine as anything in the entire English anthem repertory. Take the organ music: Mr. Dun-ham cites the Reubke Sonata on the Ninety-fourth Psalm; it is, of course, a magnificent work, but why should any self-respecting composer seek to write a work to compare with it? Art works are not written by consciously taking any particular work and en-deavoring to duplicate its greatness. If Mr. Dunham wishes some Ameri-can organ works, I would instance Rossetter G. Cole's splendid Fantasia -a work of large caliber: James H. Rogers' Concert Overture in B minor -a work which will compare favor-ably with anything in the bombastic and inflated symphonies of Widor: Borowsk's Sonata in A minor: Tru-ette's Suite in G minor-technically a giant production. These are all of large dimensions. Were I to instance smaller works I could fill much val-uable space in this journal. Now to come down to points: What does Mr. Dunham's article in-

large dimensions. Were I to instance smaller works I could fill much val-uable space in this journal. Now to come down to points: What does Mr. Dunham's article in-dicate? Well, to my mind arises the picture from the Holy Word of the Pharisee-suave, complacent—as he stands in the temple and prays "Lord, I thank Thee that I am not as other men!" It is not a mere question of "high-brow" or "low-brow"—as Mr. Dunham suggests. It is summed up in the sneering reference Mr. Dun-ham makes to "anything good enough for the crowd" (the black type is mine). It is this attitude of tolerant superiority which is keeping back music in this country, this feeling that the crowd always prefers the so-called had in music. A more fallacious idea never gained credence. True, the av-erage audience likes a tune; only an audience of the deaf would be ex-pected not to! But is that anything against that audience or its taste? Is there any reason why that most elu-sive, God-given part of music—a part which cannot be mechanically devel-oped by a theory teacher (as opposed to harmony, which can be developed by rote) should be regarded as un-worthy of an F. A. G. O.? Reduce the proposition to its logical absurd-ity and we have the theorem that if **som** tune is bad for the people (poor peepul!) the best thing to do is to eliminate **all** tune, and we will at once have the best music for their devel-opment!

There are two salient points which appeal to me as having value in this discussion: First, that the quartet choir is here; has been here a long while; will prob-

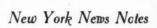
ably be here until the day when all choirs are massed together in a land where the principal instruments ap-pear to be trumpets and harps, judg-ing from the prospectus available! Such being the ease, the thing to do is to encourage the best possible work for that form of choir (bearing in mind that the string quartet is con-sidered by many to be the highest possible form of instrumental expres-sion), and to utilize every possible good means of expression within its scope. There is no need for the quar-tet choir to confine itself to the mushy or soothing-sirup style of anthem (al-though if the choir is wise it will even or soothing-strup style of anthem (al-though if the choir is wise it will even include one or two of this type in its repertory as a solace to that vast ma-jority to whom the music of Bach means little or nothing!), for there is ample musical literature available for

ample musical literature available for quartet use. Second, the present era in organ composition is one of transition. It is so because of the development of the instrument itself. The organ is ceasing to be just an instrument for putting a drab or noisy accompani-ment back of a church service, and is taking unto itself solo stops which rival their orchestral prototypes in beauty of tone. This change has up-set all the old ideas of what consti-tuted organ technique (composition set all the oid ideas of what consti-tuted organ technique (composition technique, I refer to). Borowski is right in asserting that the old strict counterpoint style, with its deadly doses of fugue and stretto, is a thing doses of fugue and stretto, is a thing of the past; say what you will, the modern treatment of the organ will be based more and more on the lines of orchestral technique, and each year brings further proofs of this fact. Dethier, one of the greatest geniuses who has written for the modern or-gan, started the thing with his com-positions of pianistic digital and pedal requirements, and his orchestral color schemes, and even at this day he is not appreciated at anything like his true value; ten years from now he will come into his own. The long and short of it all is that the output of all transitional periods is of inand short of it all is that the output of all transitional periods is of in-evitably mixed quality; possibly not 80 per cent of the present-day music will live very long, but I think at least that percentage of the output of the leading publishers will be found to be of quite fair worth.

least that percentage of the output of the leading publishers will be found to be of quite fair worth. I have been practically compelled to use composers' names in this arti-cle—something I would have pre-ferred, to omit; it was the references to several good composers in the arti-cle under question that led me to take the time to write this reply. Men like Harry Rowe Shelley deserve more courtesy than was shown them in the article. However, Mr. Shelley "should worry"; his "Hark, Hark, My Soul!" is certain to be sung some hundreds of years; moreover, the de-gree of immortality which will re-dound to Mr. Shelley from that one anthem should be taken into consid-eration when discussing the worth of its composer's music. As to Mr. Baldwin's being willing to play some simple melody pieces. I can only say that I have heard Mr. Baldwin play the Reubke Sonata mentioned before, and there are few players who can equal him in the rendition of it—and I have heard him play Harker's "Even-ride." and he did both with the same consummate artistry! He did not de-base himself or his public by doing so; he proved his artistic caliber. Will C. Macfarlane and Edwin Arthur Kraft are two other notable examples of the same versatility; I could mame a number of others, but will refrain. The question of standards in music may well be allowed to work itself out unaided; it is true that there is a vast quantity of trash produced and published by a few houses, stuff printed on newspaper and in pink, yel-low or blue shades! I am not refer-ring to this type of music; at all, and presume Mr. Dunham does not do so either. The case rests on the output of what are generally regarded as be-ing the leading eight or ten music houses of the combined output of those leading firms the majority of the mu-ic will be found to compare favor-ably with the relative productions of

any country in the world. As to the nusic which has been written in the past, only that which has some value will long survive. The question of standards can be left safely to the relentless processes of time.

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By WILLARD IRVING NEVINS. The last Sunday of April marked the close of the series of popular organ recitals given by T. Tertius Noble at St. Thomas' church on Sun-

organ recitals given by T. Tertius Noble at St. Thomas' church on Sun-day evenings. Attendance has in-creased until the church is filled at each recital. A similar series will begin on the first Sunday in Novem-ber and Mr. Noble plans to present many new works. At Calvary Episcopal church on Monday, May 5, Mrs. H. W. Heid-gerd gave the final program in place of John Cushing, who has played a remarkable series during the season on each Monday afternoon. On April 28 Mr. Cushing played the less fa-miliar Roman Symphony of Widor. On Wednesday evening, April 30, at the Lutheran Church of the Ad-vent, two new works by C. H. H. Booth were heard for the first time— a cantata, "Christ, The Lord, Is Risen Today" and a Mass in F minor. Both compositions are of a high order. The chorus with Mr. Booth at the organ gave a splendid account of itself. organ itself.

For a victory commemoration service at Grace church in Brooklyn on Sunday evening, May 4. Frank Wright brought together the choirs of five churches and added an or-chestra of thirty pieces. The musical numbers were: "Sursum Corda," "El-gar (orchestra and organ); Magniheat in E flat, Barnby; "Souls of the Righteous," Noble; "Come, Let Us Sing," Mendelssohn; Te Deum in C, Martin; "Fantaisie Triomphale," Du-bois.

Bruno Huhn, organist of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, has been elected conductor of the Banks Glee Club of New York. He succeeds Mr. Hum-phries, who obtained fine results with this society, which is made up entire-ly of members from the offices of the various charles of the metropolis various banks of the metropolis.

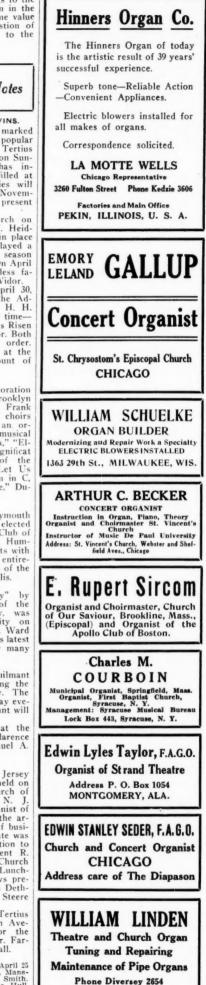
A new "Ocean Rhapsody" by Frank E. Ward, organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, was given at Columbia University on Tuesday evening, May 6. Mr. Ward directed the orchestra in this his lastest work, which is considered by many to be his finest achievement.

Final examinations at the Guilmant Final examinations at the Guilmant Organ School were held during the second and third weeks of May. The commencement came on Monday eve-ning, May 26. A detailed account will appear in the next issue. The examiners this year at the Guilmant school were Dr. Clarence Dickinson and Professor Samuel A. Baldwin.

Another rally of the New Jersey Council of the N. A. O. was held on Tuesday, May 27, at the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J. Mrs. Kate Elizabeth Fox, organist of the church, was in charge of the ar-rangements. Following a brief busi-ness meeting at which a delegate was chosen for the annual convention to be held at Pittsburgh, Clement R. Gale gave a talk on "The Church Organist's Duty to Himself." Lunch-eon was served, Mark Andrews pre-siding, and then at 3:15 Gaston Deth-ier gave a recital on the new Steere organ.

Mr. Reider, a pupil of T. Tertius Noble, is playing at the Fifth Ave-nue Presbyterian Church for the months of May and June. Mr. Far-nam is expected back in the fall.

An inaugural recital was given April 25 at St. Mathew's Lutheran Church, Mans-field. Ohio, by Sutherland Dwight Smith, assisted by Mrs. Charlotte Leslie Hull, contraito, of Toledo. The new organ of St. Mathew's was built by the Estey Organ Company at a cost of more than 87,000.



1637 Vine Street, CHICAGO

CHURCH MUSIC SCHOOL GOES TO WELLESLEY

HAS AID OF DR. MACDOUGALL

Annual Session, Held at Cambridge, Mass., in the Past, Will Be Held in June and Organ Recitals Will Be a Feature.

The summer school of church music which has been held for the last four years at Cambridge. Mass., will meet this year at Wellesley Col-lege, Wellesley, Mass., from June 19 to June 30. The school is associated with the conference for church work and is open to members of all relig-ions faiths.

to june 30. The school is associated with the conference for church work and is open to members of all relig-ious faiths. The co-operation of Professor H. C. Macdougall of Wellesley College has been secured, and he will give instruction on topics in musical his-tory and appreciation. The music library of Wellesley College will be available for reading and study. In a second course Dr. Macdougall will analyze standard anthems and ser-vices, considering in detail the prep-aration for their rendition. The new hymal will be used at all meetings of the conference and mem-bers will receive instruction on the contents of the book from the Rev. Charles Winfred Douglas of New York, one of the associate editors. He will give authoritative ideas as to the rendition of new material, par-ticularly on the new system of chant-ing. He will also lecture on the his-tory and interpretation of church mu-sic to the Reformation, including accompaniment of traditional melo-dies. A chorus will be organized as a practical working laboratory in choral training and conducting. Existing needs in the music of the church will be discussed by Herbert C. Peabody of Fitchburg, Mass., and George C. Phelps of Boston at a general conferences on vital subject. Other conference of that subject. Other conference of that subject. Other conferences on vital subject. Othe

Joseph Why of Philadelphia, repre-senting the Spencer Turbine Com-pany of Hartford, Conn., returned to his home in May after a trip to Chi-cago and other western cities. Mr. Why, who is known wherever organs are blown by electricity, was a wel-come caller at the headquarters of The Diapason.

Transcriptions Are Condemned

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The modern organist in general in this country has sadly misused the instrument upon which he professes to be an artist. It is an indisputable fact that the aver-age class of organists and even the bet-ter class of players are lowering the standards of organ music by playing in their programs numbers that were never intended for the organ. How many com-posers would for a moment sit through a concert and hear their orchestral compo-sitions ruined by the so-called orches-tral effects of an organ? Below I repro-duce two programs played by two famous organists, one in Boston and one in PlayEPT IN DOSTON

PLAYED IN BOSTON. Chorale in E Major, Jongen. "Chant de Chrysanthemes," Bonnet. Scherzo in A flat, Bairstow. Symphony 8 (complete), Widor.

PLAYED IN PHILADELPHIA. Coronation March, Tschalkowsky, "Fantasie Rustique," Wolstenholme, "Kammenol-Ostrow," Rubinstein. "Elfes," Bonnet, "avotter from "Mignon," Thomas. "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin, Festal March, Calkin.

Gavotte from "Mignon," Thomas. "Will o' the Wisp," Nevin, Festal March, Calkin. It is easily seen that these two pro-grams are direct opposites. The first is brilliant, and lasting music, written for the organ, while the second is composed of transcriptions and a few fantastic organ "pieces." Organists say: "This music pleases the public." The truth of this matter is, however, that if this sort of thing is thrown at the public they will take it because they do not hear any-thing else. Take, however, for an exam-ple. Emmanuel Church, Boston. At that church duwg the season of 191'-14 the series of afternoon recitals which drew crowds. There were no transcriptions performed, but the crowds still came, and the reputation of the choir and organist was increased greatly. If the programs were not up to standard, the audiences would not stay to hear them. This is an atmosphere that can be created any-where, if our organists would give up their transcription habit. Those followers of the transcription habit would say, "But this is different: the organ can be made to imitate the effects of an orchestra." The answer to such a statement as this is that the acheap process for imitating an orchestra. The blaying of orchestra is that the acheap process for imitating an orchestra. The playing of orchestra for courses, spoils the character of the instrument. What organist would not become indig-mant the arganist would not become indig-mant a thearing some orchestra play Bach's Great G minor fugue? The com-position, of course, losse its value. Why then, does not an orchestra is manter and the in both cases. By actual statistics taken from a re-cent number of The Diapason there are,

true in both cases. By actual statistics taken from a re-cent number of The Diapason there are, from four programs represented, eight-cen transcriptions against nine organ compositions, which are themselves the cheapest sort of music. Does this speak well for organ music? It cannot be dis-puted that there is an unlimited amount of fine and brilliant organ compositions. Thus the transcription fiends cannot claim that there is a lack of good organ music. We do not find Bonnet, or Courboin, or any really great organist, playing tran-scriptions. Why? Because they realize the value of real organ music capacity. Therefore let us think not of lowering it has ever ben bling it has ever ben bling. W. SCOTT GOLDTHWAITE, W. Scott GOLDTHWAITE, Boston, Mass.

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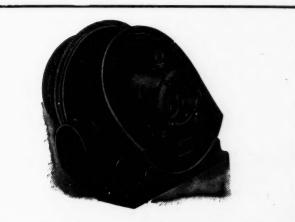
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THE DIAPASON

THE DIAPASON A Monthly Journal Bevoted to the Organ Official Organ of the Organ

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CHICAGO, JUNE I, 1919.

AN INTERESTING DEBATE

AN INTERESTING DEBATE. Being the rightful forum where or-ganists may present their views and conduct their delates. The Diapason has naturally become the "innocent bystander" in several worth-while controversies. As we expected, the article of Rowland W. Dunham, F. A. G. O., of Columbus, Ohio, dealing none too gently with the American organ composer, from Dudley Buck to Shelley, and from there to the latest additions to the ranks, has stirred up discussion. Mr. Dunham has received a number of letters. Some strongly support him in his opinions. Others frankly condenn his views.

his views. One of the most interesting contri-butions comes to The Diapason from our friend Gordon Balch Nevin. Mr. Nevin is a composer and comes from a family of composers, and his pen is just as sparkling in its productions for our columns as it is in writing for the three staves of organ music. Whether you agree with Mr. Dun-ham or with Mr. Nevin, you will do well to read the article. It adds spice to a debate of a kind of which three should be more for our own awaken-ing.

should be more for our own awaken-ing. As for The Diapason, it is merely a referee. We agree with much that is said on both sides, and we disagree likewise with much. It seems to us that Mr. Nevin makes a very true re-mark at the start when he says that "sweeping dogmatic statements are always open to dispute." One man asserts that 80 per cent of the Ameri-can output for the organ is good, and we cannot help but have our doubts about it and wonder just how he cal-culated the percentage. Another aswe cannot help but have our doubts about it and wonder just how he cal-culated the percentage. Another as-serts that only perhaps two American composers have done anything of real value for the organ, and again we have our doubts. One sees Amer-ican church music descended from Dudley Buck, whose influence he characterizes as "extremely perni-cious." We cannot quite assent. The other refers to the "bombastic and inflated symphonies of Widor." and we are compelled to register dissent. Yet, these writers make excellent suggestions and arouse us to thought, and there is nothing that will be more beneficial than this. Mr. Dunham very truly wrote that we must begin to take stock and that our standards are not high enough. And Mr. Nevin cites some indubitably meritorious American organ compositions. His defense of a "tune" as "that most elusive, God-given part of music" should be pondered. He says quite correctly that the quartet is here to stay and that the thing to do is to encourage the best possible work by that form of choir, and offers food for thought when he says that the string quartet is considered by many to be the highest form of instrumen-tal expression. He also hits the nail on the head in asserting that the pres-ent era in organ composition is one tal expression. He also hits the nail on the head in asserting that the pres-ent era in organ composition is one of transition because of the develop-ment of the instrument itself. It is a

point worth considering that when

point worth considering that when criticism of American compositions is uttered it might be well to com-pare with the latest output in other countries. A great deal of the for-eign product, even by some of the best men, is not above par and re-quires weeding out. Another contributor, Mr. Gold-thwaite, brings up the subject of ar-rangements. We find some of the greatest performers of the day taboo-ng arrangements and adhering to pure organ music. And we find just as many interspersing their programs with transcriptions. We cannot help feeling about organ arrangements as did the Scotchman who proclaimed himself a total abstainer and then, lifting bis class took a liberal draft, and, setting it down, added: "But not a bigoted one."

USEFUL BOOK COMING.

not a bigoted one. USEFUI. BOOK COMING. An interesting announcement to all those organists who realize that read-ing is as much a part of the striving for their musical "upkeep" as prac-tice, is that of the forthcoming pub-lication of a work by Everett E. Tru-ette on "Organ Registration." A prospectus of the volume indicates that the subject is handled sensibly, and the reputation of Mr. Truette for vears as a teacher and organist in Boston, and as a founder of the A. G. O. is a guaranty that the book will be filled with most suggestive infor-mation. Mr. Truette treats his sub-ject with a full realization of the great differences between organs, both as to size and tone qualities, and therefore his plan is practical. He devotes a chapter, it is announced, to registration for one-manual organs, another to registration for two-man-ual organs, and two chapters each to three and four-manual instruments, dividing them between those with movable and those with non-movable combinations. Then there are stop classifications and descriptions of stops, and a multitude of ideas as to registration of anthems, hymns, etc. There is a real need for such a treat-ise and its 200 pages promise some-thing of great value. NEWS FROM NEW YORK.

NEWS FROM NEW YORK.

NEWS FROM NEW YORK. The Diapason is pleased to be able to announce the addition to its staff of Willard Irving Nevins, who has been appointed New York corre-spondent. Mr. Nevins will contribute news from the metropolis and vicin-ity and his survey of this large field at close range will supplement the news otherwise received. Mr. Nevins is well-known as an organist in New York although bais

at close range will supplement the news otherwise received. Mr. Nevins is well-known as an organist in New York, although he is one of the young men in the profes-sion. He has just returned from ser-vice in the army. He entered the air service and alterward was trans-ferred to the photographic branch, where he won a commission. He was in the service a year and a half. On May 1 Mr. Nevins became organist and choirmaster of the Lewis Ave-nue Congregational Church of Brook-lyn, and here he has charge of a chorus and a quartet. Mr. Nevins went to New York eight years ago and began the study of the organ with Harold V. Milligan. Afterward he was a pupil of Dr. William C. Carl and he is a post-raduate of the Guilmant Organ School. He is a member of the American Guild of Organists and has done considerable recital work under the hoard of education, besides giving a series of summure recrista, at the Old

of the Rev. B. Selwyn Smith of St. Nicholas' Church, Blundellsands, and formerly vicar of St. Saviour's Church, Liverpool. Dr. England was born in 1873 and was for fifteen years organist and choirmaster of St. Saviour's. As an organist and choirmaster, says the Rev. Mr. Smith, he never found Dr. England's equal, and he makes this significant statement, which every or-ganist may ponder with benefit to himself in his endeavors to improve his usefulness: "Under his guidance, when every word and syllable of the service was studied and given its right value, the familiar clauses became charged with meaning startlingly new. The su-preme proof of his genius, however, lay in the fact that worshipers in the church he served forgot the musician in the music and were conscions only that their devotions were being fault-lessly expressed." Dr. Lord writes us that Dr. England lessly expressed." Dr. Lord writes us that Dr. England

Dr. Lord writes us that Dr. England received the degree of doctor of mu-sic from Victoria University, Man-chester, "the stiffest doctor's degree in music in the British Isles." He was born in Leeds and as a youth studied with Dr. Spark and W. H. Garland, the former then city organ-ist of Leeds and the latter organist of the parish church at Halifax.

IN ANSWER TO MR. DUNHAM

My dear Mr. Gruenstein: With Mr. Rowland W. Dunham's attack on the quartet choir and American anthems in general I am in full sympathy, though I am sorry that he made an exception of Dr. Parker, whose set-ting of "The Lord Is My Light" alone deserves the doom of all Yale products except Mr. Taft. But it seems to me that he has been rather too severe with American composi-tions for the organ. Little does it become me to disagree with a dean of the guild, but I append an all-American program which should con-vince even Mr. Dunham that our or-gan music is safe for democracy: "California Sweet" (I. From the

gan nusic is safe for democracy: "California Sweet" (I. From the Major Triad; II. A Sunny Scale; III. Two Arpeggios), Rolland Jiggle. "The Fourth of July in Finne," Pietro Moan. "Smoke" (based on an old Pitts-burgh Carol), H. Gall. "Solenn Octaves," Too Too Noble. "Where Dust Gathers," C. Stebbins. "Vision Horrifique," Fred Speedin-some.

some ne. The Willies" (Tone Poem), Gor-

don Georgeson. Hellgate Symphony (in Mss), Clar-ence Doodleum.

Respectfully yours, ORVILLE PIPES, F. A. G. O.

FOR ART AS AGAINST BULK.

Springfield, Chio, May 8, 1919.—Editor of The Diapason: I was much interested in your editorial in the May Diapason with reference to the new awakening in organ interest. Lagree with you that we are on the threshold of a demand for organs such as this country has not seen. In anticipation of this, I believe a word of warning should go out to the buying public intrusted with the purchase of or-gans, both for churches and municipal auditoriums. To my mind there is a great lack of

Mr. Nevins went to New York eight years ago and began the study of the organ with Harold V. Milligan. Aiterward he was a pupil of Dr. William C. Carl and he is a post-eraduate of the Guilmant Organ School. He is a member of the American Guild of Organists and has done considerable recital work under the board of education, besides giving a series of summer recitals at the Old First Preshyterian Church. In addi-tion to the foregoing he has found time for some composition, especially of sacred and secular songs, and he expects to bring out some new an-thems in the fall. The friends of The Diapason in New York are requested to assist Mr. Nevins in his task of keeping Dia-pason readers informed as to center there. *IOHN HERBERT ENGLAND.* Dr. J. E. W. Lord of Mcridian. Miss. sends The Diapason a card in memory of John Herbert England Mus., D., F. R. C. O., L. R. A. M. A. R. C. M., whose death occurred Dec. 5, 1918. The card reoroduces an eloouent appreciation of this prom-inent English organist from the pen

er can carry away with him something that charms and haunts and which can live with him in his daily life, he will not care to return for a second recital. You will also be doing a great serves if you can in some way throw beware worthing to preper those interest centers on his commission and who ignores en-itrely the main purpose which should in-spire the installation of every organ. The industry must get itself, as well as the general public, on a higher plane and develop the importance of "art in organ building" if we are to see real and per-manent results. Sincerely yours. H. H. BEAN.

CHURCH REPERTOIRE WANTED.

I. H. DEAN. CHURCH REPERTORE WANTED. To the editor of The Dianason: Help Wanted! I am not a concert organist and don't ant of a concert organist and don't ant of a concert organist and don't ant of a concert organist bas good music at my church services on Sunday and I am always on the lookout for dignified and heautiful pieces worthy of a place in the worship of God. It seems to me that the present-day mark-composition favors the recital and "movie" organist at the expense of the church organist. Summer-time is a good season in which to work on new music and increase one's repertoire, and I would be grateful to any of your readers who can suggest a half dozen or more which represent according to their own taste and experience the best composi-tions of this character. As an indication of just what I mean, I append a list of pieces from my repertoire which I re-gard as good service music; some of these compositions have been in my rep-erolite for years and are still a source of satistaction and enjoyment to the organist as well as to some portion, at least, of the congregation: Solemn Prelude, Noble. Solemn Prelude, Barnes: Pastorale (First Sonata), Guilmant. "In Summer," Stebbins. Sond Movement, from Sonata, Bald-win. Prelude to "Parsifal." Wagner. Movements from sonatas, such as the

MAKES PIPE SILENCE ITSELF.

MAKES PIPE SILENCE ITSELF. Boston, Mass., May 20, 1919.—Editor of The Diapason, Dear sir: I felicitate Mr. Audsley upon the eleven volumes on his book shelf, but, having read them he says he does not know what a sound wave is; why should I read them? Mr. Audsley declines a controversy. This is well. There is not much satis-faction in controverling upon a subject concerning which one must state at the Mr. Audsley declines a controversy. Mr. Audsley declines a to how a subject concerning which one must state at the Mr. Audsley declines a final decline of Mr. Aud the suminformed my reply. He states that the points I made have been laughed down by others. I find nothing in rebuttal of my statements in these circumstances. In the course of a few weeks I hope to send you a drawing showing you how I have, since my former letter, succeeded in making a pipe silence itself in exactly the same way that the prongs of a tuning fork neutralize each other. I have ob-tained a distinct interference in the sound wave by means of a very simple expedient. Very truly yours. EIREST M. SKINNER.

HAS 32-FOOT PEDAL STOP

HAS 32-FOOT PEDAL STOP. Hoston, May 2, 1919.—To the Editor of The Diapason, Dear Sir. In the article on "Walcker's Boston Organ" in the May number of The Diapason, the author, the Rev. J. H. Burn, is in doubt, and asks for information relative to one of the stops of the pedal organ. Permit me to say that there is a 32-foot open diapason in the pedal organ. The six large metal pipes in the two towers of the organ case are a part of this stop. The pipes of the lowest notes, made of wood, are taken the two towest notes, made of the organ. Yours faithfulk

Yours faithfully, EVERETT E. TRUETTE.

EVERETT E. TRUETTE. Organ for Musical College. M. P. Möller, through his Chicago representative. Charles F. Rowe, has been awarded the contract for a two-manual organ to be placed in a studio at the Chicago Musical College. The instrument is to be completed late in lune, and will be ready for the arrival of Clarence Eddy, who will teach at the college during the sum-mer quarter, as previously an-nounced. The organ is to have six full sets of pipes and will be con-structed on the unit system.

Treadwell at New Post. Robert Morris Treadwell, for the last four years organist and choirmas-têr of Olivet Memorial Church, New York, has resigned to accept a call to the Tremont Presbyterian Church. The choir and quartet at Tremont are vested and the service is liturgical.

Robert R. Birch has resumed his duties as organist and choirmaster of the Church of the Redeemer in Chi-cago, after an absence of a year and a half in military service half in military service.

RECITAL BOOST NEEDED AT PORTLAND, OREGON

ATTENDANCE IS TOO SMALL

Local Organists Heard on Auditorium Instrument, but Need of a Regular Municipal Organist Is Pointed Out.

BY JAMES A. BAMFORD.

BY JAMES A. BAMFORD. Since the dedication of the Audito-rium organ at Portland, Oregon, sev-enteen recitals have been given by local organists. Most of these recitals have been given Sunday afternoons. The attendance has varied with the other competitive attractions in the city, the largest not exceeding 1,500 admissions, which is less than one-third of the total seating capacity of the Auditorium. Nearly every program has included one vocal number by our best local talent. Lucien E. Becker, organist of the First Congregational Church; William R. Boone, organist of the First Church of Christ Scientist; Mr. Goodrich, organist of St. Mary's Cathedral, and Gladys Morgan Far-mer, organist of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, have furnished the recitals. Admission usually has been 10 cents. These recitals have not commanded the interest which we feel they should have aroused, probably for various

10 cents.
These recitals have not commanded the interest which we feel they should have aroused, probably for various reasons—lack of advertising and lack of regularity being the most obvious. It is our judgment that to make civic organ recitals a success in point of attendance they must be given with regularity, while with us they have been given irregularly; in other words, on such dates as the Auditorium happened not to be engaged.
We feel that a city possessing as fine an organ as the best skill can produce, with the range of sixty-eight speaking stops and representing a \$25,000 investment, should feature it strongly. Putting it on a purely business basis. \$25,000 is too much money to be tied up without getting results commensurate with the amount invested, but the cultivation of the public in one of the finest arts should be the first consideration.

We spend thousands of dollars every summer furnishing the public with free band concerts in our parks, and if at first the organ recitals can-not be made a financial success it seems to us that the city should fea-ture and underwrite them until suc-cess is achieved. We believe that the first step in this direction is a regular

civic organist with regularity of re-citals.

- 13 -

Recent examples of the programs offered are as follows:

Recent examples of the programs offered are as follows: By William Robinson Boone—Wedding March from "Feramors." Rubinstein; Pas-tale for the second second second second for the second second second second second for four Eves Penn. "The Swan," Salt Saures Pint Las," Pubois. By Saures Pint Las," Pubois. By Saures Pint Las, "Pubois. By Saures Pint Las," Pubois. By Saures Pint Las," Pubois. By Saures Pint Las, "Pubois. By Saures Pint Las," Pubois. Comment Second Second Second Second Wer Two Were Mayner, "New" the That Wer Two Were Mayner, "New" the Art Wer Two Were Mayner, "New" the Art Rossini, "Anorhyse" ("Peer Gynt", Suite, Grieg; Grand March from "Aida," Verdi, Grieg; Grand March from "Aida," Verdi, Gy Gladys Morgan Farmer-Toccata in Dy Kinder: "Eventide," Frysinger; "In Springtime," Kinder; Reverie in D flat, Sonnet.

The reason the programs are large-ly of a light order is that the Audi-torium management insists on a light class of music.

All to Hear Masonic Organ.

All to Hear Masonic Organ. The Masons of Lawrence, Kan., who have just opened their new or-gan, built by the Reuter-Schwarz Company, announce that selfishness will have no part in their administra-tion of the instrument, over which, according to all the Lawrence papers, they are most enthusiastic. George O. Foster, to whom the organ idea owes its inception, announced that it was the intention to have a vesper service once each month to which everyone, whether a Mason or not, would be invited, that all might have an opportunity to hear the organ.

would be invited, that all might have an opportunity to hear the organ. The organ, which stands in the Scottish Rite temple, was heard for the first time at the Easter services held by the Knights of the Rose Croix, Carl A. Preyer presided at the keyboard. keyboard.

Plays at Covent Garden.

Plays at Covent Garden. T. J. A. Mapp has been appointed organist of the Covent Garden Thea-ter, Chicago, in charge of the large four-manual Wurlitzer 'Hope-Jones unit orchestra. A native of England, where he received his training. Mr. Mapp played in Gloucester Cathedral and other churches there. He took up the art of playing to the silent drama five years ago and has held positions at some of the largest thea-ters in the East, including the Broad-way and Plaza theaters, New York Citv. He has specialized on the unit orchestra, and his Sunday organ re-citals are much appreciated by the vatrons of Covent Garden. His un-der-study is Miss M. Peralta of Den-ver.



THE DIAPASON

M. P. MÖLLER

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The Quartet Choir Nature's Praise By HAROLD W. THOMPSON, Ph. D.

Key: (D) Ditson, (F) Fischer, (G) Gray (Novello), (S) Schirmer, (St.) Schmidt, (B) Boston Music Company.

After Easter the problem of the afternoon or evening service becomes afternoon or evening service becomes tedious to most choirmasters and probably to most clergymen. We are all engaged in the ancient and dismal occupation of watching the antique feline's demise. For the last musical service of the season I usually present program called "Nature's Praise." Sometimes it is simply the obvious numbers from Haydn's "Creation" and "Seasons," and sometimes it is a se-lection from some such anthems and solos as are named below. First the anthems-avoiding if possible evening and harvest anthems: and harvest anthems

Arensky, "O Praise the Lord of Heaven." (G) Beethoven, "The Glory of God in Na-ture." (S) Bridge, "When My Soul Fainted," B.

(G) and yn, "God That Madest Earth and Candlyn, "God That Madest Earth and Heaven." S. (G) Dickinson, "List to the Lark," S. (G) Elkar, "As Torrents in Summer," (G) Elvey, "They That Go Down to the Sea." T. (G) Galbraith, "Dear Lord and Father," T.

(D) Harvey Gaul, "The Three Lilies," S.

S) Goss, "The Wilderness," BT. (G. S. D) Harris, "O Lord of Heaven," SB. (St) Hosmer, "For the Beauty of the Earth," Carol. (D) Hosmer, "Dear Lord and Father," ST. Hosmer, "Dear Loro and Faster." (D) Mendelssohn, "For His Is the Sea," T. (S) Noble, "Fierce Was the Wild Billow." Quartet arr. (S) Ouseley, "From the Rising of the Sun." (G)

Ouseley, "From the Rising of the Sun." (G) Parker, "I Will Set His Dominion in the Sea." (G) Parker, "To Whom Then Will Ye Liken God?", T, (G) concile B)

Protheroe, "The Trees and the Master," a capella. (B) Rogers, "I Will Lift Up Mine Eyes Un-to the Hills," SB. (S) Rogers, "O, Lord, Cur Lord, How Ex-cellent," SB. (D) Rogers, "Seek Him That Maketh the Seven Stars," S. (D) Scott, "O, Lord, How Excellent," B or A, (St) Seven Scott (St.

(Gt.) Sullivan, "The Strain Upraise" (G, D) Fours, "The Pillars of the Earth," ST.

(G, D) J. C. Warren, "Thou Art, O God." AS. (D) Woodward, "The Sun Shall Be No More," S. (G. D. S)

More," S. (G. D. S) The Dickinson number requires chimes, if your organ happens to have them. The fine Elvey number, somewhat in the style of Handel, is long and is intended for a big chorus; the solo is especially good. Nobody has written an adequate setting for Whittier's noble hymn."O Lord and Father of Mankind"; I mention the settings by Galbraith and Hosmer as the best of a poor lot of attempts. The other Hosmer number is a carol for children. "Seek Him that Maketh the Seven Stars" is Mr. Rogers' best anthem, I think; it is one of the best anthems written in this country. The second Parker number needs an ex-tra tenor for the last chorus, but I have done it with a single quartet; it is one of Parker's best. When you hear such anthems as these of Par-ker and Rogers and the one by Cand-lyn, you are pretty sure that we are getting on with American ecclesias-tical music. The other Rogers an-thems are not so good, but accept-able. The Candlyn anthem has two short trios for which the voice parts need to be rearranged to be sung by a quartet. The numbers by Bridge. Ouseley, and Tours are short and make good introits. Goss' anthem is within the capacities of a quartet, which is more than can be said of Wesley's setting of the same words. The Dickinson number requires Wesley's setting of the same words, though most chorus choir men would probably prefer the latter. The Men-delssohn number is from the "Nine-ty-fifth Psalm" (first setting) An-other Mendelssohn cantata, "As the Hart Pants," also contains useful numbers for such a service. Another cantata even more useful for solos and duets is Maunder's "Song of Thanksgiving," some of whose num-bers are suitable for spring. Of course many choirmasters will

Of course, many choirmasters will wish to sing a canticle. preferably some setting of the "Benedicite

omnia opera." The settings by Mark Andrews (G) and Rogers (S) are good, the latter being the shortened form. Or the Venite is appropriate; there is a simple setting in B flat by Rogers (D) with solos for soprano and tenor. Others will prefer the Jubilate or the Cantate Domino. I have listed settings of the former in a previous article: I have never seen or heard a satisfactory quartet set-ting of the Cantate—there are plenty by Buck; I use Goss' unison setting in C (D). Besides the obvious solos from ora-

Besides the obvious solos from ora torios and cantatas, there are not many which have much merit; here are a few:

Bartlett, "Grass and Roses," 2 keys, with violin. (D) Chadwick, "A Ballad of Trees and the Master," 3 keys. (D) Dvorak, "Clouds and Darkness," alto.

Chadwick, "A Ballad of 17000 and the Master," 3 keys, (D) Dvorak, "Clouds and Darkness," alto, (Simrack) Hadley, "O, Ice and Snow," 2 keys, (S) Lynes, "The Earth 1s the Lord's," 3 keys, (St) Navare, "The Barth 1s the Lord's," 3 keys, (St) Navare, "The Will Lift Up Mine Eyes Unto the Hills," med. (G) Nevin, "The Strength of the Hills," bleh and medium. (D) Tschaikowsky, "Pilgrim's Song," 2 keys, (S)

S

high and medium. (D) Tschaikowsky, "Pilgrim's Song." 2 keys. (S) Of these the Tschaikowsky song is best. It comes in two keys, the lower for alto and the higher for baritone. In addition to these solos there is always the angel trio from "Elilah," which may be ob-lained arranged for SAT (D). There is a pretty little duet for ST in Turner's "Festal Song" (B) in the style of Stainer, on the words "O, Lord of Heaven and Earth and Sea." A fair duet for SA is Mozart's "Thou Art, O, God" (D). For organ numbers you will think at once of the Pastoral Symphonies of Han-del and Bach, or berhaps Rheinberger's Pastoral Sonata (if you still play Rhein-berger), or some fine, modern piece of joyful tone such as Basil Harwood's "Dithyramb" (G). Perhaps, however, you will want something lighter for an offer-tory. Here are a few little things that are not intolerable. I think, and a few of them are better than that: Brewer, "Indian Summer Sketch." (S) Brewer, "Indian Summer Sketch." (S) Barewer, "Indian Summer Sketch." (G) Cadman. "At Dawning." (D) Demarest, Pastoral Suite. (G) Elgar, "Chanson de Matin." (G) Elgar, "Chanson de Matin." (G) Elgar, "Thom the South." (G) Gaui, "Le Brume." (G) Gaui, "Le Brume." (G) Gaui, "Le Brume." (G) Gaui, "Le Brume." (G) Cadun, "To is Impressions." (G) Kang, "Tone Poems " (G) Lemare, "Summer Sketch." (S) Nevin, Gordon, "Will o' the Wisp." (Sumny) Ravel, "Petit Pastorale." (Durand) Stebbins, "In Summer." (S)

Summy) Ravel, "Petit Pastorale," (Durand) Stebbins, "In Summer," (S) Stebbins, "The Swan." (S) Stoughton, "Within a Chinese Garden."

Tschaikowsky, "Autumn Song." (B)

Lemarés "From the West" is difficult-impossible on an antique organ. The third number by Gaul is a bit difficult. The rest are easy, though the Karg-Elert will require study. Lemarés "Arcadian Idyll' is a delightful little fancy.

STRAY NOTES

STRAY NOTES. I have been asked to name a setting of "Miriam's Song of Triumph" suitable for quartet, and I pass on the problem. Schubert's cantata setting is good: I have used it as an organ number for victory services, but it is far beyond a quartet. The Rubinstein setting is shoddy. And speaking of victory, Schmidt has just published a setting of Sir Walter Scott's noble poem, "Soldier, Rest," by Charles P. Scott, with an obligato part for B flat cornet; it is not bad at all musically, and it will certainly please the average audience very much. It is well within the capacity of a quartet—mixed or male. The search for Miriam led me through

or male. The search for Miriam led me through many Jewish services, and I have profited thereby. Such Jewish services as those edited by Spicker and Sparger (S) con-tain responses and anthems of fine qual-ity, useful for the Christian service. I have used settings of the "Sh'ma Yis-roel" as an opening number, with English words, of course.

I

Death of Robert Stouffer.

Death of Robert Stouffer. Word has just reached The Diapa-son of the death recently in the in-fluenza epidemic of Robert Stouffer of Hagerstown, Md., the well known voicer in charge of that work in the factory of M. P. Möller. The taking off of this able man in the prime of his manhood is a real loss to the organ building art. His was a per-sonality rarely attractive and his mellow, sympathetic character seemed to flow into his work, which was in-variably of a refined sweetness and delicacy in its tonal results. "Bob." as he was affectionately known to his friends, was a kindly, unassuming gentleman and a worker of rare in-telligence, speed and skill, and those who knew his qualities best will miss him most.

STAMM GOES TO BIG CHURCH

-- 14 ---

STAMM GOES TO BIG CHURCH St. Louis Man Organist of Emmanuel Episcopal, Webster Groves. Ernest Prang Stamm, director of the Liederkranz Club and organist and choir director of the Church of the Holy Communion of St. Louis for the past eight years, has been en-gaged by Emmanuel Episcopal Church of Webster Groves, and as-sumed his new duties May 18 coin-cident with the dedication of a new organ installed there. The program arranged for Sunday evening, May 18, attracted a large assemblage in addition to the regular members of the church. Miss Florence Zu-ber, soprano, and Earle Williams, baritone, sang at the dedication. The program included: "Suite Gothique," Boellmann; Sketches of the City, Nevin; "In a Mission Gar-den," Diggle: "Kammenoi-Ostrow," Rubinstein; Capriccio, Lemaigre; Meditation, Sturges; Scherzo, Dethier. Mr. Stamm is one of the best known organists of St. Louis, who has added to his reputation as a con-scientious artist the honor of having written a number of successful com-positions for sacred and secular choral rendition, as well as instrumen-tal numbers. His artistry as an ac-companist was established several years ago when his work as the official planist at the Apollo concerts first brought him prominently before the musical public of St. Louis. Mr. Stamm was born in St. Louis Feb. 7, 1885. He studied organ, piano and theory with Richard Stempf and W. Malmen and Charles Galloway in St. Louis; organ, piano and theory with Hugo Kaun, Walter Fischer and Maria Avani, and at the Scharwenka conservatory in Berlin.

J. O. D. de Bondy celebrated his twen-ty-fifth anniversary as organist of St. Jean Baptiste Church. Lynn, Mass., May 6. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 8 a. m. by the Rev. P. O. Lacroix, as-sisted by the Rev. Father G. A. God-reau. Members of the parish held a reception for Mr. de Bondy in the even-ing.

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PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK CHICAGO BOSTON

JUNE 1, 1919



BY HAROLD V. MILLIGAN.

BY HAROLD V. MILLIGAN. HISTORICAL ORGAN COLLECTION; Edited by William C. Carl; published by Boston Music Company. Dr. Carl, the indefatigable, has put to his credit another volume of organ pieces collected from a wide variety of sources. He calls it "Historical Organ Collection." and sets forth within its covers a brief compendium of compositions for the in-strument, after the manner of the histor-ical organ recital. Beginning with the primitive Prelude of Conrad Paumann, a German organist of the middle fifteenth century—one of the earliest compositions ever written for the organ and prob-ably played with the fists on account of the heavy touch of the organs of this period—the thirty-one pieces in the book bring the setory of organ music down to the present day, or, more accurately, down to yesterday or the day before, the last compocer represented being Alex-andre Gulmant, with his "Postlude Nup-tion".

last composer represented being Alex-andre Guilmant, with his "Poslude Nup-liale." If the pieces in the book will be new to organists. Dr. Carl is to be congratulated on having succeeded in idami-based on the succeeded in dami-based on the succeeded in dami-based on the succeeded in dami-based on the succeeded in the succeeded on the succeeded in dami-based on the succeeded in dami-based on the succeeded in the succeeded on the succeeded the succeeded on the succeeded on the succeeded the succeeded on the suc

registration, phrasing and pedaling being marked with the greatest exactitude. The music is laid out with the utmost clarity and precision.

"IN FAIRYLAND," suite for organ, by R. Spaulding Stoughton; published by the Oliver Ditson Company.

it. opauring stoughton; published by the Oliver Ditson Company. Mr. Stoughton's undoubted talent seemed for a time to be in danger of being lost in a fog of pseudo-orientalism, but his latest works give evidence of his renewed interest in things occidental. To be sure, "Fairyland" hasn't any defi-nite geographical boundaries, and is un-det of y just as indigenous to China the the sure, "Fairyland" hasn't any defi-nite geographical boundaries, and is un-det of y just as indigenous to China the secory program of the comercial witch, where it properly belongs. There are three movements in the suite, entitled re-spectively "The Enchanted Forest," "day" and "March of the Gnomes," and each is quite satisfactorily described by its title. The music is, of course, charac-teristically "programmatic," the com-poser seems to lean a little unduly upon augmented-fifth chords, but his thematic invention is sufficiently robust to main-tain interest in spite of this obvious man-nerism and the music moves with suffi-cient case and spontaneity to hold the attention.

"BONNE NUIT" and "BON JOUR," by

SUMME NUTF and "BON JOUR," by Stanley T. Reiff; published by the Bos-ton Music Company. Two little morceaux of considerable charm and dainty grace, melodious and unpretentious.

"SOLITUDE ON THE MOUNTAIN," Ole Bull; published by Boston Music Company.

An arrangement for the organ by Claude E. Saunier of a simple little mel-ody of Ole Bull's, with a characteristic Scandinavian tang, somewhat like the Lyric Pieces of Grieg.

"IN GREEN PASTURES," by I. Barton. "STILLNESS OF NIGHT," by Frederick

Chubb "LEGEND," by R. S. Stoughton. Published by J. Fischer & Bro., New

York

York. We always examine Dr. Barton's music with interest, as it is individual and well made, and he never seems to write unless he has something to say. Even in a com-paratively simple piece such as "In Green Pastures." he maintains his self-set standard. It is a quiet meditation, of a pastoral character, occupying only four short pages and employing two themes, neither of which is developed to any great length. It is one of the best of this type of piece we have seen in some time. Frederick Chubb's "Stillness of Night" is nobably best described by likening it to Lemare's famous Andantino in D flat. It is a suave and ingratiating melody.

and employs the device of having the right hand play simultaneously on the swell and great, with the chimes and 4-foot flute drawn on the latter man-nat

a-foot flute drawn on the latter man-ual. Stoughton's Legend is built up from two themes, with a brief prelude. The first theme, in B flat major, is played by the right hand, with a simple rhyth-mic accompaniment from the left hand and feet; the second theme, in G minor, is played first in chords by the right hand, with fluent counterpoint from the left hand, and on the repetition of the theme the parts are reversed, the counterpoint appearing above the theme. Although of no great distinction, the composition is a thoroughly playable and satisfactory piece.

"THREE NEGRO SPIRITUALS," tran-scribed by James R. Gillette; published by J. Fischer & Bro.

scribed by James R. Gillette: published by J. Fischer & Bro. The great vosue of the negro "spirit-ual" is one of the phenomena of the current musical season. A few years ago many of these folk-tunes were sung by traveling troupes of negro singers and enjoyed a considerable popularity among white audiences; then they dropped out of sight for a while, to re-appear re-cently in various forms, principally as songs for solo voice, and to achieve an extraordinary popularity. If there has been a vocal recital at Acolian Hall dur-ing the last two seasons at while' Didn't It Rain" or "Deep River" was not sung, it escaped the attention of the writer. If we mistake not, the present popular-rangements with plano accompaniment made by the colored singer and compos-er. Harry T. Burleigh (one of the great-est of living song writers, by the way, in this or any other country) published by Ricordi. There is a magic in these simple melodies which defies analysis or criticism. They speak with the authentic voice of sincere and deep emotion, and are like nuggets of pure musical gold. Mr. Gillette has made very attractive fiver, "Nobody Knows the Trouble I've Seen" and "The Angels Done Change My Name." Together with Carl Diton's ad-mirable transcription of "Swing Low, weet Charlot," these pleces give the negro spiritual a good representation in the organ repertoire. Mr. Gillette's tran-scriptions are of appropriate simplicity and preserve much of the racial tang of the originals, at the same time being loways in the organ Idiom. "The Angels Done Change My Name." is the shortest of the three and "Nobody Knows the Trouble Ives Seen" the longest.

ANTHEMS RECEIVED.

Oliver Ditson Co.; "Fierce Was the Wild Billow." Camp. "The Shadows of the Evening Hours," (soprano solo). Stoughton.

"Praise the Lord" (alto solo), Stough-

"O Lamb of God," (for women's voices), Carvel. "Heaven Is Not Far Away," Wooler. "When Jesus Was a Little Child,"

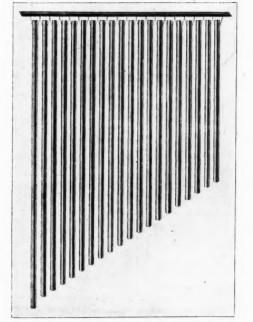
The Blessing of Peace (baritone solo), riosmer. Boston Music Co.: "Hymn of Mourning," Carle.

On Bench After 47 Years.

On Bench After 47 Years. Samuel D. Mayer, the veteran San Francisco organist, who now is org-anist emeritus of the First Congrega-tional Church, celebrated the forty-seventh anniversary of his acceptance of the position at this church by pre-siding at the organ May 4. The folder for the day contained this in-teresting paragraph headed "An Ap-preciation": "Forty-seven years ago the First Congregational Church op-ened its doors upon the site it now occupies and where we are gathered this morning. One of the unique fea-tures of the occasion was the seating of a young man who combined a beautiful tenor voice with a rare gift of interpreting church music upon the organ, and forty-three years in all weathers and almost without a break. Mr. Samuel D. Mayer was found in his place every Sunday morning and evening. He celebrates the forty-seventh anniversary of that occasion by presiding at the organ in the ser-vices of today. We congratulate him and wish him every blessing that heaven can bestow upon one who has lifted many a soul into higher aspira-tions by his sympathetic interpreta-tion of the spiritual element in mu-sic. May he be with us for many years to come."

The annual concert of the Chicago Lutheran Teachers' Chorus, Hans Bied-ermann, director, was given at Or-chestra Hall May 4. The soloists were W. Sassmannshausen, organist and ac-companist, and the Philharmonic Quar-tet, composed of members of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra. Mr. Sassmanns-hausen played the Concert Variations on "America" by Flagler, and one of his own compositions. Both numbers were played in a masterly style and were en-thusiastically applauded.

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By WESLEY RAY BURROUGHS

[Queries pertaining to this line of a modern organist's work may be addressed to Mr. Burroughs, care of The Diapason, Chicago. Queries received by the 15th of the month will be answered in the succeeding issuel issue.]

Note.—The following abbreviations will indicate whether the piece is played from organ, piano or piano accompaniment

fran, plane of plane opy: O. S. = Organ solo copy (three staves), $P_{-} = Piano solo copy.$ Acc. = Piano accompaniment part for rchestra. T. = Title. D. =: Descriptive.

Childhood Scenes

The correct use of the proper mu-sical theme to illustrate the sweet-ness and innocence of childhood alsical theme to illustrate the sweet-ness and innocence of childhood al-ways strikes a responsive chord in the hearts of the andience. The "Call of the Soul" (Fox) with Gladys Brockwell, a recent film we have just played, is an example. Through an unfortunate occurrence, the baby girl in the picture is always reminded by her playmates that she has no moth-cr. To have one, as other children do, is her dearest wish. Each time she appeared on the screen we used Godard's Berceuse from "Jocelyn," a number that fitted well, as its char-acter is appealing and well known. "Take Me Back to Babyland," by Rooney (Witmark) could also be used. The remainder of this feature also illustrates several points. In reel 1 interpolate arpeggios (left hand) and also use string combina-tions to heighten the surf scenes, Gil-lette's Romance in A (O. S.) as the theme of unhappy experience, "I Love Thee" by Grieg as the true love theme, and in the last reel Grieg's Berceuse in G were the principal num-bers used. Turning aside for a moment, this last piece is a truly splendid dramatic

bers used. Turning aside for a moment, this last piece is a truly splendid dramatic composition. With the con moto minor part on the dramatic situations, again interpolating arpeggios for the water scenes, while sustaining the melody for the dramatic action, it seemed to us that here was one reel that was made to fit the music instead of music fitting the nicture.

us that here was one reel that was made to fit the music instead of music fitting the picture. The selections listed range from lullables and slumber songs to bright numbers for childhood games, etc. "Slumber Boat," a song by Gaynor, and "Sleep Little Baby of Mine" by Dennee are especially famous, while selections and single numbers from well-known productions like "Babes in Toyland." "Little Boy Blue" and others are all excellent. The list: "The Sandman," Alden. "Slumber Song," Bizet. "Slumber Song," Bizet. "Slumber Song," Rizet. "Slumber Song," Schumann. Berceuse in C, Kinder. Berceuse in A, Silver (J. Fischer). Berceuse in A, Silver (J. Fischer). Berceuse in G, Grieg. Berceuse in G, Grieg. Berceuse in G, Grieg. "The Sandman," (Balancelle), Wachs. "Diano Solos. Berceuse (Jocelyn). Godard. "In the Swing," (Balancelle), Wachs. "In the Swing," (Balancelle), Wachs. "A Child's Dream," Gabriel-Marie. "Children's Delight." DeProsse. "Childish Tenderness," Schmoll. Cradle Song, Langer. "Dolly's Dream and Awakening," Oes-ten. "Happy Youth," DeProsse.

ten. Entreating Child." Schumann. "Happy Youth." DeProsse. 'In the Swing." Terry. 'Jaulaby," Kjerulf. "Poupee Valsante" (Dancing Doll). Dediai

The Swing, Terry,
"Lullaby," Klerulf.
"Duppee Valsante" (Dancing Doll), Poldini, "New Pasher," Hofman.
"New Baby, Sleep," Hofman.
"Rock Cradle, Rock," Hofman.
"Rock Cradle, Rock," Hofman.
"Baronette's Courtship," Braham,
"Games of Childhood Days," Robinson Rossiter).
"Mouse and the Clock," Whitney,
"Teddy Bear's Pierle," Bratton,
"Mosoultoes" Parade," Whitney,
"The Grashopper's Woolng," Puerner.
"The Grashopper's Woolng," Puerner,
"The Brasel Guardian," Pierne,
"Dreams of Childhood," Schumann,
"The Angel Guardian," Puerne,
"Dreams of Childhood," Waldteufel,
"Little Beauty," Bendix,

"Marionettes' Wedding Procession,"

Marionettes' Weidding Procession," Jonas. 'In Shadowland," Rollinson. 'Little Jack Horner," Stults. 'Parade of the Dolls," Gruenwald. 'Little Imps," Salome, "Bedtime at the Zoo," Monckton, 'The Sleeping Beauty," Tobani. 'Cupid," Eilenberg, 'Morning in Noah's Ark," Rollinson. 'A Game of Tag," Trinkhaus. 'Cinderella," Loraine. 'Blue Beard and Fatima," Bendix, 'Childlike Frolics," Meyer, Stephanic" (Cradle Song), Yungmann, 'Darling Child' ("Enfant Cherie"), Böhm.

Bohm, "Baby's Sweetheart," Corri. "Baby's Sweetheart," Corri. "Castles in Spain." Lemaitre. "Soap Bubbles." Allen (Jacobs). Selections from Operas, Extravaganzas, Etc. "Babes in Toyland." Herbert (also "Toyland." "Bo-Peep," "Rocka-Bye Baby" and "I Can't Do that Sum," from some

rch of the Toys'' (from above). erbert.

nerbert, 1998" (from above) Dance of the Dolls," (from above) Herbert, Mother Goose"

"Dance of the Dolls," (from above) Herbert. "Mother Goose." Solomon. "Dick Whittington." Klein. "Wizard of Oz." Tictjens, "Wonderland," Herbert. "Pearl and the Pumpkin," Bratton, (Song: "Innocent Games of Child-hood," from above.) "Nursery Rhymes." from "Chinese Honeymoon." Talbot. "Three Twins." Hoschna, "Fantanna." Hubbell. "Hänsel and Gretel," Humperdinck (Angel Scene from same). "M. Ribecheard." Solomon. "Seeping Beauty and the Béast," Solo-"Little Roy Blace" Bergen (same of

'Ar. Bluebeard.' Solomon.''Sceping Beauty and the Béast.' Solomon.''Sceping Beauty and the Béast.'' Solomon.''Sceping Beauty and Solomon.''Stamber Song Beauty and Solomon and Alando Daytime Dreams.'' from ''When Anesk Licht the Candles in the Sky.'' "At the Coming of the Moon'' and 'Land of Daytime Dreams.'' from ''Wise Anesk Solomon ''Land of Daytime Dreams.'' from ''Wise Anesk Solomon ''Lando Solomon'' Beauty and ''Stamber''' At the Coming and ''Stamber''''' At the C

and "Land of Daytime Dreams," from "Wizard of Wiseland," Lazelle (Wit-mark). "Take Me Back to Babyland," Rooney (Dick Whittington). "Slumber Boat," Gaynor (J. Church). "Always in the Way," Harriss. "School Davs," Edwards. "All Aboard for Blanket Bay." Tilzer. "The Mosoulto and the Midge" and "When the Goblins Are at Play," from "Yankee Consul." Robyn. "Jangles, Jokes and Rhymes" (from "Land of Nod"), Burt. "Sleep Well, Sweet Angel," Aht, "A Sleepv Song." Jacobs-Bond, "Happy Liftle Sal." Jacobs-Bond, "Happy Liftle Sal." Jacobs-Bond, "The Wedding of Jack and Jil." Hub-"Head, You Seen My Kitten?" Jacobs-Tator You Seen My Kitten?" Jacobs-"The Story Book Ball," Montgomery and Perry

Bond. "The Story Book Ball," Montgomery and Perry. "Play Make Believe," Jacobs-Bond. "The Naughty Little Girl," Jacobs-Dovd

Fhe Bond.

The Naughty Little Girl," Jacobs-Bond.
"When't You Come Over to My House?" Van Alstvne.
"You're a Stingy Thing," Burch.
"You're a Stingy Thing," Burch.
"At Ditle Shoe," Jacobs-Bond.
"A Little Shoe," Jacobs-Bond.
"Do Little Lam'," Jacobs-Bond.
"Do Little Lam'," Jacobs-Bond.
"When God Puts Out the Light," Jacobs-Bond.
"His Lallaby," Jacobs-Bond.

When God Puts Out the Light, Jacobs-Bond,
"His Lullalw," Jacobs-Bond,
"I'al Drum," Willis (Ditson),
"Two Little Blue Shees." (Not certain as to comboser. Song was popular about 15 years ago.)
"There, Little Girl, Don't Cry," Nevin.
"Bupnenfee" ("Dol's Fair"). Bayer.
"Sleeping Beauty" (Suite), Tschaikowsky. sky

MUSICAL SETTING FOR THE DRAMA

MUSICAL SETTING FOR THE DRAMA: "THE CALL OF THE SOUL." Fox Film. Gladys Brockwell, star. Baby theme: Bereeuse ("Jocelyn"), Godard, I ove theme: "I Love Thee," Grieg, Reel 1-(1) "Carnations" (Acc.) by Al-hers until (2) Where California's wide supress. "Over the Waters" (Acc.) by Hoffman until (3) Nieht, and still no heat Romance in A (O, S) by Gilletto raff (1) The evaluation of reel, Bael 2-T: In worder and alone. (5) Puber themes until (6) Sende vears later. "Darage" (Acc.) by Trinkhaus until (7) Wartha still loval. Reneat haby theme. until (8) D: Doctor alone, Improvise

- 16 -

until (9) D: Barbara picks up baby. Repeat baby theme until (10) D: Barbara leaves. Improvise until (11) D: Barbara leaves. Improvise until (12) D: Fade-out of baby scene. Repeat Romance until (13) Enteriore, unbidden guest. "I love Thee" (Acc.) by Grieg to end of reel.
 Reel 3-Continue above until (11) Three is something. "One Who Yearned Alone" (Acc.) by Tschnikowsky until (15) Months of perfect happiness. Repeat love theme until (16) D: Clayton Chees. Pathetic Andante (Acc.) by Tschnikowsky until (15) Months of perfect happiness. Repeat love theme until (16) Dr. Clayton Chees. Pathetic Andante (Acc.) by Tschnikowsky until (15) Months of perfect happiness. Repeat love theme until (16) Dr. Clayton Chees. Pathetic Andante (Acc.) by Sorry you won't go to club. "Eestasy" (Acc.) by Shephert to end of reel.
 Reel 4-D: Baby playing in garden. (19) "Legende" (Acc.) by Finhing deuth inch by inch. (21) Repeat baby theme until (22) D: Mc-Clintock alone (telephones). Berceuse (Acc.) by Gring. Play con moto part as and baby are, part marked stretto as Barbara says. "Dr. Clayton," return to beginning and use con moto minor part again as McClintock enters room where Barbara and baby are, Improvise and modulate creaters appears until (23) Who never loved anyone. Improvise and modulate con moto minor part as McClintock enters room autic 3D. Who never lowed anyone. Improvise and modulate con moto minor part as McClintock enters room autic 3D. Who never lowed anyone. Improvise and modulate con moto minor part as McClintock enters room autic 3D. Who never loved enter room autic 3D. Who never loved enters room autic 3D. McClintock enters

theme (refrain only) to the end. MUSICAL SETTING FOR THE AMERI-CAN POLICE DRAMA: "FROM HEAD-QUARTERS." Anita Stewart and Earle Williams, stars. Vitagraph Film. Ree 1-(1) "Land of Dreams" (Acc.) by Driffil until (2) William Erown. In-rovise in bright style until (3) The in-sidious love tactics. Nocturne (0, S.) y Munro (love theme) until (4) Don't you think. "Courtship" (Romantic Suite) (Acc.) by Fletcher until (6) And then came the evening. "Capt. Betty" (Acc.) by Baxter to end of reel. Reel 2-T: Dawn (6) "Mysterioso Dra-matico (Acc.) by Borch until (7) Safe. "Longing" (Acc.) by Floridia until (8) When Rose went to office. "Love Theme" (Acc.) by Lee until (9) The weeks pass. Nocturne (0, S.) by Harker to end of reel. 3-T: Will you kindly tell. (10)

(Acc.) by Lee until (9) The weeks pass. Nocturne (O. S.) by Harker to end of reel.
 Reel 3-T: Will you kindly tell. (10) "Entreaty" (Acc.) by Atherton until (11) D: Rose picks up knife. Actuato until (22) Sh- all right. "Tragic Theme" (Acc.) by Vely until (13) D: Rose leaves office. "Wondering" (Acc.) by Atherton until (10) Come, Come, Rose. Pathetic Andante (10) Come, Come, Rose. Pathetic Andante (10) Come, Come, Rose. Pathetic Andante (10) She, You and (15) Tart (10) Come, Come, Rose. Pathetic Andante (10) As moto set. Com-inue above until (16) And so Rose watched. "Andante Dramatico" (Acc.) by Borch until (17) As moto of curious, Improvise until (18) The -suppressed doubt. "Tragic Theme" (Acc.) by Vely to end of reel.
 Reel 5-(19) T: So he goes. "Heart Throbs" (P) by Arnold until (20) Now had struck the hour. "Le Reve" (Acc.) by Golterman until (21) And so at last. "My Soul," song, by Jacobs-Bond, until (22) And his first conscious thought. "God Remembers," song, by Jacobs-Bond, until (23) And with recovery. "Call Me Thine Own" (Acc.) by Haleyy until (24) I have ached. Agitato until (25) I do love you, Rose, Repeat Nocturne (love theme) to the end.

New Photoplay Music. ned by Carrie Jacobs-Bond, Chi-Published

Published by Carrie Jacobs-Bond, Chi-cago: Several valuable songs which will be found useful in connection with films per-taining to scenes of childhood, some of them well-known, others as yet unfamil by us. "His Luftin," free beed breedwee. Schumann-Heink, and "Longing" as de-sued as a double number. Four addi-tional songs issued together are "My Soul, "God Remembers When the World Forgets." "The Shepherdess" and "A Little Pink Rose." Separately we find "A Cottage in God's Garden," 'Just a Wearyin' for You." "Through the Years." "A Little Bit o' Honey" and "Shadows." "These are useful as themes, and are of the pathetic type of ballad. The typog-raphy is excellent. Published by Clayton F. Summy Com-pany. Chicago: "The Deserted Cabin" and "Mammy." by Dett, arranged by Gordon B. Nevin for organ. Both are from the "Magnolia" Suite and are of the nature of reveries of quiet pastoral character. Published by J. Fischer & Bro., New York: "Thee, Ngro Spirituals_"Deep River."

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JUNE 1, 1919

of Night" is a short andante for a solo stop and the last number is a pastorale, as its name indicates.

Fairbank Directs Festival.

Fairbank Directs Festival. The twenty-sixth annual May festival concert of the Cook County Sunday School Association was given at the Auditorium May 23. The usual chorus of nearly one thousand women's voices was the chief feature of this occasion. A strong program of sacred, secular and patriotic music was presented. The chorus is under the direction of H. W. Fairbank, who has been the director since the lound-ing of the organization. He was assisted by Miss Leone Kruse, dramatic soprano; Miss Janet Cobb, solo pi-anist; Francis S. Moore, organist, and the Imperial Male Quartet, Mrs. W. A. Huyck and Miss Emma V. Millar, accompanists, and an orchestra to supplement the organ in furnishing a musical background for the great chorus. The choral numbers included compositions by Verdi, Fuller, E. T. French, Tschakowsky. Astenius, Mendelssohn, Sir Arthur Sullivan, A. chorus. The choral numbers included compositions by Verdi, Fuller, E. T. French, Tschaikowsky, Astenius, Mendelssohn, Sir Arthur Sullivan, A. Alfred Holmes and the director, Mr. Fairbank. The great living flag was as effective as ever in "Loyal and Teme" as ei True

Programs at Windsor, Ont.

Programs at Windsor, Ont. In connection with the singing of Stainer's "Crucifixion" at St. An-drew's Presbyterian Church, Wind-scr, Ont. April 18 under the direc-tion of H. P. C. S. Stewart, the or-ganist and director, there was an or-gan recital by Charles F. Davies, Mus. D., M. A., of Grace Church, De-troit. Dr. Davies played: Organ Concerto, Handel: Elegie, Henselt: "Chanson d'Amour," Gibson: Men-uetto, Mozart: Andante, Symphony in C. Reethoven: March, Oratorio "Abraham," Molique. On March 30 Mr. Stewart gave Maunder's "Peni-tence, Pardon and Peace" and F. A. Mackay of St. Paul's Cathedral in Detroit played this preliminary pro-gram: "Fiat Lux." Dubois: Slumber Song, Seely: Scherzo, Capocci: An-dante Serioso, Dickinson: Adagio Sostenuto from "Moonlight Sonata." Beethoven: Intermezzo from Sixth Symphony, Widor.

Symphony, Widor. Youthful Artist Plays. Charles H. Demorest, the Los An-geles organist, presented S. Wilford Ellis, one of his pupils, in a recital at the Broadwav Christian Church May 3, and Mr. Ellis, though only 17 years old, played like a mature artist, and led those who heard him, according to reports from Los Angeles, to share the predictions of Mr. Demorest con-cerning him. Mr. Ellis gave the fol-lowing program: Fantasia and Fugue in G minor, Bach; Offertoire in D flat, Salome; Suite No. 1, Rogers; "Lamentation," Guilmant; Evensong, Martin; "Will o' the Wisp." Nevin; Grand Chorus in D, Guilmant.

In connection with the meeting of the Ohio Music Teachers' Association at Akron June, Horace Whitehouse will give an organ recital on the large Acollan organ in the home of F. A. Seiberling as a feature of a garden party in honor of the music teachers on Thursday afternoon, June 5. Glenn M. Tindall, organist and for-merly supervisor of music at Kokomo. Ind., has been discharged from military service and has been appointed super-visor of music in the public schools of Glen Cove, N. Y. Mr. Tindall is also secretary of the Indiana Music Teachers' Association.

DANIEL A. HIRSCHLER, Mus. B., A. A. G. O.

Dean, Department of Music, The College of Emporia, Pro-fessor of Organ, Director An-nual May Festival.

nual May Festival. RECITALS INSTRUCTION Emporia, Kansas

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HENRY PILCHER'S SONS

PIPE ORGANS LOUISVILLE, KY. SUPERIOR in VOICING, ACTION and DESIGN.

Correspondence Solicited. IUNE 1, 1919

THE DIAPASON

News from Philadelphia

BY DR. JOHN M'E. WARD.

BY DR. JOHN M'E. WARD. Philadelphia, Pa., May 23.—The "victory concert" of the Strawbridge & Clothier chorus drew a capacity andience to the Academy of Music on May 1 and delighted all who heard and saw. The stage was filled with the chorus, numbering 125, and an orchestra of fifty recruited from the Philadelphia Orchestra ranks. Dr. Herbert J. Tily conducted. The succession of pictorial and vocal numbers were united by original poetry calculated to portray the course of the argument. Prominent vocal soloists were much in evidence and Henry S. Fry was a capable or-ganist. The tableaux were pictur-esquely conceived and presented in a large square golden frame that en-hanced the effect of painting. Each picture drew tumultuous applause. Seldom has better work in the realm



HENRY S. FRY.

HENRY S. FRY. Dr. Tily, who is one of Philadelphia's talented organists, has developed a notable chorus which responds to his efforts with enthusiasm. The first tableaux was "The American Indian," the episode being accompanied by Thurlow Lieurance's pensive Indian Love Song. "St. Mary's Tune," re-produced in the handsome program, was produced with massive effect by chorus and organ. To the strains of "Yankee Doodle" emerged the "Spirit of '76," with the drummers and hier. "The Cotton Field" was the back-ground for that spiritual song, "Deep River," followed by "The Battle Cry of Freedom" and "The Boys of '61." Dr. Tily's "Te Deum" was here in-troduced. It was given with empha-sis and expression. "The Call to Freedom" was led by the composer, Victor Herbert. This made a tre-mendous hit. Its swinging rhythm, patriotic fervor and telling climax were duly appreciated.

were duly appreciated. Joseph Bonnet gave a recital on the new organ in the First Presbyte-rian Church of Germantown on April 27. The performance was heard by a large congregation with consider-able evidence of approval. The pro-gram contained: Prelude, Henry Purcell: "In dulci Jubilo." Bach: Pre-lude, Clerambault: Fantasie and Fugue. Liszt: "Angelus du Soir," Bonnet: Toccata, Widor. The recital marked the dedication of the organ of four manuals and 124 speaking stops which was built by the Austin Company. There are sev-enty-nine stops in the gallery divi-sion and forty-five in the chancel di-vision. A string organ of seven ranks, in a separate box, and an echo organ are placed above the chancel ceiling. In the gallery at the rear is the solo organ, with the harp, chimes and carillons. A series of recitals is being given in this church on Sunday afternoons at 4 as follows: May 11-Rollo F. Maitland. May 18-Henry S. Fry. May 25-Henry G. Thunder.

June 1—S. Wesley Sears. June 8—Joseph Bonnet. At his recital May 18 Mr. Fry played: "Clair de Lune," Karg-Elert; Coronation March, Tschai-kowsky; Air for G string, Bach; Ga-votte, Martini; Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach; "Reve Angelique," Rubinstein: "Variations de Concert," Bonnet; Siciliano, Fry; Festival Post-Inde, Schminke.

lude, Schminke. America is fast becoming the great music making country of the world. This sentence reflects a fact which Americans, habitually deprecatory in artistic matters, have hesitated to realize. The old practice of looking abroad for artistic standards is deeply ingrained. So much of the music we produce is the product of European inspiration that the public has been reluctant to admit that we play those works on the whole better and more frequently than they are played in the land of their genesis. The annual concert, operatic and symphonic rec-ord of Philadelphia, New York, Bos-ton and Chicago unquestionably will surpass in quantity and quality the sum total of yearly achievement in any four cities of Europe. Organ recitals? Why, my dear readers, there are more organ recitals in the United States than anywhere else on earth. The guild presented the following

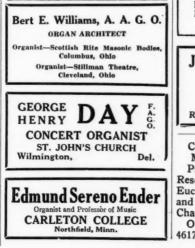
The guild presented the following program for its forty-seventh service in Philadelphia: Processional, "On-ward, Christian Soldiers," Sullivan; Organ Prelude, Adagio (Fifth Son-ata), Guilmant (David E. Crozier); "O Gladsome Light" (a capella), Sul-livan (Conductor, James C. War-hurst); "Sing Praises," Cruickshank (Conductor, J. C. Warhurst; organ-ist, Frederick Maxson); "A Ballad of Trees and the Master" (a capella), Protheroe (Conductor, Rollo F. Mait-land); "The Lord Is My Light," Parker (Conductor, J. C. Warhurst; organist, J. Mc. E. Ward); "Varia-tions de Concert," Bonnet (Charles J. Dryfuse); Recessional, "For All Thy Saints," Barnby (W. Lane Hoff-ner).

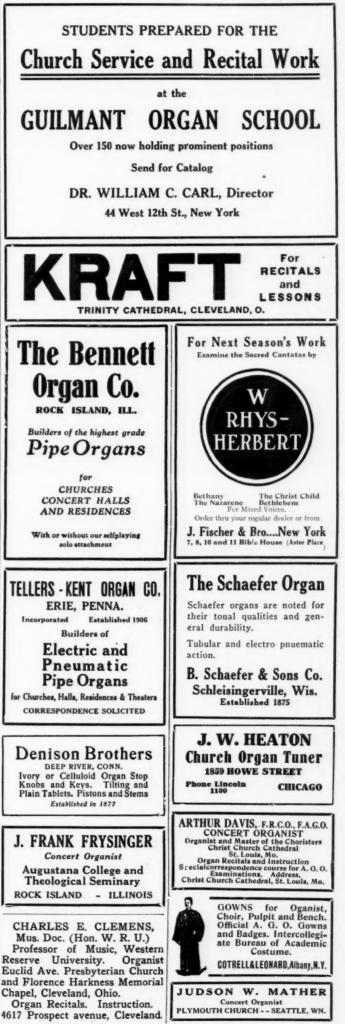
A choir of hity mixed voices gave much satisfaction in the choral work. The direction and the work of the different organists were quite on a level with the high standard which the guild endeavors to maintain. The prize anthem for use in the peace festival of the Episcopal dio-cese of Philadelphia was won by a member of the A. O. P. C., Harry C. Banks, Jr., organist of Girard College.

College

Charles A. Graninger Dead.

Charles A. Graninger Dead. Charles A. Graninger, organist and choirmaster of the Sixth United Pres-byterian Church of Pittsburgh, died April 24, after a brief illness. He was born in Cincinnati Jan. 2, 1867. For seventeen years he was professor of music in the Cincinnati College of Music, a director of music of the Or-pheus Club, and for fifteen years or-ganist and director of the Second Presbyterian Church of Cincinnati. He also served as musical director of the Apollo Club of Minneapolis. Mr. Graninger went to Pittsburgh eight years ago. His widow, Mrs. Jane Lang Graninger, survives.





The 32-foot Resultant By EMERSON L. RICHARDS

Now Jersey State Senator and Resident of Atlantic City Presents Interest-ing Question for Discussion.

After reading Ernest M. Skinner's reply to Dr. George A. Audsley, I am convinced that at least one statement he makes is correct. He admits hav-ing written it in a hurry. If he had given the matter a second thought, I don't think he would have written it at all. Personally, I have no desire to get into the controversy over the wave theory of sound, but there are one or two practical matters con-cerning organ design that become very pertinent in view of Mr. Skin-ner's statements. The burden of Mr. Skinner's article

The burden of Mr. Skinner's article The burden of Mr. Skinner's article is that the wave theory is not at fault, but that we lack apparatus accurate enough to demonstrate it. By means of the diagram on page 20 of the April number of The Diapason, he demonstrates that the only point where the waves would "neutralize" is a thin plane where the waves meet: that is the point of coincidence repre-sented by "plus and minus" waves.

is a trun plane where the waves meet; that is the point of coincidence repre-sented by "plus and minus" waves. Here, he says, there will be silence. Now let's see. Admitting his argument that the waves would be "neutralized" at that point, it follows that no wave would be produced by sound A in the direc-tion of sound B beyond this plane, and conversely with sound B. It would therefore appear that as a prac-tical matter one would cease to hear sound A after passing through the plane spoken of by Mr. Skinner, and hear only sound B. While still being on the side of the plane represented by A, no sound would be audible from B at all. Of course, this conclusion is so contrary to all experience that

on the side of the plane represented by A, no sound would be audible from B at all. Of course, this conclusion is so contrary to all experience that Mr. Skinner's hypothesis may be dis-missed without further comment, and with it his very pretty diagram. I have never understood why it was assumed that the meeting of two waves would necessarily produce si-lence. It is a matter of common school-boy physics that when two forces meet the result is not negation, but a combination of the forces in some new form. Now, if they be sound waves, is it not more logical to assume that they combine rather than neutralize each other? An ex-amination under a magnifying glass of an ordinary phonograph record will demonstrate that waves from dif-ferent sources do combine, and the graphic curve made by the recording needle gives a very fair analysis of just what this combination is. How-ever, I do not understand that Dr. Audsley denies that sound is produced by a vibratory excitement, or even that a "wave" of some kind is not produced, but merely that the wave is not a vibration of the atmosphere. I now come to the very practical

I now come to the very practical matter implied in Mr. Skinner's arti-cle. After having said that only a tuning fork could be employed to demonstrate that one sound might be neutralized by another, he declares: "If I had the time, I could do it with organ pipes." Now here is his chance. Mr. Skinner has in common with many "If 1 had the time, 1 count us a me-organ pipes." Now here is his chance. Mr. Skinner has, in common with many other organ builders, placed stops in his organs called resultants. There is one 32-foot in the new Brick Pres-byterian Church organ. Now, the 32-foot resultant depends on this very principle. The 32-foot tone is pro-duced by sounding simultaneously byterian Church organ. Now, the 32-foot resultant depends on this very principle. The 32-foot tone is pro-duced by sounding simultaneously two pipes of 16 and $10\frac{3}{2}$ feet. The principle as laid down by Sorge, who discovered it, and Helmholtz, and Tyndall, and reaffirmed by Dr. Auds-ley himself, and very well summarized by Wedgewood, is as follows: The CCC pipe, speaking at the rate of thirty-two vibrations per second, in conjunction with the GGG ($10\frac{3}{2}$ feet), speaking at forty-eight vibra-tions per second, have the proportion of 3:2. That is, that every third wave of the GGG pipe coincides with and re-enforces each second wave of the CCC pipe, and, as Wedgewood con-tinues, the ear selects the augmented waves that so coincide, whereby we hear the resultant tone having sixteen vibrations, or the 32-foot tone.

teen vibrations, or the 32-foot tone. Mr. Skinner must avow that a 32-foot tone is, produced by the sound-ing of the lo-foot pipe and its quint or else he would not undertake to put it in an organ. Yet, if this result is produced, it is the result of the coincidence of certain sound waves as explained above. Now Mr. Skinner says that he can-not make organ pipes neutralize each other because he hasn't the time. How, then, in the ordinary practice of his profession, can he make them aug-ment each other so as to produce a differential tone? Too many people have heard the differential tone to doubt its existence, and yet, accorddoubt its existence, and yet, accord-ing to Mr. Skinner's own contention, it is impractical of production.

ing to Mr. Skinner's own contention, it is impractical of production. While on the subject of resultants, I think it might be well to point out that they can have no real place in an organ. First of all, every com-petent authority on sound admits that no musical tone having less than thir-ty vibrations is audible to the human ear, and, as a matter of fact, most competent observers place the limit at EEE, the lowest note of the dou-ble bass, having 41.25 vibrations per second. It, therefore, appears that the whole lower octave of the so-called resultant is inaudible and useless for any purpose except making a con-fused sort of noise, that most people are afraid to deny is 32-foot tone. The real reason for employing true length 32-foot pipes in an organ is not for their ground tone, which can-not be heard, but to receive the ben-efit of their upper partials, which do go to re-enforce and augment the 16 and 8-foot tone usually found in the pedal department. Of course, it may be argued that the upper partials of the 16-foot pipe and its quint when sounded together will likewise com-bine to form differential upper par-tials and thereby produce upper par-tials similar to that of the true length 32-foot pipe. The answer is that the combination, if effected, is entirely too weak to be audible, and since this resultant is very frequently produced by means of an open 16-foot pipe and a stopped quint pipe there can be no combination of the important upper partials, because stopped pipes do not have the same series of upper partials as open pipes. Everybody, as a matter of fact, admits that you cannot hear 32-foot tone in a result-ant stop above the first octave, and partials as open pipes. Everybody, as a matter of fact, admits that you cannot hear 32-foot tone in a result-ant stop above the first octave, and as it is a demonstrated scientific fact that you cannot hear a 32-foot tone in the first octave, it is clear that a resultant 32-foot stop in an organ is either a delusion or a down-right fraud either fraud.

do not mean to imply that differ-I do not mean to imply that differ-ential tones generated from pipes of higher pitch may not influence the tonal structure of the organ, but I do maintain it is a practical impossibility in the case of the very popular 32-foot resultant that appears in 30 many specifications of prominent buildere builders

CORPUSCULAR THEORY OF SOUND

Forty years ago Wilford Hall of New Forty years ago whited that of New York wrote a book entitled "The Prob-lem of Life" and edited a paper he named "The Microcosm." The titles were hardly suggestive of the subjects treated, but their purpose seemed to be mainly to discredit and try to disprove the commonly

accepted wave theory of sound. While Hall found a few followers, none of his teachings ever got into the text-books nor found a place in our schools He challenged Tyndall and others to prove the correctness of the wave theory others to prove the correctness of the wave theory, but there were good reasons why they would not argue the matter with Hall. First, the wave theory was already made very clear in the treatises on sound and was accepted by practically all of the leading scientists of the world, while the accurate the second second second second second accepted by the second s corpuscular theory as entertained by the Hall had been discarded generations be-fore Hall was born. Second, Hall's man-ner of writing and approaching people naturally repelled them from getting into any discussion with him.

any discussion with him, In January, 1882, I sent a communica-tion to the Microcosm in which I pointed out some of Hall's glaring contradictions and called attention to his absurd meth-od of juggling figures in trying to demon-strate mathematically that sound does not decrease in loudness as the square of







[St. Louis Organist Appointed to Post at Emmanuel Church, Webster Groves.]

the distance from its source. The com-munication was not published and no at-tempt was made to answer it further than

tempt was made to answer it further than a personal letter from Hall, which was probably intended as a sop, thanking me for the courteous manner in which I had written, which he said was in contrast to the usual method of his critics. Had I not had a clear case he cer-talnly would have published the letter as another victory against the wave theorists. While Hall stigmatized it as cowardly in those who did not reply to his arguments, it did not seem to be convenient for him to reply to my criti-cisms. His self-contradictions were so atrocious he surely must have seen when it was pointed cut to him that he had made a mess of it. It is absolutely certain from Hall's die-

made a mess of it. It is absolutely certain from Hall's di-play of ignorance in the use of mathe-matics that he had no true conception of the wave theory of sound. He was pos-sessed with a great flow of language and sessed with a great now of anguage and an assurance that carried with it convic-tion with a few who really never had given any attention to the wave theory, but intellectually he was a pigmy com-pared with Tyndall, Helmholtz, Mayer, Lord Behich, Six William Theomeon and Lord Raleigh, Sir William Thomson and the many other real scientists he was trying to belittle.

W. G. BLISH.

Miss Helen Dale, organist in Grace Episcopal Church, Haddonfield, N. J., and Elwood A. Marshall were married in the church April 27 by the rector, the Rev, Augustus W. Shick.

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SCHANTZ ORGANS

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From the Brattle Organ to -By HENRY S. FRY

"It's a long way" from the "Brat-tle organ" of the eighteenth century to the-shall we say-"232 stopper" that is or the "233 stopper" that is to be

"It's a long way" from the single "Brattle organ" of six stops to a list such as the following—organs now erected in this country or contracted

for: Public Ledger Building, Philadelphia, 283 stops, Austin (not yet installed), John Wanamaker Store, Philadelphia, 232 stops, Los Angeles Art Company, Military Academy Chapel, West Point, N.Y., 168 stops, Möller (not completed), Yale University, New Haven, Conn., 163 stops, Stere. Emanuel Church, Boston, 138 stops, Chave Prosbutarian, Church German

Emanuel Church, Boston, 199 (Casavant, First Presbyterian Church, German-town, Philadelphia, 126 stops, Austin. Mormon Tabernacle, Sait Lake City, Utah, 124 stops, Austin. St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, 122 stops, Skinner. Brick Presbyterian Church, New York, 120 stops, Skinner. Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, 115 stops, Skinner.

Carnegie Institutte, Fritsburger, etc. 2017 Skinner. Municipal Organ, San Francisco, 111 stops, Austin. Auditorium, Chicago, 107 stops, Roose-velt. Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, 106 stops, Skinner. Hotel Astor, New York, 103 stops, Austin.

Hotel Astor, New Torn, 199 Acque Austin. Collosseum, Columbus, Ohio, 98 stops. Möller (being installed). St. Thomas' Church, New York, 93 stops, Skinner. City Hall Auditorium, Portland, Maine, 92 stops, Austin. Medinah Temple, Chicago, 92 stops, Austin.

Medinan Temple, Chicaga, Austin, Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York, 88 stops, Skinner. Williams College, Williamstown, Mass., 87 stops, Skinner. City College, New York, 84 stops, Skin-ner.

City College, New York, M stops, Same ner, Strat. Congregational Church, Detroit, 84 stops, Casavant, 94 stops, Casavant, 94 stops, Louis Cathedral, St. Louis, 81 stops, Nigen, Auditorium, Springfield, Mass., 79 stops, Steere, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., 79 stops, Steere, Hennepin Avenue M. E. Church, Min-

Steree.
Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., 79
stops, Steere.
Hennepin Avenue M. E. Church, Minneapolis, 78 stops, Austin.
Temple Auditorium, Los Angeles, 78
stops, Austin.
Auditorium Armory, Atlanta, Ga., 77
stops, Austin.
Finney Memorial Chapel. Oberlin College, 71 stops, Skinner.
First Congregational Church, Cak Park III., 75 stops, Skinner.
Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea, Ohio, 74 stops, Austin.
Central Presbyterian Church, Rochester.
X. Y., 73 stops, Casavant.
St. James M. E. Church, Chicago, 73
stops, Moller.
Smith College, Northampton, Mass., 71
atops, Maxim, Andamot, Mass., 71

Smith College, Northampton, amount atops, Austin. And many other organs, throughout the country, somewhat smaller, but still in the class known as large or-gans, such as Portland, Oregon, Audi-torium (Skinner), the San Diego, Cal., famous out-door organ (Austin), etc. Residence organs may be mentioned as follows:

Residence organs may be as follows: Cyrus H. K. Curtis, Wyncote, Pa., over 100 stops, Acollan. Ernest B. Dane. Brookline, Mass., 85 stops, Kimball & Frazee. John T. Austin, Hartford, Conn., 79 stops, Austin. W. A. Clark, New York City, 71 stops, Murray Harris Company. Walter C. Runyon, Scarsdale, N. Y., 54 stops, Austin.

Walter C. Runyon, Scatsana, ... stops, Austin. C. P. Hazenlocker, near Philadelphia, Pa. 51 stops, Austin. Mrs. Luella E. Stearns, Wyoming, Ohio, 51 stops, Hillgreen, Lane & Co. Frederick W. Schmidt, Radnor, Pa., 50

Stops, Aceolian. Mrs. M. H. Dodge, New York City 39 stops, Austin, Henry Ford, Dearborn, Mich., 37 stops, Valence, Stops, Market, States, Stat

S. M. Clement, Buffalo, 35 stops, Austin. Then there are these theater or-

gans: Olympia, Boston, 96 stops, Möller. Olympia, Cambridge, Mass, 87 stops, Möller.

oller. Polis, New Haven, Conn., 77 stops.

Nöller. New Haven, Conn., 77 stops, Nöller. Newman, Kansas City (not yet in-stalled), 74 stops, Austin. Capitol, New York (not yet installed), 60 stops, Estey. Rialto, New York, 56 stops. Austin. Stanley, Philadelphia, 51 stops, Austin. Modern. Boston, 50 stops, Estey. Piccadilly, Rochester, 49 stops. Austin. American, Salt Lake City, 49 stops. Möller. New

ustin. Strand. New York. 42 stops, Austin. Stillman, Cleveland, 35 stops, Austin

This list of organs, though not by y means complete, will serve to

give us some idea of what has been accomplished in the organ field in our country since the "Brattle organ." Much has been gained—perhaps some-thing lost—not only as to the instru-ment itself, but in organ playing, pro-gram contents and organ composition. While the period covered has been well over a century probably the well over a century, probably the most remarkable gains, and losses, too, have been brought about in less than half that time.

-)

The Instrument.

As the list shows we have gained in size, there being many more large instruments than existed prior to the beginning of the present century. An instrument of four manuals and fifty instrument of four manuals and fifty to sixty stops is no longer unusual and is being "lost in the shuffle" when we are finding an instrument of 120, 122, 126, 138, 163, 168, 232, and finally one contracted for to have 283 stops. The writer has heard rumors of a pro-posed organ of still larger capacity, but it may be possible to pass beyond the bounds of wisdom, and make an instrument too unwieldy for one or-ganist to handle without sacrificing the bounds of wisdom, and make an instrument too unwieldy for one or-ganist to handle without sacrificing musical thought to that necessary to handle the instrument mechanically. In the tone quality of our instru-ments we have gained much in cer-tain directions, and lost somewhat in some other qualities. We have gained in the effectiveness of the stops sug-gesting (not imitating) orchestral in-struments, but in many instances the ensemble qualities have been sacri-ficed, and the characteristic "organ tone" of the older instrument is miss-ing—due to thinness of the eight-foot diapason quality—and often augment-ed by the 16-foot, 4-foot and 2-foot stops of this family being made in such proportion as to predominate. We do not mean to deny or decry the beauty of the modern voicing of so-called string stops, English and French horns, saxaphones, orchestral oboes, etc.—let us have them—but let booses, etc.—let us have them—but let us also retain the other qualities that have made the organ of the past dis-tunctive. How rarely do we have in our modern specifications, in the swell demontument, the old inclined ison our modern specifications, in the swell department, the old-fashioned so-called string tones that blend with other families so much more satisfac-torily than our modern viol d'orches-tre, etc? We want the latter, but let us have the former, too. In small church organs the viol d'orchestre has no place unless there is room for it after all the necessary "blending" stops for accompaniment purposes have been included. If we wish to include a celeste in small church or-gans, let it be formed by a combina-tion with a mild-toned salicional. In large organs, of course, both qualities may and should be included.

In the matter of mechanical acces-sories the gain has been great, the change from the old style instrument with single-acting combination ped-als, etc., to the accessories of the mod-ern console showing a marked ad-vance. To realize the change, we have but to compare the effects ob-tainable on one of the old-style con-soles with the remarkable effects pos-sible with a console, for instance, such soles with the remarkable effects pos-sible with a console, for instance, such as is now being used on the organ in the City Hall, Portland, Maine-re-sults absolutely impossible on the for-mer old-type console. Incidentally, while it is not our purpose to enter into any discussion of the relative merits of "live" or "dead" combina-tions. experience with both has led to a preference for "live" ones. One feature appearing in our mod-ern organs, to such an extent in some cases as to be undesirable, is the prac-cise of duplexing, borrowing, etc. A certain amount is not only permis-sible, but in many instances desirable, but we must guard against its exces-sive use if we are to have our organs

sive use if we are to have our organs effective in all directions.

Organ Playing and Program Contents.

The writer, of course, has not had the opportunity of hearing the players

of fifty or sixty years ago, but doubt-less, there were few, if any, who could be compared with the players of to-day. According to "The Organ and Its Masters," Lahee (published by L. C. Page & Co.) George James Webb, well-known in Boston musical circles in the first half of the last century-mhimself an organist—is said to have declared that previous to the building of the Boston Music Hall organ (opened in 1863) there was not an organist in Boston capable of play-ing a first-class fugue by Bach. How-ever, when the Music Hall organ was installed, a number of organists were ever, when the Music Hall organ was installed, a number of organists were found who could play Bach fugues. The improvements in the instrument, as to touch and accessories, as well as tone-color, have had much influence on organ playing, and today there are many organists in this country equal to the task of presiding at the organ as a concert instrument. In program contents there has been marked improvement over programs

as a concert instrument. In program contents there has been marked improvement over programs of forty or lifty years ago—indeed, at that time probably there were few programs of organ music played in this country, many "players on the organ" simply playing piano composi-tions, etc. "on the organ." A factor in the development of the playing of organ music was the Amer-ican Organ Players' Club of Philadel-phia, the first organists' association in the country. Even some of its earlier programs showed the influence of former conditions—the writer recall-ing one program which included "Loin du Bal" by Gillet. However, the club was formed to foster the playing of recitals of organ music, and to realize the results of its efforts in common with kindred organiza-tions, such as the American Guild of Organists and the National Associa-tion of Organists, we need only com-eare the compositions anpearing, on Organists and the National Associa-tion of Organists, we need only com-pare the compositions appearing on many of the better-class programs of today with the compositions played on the organ in the earlier period of the history of the organ in this coun-try. try

Organ Composition In This Country. Organ Composition in This Country. Undoubtedly little existed until a comparatively recent date, although the writer has in his library of or-gan music a sonata in C minor by Dr. Henry Stephen Cutler and a Fugue in E minor by W. B. Gilbert. Dr. Cut-ler was born in Boston in 1825, was at one time organist of Grace Church, Boston, (not existent now) and later at one time organist of Grace Church, Boston (not existent now) and later of the Church of the Advent. He was organist and choirmaster of Trinity Church, New York, from 1858 to 1865. The sonata is marked "copyright, 1887, by O. Ditson & Co," which, of course, does not indicate at what period in Dr. Cutler's life it was writ-ten. The fugue by W. B. Gilbert is marked "Gilbert's Organ Music No. 9," which indicates that there were other numbers in the series. We pre-sume W. B. Gilbert to be the Dr. Walter B. Gilbert at one time con-nected with Trinity Chapel, New York. York.

York. Because of the small number of or-gan compositions of the earlier pe-riod, we will not attempt to make any comparison as to quality. As to quan-tity, of course, we have made great advance, and although the writer has always been inclined to give American compositions much consideration, we must be frank to say that many of the numbers that have appeared should not have been published. In this direction we have an opportun-ity to show much improvement in the future, by sacrificing quantity for quality. At the same time much that has been published is worthy, and it behooves the organists to see that these compositions receive recognition by worthy performances. Because of the small number of orworthy performances. by

In any review of the development of the organ and its kindred activi-ties we must include (1) the organi-zations who contributed to its ad-vance, (2) the laymen who have en-couraged its use, (3) the literature pertaining to its interests. I. The Organizations. The three princinal ones are the American Or-gan Plavers' Club (the first organ-ists' club in the country), the Amer-ican Guild of Organists. And the Na-tional Association of Organists. In addition there are also a number of organists' associations in various citorganists' associations in various cit-ies in different parts of the country.

THE DIAPASON

Recently a new and very important organization came into existence, known as the Organ Builders' Asso-ciation of America, which has been the means of securing the elimination of a proposed tax of 10 per cent on pipe organs, thus already justifying its formation. Perhaps after a while this body, too, will enjoy the privi-lege of conventions, such as are held by the National Association of Or-ganists and the American Guild of Organists. 2. Laymen who are not professional musicians, but music-lovers, have done much to foster the activities con-nected with the organ. Prominent

done much to loster the activities con-nected with the organ. Prominent among them is Cyrus H. K. Curtis, who gave Portland, Maine, its large organ, which has been the means of so much pleasure to thousands of peoarlance. Mr. Curtis also has in his own home an instrument of over 100 stops, four manuals and pedals, constops, four manuals and pedals, con-trolling seven departments — great, swell, choir, echo, solo, antiphonal and pedal. Also it is Mr. Curtis who has contracted for the 283-stop organ which heads the list of organs appear-ing in this actival.

Andrew Carnegie has given the or-gan world almost inestimable encour-agement and help by contributing to the cost of installing many instru-ments in churches throughout the country.

country. Among others who have made important contributions to enhance the use of the organ are John D. Spreck-els, who gave the famous outdoor or-gan to San Diego, Cal.; William L. Austin, who gave the organ to the Central High School, Philadelphia. and financed the recitals given there during three seasons by the American Organ Players' Club; Andrew D. White, in honor of whose eightieth birthday the large organ was installed in Bailey Hall, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.; Mrs. R. F. MacArthur, who was responsible for the instal-lation of the municipal organ in Tulsa, Okla.. and men such as Messrs. Schwab, Frick, Stotesbury and Sena-tor Clark, who have organs in their homes, giving valuable engagements to competent organists. 3. Perhaps many of us do not real-ize how much we are privileged to enjoy in the way of literature pertain-ing to the organ and associated ac-tivities. First, a few only of the many

enjoy in the way of literature pertain-ing to the organ and associated ac-tivities. First, a few only of the many "Organ Playing" Hull; "Modern Or-gan Accompaniment," Dr. Richard-son; "The Organ and Its Position in Musical Art," Statham; "The Organ and Its Masters," Lahee; the remark-able work "The Art of Organ Build-ing" (2 vols.), G. Ashdown Audsley; a new one, "The Organ of the Twen-tieth Century," by Mr. Audsley (in press), and many others.

The writer hopes he may be par-doned for his pride in speaking spe-cially of the part his home city (Phila-delphia) has had in the development of organ matters. In that city was organized the American Organ Play-ers' Club, mentioned before; there was organized the first chapter of the American Guild of Organists, and one of Philadelphia's organists, and one of Philadelphia's organists, and of of philadelphia's organists, and of the hirst committee in the organization of the National Association of Organists. The 232-stop organ and the 126-stop organ and the 126-stop organ and the stop of the organization of the stop of the the National Association of Organists. The 232-stop organ and the 126-stop organ mentioned in our list are in Philadelphia, and the 283-stop instru-ment is to be erected there by Mr. Curtis, who has been mentioned, and whose beautiful home with the fine organ is in one of Philadelphia's sub-urbs. The still larger instrument ru-mored is also for Philadelphia, and a scheme for a municipal organ has been mentioned, which, if carried out, will be the most nearly unique accom-plishment in the organ world. Phila-delphia is the home of several organ-ists who are well known as players, and also of several composers who have contributed much to organ mu-sic. William L. Austin and E. T. Stotesburv, who have already been mentioned, are also residents of Phila-delphia or its suburbs. May the good work throughout the country go on in a healthful, conserv-ative way, with "quality" as the watchword as to instruments. compo-sitions, players and everything per-taining to our chosen instrument-The Organ.

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THE DIAPASON



THREE-MANUAL ORGAN AT MUNCIE, IND., OPENED

MRS. OLIN BELL AT CONSOLE

E. E. Holloway Constructs Instrument in First Baptist Church and Echo Will Be Added as Memorial-Inaugural Program.

morial—Inaugural Program. One of the most enjoyable musical events of the season in Muncie, Ind., was the dedication of the organ in the First Baptist Church. April 27, when the organist of the church, Mrs. Olin Bell, gave the inaugural pro-gram. The instrument has been re-built and enlarged, the specifications being made by the pastor, Dr. J. F. Fraser, Mrs. Bell and E. E. Hollo-way, Mr. Holloway building the or-ogan. It has three manuals, nincteen couplers, five combination pistons under each manual, three combina-tion pedals affecting pedal stops and couplers, crescendo and sforzando organ will soon be added and placed in the tower of the church. It will be given by Mr, and Mrs. A. L. John-son in memory of their son, J. E. Johnson, the late Sunday school su-perintendent.

Johnson, the late Sunday school su-perintendent. The organ is largely the achieve-ment of A. L. Johnson, who as chair-man of the music committee has con-sistently urged the securing of the best musical talent available for the services. Mrs. Bell's numbers were selected with the view of showing to the best advantage the equipment of the organ. She was assisted by Cap-tain Paul Hyde Davis, tenor, whose songs were beautifully interpreted, and Dorothy Bell, harpist. Miss Bell's playing of "Winter" by John Thomas brought out its suggestions of the nature scenes one can easily imagine while listening to its de-scriptive tone colors and alluring arpeggios. Mrs. Bell is the vice-president of the Indiana State Music Teachers' Association and secretary of the Indiana Chapter of the A. G. O. Teachers' Association and secretary of the Indiana Chapter of the A. G. O.

Mrs. Bell played as follows: Largo Maestoso—Allegro from First onata. Guilmant: "Echo Bells," e Maestoso—Allegro nom Sonata, Guilmant: "Echo Bells," Brewer: Capriccio, Lemaigre: Min-uet, Boccherini: "Pilgrims' Chorus from "Tannhäuser," Wagner: Rev-erie, Rogers; Toccata, Kinder. The organ contains the following store: stops:

GREAT ORGAN Open Diapason, § ft., 61 pipes, Dopel Floete, § ft., 61 pipes, Dolce, § ft., 61 pipes, Viol d'Gamba, § ft., 61 pipes, Octave, § ft., 61 pipes, Octave, § ft., 61 pipes, SWELL, ORGAN, SWELL, ORGAN,

SWELL ORGAN. SWELL ORGAN. Den Diapason, 8 ft. 73 pipes. Gedeckt, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Salicional, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Vox Coleste, 8 ft., 61 pipes. Hacmonic Flute, 1 ft., 61 pipes. Avoline, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Avoline, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Piccolo, 2 ft., 73 pipes. Tremolo.

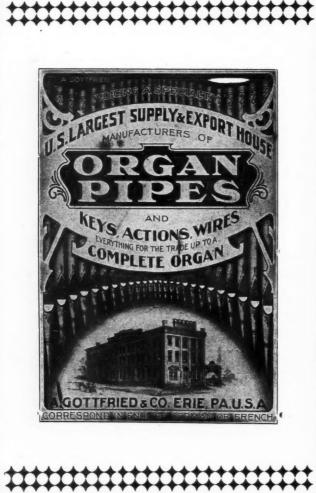
- 12. 13. 14. 15.

- CHOIR ORGAN. CHOIR ORGAN. Geigen Principal, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Melodia, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Dolce, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Flute d'Amour, 4 ft., 73 pipes. Ularinet, 8 ft., 73 pipes. Wald Flute, 2 ft., 73 pipes. Tremolo.

ECHO ORGAN. ECHO ORGAN. (To be placed in swell box and played from choir organ. To be located in the tower of the main building opening into the auditorium through grills in lower panels of ceiling.) 22. Melodia, 8 ft., 73 pipes. 23. Dolcissimo, 8 ft., 73 pipes. 24. Violin, 8 ft., 73 pipes. 25. Unda Maris, 8 ft., 61 pipes. 26. Flute Harmonuque, 4 ft., 73 pipes. 26. Flute Harmonuque, 4 ft., 73 pipes. 27. Crchestral Obce, 8 ft., 73 pipes. 28. DECAL ORGAN.

 Crchestral Oboé, 8 ft., 73 pipés, PEDAL ORGAN.
 Open Dapason, 16 ft., 32 pipes, 99 Bourdon, 16 ft., 32 pipes, 30 Geleckt, 16 ft., 32 pipes, 31 Flute, 8 ft., 32 pipes,
 Chimes are placed in the tower of he main building, playable from the change of the write organity. the keyboard of the main organ.

Among the new organs installed in California last month are a large two-manual Austin in the Presbyterian Church of Bakershield and a two-man-ual Möller in the Union Church of San Dimas. Both instruments were opened with programs by Dr. Ray Hastings of Los Angeles.





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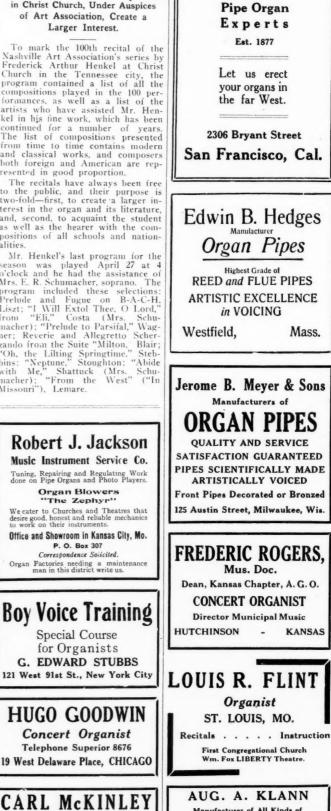
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-- 22 ---

Rutgers College, New Brunswick, N. J.

Mr. Ernest M. Skinner, Dorchester, Mass.

My Dear Mr. Skinner :---

Our organ has now been installed for two months, and I feel that I must write you telling you of my great personal satisfaction and gratification, also of the great interest taken by the people of our college community and of the city. Everyone remarks about the peculiar beauty of tone; the voicing and mechanical arrangements are never-ending joys for me. We have started a series of little recitals on Sunday afternoons. (I am enclosing one of the programs, and our audiences are nearly filling the chapel and increasing each week.)

Dr. Demarest, our president, is especially pleased, and agrees with me in the idea that the organ is one of our most valuable acquisitions of recent years.

Mr. Noble expressed his belief that the organ "was the best three-manual instrument of anywhere near its size he had ever played," and I most certainly agree with him.

Will you accept my sincere thanks for all the favors and considerations shown?

Sincerely yours,

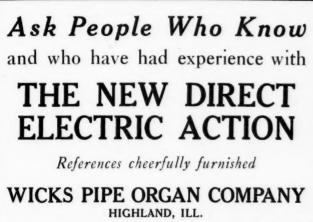
Howard D. McKinney, Musical Director Rutgers College.

Organist—The Kirkpatrick Chapel.

586 George St.,

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8 ft. Stopped Diapason. CC-61	2 15/16x3 9/16	No. 2
8 ft. Melodia CC-61	23/8x27/8 Use No. 1 Sto	l. Bass
8 ft. Melodia CC-61	2 3/16x25% Use No. 2 9	Sd. B's
8 ft. Melodia C°-49	2 3/16x25/8	
8 ft. Melodia CC-61	1 15/16x23/8 Use No. 2	S. B's
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